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BY THE KING,
A PROCLAMATION
For Prizing of Canary Wines.

JAMES R.

W Hereas by the Statute made in the Twenty eighth year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, for Prizing of Wines, it is Provided that the Lord Chancellor, Lord Treasurer, Lord President of the Kings most Honourable Council, Lord Privy Seal, and the Lord Chief Justices of either Bench, or Five, Four, or Three of them, shall have Power and Authority by their Discretion to set the Prizes of all kinds of Wines, as in the said Statute is expressed: By vertue whereof the Lord Chancellor, Lord President, the Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Kings Bench, and the Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas, the Twelfth day of this instant December, upon Consideration of the present State of the Canary Trade, did Order that no Canary Wine be Sold for the ensuing Year at more than Nine pence per Pint by Retail, and Twenty eight pounds per Pipe in Gross. Now that all cause of excuse may be taken away, and that such as shall be found Delinquents herein, may acknowledge their own wilfulness to be the cause of the Danger and Penalty they fall into, after Advertisement. His Majesties Will and Pleasure is, and by the Advice of the said Lords and the rest of His Privy Council according to another Statute in that behalf made in the Fourth year of the Reign of His most Noble Progenitor King Edward the Third, by this His Royal Proclamation doth Publish and Declare, That for One Year next following, to be accounted from the First day of February next, Canary Wines be not Sold by Retail at more than Nine pence the Pint, and in Gross at more than Twenty eight pounds the Pipe, and according to these Rates (and no higher) in proportion for greater or lesser Quantities, either in Gross or by Retail, which Rates and Prices His Majesties Pleasure is, shall be duly observed in all His Ports and other Places within this Realm where Wines are Landed, or within Ten Miles of those Ports and Places. And it is His Majesties Pleasure, That in Places where Canary Wines by Land-Carriage shall be conveyed more than Ten Miles from the next Port, the said Wines shall and may be Sold according to the Rates aforesaid, with an allowance not exceeding Four Pounds the Tun, and One penny the Quart for Carriage thereof upon Land every Thirty Miles, and according to that proportion, and not at greater Rates, strictly Charging and Commanding such of His Subjects and others whom it shall concern, That none of them during the time aforesaid presume to sell any of the said Canary Wines in Gross or by Retail at higher Rates than by this His Majesties Proclamation are appointed, under the Forfeitures and Penalties mentioned in the said Statute, and other the Laws and Statutes of this Realm Ordained in that behalf, and such further Pains and Penalties as by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm can or may be inflicted upon wilful Contemners of His Majesties Royal Commands and Proclamations: Requiring and Commanding all Mayors, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Bailiffs, Customers and Comptrollers, and other Officers of His Majesties Ports, and all others whom it shall concern, diligently to observe and attempt the Execution of this His Royal Pleasure, and to give Information to the Lords and others of the Privy Council, of the Delinquents, that they may be proceeded against, and receive Punishment according to their demerits.

Given at Our Court at Whitehall the Sixteenth day of December 1687. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

Smyrna, Octob. 1. Two days since a *Capigi* passed through this place from *Rhodes*, carrying from *Constantinople* the Head of *Kan Ibrahim* Bassa late Visier. We are told that one of the most forwardell Mutiniers in the Army had been one of his Servants and Creatures, but whether his Sedition hath hastned the end of his Patron, or that it is to be ascribed to the Arts of the *Ottoman* Court, where they make little scruple to take away the Lives of such as stand in the way either of their Interest or Safety, is unknown to us at so great a distance; but it is probable that *Solyman* Visier and the *Caimacan* having supplanted *Ibrahim*, and thrown him out of the Government in the manner they did, they could look upon no ones advancement with so jealous an eye as his; and whether this will be sufficient to preserve them is now a great doubt, since that the Army hath not only made insolent Complaints against them, but that they are marching to *Constantinople* to do themselves right, and how their fury will vent it self is now the general expectation of the whole Empire.

