The London Gazette.

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From Monday December 12. to Chursday December 15.

HE following Address has been Presented to the King, which His Majefly received very Graci-

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Pusident, Treatmer, and Governors of St. Thomas's Hospital in Southwark.

Drend SIR!

W Heras Your Maj. By bath been pleased in Your late Gracious Declaration of Indulgence, and take wife by all other ways and means, worthy of Your Princely Beauty, to exert Your Roy at Authority and Geoanely, toward the East, Comfort, and W.l.-being, of Your Lige People of all forts and conditions. And whereas we, the most Durful Subjections of this humble Recognium and Adur. Is, over and above the common Tyes of the rest of Your Maj. Bises, over and above the common Tyes of the rest of Your Maj. Bises, over and above the common Tyes of the rest of Your Maj. Bises, over and above the common Tyes of the rest of Your Maj. Bises, over and above the common Tyes of the rest of Your Maj. Bises, and the Relation we have to this Royal Foundation; we cannot but account our sleves indipensably obliged, in Religion, Honour, Gratitude, Reverence, and allegiance, after our firment Prayers for Your Majestes long, haps), and reachibe Reigns, to give Your Majesty, with all Submission, to undersand, that we are firme, and inviolably resolved, in all Cases, at all Times, and against all Opposers, to assert the Honour and Dignity of Your Sacred Person and Family, and the Rights of Your Imperial Crown: And that we our selves will for ever do, and by our Example encourage and Family, and the Rights of Your Imperial Crown: And that we our selves will for ever do, and by our Example encourage others to do, in all Civil matters whatloever, all things which we conceive may be to Your Maj, files, liking and Service. And that we define no longer to enjoy the Blefing and the Favour of Your Kingly Protection and Clemency in our Panticular section while we contribute, with all our might, toward the lasting Liberty and Satisfaction of our Fellow Subjects of Your Majeflies Persuasion, being fully convinced, that in so doing, we assert the general Common Duty to our Prince and to our Country.

Vienna, Decemb. 4. Notwithstanding the many different reports we have had concerning agria its being upon the point to furrender, the latest advices from thence contradict them all, which speak of the little disposition they shew to part with the place, till they are compelled to it by force, or the utmost necessity; which, that they might so much the later be made sensible or, they had dissifted all relate mouths, giving out, that they would difmis'd all useless mouths, giving out, that they would maintain the Town as long as they could; and after that retire into the Caffle, disputing their ground by Inches: So that the resolution is again renew'd of continuing the Blockade all the Winter; to which end plenty of Provisions are fent thither from Buda and other places On Friday last the Hungarian Deputies delivered in writing to his Imperial Majesty, a draught of those things they desire to have redressed, which the Emperor hath taken, in order to confider of them; who seems very averse to the putting off the Coronation beyond the 9th Inflant; and therefore, all endeavours are used to perfuade the Hungarian Nobility Lot to oppose any longer his Majesties desires, but that they would submit to have their Grievances examined by Commissioners, which they are promited shall meet with as favourable a Regulation as if they, were now dispatched; but it is not yet known how readily they will concur in this matter, howeversal things are preparing for that day, no otherwise than if there were no difficulty about it. They write from Anda that a Pealant had brought thither a written Order of Teckeler's, of which, many Copies had been differfect in the contract of the con immediately to repair to his Quarters on the There's to

join their endeavours with his to maintain the Rights and Liberty of their Countrey, or otherwise to expect that their Disobedience should be punished with atter ruine. The same Letters add, that he had been at Koren, a small Town within the Government of Buda, which he had plunder'd, killing many of those that were not fit to carry Arms, and those that were, he took along with him: and that there were some Troops drawn out to endeavour to intercept his return.

Notif to intercept his retuin.

Ratisbonne, Decemb, 8. The Sicur Smertau, who arrived here lately from the Elector of Brandinourg, haft begun his Negotiation with a Memorial delivered in to the Dyer, by which he demands, in the name of the faid Elector, that in fatisfactive on of the Damages he futained in the late War preceding the Peace of Ninnegum, the three Imperial Towns of Dortmand, Multicaufen, and Non dhanfin, should be delivered to him, with a million of Crowns to be raifed after the manner of the Roman Munths, befides the full Principality which shall happen to be in Months, befides the first Principality which shall happen to be in their Disposal: this Demand so high in it selfs, and delivered in this season, raises the Curronty or many to observe what conse-

this featon, raifes the Curiolity of many to observe what confequences are to attend it.

