Captain Russell's party, under my immediate direction, forced their way through the very formidable double line of palisades which extends across the valley, backed by rifle pits, from which the Maoris had been driven by the fire of the parties above, and were escaping as rapidly as possible.

Captains Atkinson's and Good's Rifle Volunteers had found the bush track so overgrown that they were unfortunately a few minutes late, but they did good service by appearing at the very top of the clearing, by which line they prevented the Maoris escaping and killed one, Kati Knaturi-whati, the chief owner of the land in the Oakura and Tapuae district.

With the exception of Captains Atkinson and Corbett's men, who had a very fatiguing night march, and to the latter it is with much pleasure I give the credit of taking possession of the pah on the top of the hill, which is, as I always imagined, the key to the whole position; the troops generally only took up their positions at ten o'clock, and in 20 minutes they were in possession of the whole line of works extending for at least half a mile from the high ground on the right, which Major Butler gained by his successful flank march up a very steep incline, to the pahs taken by Captain Corbett on the left. The Maoris made one attempt to recover their prestige by creeping through the bush, and firing a volley upon Captains Schomberg and Page's companies, in which one man was severely wounded and one horse shot; another Maori was captured in the fern; after deliberately attempting to shoot one of the mounted corps, who upon this, as on every occasion, rendered me most valuable assistance. It is surprising even after the place was taken, that more casualties did not occur, so many Maoris concealed themselves in the fern and standing crops of Indian corn, which, with potatoes; &c.; covered the clear ground round the pahs to an extent of 30 or 40 acres, and from which and the adjoining bush the Maoris kept up for some time an ineffectual fire; until driven away by a few rockets and shells from the "Cohorn" mortar; although the wounds are severe, we did not lose a single man.

I need hardly dwell upon the importance of this success, and the Lieutenant-General is well aware how impregnable the position appeared.

I am sure the Lieutenant-General will give the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and men of the small force under my command the credit they so truly deserve, for their gallantry and willingness to undergo the fatigue of the four days operations they have brought to so successful a close. I have taken the liberty of transmitting a nominal and numerical return,* by which the Lieutenant-General will see what Officers were engaged on this occasion.

I at once made arrangements to occupy one of the pahs, within which I directed Lieutenant Ferguson, R.E., to construct a redoubt, leaving the stockade to prevent the rebels from attempting to

* See Return C.

scale the parapets, as the nature of the ground obliges its construction very close to the edge of the bush; and I also directed the whole of the stockading across the valley to be levelled, and the rifle pits filled in.

To Major Butler, 57th Regiment, I am most especially indebted for the cordial co-operation and assistance he renders me on every occasion, and on this, for the gallant manner in which on seeing the place taken he not only conceived the idea, but lead the men, under Captains Schomberg and Page to the top of the range on the right, from which he partially intercepted the retreat of the Maoris.

The firing of the Armstrong guns, and especially of that in charge of Sergeant Spink, R.A., was most excellent; but it is very evident that such guns are of little use in breaching native pahs.

My own Staff Officers, Lieutenant C. M. Clarke, Deputy-Assistant Quartermaster-General, and Lieutenant E. Brutton, Garrison Adjutant, were unremitting in the execution of my orders; Captain F. Mace, T. M., volunteered his services, and as on every occasion rendered me very good service.

Staff Surgeon Young was on the ground and attended promptly to the wounded men, and I would wish especially to bring to the Lieutenant-General's notice the very considerate manner in which Staff Assistant-Surgeon M. Jones, volunteered to proceed at 5 o'clock in the morning with Captain Atkinson's party, and at a moment's notice undertook the five hours long and fatiguing march through the bush, rather than allow them to proceed without a Medical Officer; all the Officers and men speak loudly in his praise, although his professional services were not actually required.

The native prisoner who is a returned slave from Waikato, and of no tribal importance, awaits the orders of the Government in the civil prison. He states that Kaitake was defended by 200 maoris under Parengi Kingi, who was the first to run away on hearing the cheers which preceded our advance; a sudden panic seized the whole of the rebels, who after the departure of their chief lost no time in effecting their escape.

Two tiahas (spears) were taken at Au-Au, and two native flags from Kaitake, the latter I forward by this mail, one to his Excellency the Governor, and one to the Lieutenant-General Commanding.

The capture of Kaitake has given the most lively satisfaction to the inhabitants of this place.

I beg to forward a return of casualties, which I am happy to say are very small.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) H. J. WARRE, Colonel Commanding at Taranaki.

The Deputy Quartermaster-General, &c. &c. &c. Head Quarters.