

or otherwise, provided, nevertheless, that, in the case of cattle landed in any place in Scotland from Ireland, the certificate of the Local Authority, that such cattle are free from disease, shall be accepted, in the case of a fat-stock licence, by the person authorized to grant the same as sufficient for the purpose of granting such licence, and in the case of a store-stock licence, such certificate shall be accepted by the Local Authority as equivalent to the declaration of the owner or his agent, and to the certificate of the occupiers required by the form of the said store-stock licence.

"Town or place," shall in this regulation have the same meaning as in the preceding regulation.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

Movement of Cattle.

32. No cattle shall be moved on any highway between sunset and sunrise, except within the limits of a burgh.

No cattle, except as hereinafter provided, shall be moved by or upon any railway, canal, navigation, river, or highway, or by any vessels coastwise, without a licence, save for a distance not exceeding five hundred yards from one part of the same farm to another.

Licences shall be of two descriptions—

1. A licence for cattle intended for immediate slaughter, hereinafter called a fat-stock licence;
2. A licence for other cattle, hereinafter called a store stock-llicence.

A fat-stock licence shall be in the form, and contain the particulars, and be signed in the manner appearing in the form marked A. in the second schedule annexed hereto, or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

A store-stock licence shall be in the form, and contain the particulars, and be signed in the manner appearing in the form marked B. in the said second schedule, or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

No cattle shall be moved as aforesaid out of the district of the Local Authority in which they are, without a licence in one of the forms aforesaid, such form being applicable to the class of cattle moved; but where cattle are moved only within the district of a Local Authority, or from one part of a farm beyond such district to another part within it, that Local Authority may make such regulations for their removal with or without licence as it thinks fit, so that the conditions of such licences when granted be not more stringent than the conditions of the licences in the said second schedule.

If any cattle are moved in contravention of this regulation, the owner of such cattle, and the person directing or permitting the removal of the same, and the company or person conveying the same shall respectively be deemed guilty of an offence against this Order.

Cattle brought by land from England into Scotland may be moved in Scotland with the same licences that in England authorize their removal from the district of one Local authority to another, in pursuance of any Order of the Privy Council in force for the time being.

33. No person shall drive or allow any cattle under his charge to be driven or to stray into any enclosed field, without the consent of the owner or occupier thereof, and any person acting in contravention of this regulation shall be deemed guilty of an offence against this Order.

Movement of Hides, and Skins, &c.

34. No hide, skin, horn, or hoof of animals shall be moved by highway, railway, canal, river, or other mode of conveyance unless effectually covered.

If any hides, skins, horns, or hoofs are moved in contravention of this regulation, the person sending the same, and the person moving the same, shall be deemed guilty of an offence against this Order.

35. No regulation of this Order shall apply to the following hides, skins, horns, and hoofs (that is to say):—

- (1.) Hides, skins, horns, or hoofs imported into the United Kingdom from India, Australia, South Africa, or America;
- (2.) Hides, skins, horns, hoofs, or glue pieces that have been effectually limed for manufacturing purposes.

But the burden of proving that any hides, skins, horns, or hoofs, are such as are authorized by this regulation to be removed, shall lie upon the person charged with moving the same in contravention of this Order.

Regulations as to Dogs.

36. A Local Authority may make such orders as it thinks expedient for preventing the propagation of disease by means of dogs, and may order any stray dogs to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of as it thinks fit.

Cleansing of Pens and Trucks.

37. Every railway or other Company or person carrying animals for hire shall, on every occasion after any animal has been taken out of any pen, carriage, truck, or boat used by such Company or person, and before any other animal or article is placed therein, thoroughly cleanse and disinfect every such pen, carriage, truck, or boat in such manner as the Board of Trade may from time to time direct.

The expression "truck" shall include any horsebox or other vehicle used in the carrying of animals.

If any pen, carriage, truck, or boat is at any time used in contravention of this regulation, the Company or person by whom it is used shall, every time that such pen, truck or boat is used, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Five Pounds.

Powers of Officers employed under this Order.

38. Any inspector or other officer empowered to carry this Order into effect, may, if authorized so to do by any General or Special Order in writing of the Local Authority, enter any field, stable, cow shed, or other premises within his district, where he has reasonable grounds for supposing that cattle affected by disease are to be found, or have been, or have been buried, or otherwise disposed of, for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this Order, or enter into the station or premises of any railway or other Company or person carrying animals for hire, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the pens, carriages, trucks, boats, or other vehicles used by such Company or person have been duly cleansed and disinfected; and if any person refuses admission to, or obstructs or impedes, or aids in obstructing or impeding any such inspector or other officer, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against this Order.