The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday April 19. to Monday April 23. 1688.

Constantinople, Febr. 27,5 1687

Ou had an Account in our last; of the 21th of January; of the State of things here; and that the Soldiers in this City, began to be very mutitions again, and to Gabat againt the Vilier. Suspinions stally, bitgreasing, upon Changes made of the Janisar's gaz, and feveral other Officers, that (their Suspinions stally, bitgreasing, upon Changes made of the Janisar's gaz, and feveral other Officers, that formerly, demanded the rethoval of Ruspiris the Guimagon. Saying stat he was as bad a man as his Father, who had finit to much blood and ruined the Empire. The Vitier thinking limitelf tinable to retif these People, Gerned to concer with them inall they ask d, and bridered a Galley immediately to transport Ruspiri to the Castles of the Dardamell; and did not only at their desire put out several other Officers, and give the chief of the Rebels their places, but also renewed a foleun oath with them; to stand by them, and never to be their Enemy; And the Spahi's and Janisar's took a like Oath to stand' by each other. The Visier had now gut out the Horse Tails, the usual sign of their opproaching mach into the Field; But having been forced to remove his brother-in-Law Ruspiri, and having no Body that in his absence he could trust in a place of 60 great importance more safely than his own Kia. (one Shama Aga) be designed to make him Gaimacan, and to make Zussen Essential (late Chiaus Pachi, who had been turned out by these Mutuners) his own Kia; Which Tassagi (the activest and ablest Head of the Rebels) hearing, he told the Visier to his Face, that if he made than man his Kia, he would kill him in his presence. The Visier shill dissensible these affrons as well as many others, till these Mutiniers by having projected a new Tax of a Sequin to be paid yearly for every Chimney (though for popularity it was ordered that the rich should pay for the poor) as well as by Quartering of Soldiers, Levying of Moneys by extraordinary ways, and several Violences committed had rendered them fears we have been subjected to state the pro OU had an Account in our last, of the 31th of

other; So that they affembled at the Hippodrome; where the Janifar-Aga coming to appeale them; the faid Haggi Ali toke him, You have murdered our Companion, and endeavoured to fow Differtions among us, and triking him on the Head with his Scimiter, he was immediately cut to pieces. This Jamifar-Aga was an Armenian Renegado; And it's faid he was found uncircunicifed.

Hereupon the Tumult with great mutabers of the Rabble encreased, and they went to the Testerdar's House; which they ransack a taking a considerable sum of Money prepared for the Soldiers Pay From thence they went and assaulted the Visier in his Monte; who desended thurself valiantly, having got the Testerdar, the Captain Bassa; and a considerable number of Friends and Servants with him; Thrice he repulsed them, till thinking to pacific them he fent for the Musti (who was with the Metiniers) and gave him the Seals; desiring him to deliver them to the Grand Signior, that he might make another Visier if he thought sit; Which dishearted his own People; seeing he had renghed his Office, so that many deferted him; The Captain Bassa and the Testerdar also made their scape; But it had no effect on the Soldiers, who in hopes of Plunder sell on more stered by a back Stairs, but was pursued; and by Hazga Ali shot with a Pistol, and by others wounded in the Belly so that his Guts fell out; He had sought couragionist, and had killed several with his own hand; Neithers could he be perswaded to get away in time; saying, he could not live long, and would not abandon his Wife and Children to the rage of these People; There were above 50 of the Soldiers killed before they entered his House, which they spoiled even to the Windows and Doors; His Wife (the Daughter of old Kaperii) gave them her Jewels, but they treated her very inhumanly, and wounded her, upon which the morning, when the Rebels seemed to be absolute Mainthen, and a younger Daughter with a Slave they took away and sold for 6 Dollars. This Tumult lasted till Monday early and bomineered now for 5 Months, pardoning or killing; raising or turning out whom they pleased.

In some of the Shoos of the Siral accident ruined these sen, who had Domineered now for the Grase of the lanisaries fools a land of the Bandaries fools as the Combon of the Standard of the shoos of the

authority with them. But a final accident runed these men, who had Domineered now for 5 Months, pardoning or killing; raining or turning out whom they pleased.

In some of the Shops of the City 4 of these Janisaries tools a way several Handkerchies and other small things that were there to be fold; Upon which an Emir (which is one of their Religious Men, who pretending to be of the Race of Mahomet wear Green Turbants the colour of their Prophet Cencorraging the Shop-keepers, they fell on them, and killed 2 of them, and the Emir putting a linnen Cloth on a stick, and listing it up, they do not be supported by the Repels. Upon this, great number of the Citizens got together and went to the Seraglio, which incorraged the Grand Signior to put out the Prophet Standard and destroy these Rebels. Upon this, great number of the Citizens got together and went to the Seraglio, which incorraged the Grand Signior and those within; And about Moon the Sandard was set up and proclaimed in the streets; The Reversance paid to this brought an incredible concourse of People; the whoever repairs not to it, is by the Law an Insidel, and the fasts divorced from his Wife, and Persons of all conditions, even the oldest and most decrept, think it a point of Considere to shew their Obediente by a personal Appearance, the they are not able to serve. Then a Sheicke some or their Preachess (spoke from the Seraglio Wall to the People, and ask'd them thrice, if they were content with their present Emperor? To which with 3 great shouts they answered, Yee, Let the Shirth in the part of the People, as being united with the Musiniers, and he that was lately Deposed, restored. All that night great numbers of the People, remained about the Seraglio But the next day. Tuelday the 21th, all was as quiet as if nothing that hap period, only Proclamation was made to search from the Rebels, and that day and fince many of them were sound and executed in the day.