

cada Point, and about 30 yards from the sea, in lat.  $43^{\circ} 38' 5''$  N., long;  $5^{\circ} 56'$  West of Greenwich.

*Fixed Red Light on Caballo Point.*

Also, that on and after the 31st day of August, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on Caballo point, the east part of Santaña mount, in the province of Santander.

The light will be a *fixed red* light, placed at an elevation of 85 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 10 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the sixth order.

The tower is slightly conical, 18 feet high, surmounted by a light green lantern, and close to the keeper's dwelling, which is painted yellow. It is in lat.  $43^{\circ} 28' 12''$  N., long.  $3^{\circ} 27' 11''$  West of Greenwich, and about 12 yards from the sea. The tower seen from the eastward appears to be attached to the great vertical cut which the land presents, and is not visible, nor the light, unless when bearing from S. by W. round by west to N. by E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  E.

[All bearings are magnetic. Variation  $20^{\circ} 50'$  West in 1863.]

By command of their Lordships.

John Washington, Hydrographer.  
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,  
8th July, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Spain, North Coast, No. 2728; Eastern Part of North Atlantic, No. 2095; and River Thames to the Mediterranean, No. 1. Also, Spanish Lights List, Nos. 236 and 229.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 31.)—MEDITERRANEAN—ISLAND OF MAJORCA.

*Fixed Light at Cape Blanco.*

The Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice, that on and after the 31st day of August, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected at Cape Blanco, on the south-west coast of Majorca.

The light will be a *fixed white* light, placed at an elevation of 294 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 10 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the sixth order.

The tower is square, 38 feet high, of a dark colour, with a white lantern, and stands in front of the keeper's dwelling, at about 22 yards from the sea. It is said to be in lat.  $39^{\circ} 22'$  N., long.  $2^{\circ} 49' 54''$  East of Greenwich, or about 2 miles north and 3' east of that of the Admiralty Charts.

*Fixed Light on Salinas Point.*

Also, that on and after the 31st day of August, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on Salinas point, the south extreme of the island of Majorca.

The light will be a *fixed white* light, placed at an elevation of 50 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 10 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the sixth order.

The tower is slightly conical, 33 feet high, coloured gray, with a white lantern, and stands in

front of the keeper's dwelling, at 65 yards from the sea. It is said to be in lat.  $39^{\circ} 16' 30''$  N., long.  $3^{\circ} 5' 54''$  East of Greenwich, or about 3 miles north and 2' east of that of the Admiralty Charts.

By command of their Lordships,

John Washington, Hydrographer.  
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,  
9th July, 1863.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Mediterranean Sea, Nos. 2158, 2718a; and Spain, South Coast, Sheet 2, No. 1187.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 32.)—AFRICA—WEST COAST.

*Fixed Lights at Entrance of River Gambia.*

THE Colonial Government at Bathurst, River Gambia, has given notice, that to facilitate the entrance of that river at night two lights are exhibited in large ship lanterns, one from the flag-staff of Cape house on Cape St. Mary, 6 miles westward of the entrance, and the other from the flag-staff of Fort Bullen on Barra point, the eastern point of entrance.

The light on Cape St. Mary is a *fixed white* light, which illumines three-fourths of the horizon seaward. It is elevated 70 feet above the mean level of the sea, and in clear weather is visible at 10 miles.

The light on Barra point is a *fixed red* light, elevated 35 feet, and visible at 6 or 7 miles.

Both lanterns are furnished with the dioptric light apparatus. The light on Cape St. Mary bears S.W. by W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  W., distant  $6\frac{1}{2}$  miles, and that on Barra point S. by E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  E.,  $5\frac{1}{4}$  miles, from the black buoy on the African knoll.

[The bearings are magnetic. Variation  $19\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$  West in 1863.]

By command of their Lordships,

John Washington, Hydrographer.  
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,  
15th July, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—River Gambia, No. 608; Africa, West Coast, Sheets, 1, 2, and 6, Nos. 1226, 594, 599; Also African Pilot, Part 1, page 55.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF ACT BY DRESDEN, STAFFORDSHIRE.

WHEREAS a Resolution for the adoption of the Local Government Act, 1858, has been passed by the Owners and Ratepayers of the District of Dresden, in the parish of Trentham, in the county of Stafford, as settled for the purposes of the said Act, the said District being a place with a population of less than 3000 by the last census. And whereas proof has been given to my satisfaction, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that all the requirements of the aforesaid Act have been complied with, and that by reason of special circumstances, it is expedient that the said district shall be allowed to adopt the said Act, I do hereby approve of such adoption.

Given under my hand this 22nd day of July, 1863.

(Signed) G. Grey.

Home Office, Whitehall.