Vienna, Decemb. 14. We have now the account of the Archduke's Coronation, as was before resolved, on the 9th Instant; the States having formerly consented to Swear fealty to both branches of the House of *Austria* successively, and obtained from his Imperial Majesty an Assurance, that they should have no heavier Impositions laid upon them than were upon his German Subjects. We have no other account as yet of the Procession and Ceremony, more than that it was performed with the greatest Splendor and Magnificence imaginable, both the German and Hungarian Nobility being adorned with all that Art could contrive, or Money purchase: And the Entertainment was no less to be admired for the great Plenty and Variety of Provisions, there being Tables spread for above 800 Persons. The Archbishop of *Gram*, Primate of the Kingdom, officiated at the Inauguration, assisted with several Prelates: Their Imperial Majesties were present, having on their Imperial Habits; as were also the Cardinals *Bonvisi* and *Colontz*, with the Foreign Ministers and Great Officers of the Court: When all was finished in the Church, the New King went to a Scaffold, erected on purpose, before the *Recollu's* Church, which was covered over with red and green Cloth, where he made 600 Knights; and from thence, mounting on Horseback, he marched into the Lower Town, and there took his Oath; and so passing on to *Mount Royak*, he performed the ancient Ceremony of drawing his Sabre, and making the sign of the Cross with it Three times, towards the East. There were, in several places, large Medals and pieces of Money thrown amongst the People, with different inscriptions, borrowed from the Patriarch *Jacob's* dying Benediction to his Son *Joseph*: Some of which were; *I will give to Joseph and his Seed after him, this Land for an Everlasting Possession.* Others were, *I will give to Joseph the Portion I took from the Enemy with my Sword and my Bow.* And a third sort; *The Blessings of thy Father have prevailed above the Blessings of my Progenitors, and they shall rest upon the Head of Joseph.* The same day his Imperial Majesty created Count *Esterhazy* Palatin of Hungary, a Prince of the Empire; as well in Recompence of the useful Services he had done him, as for the Merits of his Ancestors. The New King appointed those who are called *The Gentlemen of the Golden Key*; they are to be Six in all, and Four of them were then Named, viz. Count *Nicholas Hilsbach*, Count *Draffowitz*, Son to the Lord High Steward, and Count *Erdedy*, and the Count *de Kery*: The First and Chief of these Places is supposed to be reserved for a Son of the Elector Palatin; and it is believed the other may be given to a Son of Count *Charles Palfy*, General of the *Hork*. The Duke of *Lorraine* parted from *Presburgh* a day or two

two before, and was not at the Coronation, to avoid any dispute that might have arisen with some there about Precaucacy. The matters complained of at the Diet are referred to Four Commissioners, with the Chancellor, to propose convenient Remedies for their redress. We hear that the Court is like to continue at *Presburgh* yet some time. And to add to the Joy of this Solemnity, it has been accompanied with the scarce expected News of *Agria* its Capitulating, which is look'd upon as a good Omen of future Prosperity to the young King: On the 6th Instant Advice was brought to *Presburgh*, That on the 28th past, the Bassa of *Agria*, accompanied with Three of his Principal Officers richly attired, came into the Camp, in order to Treat of a Surrender; for whose Security there were Three Officers sent as Pledges into the Town, till these following Articles were agreed on. I. That the Besieged should deliver to the Imperialists, the Town and Citadel without fraud. II. That the Garrison should march out Drums beating, Colours flying, their Matches lighted, and with all other Marks of Honour. III. That the Bassa and Officers have leave to carry away, besides their Women and Children, 300 Wagons laden with as much as they can draw. IV. That they shall be conducted the nearest way to *Temsuaer*, with a Guard of 100 German Horse; they leaving at *Sigedin* one of their Chief Men to be as an Hostage for the return of the Wagons and Convoy. V. That the Sick and Wounded may continue in the Town till their Recovery, and after that to have Passes granted them to go into *Turky*. VI. That what cannot be laden on the 300 Wagons, shall be left without damage. This Capitulation being Signed by Five of the Turks Officers, was brought to *Presburgh* by Captain *Landbach*, in Company of the Aga of the Janissaries; and his Imperial Majesty having approved and Signed it, the Aga immediately return'd back; a whole arrival Possession is expected to be delivered: They insisted positively that the Articles should be Ratified by the Emperor, and no other; in remembrance, as is thought, of their own former Breach of Faith, which they fear'd might be now punished in the same kind and place; for when *Agria* was taken from the Christians in the Year 1596, by *Mahomet III.* in Person, at the head of near 150000 Turks and Tartars, the Garrison, after having endured continued and furious Assaults, for three Weeks, and being beat from one Castle to another, in their last retreat they capitulated to march out Soldier-like, which was so ill observed, that at some distance from thence they were surrounded on their march, being near 2000 Men, by the Turks and Tartars, who treacherously cut them all off. The account is not yet come of their having cleared the place. It is reckoned rather stronger than *Buda*, though it be not so large: It is an ancient Episcopal Seat within the Province of *Strigonium*. They were reduced to that necessity, that if it had been insisted on, they might probably have come at easier Rates; but it was considered that the Season was too rigorous to keep the Troops unnecessarily in the Field; and that the more moderate the Conditions were, the more they would operate on other places to follow this Example.

