year and less than three years, may be entered for consumption and the bonds cancelled at any time before the first day of September next, on payment of duties and charges according to the laws in force at the time the goods shall be withdrawn.

[Approved, June 17, 1864.

(1029).

Board of Trade, Whitehall, July 11, 1864.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, the following copy of an Act passed by the Legislature of the United States with respect to the prohibition of sales of gold, and foreign exchange:

An Act to prohibit certain sales of gold and foreign exchange.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that it shall be unlawful to make any contract for the purchase or sale and delivery of any gold coin or bullion to be delivered on any day subsequent to the day of making such contract, or for the payment of any sum, either fixed or contingent, in default of the delivery of any gold coin or bullion, or to make such contract upon any other terms than the actual delivery of such gold coin or bullion, and the payment in full of the agreed price thereof, on the day on which such contract is made, in United States notes or national currency, and not otherwise; or to make any contract for the purchase or sale and delivery of any foreign exchange to be delivered at any time beyond ten days subsequent to the making of such contract; or for the payment of any sum, either fixed or contingent, in default of the delivery of any foreign exchange, or upon any other terms than the actual delivery of such foreign exchange within ten days from the making of such contract, and the immediate payment in full of the agreed price thereof on the day of delivery in United States notes or national currency; or to make any contract whatever for the sale and delivery of any gold coin or bullion of which the person making such contract shall not, at the time of making the same, be in actual possession. And it shall be unlawful to make any loan of money or currency not being in coin to be repaid in coin or bullion, or to make any loan of coin or bullion to be repaid in money or currency other than coin.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, that it shall be further unlawful for any banker, broker, or other person, to make any purchase or sale of any gold coin or bullion, or of any foreign exchange, or any contract for any such purchase or sale, at any other place than the ordinary place of business of either the seller or purchaser, owned or hired and occupied by him individually, or by a partner-ship of which he is a member.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, that all contracts made in violation of this Act shall be

absolutely void.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, that any person who shall violate any provisions of this Act shall be held guilty of a misdemeanour, and, on conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not less than one thousand dollars, nor more than ten thousand dollars, or be imprisoned for a period not less than three months nor longer than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court, and shall likewise be subject to a penalty of one thousand dollars for each offence.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, that the penalties imposed by the fourth section of this Act may be recovered in an action at law in any court of record of the United States, or any court of competent jurisdiction, which action may be brought in the name of the United States by any person who will sue for said penalty, one-half for the use of the United States, and the other half for the use of the person bringing such action. And the recovery and satisfaction of a judgment in any such action shall be a bar to the imposition of any fine for the same offence in any prosecution instituted subsequent to the recovery of such judgment, but shall not be a bar to the infliction of punishment by imprisonment, as provided by said fourth section.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, that all Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed.

[Approved, June 17, 1864.

War Office, Pall Mall, 15th July, 1864.

89th Regiment of Foot.

Major-General Charles Gascoyne to be Colonel, vice Lieutenant-General C. G. J. Arbuthnot, transferred to the 91st Foot. Dated 4th July, 1864.

91st Regiment of Foot.

Lieutenant-General C. G. J. Arbuthnot, from 89th Foot, to be Colonel, vice Lieutenant-General Charles Murray Hay, deceased. Dated 4th July, 1864.

Admiralty, 12th July, 1864.

· Royal Marine Light Infantry.

First Lieutenant Robert Abernethie Brutton to be Captain, vice Bent, placed on half-pay. Dated 7th July, 1864.

Second Lieutenant Henry John Lawrence Norcock to be First Lieutenant, vice Brutton. Dated 7th July, 1864.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Fife.

Fifeshire Artillery Militia.

Captain George Hannay to be Major, vice Hutchinson, resigned. Dated 8th July, 1864.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent, and of the City and County of the City of Canterbury.

Royal East Kent Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry (Mounted Rifles).

Lieutenant Percy Dixwell Newell Oxenden to be Captain, vice Deedes, resigned. Dated 12th July, 1864.

Cornet William Hale Willats to be Lieutenant, vice Oxenden, promoted. Dated 12th July, 1864.

45th Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John James Parker to be Lieutenant, vice Foord, resigned. Dated 9th July, 1864.
Stephen Shrubsole to be Ensign, vice Death, resigned. Dated 9th July, 1864.