vers felonies, trespasses, and other misdeeds, in the said county done and committed.

At this Court Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Suffolk, assembled at the above-named Sessions, in exercise of the power given to them by an Order of the Lords of the Privy Council, dated the 16th day of December, 1865, do by this notice, intended to be published as by the said Order required, declare that the following Order be made, videlicet :-

### Cattle Plague Resolutions for the Eastern Division of the county of Suffolk.

1st. That, subject to the provisions of the Order in Council, no stock be permitted to enter the Eastern Division of the county, without the order of two Magistrates at Petty Sessions within

the union to which they are imported.

2nd. That in any union in which the Justices acting in any Petty Sessions therein shall certify that no Cattle Plague has appeared for one calendar month then last past, and which union shall, by notice published in one or more of the county papers be declared free from Cattle Plague, cattle shall be allowed to circulate, but that no stock be brought into or sent out of such union without the Order of two such Justices as afore-

3rd. That in any union which has not been certified as free from Cattle Plague as aforesaid, no stock be permitted to be removed upon a public road from any occupation without the Order of two Justices at Petty Sessions.

4th. That all fairs, markets, and repository

sales for the sale of stock be prohibited.

5th. That stock be permitted under the Order of two Justices at Petty Sessions, to be taken to any place for immediate slaughter (that is to say, not exceeding three days), but that no stock be allowed to return alive from such place. further, that no restriction in this rule shall be held to apply to any union which shall have been certified under the second rule.

6th. That no stock be permitted to enter any union from any other union within the county, without the Order of two Justices at Petty Sessions, acting in the union from which such stock

7th. That no offal or hides be removed in any infected union without the Order of two Justices at Petty Sessions.

8th. That no cattle shall, under any circumstances, be driven upon any highway or public road between the hours of six o'clock in the evening and six o'clock in the morning.

9th. That every person driving any cattle along any highway or public road shall, if required to do so, show his license to any Justice of the

Peace or police officer in uniform.

10th. That for the purposes of breeding, cows and swine may be sent off the premises of the owner to a bull or boar, provided that before so sending, the owner of the animals so sent shall procure from the guardian of his parish a certificate stating that the animals on the sender's premises are free from disease, and before bringing them home again a similar certificate from the guardian of the parish into which they have been sent, certifying that the cattle among which they have been are also free from disease.

11th. That the word stock include all cattle sheep, swine, and goats.

12th. That these resolutions be in force until the 1st day of March.

13th. That the Mayors of boroughs be invited to co-operate and maintain uniformity of action throughout the county.

And it is further ordered-

That the licence for removal of any cattle and stock within the said Eastern Division of the said county shall specify the description and number of cattle to which such licence refers, the term for which it is valid, from where, and to where cattle are to be removed, the name of the sender, and to whom consigned, and shall after every such removal be delivered to the guardian of the parish into which such cattle are sent if it is a rural parish, to a police officer, or clerk of the market if it be a town.

And the said Justices, so assembled as aforesaid, do hereby revoke all notices at any time heretofore published by any previous local authority within the said Eastern Division of the said county, except as to any liabilities which may have been incurred, or any legal proceedings which may have been taken under any of the said

notices.

Every person offending against this notice or the said Order in Council, is liable to a penalty of £20, to be recovered summarily before the Justices acting for the Petty Sessional Division within which the offence is committed.

By order of the Court, Borton, Clerk of the Peace for the county of Suffolk.

#### CATTLE PLAGUE.

### Borough of Louth.

By virtue of the power vested in me by an Order of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, dated the 23rd day of November, 1865, made in pursuance of several Acts of Parliament in such Order mentioned, I, Samuel Trought, Mayor of the borough of Louth, in the county of Lincoln, with a view to prevent the spreading of the "cattle plague," do hereby declare and give notice that it is expedient, and I do order and direct, that no cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, or pig, shall be brought from any other part of Great Britain into the said borough from the 13th day of January instant until the 1st day of March next, both inclusive, unless the party desiring to effect such removal shall previously obtain for that purpose the written license of the inspector for the time being of the district from which such animal is to be removed, countersigned by a Justice of the Peace for the said borough of Louth: Provided that such licence shall only remain in force during the day on which it is dated: Provided also that nothing herein contained will make it unlawful for any person to send or carry any such animals by railway through the said borough.

And I do hereby give notice, that any person offending against the said Order in Council will be liable to a penalty of not exceeding £20.

Given under my hand at Louth aforesaid, this 8th day of January, 1866.

> Samuel Trought, Mayor of the said borough of Louth.

# CATTLE PLAGUE.

# County of Carnarvon.

By virtue and in pursuance of an Order of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, dated the 16th day of December, 1865, made in pursuance of the several Acts of Parliament therein mentioned, we, Her Majesty's