

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday October 13 to Friday October 17. 1687.

THE following Address has been Presented to the King, which His Majesty received very Graciously.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty,
The humble Address of the Grand Jury held at the Assizes for the County of Lincoln the 11th of July, 1687.

Great Sovereign!

WE Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, knowing the great Care and Tenderness You are pleased to shew every day towards Your People, and especially in that Gracious Declaration for Liberty of Conscience, in which You do not only Promise to Protect the Church of England, but gives Liberty to all other Your Majesties Dissenting Subjects, to follow the Dictates of their own Consciences. We think our selves bound in Duty to return our most humble and hearty Thanks for so Gracious an Indulgence, which does not only unite the Hearts of Your formerly divided Subjects, but will be a means to increase Trade to that degree, that we doubt not but Your Parliament will join with Your Majesty to make it into a perpetual Law; Which that they may, and that Your Majesty may have a long and prosperous Reign, are the Prayers of, &c.

Venice, Octob. 10. Yesterday arrived here a Felucca, which gave us to understand by the Turkish Banners and Horse-Tail displayed, that they brought News of Victory before the delivery of their Letters, which were from General Cornaro, giving an account, That Castlenovo was in the hands of the Venetians, both Town and Castle: We have not yet the Particulars of this great Action, more than that they stormed the Breach they had made on the 28th of September, but proceeded no further that night, but to lodge themselves on it, finding the Retrenchments made behind it, which rendered the descent into the Town full of difficulty and danger. The next day some Turks and Christians that were in a Tower on the Wall next the Sea, Capitulated only for Liberty to be gone, which being granted, they delivered Possession to 300 Italians; whereupon the Garrison retired out of the Lower Town into the Castle, and there hung out a white Flag for a Treaty, they at first insisted upon time to expect relief in; but that being rejected, they submitted upon condition only to march out with their Arms, which they did on the 11th Instant, to the number of 1000 Men, leaving in the place above 50 pieces of Cannon, with all sorts of Provision. There is also fresh advices from the Coast of the surrender of Negropont to General Morosini; but there being no Letters yet come from thence, the belief of it is suspended till more Authentick Confirmation.

Vienna, Octob. 9. We have no fresher Advices from Sclavonia than what came by the Prince of Dietrichstein's Son; and we do not find that the account of the taking of Esseck varies from what was first related of it, only there are these further circumstances added, That there was in the Town a Garrison only of 500 Men, and without the Town there lay encamp'd about 3000 Turks more, under the Command of two Bassa's; that it had been the general resolution not to go about to maintain a Siege, but in case it was offered, to quit the place and leave it in such a condition that it should be of use to none else; and to that end there were 5 Mines made under the Castle, that stood ready laden for execution: And this being publickly known, the first advice of it was brought by a Peasant to General Duncovitz, who thereupon immediately sent away the Count of Lodron, General of Battalia, with two Regiments of Horse, together with some of the Croatian Militia; but the Turks upon Notice of the approach of the Christians, dispersed, and made their es-

caped the best they could, some in Boats prepared on purpose, and some by Land, taking their way towards Peter Waradin: The Imperialists found the Town abandoned, and it did not cost them a Man to take possession of it; there were those in the place that discovered to them the Mines, out of which they took the Powder; they found there 52 pieces of Cannon, 6 Mortars, and good store of Provisions, but especially of Barly, which was a considerable supply for their Horses. The General has already given order for making such Modern Fortifications there, as the place is capable of, and will leave a competent Garrison in it, when he marches for Peter Waradin; which place we hear is also deserted, and that the Army is broke up from thence, and repass'd the Save: And that there is only Possage that has any Garrison in it between the two Rivers; but this is but an uncertain report, as also that other, that there are 10000 Turkish Horse pass'd the Save, under the Command of a Bassa. It is also said, that three Christian Prisoners who had made their escape from Belgrade, had shewn the mistake in those reports of the Grand Visier's and Aga's being strangled, but that they did not think themselves out of danger from an incens'd Militia, and therefore to preserve themselves against them, they had secured themselves in the Castle of Belgrade, allowing access but to very few. There is nothing more from the Duke of Lorraine's Army than that it was expected they would be at Debretzen the 4th Instant; that General Piccolomini followed with the Artillery guarded by two Regiments; and that two other Regiments marched as a Convoy to several Wagons of Bread, so that their former necessities are now provided against. There are two Regiments more sent from the Army to re-inforce the Blockade of Agrid; and it is said now, that there is so good a Body of Troops there they will make a formal Siege of it if the Weather permit. There is a discourse, That Prince Abassi is very much solicited by the Turks not to admit the Imperialists to quarter in his Country; and to enable him to make his Refusal, they are sending some Troops thither.

Hamburg, Octob. 14. It has been already said, that the Expectation of the King of Denmark's Journey into Holstein, had caused a great Alarm in this place, which was not a little augmented when we were told upon his arrival at Guckstadt, the 10th Instant, that he was to be the next day at Itzeboe (a Town within 7 Miles from hence) where we were ordered to meet him 4 Regiments, viz. one of Horse, two of Dragoons, and one of Fusiliers, and that the Garrisons of Guckstadt, Kremps, and Rensbourg; were on their march thither, leaving those Towns to the Guard only of the Burghers during their absence; and that the Forces were likewise sent for from Zealand, in expectation of whose coming, a review that was appointed was put off for some few days: To all this was added, That there was a great Train of Artillery provided, with Mortars of a size to do execution at a great distance. And that in the Lordship of Pinnenberg many hands were at work to get ready quantities of Savines for the making ways passable for the heavier Carriages. The report of all which Preparations heightened in every circumstance, could not but rouse up a City jealous of its Liberty, and not without a late remembrance of this King's Power: The Senate therefore thought themselves obliged to make ready for their defence, without expecting any denunciation