

be considered as equivalent to Presentations to Her Majesty.

THE QUEEN'S DRAWING ROOMS.

REGULATIONS

TO BE OBSERVED AT THE QUEEN'S DRAWING ROOMS TO BE HELD, ON BEHALF OF HER MAJESTY BY HER ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCESS OF WALES, AT ST. JAMES'S PALACE.

By Her Majesty's Command.

The Ladies, who propose to attend Her Majesty's Drawing Rooms, at St. James's Palace, are requested to bring with them two large cards, with their names *clearly written* thereon, one to be left with the Queen's Page in Attendance in the Corridor, and the other to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, who will announce the name to The Princess.

PRESENTATIONS.

Any Lady who proposes to be presented must leave at the Lord Chamberlain's Office, *before twelve o'clock*, two clear days before the Drawing Room, a card with her name written thereon, and with the name of the Lady by whom she is to be presented. In order to carry out the existing regulation, that no presentation can be made at a Drawing Room excepting by a Lady actually attending that Court, it is also necessary that a letter from the Lady who is to make the presentation, stating it to be her intention to be present, should accompany the presentation card above referred to, which will be submitted to The Queen, for Her Majesty's approbation. It is Her Majesty's Command, that no presentations shall be made at the Drawing Room, except in accordance with the above regulations.

It is particularly requested that in every case the names be *very distinctly written* upon the cards to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, in order that there may be no difficulty in announcing them to The Princess.

It is not expected that Gentlemen will present themselves at the Drawing Room, except in attendance upon the Ladies of their families.

The State apartments will be open for the reception of Company coming to Court at one o'clock.

SYDNEY,
Lord Chamberlain.

At the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 27th day of April, 1866.

By the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

PRESENT,

Lord President.
Sir George Grey, Bart.
Mr. Milner Gibson.
Mr. Bruce.
Mr. Göschen.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the session of the eleventh and twelfth years of Her present Majesty's reign, chapter one hundred and

seven, intituled "An Act to prevent until the "first day of September, one thousand eight "hundred and fifty, and to the end of the then "session of Parliament, the spreading of conta- "gious or infectious disorders among sheep, cattle, "and other animals," and from time to time continued by divers subsequent Acts, and lastly by an Act passed in the session of the twenty-eighth and twenty-ninth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter one hundred and nineteen, it is (amongst other things) enacted that it shall be lawful for the Lords and others of Her Majesty's Privy Council, or any two or more of them, from time to time, to make such Orders and Regulations as to them may seem necessary for the purpose of prohibiting or regulating the removal to or from such parts or places, as they may designate in such Order or Orders, of sheep, cattle, horses, swine, or other animals, or of hay, straw, fodder, or other articles likely to propagate infection; and to make any other Orders or Regulations for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the said Act, and again to revoke, alter, or vary any such Orders or Regulations; and that all provisions for any of the purposes aforesaid in any such Order or Orders contained, shall have the like force and effect as if the same had been inserted in the said Act:

And whereas the said Act has been amended and explained by an Act passed in the twenty-ninth year of Her present Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the Act of the eleventh "and twelfth years of Her present Majesty, "chapter one hundred and seven, to prevent the "spreading of contagious or infectious disorders "among sheep, cattle, and other animals:"

And whereas a contagious or infectious disorder, generally designated as the "Cattle Plague," has lately appeared, and now prevails, amongst cattle in England and Wales:

And whereas by an Order bearing date the twenty-fourth day of March last, duly made by the Lords of the said Council, it was among other things ordered, that until the first of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, all cattle brought by sea from any place out of the United Kingdom into any town or place in England, shall be marked by clipping the hair off the end of the tail, and no such cattle shall be removed alive from such town or place, except by sea:

And whereas there is a certain market held for the sale of cattle in the parish of St. Mary Islington, in the county of Middlesex, known as the Metropolitan Cattle Market, which market has been licensed by the Lords of the said Council for the sale of cattle intended for immediate slaughter until the first day of June next, or until the same licence shall be revoked, and it is advisable that regulations should be made for the removal of certain cattle to such market to be sold for immediate slaughter:

Now, therefore, the Lords of the said Council do hereby order, that from and after the date of this Order, cattle brought by sea from any place out of the United Kingdom to any place on the rivers Thames or Medway westward of the Nore Light, from which place there may be a railway on which cattle can be taken by trains without change of carriages to within 500 yards of the said market, may be removed along such railway to such market, for the purpose of being sold therein for immediate slaughter, any thing in the