

4. South Wales, in this Order, shall signify the counties of Pembroke, Carmarthen, Glamorgan, Brecon, Radnor, and Cardigan.

5. Nothing herein contained shall affect any of the provisions, conditions, and regulations, which are contained in the said Order of the 24th ultimo, except so far as the same are inconsistent herewith.

6. This Order shall come into operation immediately, and shall remain in force until it is revoked or altered.

7. Every person guilty of an offence against this Order shall, for each such offence, incur a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds; and where any such offence is committed with respect to more than four animals, a penalty not exceeding five pounds, for each animal, may be imposed, instead of the penalty of twenty pounds.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 16th day of April, 1866.

PRESENT,

The Right Honorable Thomas Milner Gibson.
The Right Honorable William Monsell.

PURSUANT to Orders of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, made the 24th day of March and the 11th day of April, 1866, under the Act eleventh and twelfth Victoria, chapter one hundred and seven, and other Acts, the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade are pleased to direct, that every Railway or other Company or person carrying animals for hire within any part of Great Britain, and using any pen, carriage, truck, or boat for holding or carrying animals, shall on every occasion after any animal has been taken out of such pen, carriage, truck, or boat, and before any other animal or article is placed therein, thoroughly cleanse and disinfect every such pen, carriage, truck, or boat in manner following, that is to say:—

Pens.

All the wood-work and metal-work to be scraped and swept, then washed with some one of the solutions following, viz., water, containing in each gallon four ounces of fresh dry chloride of lime, or hot water, containing in each gallon not less than—

either one-fifth of a pint of carbolic acid,
or one-fifth of a pint of cresylic acid,
or two ounces of chloride of zinc.

The floor to be thoroughly cleansed and swept out, then sprinkled freely with undiluted carbolic acid, or cresylic acid, or chloride of lime in powder.

Brick or stone walls to be lime-washed with good freshly-burnt lime, adding to each gallon of lime-wash one-fifth of a pint of carbolic acid, or of cresylic acid, or four ounces of chloride of lime, or two ounces of chloride of zinc.

Carriages and Trucks.

The floor and every part above the floor to be thoroughly scraped and swept out, then to be washed with hot water containing, to each gallon, not less than three ounces of soda ash or of soap, and, lastly, to be sprinkled freely with some one of the solutions above mentioned.

Boats.

The hold and every other part used for holding or carrying animals, or with which animals or their droppings come in contact, to be thoroughly scraped and swept out, then to be washed with hot water containing, to each gallon, not less than three ounces of soda ash or of soap, and, lastly, to be sprinkled freely with some one of the solutions above mentioned.

In every case the scrapings and sweepings to be burnt or buried forthwith.

In the above-mentioned Orders, "animal" means bull, bullock, cow, ox, heifer, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, and swine: "truck" includes horse-box or other vehicle used in the carrying of animals.

THE following Notice has been received by the Clerk of the Council from the Local Authorities appointed under the Orders of the Lords of the Council relating to the "Cattle Plague," and is published in the London Gazette in conformity with the requirements of their Lordships' Orders:—

CATTLE PLAGUE.

Burgh of Paisley.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the local authority for the burgh of Paisley, under "The Cattle Diseases Prevention Act, 1866," has resolved and declared, and hereby, in virtue of the provisions of the said Act, and of the relative Orders of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, resolves and declares:—

First.—That it is expedient that from the date of the publication of this notice, no animal (meaning thereby any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine) shall be brought from any other part of Great Britain into the burgh or town of Paisley; provided always, that sheep or lambs may be brought into the said burgh if they have not been recently in a public market; and, if conveyed by railway, that they have been carried in trucks which have been disinfected since cattle or sheep were last conveyed in them, and are certified to have been so by the traffic manager at the station where the sheep are trucked, and by a member of the local authority, or a Justice of the Peace resident in the immediate neighbourhood of said station; and providing also, that it shall not be unlawful to remove any animal (meaning as aforesaid) from any place within the said burgh to any other place therein nor to bring any such animal into said burgh provided that the animal is free of disease, and that the cattle plague does not exist and has not existed on the premises from which the animal is to be removed for at least thirty days preceding the date of removal, and where the disease has existed that the premises have been disinfected at said period. And further, that the animal when removed shall, in the case of animals brought into the burgh, be accompanied by a declaration signed by the owner, and a certificate signed by two members of the committee of the district from which such animals are brought, and in the case of animals removed from one part of the burgh to another by a certificate signed by any one of the magistrates of the burgh, which declaration and certificates shall be to the effect above stated, and the owner shall be bound immediately to exhibit