Hamburgh, Decemb. 6. The Conference at Altena being the present great concern of all the Northern Princes, though it more immediately regards the King of Denmark and Duke of Holftein, whose differences, in relation to the Dutchies of Slefwick and Holftein, are to be examined in it; for the clearer understanding of the whole matter, it is fit to be known, That the King of Denmark and Duke of Holftein, are both descended from Ciristierne I. who fust brought the Crown of Denmark into the Oldenburgh Family, about the Year 1450, (in which including the Countinued ever tince by Election, and lately by Succession), he was Sister's Son to Adoph Duke of Holftein and Slefwick, who dying within two years after his Nephew's Promotion, Christierne succeeded to the Dutchy of Shfwick, (which was site of Denmark,) in his own Right, as being next of Kin: But the Dutchy of Holftein being a Member of the Circle of Lower. Saxony, by the Laws of the Empire descended to Otho of Wageren, who was of the Male Line, though in a remote degree of whom Christierne had it by Purchale, to which the two contiguous Provinces of Ditmarh and Stormaren were added, and alterested into one Dutchy by the Imperial Decree of Frederick Line, the Line, the Elected King. of whom Christnerne had it by Purchale, to which the two contiguous Provinces of Ditmails and Stormaren were added, and all erected into one Dutchy by the Imperial Decree of Frederick III. This king left Two Sons, John (who was Elected King after him,) and Frederick, between whom he divided these Dutchies of Hosftern and Stofmick, each of them having their Bayliwicks, Towns, and Lands apair; but it being an ancient Right presended to by those Provinces, not to be diffinembred one from the other, the Sovekignty remain'd undivided, the Nebility Swearing Fealty to both as to one Prince, and shev agreeing to Govern alternatively by annual Succession. And when this Frederick was afterwards enofen King upon his. Nephew's being deposed, he made the like Division of those Datchies between his Two Eldest Sons by his Two Marriages: And thus the Government of those Pravinces continued in their Defendants till this Difference arose, though therehaps, diome variation to be made in the Tenute by the Rosenthal Treaty about the Year 1618, where the revivas first Warration made in the Tenute of his Paughters to Charles of Hosfteri's Father having married one of his Paughters to Charles of Hosfteri's Father having married one of his Paughters to Charles of Hosfteri's Father having married one of his Paughters to Charles of Hosfteri's Father having married one of his Paughters to Charles of Hosfteri's Paughters to the Treary of Roseluda, (in the making and Denmark, and was a continued and the great any Ascendant, by sprietly lipulated, Thay the Qurchy of Storack though, for the juture, the independant of the Crown of Denmark, thereby to preven any danger of Forfeiture, which the Denke might office have the native endependant of the Crown of Denmark, thereby to preven any danger of Forfeiture, which the Denke might office have the distributed with the Sueder And this was again confirmed by affectual Treary concluded about two years after at Copulagen, in the Year 1660. It, was windle that the late King of Denmark was used, by the

in the Year 1675, when the Suede and Brand nburgher were engaged in a War, taking the occasion of some difference about the exchange of Lands in Oldenburgh, he detain'd the Duke of Hel-ftern in Flemburgh, and concluded a new Agreement with him, by which, the Duke renounced all the Advantages he might prewhich, the Duke retolificed all the Advantages he might pretend to by the aforefaid Treaties, and fubruited to receive a
Danish Garison into his Towns; which he arterwards protested
against, when he was at Liberty, declaring all that was done to
be null and void, as being extorted from him by the force and
restraint he lay under: The Sollicitation he hath tince employ'd
towards the Princes of the Empire (whereof he is a Member,)
for his Re-establishment, hath, by their Interposition, procured
this Meeting at Astena, at which, the Emperor, by Consent of
Parties, hath been accepted as Mediator; who hath nominated
the Barons Goedentz and Reschenback, to assist on his Part:
The King of Denmark's Commissioners are the Sieurs Ebrenschild, and Janish of Bretenau: And the Sieur Astfeld for the
Duke of Hossen: Those appointed to be present in the Name
of the Princes of that Circle, are the Sieur Fuchs for the Elector of Brandenburgh, the Sieur Humesken for the Elector of
Saxony, the Baron Goritz for Branswick, and the Sieur Witzendorf for Lunenbourg; and the King of Sueden sends the
Baron Welling. Though it had been dengned that the Conserences should begin about the end of Ossour last yet the Baron
Goedentz being obliged to go to Lubeck to compose a difference
sometime depending in that City, and some other intervening
Matters kept them from assembling at Astena till the end or
November; however the Danish Commissioners has been there
from the 7th of November, to have that to say that there has
been no delay on their part: Time has been spun out by many
little Niceties, that often accompany these greater Debates,
when they are so circumstanced, as to allow leisure to dispute
them. One of the Preliminaries not yet adjusted is, That the
Duke of Hossen gives himiest Titles which the other tide do
not allow to be his due: And his Commissioner styles himself from a Place, which a Danish Gentleman claiming, thinks
himself injured in its and has accordingly entred his Protestatations: But these difficulties may tend to by the aforefaid Treaties, and submitted to receive a Danish Garison into his Towns; which he arterwards protested their Principals, upon a Demand made by the Baron Bidall, the French Resident to this State, who hath offer'd the Mediathe French Reident to this State, who hath ofter'd the Media-tion of that King, and infifts upon the Liberty of being pre-fent at all their Meetings, and to be informed of what paties: He hath a Character fent him of Envoy Extraordinary to the Duke of Holftein, from whom he had Audience accordingly on the 28th patt. In the mean time feveral private Conferences have been held with the Imperial Commissioners to prepare things for a general Meeting, which are not yet in that readi-ties that a day can be prefix d for the same. The King of Den-ment but taken offence, that the Emperor should at this mark hath taken offence, that the Emperor should at this time send a Decree to the Princess of the Lower Suxony, to time tend a Decree to the Frinces of the Lower Saxony, to frize the Sieur Pobleman wherever he may be found: He was formerly Sindick here, and being one of those who was accufed to have been concerned in the late Conspiracy for which Jastram and Snitzer were executed, he was sentenc'd to perpetual Imprisonment and Conssiction of Estate, but escap'd the first by flying to Gluckstat, where he was made one of the King's Council in the Court of Chancery there, from whence he procured a Summons to be sent to the Senare of this City, to above a and answer his matter of Complaint against them. appear and answer his matter of Complaint against them.