Paris, Decemb. 24. We have an account by a Ship returned from *Constantinople*, That *Napoli de Malvasia* is in the Possession of the Venetians, but upon what terms, or in what manner, is not said; and therefore it will need Confirmation. We hear that the Queen of *Portugal* is with Child. The Marquis de *Lavardin* lives with great Order in his Family at *Rome*; He hath been visited by the Generals of most of the Religious Orders; But as he has not yet had Audience of his Holiness; so neither have the *Sbirris* been seen in his Quarters since his arrival.

It having been humbly represented to His Majesty, That the Grand Juries for the City of London and County of Middlesex, have of late made several Presentments, and Orders, tending to suppress the Offences of Clipping and False-Coining; and that the Presentment made the 7th Instant at Justice-Hall in the Old Bailey, is as followeth, viz.

WE the Grand Jury for the City of London, do Present unto this Court, the great Mischief and Prejudice, which the Trading Body of this City, as well as the rest of the Nation, do suffer, by the Counterfeiting, Diminishing, and Embasing of the Current Coin of this Kingdom, by Clippers and False-Coiners, who both improve daily in that their wicked Art, and increase also in their numbers; notwithstanding that several of them are monthly brought to their Tryal before this Court, and that many of them have of late suffered the Sentence of the Law, yet we find, by the Sessions of Gaol-Delivery for this City and County, that the said Offenders continue still to be more numerous than those of any other kind: And that, as we conceive, in great measure, through the Incouragement and Connivance which they receive from Petty-Tradesmen, Pawn-Brokers, and others, in and about this City, who wink at, aid, and assist such Offenders, and their Avenues, by exchanging (for a little more than ordinary Gain) of Gold for

Silver, and of Broad Money for that which is Clipped and Diminished; therefore we present it as Highly necessary, That all Goldsmiths, and others, within the respective Wards and Liberties of this City, do make it their particular Care, not only to refuse all Counterfeit, Newly-Clipped, and Diminished Coin, in receiving and exchanging of Money (especially in small Sums; and from unknown or suspicious Persons) but that they also cause such Person or Persons, uttering, or offering to be uttered, any such Counterfeit, Clipped, or Diminished Coin, to be forthwith brought before the next Justice of the Peace, to be duly and strictly examined touching the same. And we do hereby recommend it to our Successors, the Grand Jury of this City, to make the said Offence a constant part of their Care and Enquiry, since it tends so much to the damage of Trade, and the disparagement of His Majesties Coin.

His Majesty, out of His Princely Care for the Welfare of His People, that they be not wrong'd in the Current Coin of this Kingdom, is Graciously Pleased to approve thereof, and hereby to Order and Require, as well the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the City of London, within their respective Wards and Liberties, as the Justices of Peace, and our Magistrates and Officers of the said County of Middlesex, to contribute all they can to answer the end of the said Presentments, in Suppressing of Clippers and Counterfeiters of the Coin of this Realm.

