

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday December 19. to Thursday December 22. 1687.

BY THE KING,
A PROCLAMATION
For Prizing of Canary Wines.

JAMES R.

W Hereas by the Statute made in the Twenty eighth year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, for Prizing of Wines, it is Provided that the Lord Chancellor, Lord Treasurer, Lord President of the Kings most Honourable Council, Lord Privy Seal, and the Lord Chief Justices of either Bench, or Five, Four, or Three of them, shall have Power and Authority by their Discretion to set the Prizes of all kinds of Wines, as in the said Statute is expressed: By vertue whereof the Lord Chancellor, Lord President, the Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Kings Bench, and the Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas, the Twelfth day of this instant December, upon Consideration of the present State of the Canary Trade, did Order that no Canary Wine be Sold for the ensuing Year at more than Nine pence per Pint by Retail, and Twenty eight pounds per Pipe in Gross. Now that all cause of excuse may be taken away, and that such as shall be found Delinquents herein, may acknowledge their own wilfulness to be the cause of the Danger and Penalty they fall into, after Advertisement. His Majesties Will and Pleasure is, and by the Advice of the said Lords and the rest of His Privy Council according to one other Statute in that behalf made in the Fourth year of the Reign of His most Noble Progenitor King Edward the Third, by this His Royal Proclamation doth Publish and Declare, That for One Year next following, to be accounted from the First day of February next, Canary Wines be not Sold by Retail at more than Nine pence the Pint, and in Gross at more than Twenty eight pounds the Pipe, and according to these Rates (and no higher) in proportion for greater or lesser Quantities, either in Gross or by Retail, which Rates and Prices His Majesties Pleasure is, shall be duly observed in all His Ports and other Places within this Realm where Wines are Landed, or within Ten Miles of those Ports and Places. And it is His Majesties Pleasure, That in Places where Canary Wines by Land-Carriage shall be conveyed more than Ten Miles from the next Port, the said Wines shall and may be Sold according to the Rates aforesaid, with an allowance not exceeding Four Pounds the Tun, and One penny the Quart for Carriage thereof upon Land every Thirty Miles, and according to that proportion, and not at greater Rates, strictly Charging and Commanding such of His Subjects and others whom it shall concern, That none of them during the time aforesaid presume to sell any of the said Canary Wines in Gross or by Retail at higher Rates than by this His Majesties Proclamation are appointed, under the Forfeitures and Penalties mentioned in the said Statute, and other the Laws and Statutes of this Realm Ordained in that behalf, and such further Pains and Penalties as by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm can or may be inflicted upon wilful Contemners of His Majesties Royal Commands and Proclamations: Requiring and Commanding all Mayors, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Bailiffs, Customers and Comptrollers, and other Officers of His Majesties Ports, and all others whom it shall concern, diligently to observe and attempt the Execution of this His Royal Pleasure, and to give Information to the Lords and others of the Privy Council, of the Delinquents, that they may be proceeded against, and receive Punishment according to their demerits.

Given at Our Court at Whitehall the Sixteenth day of December 1687. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

Smyrna, Octob. 1. Two days since a *Capigi* passed through this place from *Rhodes*, carrying from *Constantinople* the Head of *Kan Ibrahim* Bassa late Visier. We are told that one of the most forwardell Mutiniers in the Army had been one of his Servants and Creatures, but whether his Sedition hath hastned the end of his Patron, or that it is to be ascribed to the Arts of the *Ottoman* Court, where they make little scruple to take away the Lives of such as stand in the way either of their Interest or Safety, is unknown to us at so great a distance; but it is probable that *Solyman* Visier and the *Caimacan* having supplanted *Ibrahim*, and thrown him out of the Government in the manner they did, they could look upon no ones advancement with so jealous an eye as his; and whether this will be sufficient to preserve them is now a great doubt, since that the Army hath not only made insolent Complaints against them, but that they are marching to *Constantinople* to do themselves right, and how their fury will vent it self is now the general expectation of the whole Empire.

Vienna, Decemb. 14. We have now the account of the Archduke's Coronation, as was before resolved, on the 9th Instant; the States having formerly consented to Swear fealty to both branches of the House of *Austria* successively, and obtained from his Imperial Majesty an Assurance, that they should have no heavier Impositions laid upon them than were upon his German Subjects. We have no other account as yet of the Procession and Ceremony, more than that it was performed with the greatest Splendor and Magnificence imaginable, both the German and Hungarian Nobility being adorned with all that Art could contrive, or Money purchase: And the Entertainment was no less to be admired for the great Plenty and Variety of Provisions, there being Tables spread for above 800 Persons. The Archbishop of *Gram*, Primate of the Kingdom, officiated at the Inauguration, assisted with several Prelates: Their Imperial Majesties were present, having on their Imperial Habits; as were also the Cardinals *Bonvisi* and *Colontz*, with the Foreign Ministers and Great Officers of the Court: When all was finished in the Church, the New King went to a Scaffold, erected on purpose, before the *Recoll.* Church, which was covered over with red and green Cloth, where he made 600 Knights; and from thence, mounting on Horseback, he marched into the Lower Town, and there took his Oath; and so passing on to *Mount Royal*, he performed the ancient Ceremony of drawing his Sabre, and making the sign of the Cross with it Three times, towards the East. There were, in several places, large Medals and pieces of Money thrown amongst the People, with different inscriptions, borrowed from the Patriarch *Jacob's* dying Benediction to his Son *Joseph*: Some of which were; *I will give to Joseph and his Seed after him, this Land for an Everlasting Possession.* Others were, *I will give to Joseph the Portion I took from the Enemy with my Sword and my Bow.* And a third sort; *The Blessings of thy Father have prevailed above the Blessings of my Progenitors, and they shall rest upon the Head of Joseph.* The same day his Imperial Majesty created Count *Esterhazy* Palatin of Hungary, a Prince of the Empire; as well in Recompence of the useful Services he had done him, as for the Merits of his Ancestors. The New King appointed those who are called *The Gentlemen of the Golden Key*; they are to be Six in all, and Four of them were then Named, viz. Count *Nicholas Hilsbach*, Count *Draflowitz*, Son to the Lord High Steward, and Count *Erdedy*, and the Count *de Kery*: The First and Chief of these Places is supposed to be reserved for a Son of the Elector Palatin; and it is believed the other may be given to a Son of Count *Charles Palfy*, General of the *Hork*. The Duke of *Lorraine* parted from *Presburgh* a day or two