Whitehall, Decemb. 19. His Majesties Commissioners for Ecolesiastical Causes, and for Visiting all Cathedral and Collegiate Church s, and Colleges, &c. met this day; And taking into their Confidencies, and the had ony; Anni taking into their Congruencian, all that had piffed in the Bujness of St. Mary Magdalen Colledge in Oxford, and the Contemptuous and Bisobedient Behaviour of Dr. John Hough, and several of the Fellows of that Colledge, throughout the whole Proceeding, their Lordships Declared, Decreed, and Pronounced, That Dr. Hough, Dr. Charles Aldworth, Dr. Henry Fairfax, Dr. Alexander Pudley, Dr. John Smith, Dr. Thomas Bayley, Dr. Thomas Stafford, Mr. Robert Almont, Mr. Mainwaring Hammond, Mr. John Rogers, Mr. Richard Strickland, Mr. Henry Dobson, Mr. James Bayley, Mr. John Davies, Mr. Francis Bagshaw, Mr. Lunes Fayrer, Mr. Losenb Harwey, Mr. Thomas Fater James Fayrer, Mr. Joseph Harwar, Mr. Thomas Bateman, Mr. George Hunt, Mr. William Cradock, Mr. John Gilman, Mr. George Fulham, Mr. Charles Penyhon, Mr. Robert Hyde, Mr. Edward Yeibury, Mr. Henry Holden, and Mr. Stephen Weelks, should be incapable of Receiving, or being Admitted to any Esclesitil Dignity, Benefice, or Promotion; and fuch of them who are not yet in Holy Orders, were adjudged incapable of Receiving, or being Admitted into the Jame. All Archifheps, Bishops, and other Ecclesiastical Officers and Ministers, within the Kingdom of England, being required to take Notice of the faid Sentence and Decree, and to yield Obedience thereunto.

Whitehall, Decemb. 9. The Envoy from Moscowy had this day his Audience of Leave of His Majesty, being Conducted by Sir Charles Controll Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, Decemb. 11. His Majeity has been pleased to make Sir Thomas Powis Attorney-General, in the place of Sir Robert Sawyer. And William Williams Esq. (upon whom His Majesty hash Conterred the Honour or Knighthood,) is made Sollicitor. General.

The Master, Wordens, and Assistants of the Trinity-House of Deptiond-Strond, do give Notice to all Masters of Ships, That whereas the Shoot-Beacon on the Coast of Eslex, hath been by some Vessel lately run down, they will, in the place thereof, forthwith

jone Visil lately run down, they will, in the place thereof, for thruth cause to be laid a White Buoy, having a Dann therenpon, till they may be able to treet another Beacon, of which (when done) Notice shall be also given.

