within twelve hours after the expiration of the time for which the licence was granted; and unless such cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, or calf, be marked by the hair being clipped off the end of the tail by the officers of the said fair or market, or in case there be no such officer, by the person or persons selling the same; and also unless such cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, or swinc, be slaughtered within twenty-four hours after the same shall have been so brought or sent in such fair or market, or the town or place in which the same is held, and be not allowed to leave such town or place alive; but no such licence shall be issued unless the animal to be removed shall have been at least twenty-one days then last past in the

possession of the applicant. 10. And the said Justices declare that (with a view to prevent the spreading of the said disorder) it is expedient, and they do accordingly order that it shall not, between the dates last aforesaid, be lawful for any person to bring any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, or swine, or any raw or untanned hides or skins, or any horns or hoofs, of any such last-named animals (except such hides, skins, horns, or hoofs, as are directly imported into the United Kingdom from India, Australia, South Africa, or America), or the offal of any of such last-named animals, or any dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, likely to propagate infection, from any part of Great Britain beyond the said Riding into any place within the said Riding, except only any of such animals as may be sent or carried by railway through the said Riding, after the 25th day of March next, and provided that nothing contained in this clause of this Order shall make it unlawful for any person to bring or send, with the licence of any two Justices acting in and for the said Riding any such hides, skins, horns, hoofs, offal, or other articles as aforesaid, from any land and premises in his own occupation and beyond this Riding to any other lands or premises in his own occupation within this Riding, during a time to be specified in such licence.

11. And the said Justices do by this order further declare that (with a view to prevent the spreading of the said disorder) it is expedient and they do accordingly hereby order that it shall not be lawful, between the dates last aforesaid, for any person to remove any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, or swine, from place to place in the said Riding, except for the purpose of slaughter, and with the licence of a Justice of the Peace, as hereinafter mentioned, and every such animal shall be immediately marked by the hair being clipped off the end of the tail by the vendor, and shall on no account be allowed to leave the premises of the purchaser alive. And the said Justices further order that it shall not be lawful between the dates last aforesaid, for any person to remove from place to place in the said Riding any raw or untanned hides or skins, or any horns or hoofs of any of the last-named animals, except such hides, skins, horns, or hoofs, as are directly imported into the United Kingdom from India, Australia, South Africa, or America, or the offal of any such named animals, or any dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, likely to propagate infec-

12. Provided always, that upon obtaining the written licence of one Justice of the Peace acting in and for the said Riding, it shall be lawful for any person to remove any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, or swine, which is uninfected, from any uninfected lands or premises in his own occupation, to any other uninfected lands also in his own occupation, in the same or an adjoining township, and with the like licence to drive or has been heretofore published in terms of the

take a cow or heifer to a bull, or any sow to a boar, on any other farm or lands, or any uninfected swine from any uninfected farm or lands to any other uninfected farm or lands. Provided also, that any Justice acting in and for the said Riding may, by order in writing, allow any uninfected fat cattle, on any uninfected lands or premises within the Riding (on application by or on behalf of the owner thereof, and upon being satisfied that the said last-named cattle have been on the owner's uninfected premises for twenty-one days, and are then in good health), and that no "Cattle Plague" exists, and has not existed on the said premises at any time during the twentyeight days then next preceding, to be removed to any slaughter - house within such Riding, for slaughter within twenty-four hours after their arrival at such slaughter house. And provided further, that nothing herein contained shall render it unlawful, after the 25th day of March next, with the like licence, for any person to send or carry any such uninfected animal from uninfected premises along any highway to the nearest convenient railway station, nor to prohibit the sending or carrying such animal, or any such hides, skins, horns, hoofs, offal, or other articles as aforesaid, by railway through or out of this Riding, nor the sending or carrying any such animal, or any such hides, skins, horns, hoofs, offal, or other articles as aforesaid, if brought by sea, from any place out of Great Britain into this Riding, to the nearest convenient railway station for the purpose of carrying them through or out of the Riding. Provided that nothing herein contained shall authorize the removal of any such animal as hereinbefore mentioned between an hour after sunset and an hour before surrise; that no hoof or hide shall be removed without first being disinfected, and a licence being obtained for the said removal; and that every drover or person removing any cattle shall, on demand, produce his licence, and show the same to any Justice, police constable, or Inspector requiring the same.

13. It is expedient, and the Justices recommend, that all dogs be tied up or kept confined on the premises to which they respectively belong.

14. That the occupiers of lands in each township in the Riding be earnestly requested to cooperate with the authorities in enforcing the foregoing orders.

15. That this order be deemed published by notice in the Eastern Morning News newspaper of Wednesday, the 28th day of February instant.

Pursuant to the foregoing orders of Sessions, I do hereby give notice thereof accordingly. Geo. Leeman, Clerk of the Peace.

Beverley, 27th February, 1866.

## CATTLE PLAGUE.

County of Stirling.—Further Amendment of Resolutions and Notices.

Notice is hereby given, that Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Stirling, in sessions assembled at Stirling on the 2nd day of March, 1866, in exercise and by virtue of the powers conferred upon them as the local authority for the county of Stirling, by the Orders of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, dated respectively the 23rd November and 16th December, 1865, and 20th January and 23rd February, 1866, resolve, and do hereby declare, that, notwithstanding the resolutions adopted by them as local authority aforesaid, of which notice