Navy-Office, London, Decemb. 22. To the end that no Persons, Owners of any Woods convertible to Staight, Compass or Knot-Timber, or Plank, fit for the Service of His Majesties Navy, may lose the opportunity of improving the next Season, for Filling and converting of the said Woods to the Purposes aforesaid: These are to Advertise the Owners of all such Woods, That the Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesties Navy, are now, and will be, in constant readiness, at their Office in Crutched-Fryars, London, to receive all Tenders and Proposals that shall be offered them in Writing on that behalf; and to Treat and Contract with any of the said Owners, or others authorized thereto, for the Delivery of the said Goods into His Majesties Yards, upon Terms of Payment to be mutually adjusted, and secured to their full Satisfaction.

Advertisements.

There was taken in the Custody of a suspected Person, on Saturday last, being the 16th Instant, a silver Watch, with a Silver studded Case, going with a String, supposed to be *Stolen* Engraven, Edwards Bayly Lordim. Whoever hath lost such a Watch, may repair to Mr Deakes in Bow-Street Covent-Garden, where they may be informed about it, and the Person.

ONE Ferdinand Laurence, a Taylor, of middle Stature, pale Face, lank Hair, in a light coloured Serge Suit, with Gold and silver Buttons, a dark coloured Frock over them, black hair Buttons; went away the 19th Instant from Mr. William Jess Salefman in Long-lane, London, took with him the Goods following, viz. One flower'd green Satin Gown, the Ground White; a Sattin Purple flower'd Gown lined with purple silk, a coloured Sattin Gown with black Flowers, lined with black Crape, a Cherry coloured Tabby Girl's Gown lined with red Callico, a small chequer'd Tabby Gown, a new broad Cloth Coat with black hair Buttons, and a white Castor. Whoever gives Notice of the said Person, or any of the things, to Mr. Jess aforesaid, shall have a Guinea Reward.

STolen from John Wickhan at the Rain Dear in Wick-Street, a Silver Tankard, marked W. P. Engraven on the Bottom; William Playser at the Rain-Deer in Wick Street. Also 14 l. in Silver. The Woman that stole the said Tankard is middle sized, thin Visag'd, hollow Ey'd, much disfigur'd with the Small Pox. Whoever gives Notice of the said Tankard (either Pawn'd or Sold) or the Money, to John Wickhan aforesaid, shall have 2 Guineas.

LOst of Thomas Meacham of the City of Chichester, the 24th of November last, two Nags; One black, above 13 hands high, 8 years old, a bald Face, one wall Eye, with a malendred on the near Leg before, paces all. The other a grey, about 14 hands high, 11 years old, with a slit in his near hoof before, trots all, by two Persons: One a short squat Man with dark brown lank hair, a grey Suit of Cloaths, and black Hat. The other, a tall slim Man, black hair'd, a little curled, a light grey suit, and a white Hat. Whoever gives Notice of the said Men, or procures the Horses to Thomas Meacham at the White Hart in Chichester, or to Mr. Andrew Finch at the Cock and Hoop in Fetter-lane, London, shall have two Guineas Reward, and their Charges born.

LOst out of the Grounds near Hide-Park, the 13th Instant, a bay py'd Stone horse, all his Legs white, a white Tail, with black spots in it, comes 5. Whoever gives Notice of the said Stone-horse to Hercules Calvert, at Hide-Park-Gate, or to Mr. Ridgeley, Milliner, in the Pall-Mall, shall have 10 s. Reward.

STolen the 14th Instant out of the Stable of William Thorsold Esq; of Little Panton near Grantam in the County of Lincoln, two Geldings; One a brown bay about 14 hands, 5 years old, marked in the Face with a large star and slip (two white feet on the far side, clipped round upon the far wheel Bone, with some little saddle spots. The other 6 years old, a kind of a Mouse dun, with a black Lilt down his Back, a mealy Muffel, a Scar in his Forehead, above 14 hands high. Whoever gives Notice of both or either of them to William Thorsold Esq; aforesaid, or to Mrs. Woodman in Drury-lane, London, shall be well Rewarded,