Whereas His Majesty by Letters Patents, hath Granted unto Mathias Shore Elq; the Office and Place of Serjeant Trumpeter and whereas the said Serjeant Shore, by vertue of the said Letters Patents, has made John Seignior Gent. his Deputy: These are to give Notice of the same to all Trumpeters, Drummers, Fifes, Play-houses, Lotteries, Mountebanks, Rope-Dancers, Modelly Prizes, and others concerned, that they apply themselves to him Prizes, and others concerned, that they apply themselves to him at Serjeant Shore's House against the Greyhound Tavern in the Strand, or at his own House near Stable-yard in Westminster, for Licence according to the said Letters Patents; and not to Sound, Beat, Play, or Act without, as they will answer the contrary.

Advertisements.

To Morrow being the 16th of December, will be publish'd by Randal Taylor near Stationers Hall, a Book Entitul'd, Reasons for Abrogating the Telt, by the Right Reverend Father in God Samuel Lord Bishop of Oxon.

There is now Printed, by Henry Herringman, a New Edition of the Works of Mr. Abraham Cowley, in Folio, containing all those Pieces of his, which he thought worthy to publish to the World in Print. To this Edition there is added some Commendaall thole Pieces of his, which he monght worthy as parameter world in Print. To this Edition there is added some Commendatory Copies of Verses, on the Memory of the Author, by Perfons of Honour. And also a Table to the Whole. Neverbefore Printed. Bookselt or may have what numbers they please, at Six Shillings per Book Nett, of Joseph Knight and Francis Saunders, at the Anchor on the Lower Walk of the New Exchange.

Doctor Themas Guidoit giveth Notice to the Sub-Doctor Instruct Guidait giveth Notice to the sub-feribers for his Book, de Thermis Britannicis, That the whole shall be Printed by Essler Termnext; and the Charge, of the Impressi-on amounting to more than the Money Subscribed, he hopes they will be willing to pay five Shillings at last. The Subscribers not willing to advance the Half Crown, may expect the Book, accor-ding to former Proposals, without the Cuts: And Subscribers, for the stuter, to pay 10, Mr. Aylmer at the Three Pidgeons in Corn-hil, and Mr. Smith at the Princes Arms in St. Paul's Church-yard, Booksellers, and the Persons mentioned before, in Campridge. Bookfellers, and the Persons mentioned before, in Cambridge, Britlol, and Bach.

Filing and hath.

On Monday next, the 19th of this Instant, will be fold by Austion a Choice Collection of Erglish Books, in Divinity, History, Romances, Travels, &c. in all Volumes, at Mr Young's a Tobacconist next door to the Queen's head-inn over-against St. Margaret's Hill in Southwark. Catalogues are given by Mr. Collier Bookfeller on London-Bridge, by Mr. Pusty at the Frying-Pap in Southwark, at Woods Coffee house in Tuly-street, at Widow Gardiners Coffee-house, at St. Mary Overies Dock, and at the place of Sale.

place of Sale.

THE Commissioners of the Statute of Bankrupt awarded against Samuel Irish of the City of Exon Fish-book, maker, have appointed to meet his Creditors, on the 29th of this Instant December, at Nine in the morning, at Mr. Richard Evans at the Half-moon in Exon, to make a Dividend of his Estate amongst such of his Creditors who have already proved their Debts; and therest are desired to do the like, and pay their Contribution Money, or else they will be then excluded the Benesit of the said Statute.

THE late dwelling House of the Lord Covenity in Poorting gall Row, in Lincolns Inn-Fields, is so be Lett, containing Four large Rooms on the loor; with all convenient Out-house, fit for a Person of Quality, in good Repair, with Three Coach-houses, and Stabling for 20 Horse. Baquire at the asoresiad Four, or at Mr. William Russelles in Fleet-street, you may know further.

Of the 8th Instant, from a Faulkner of Sr. St. Andrew St.

Johns of Woodsord in Norshamptophbire, an Irish Faulckon,

Olt the 8th Initiant, from a Faulkner of Sr. St. Andrew St.
Johns of Woodford in Northamptophire, an Irish Faulchon, with her Bells and Vayels, on one of the Naryels was Engraven the Name of the laid Sr. St. Andrew St. John, and on the other, the said Pown and County. Whoever gives Norfee of her to St. St. Andrew St. John, or to Mr. Janes in Bastler Buildings, over against Hatten Garden, Holborn, shall have a Guinga Bewand.
Tolen from William Levelon Gower of Trentham in the County of Stafford Est; about the 29th or November, last, a large grey Gelding, about 15 hand-high, inclining to daptife, well spread behind, his Face lighter than any pare of his Bodyn, a large Headwide Ears, rough goated, his Dock very short, all his Paces, above eight years old. Whoever gives Notice of the said Gelding to William Leveson Gower Est; afocesaid, or to Mr. Bentley arthe Posithhouse in Russelle Litreet, Covent Garden, London, thall have a Guinca Reward, and reasonable Charge. have a Guinea Reward, and reasonable Charges.