

the Riding to the beforegoing resolutions: and also to publish the requisite notices under the Orders in Council, warning all persons of the penalties which will be incurred for any offence against the said Orders and these resolutions.

Ordered, That the Clerk of the Peace do forthwith forward copies of these resolutions to the Lord Mayor of York, and to the mayors of the other boroughs in the Riding, with the view of promoting uniformity of action within those boroughs.

Ordered, That the Clerk of the Peace do apply to the Home Secretary, requesting to be informed out of what funds the necessary expenses of carrying out these resolutions are to be paid.

Ordered, That all future reports of each inspector in the riding be made weekly to the clerk of the petty sessional division, and that copies thereof be made by the latter and be forwarded without delay to the Clerk of the Peace.

Ordered, That the Chief Constable be instructed to look to the due execution of these Orders and resolutions, and give the utmost effect thereto.

Ordered, That the Clerk of the Peace, together with the Chief Constable, do arrange all statistics of the disease forwarded to them, and prepare weekly returns for the information of the court, and of the police committee.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Court be given to the police committee for the trouble which they have taken in this matter.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Court it is desirable that the provisions of the Order in Council of the 16th of December last, should be extended to goats, sheep, and swine, and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the Chairman to the Home Secretary.

Resolved, That this Court be now adjourned to Wednesday, the 24th day of January instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

By the Court,

T. L. Yeoman, Clerk of the Peace.

CATTLE PLAGUE.

Devon.—Epiphany Quarter Sessions, 1866.

At the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace of our Sovereign Lady the Queen, holden at the Castle of Exeter, in and for the county of Devon, on Tuesday in the first week next after the 28th day of December, in the twenty-ninth year of the reign of our Sovereign Lady Victoria, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, before the Right Honourable William Reginald, Earl of Devon, Sir Stafford Henry Northcote, Baronet, and others, their fellows, Justices of our said Sovereign Lady the Queen, assigned to keep the Peace of our said Lady the Queen, within the county aforesaid; and also to hear and determine divers felonies, trespasses, and other misdemeanors within the said county done and committed; and from thence continued by by several adjournments until this 5th day of January, 1866, before the Justices aforesaid, and others their companions as aforesaid, and now held at the Castle of Exeter, as aforesaid:

Whereas by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament, holden in the eleventh and twelfth years of the reign of Her present Majesty "to prevent until the 1st day of September, 1850, and to the end of the then next session of Parliament the spreading of contagious or infectious disorders among sheep, cattle, and other animals," (which Act has since been from time to time continued by subsequent Acts, and lastly by the

"Expiring Laws Continuance Act, 1865,") it was enacted that it should be lawful for the Lords and others of Her Majesty's Privy Council, or any two or more of them, from time to time to make such orders and regulations as to them might seem necessary for the purpose of prohibiting or regulating the removal to or from such parts or places as they might designate, of sheep, cattle, horses, swine, or other animals, and to make any other orders or regulations for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the said first-mentioned Act, and again to revoke, alter, or vary any such orders or regulations; and that all provisions for any of the purposes aforesaid in any such order or orders contained, should have the like force and effect as if the same had been inserted in the said first-mentioned Act; and that all persons offending should for each and every offence forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding twenty pounds, or such smaller sum as the said Lords or others of Her Majesty's Privy Council might in any case direct: and whereas a contagious or infectious disorder (generally designated the "Cattle Plague") now prevails among cattle within that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain: And whereas with a view to check the spreading of the said disorder, an Order, dated the 23rd of November, 1865, was made (under the authority of the said Act, so continued as aforesaid), by six Lords and others of Her Majesty's Privy Council, consolidating and amending certain Orders in Council previously made for that purpose: And whereas by a subsequent Order made at the Council Chamber, Whitehall, on the 16th day of December, 1865, by four Lords and others of the said Council, reciting that it was expedient to alter and amend the said Order of the 23rd of November, 1865,—the said lastly mentioned Lords and others of the said Council did, in exercise of the said powers given by the said first-mentioned Act (so continued as aforesaid), order that so much of the said Order dated the 23rd day of November, 1865, as defined the local authority in Great Britain, should be revoked; and that (subject to the powers reserved by the said lastly-mentioned Order to the Clerk of Her Majesty's Privy Council), the local authority within every county in England having a separate Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace should be the Justices of the Peace for the said county in Quarter Sessions assembled: And whereas the said several Orders or Regulations recited or referred to were duly, within fourteen days after the issuing thereof respectively, twice published in the London Gazette, and also, within fourteen days as aforesaid, twice published in a newspaper circulating in the said county of Devon: And whereas by the said Order of the 16th day of December, 1865, it was further ordered that all appointments made, notices given, and other acts done by any local authority under and by virtue of the said Order of the 23rd of November, 1865, or of any of the Orders thereby revoked, should be valid and effectual until altered, varied, or revoked by the local authority constituted by the said Order now in recital, and that such local authority should have and exercise all the powers given by the said Order of the 23rd of November, 1865, to the local authority therein described: And whereas by the said lastly mentioned Order, it was amongst other things, ordered that whenever any local authority should declare by notice published in any newspaper circulating within their jurisdiction, and also by notice published in any newspaper or newspapers circulating within the county or counties bordering upon the county within which the jurisdiction of such local