

# The London Gazette.

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Whitehall, June 10. 1688.

**T**HIS Day between Nine and Ten in the Morning the QUEEN was safely Delivered of a PRINCE at St. James's, his Majesty, the Queen Dowager, most of the Lords of the Privy Council, and Divers Ladies of Quality being present; And about Noon the Council being met, it was Ordered that there should be a General Thanksgiving to be observed within the Cities of London and Westminster, and parts adjacent, on Sunday the 17th Instant, and 14 Days after in all other Parts of this Kingdom; And that Notice should be given of the Birth of the PRINCE to the Lord Mayor of London, that Bonfires and Publick Rejoycings might be made; which was accordingly performed, after Firing of the Cannon of the Tower, with all the Demonstrations of the Extraordinary Joy, with which so great a Blessing, bestowed upon their MAJESTIES, and all His MAJESTIES DOMINIONS, has fill'd the Hearts of His Subjects.

**T**HE following Address has been Presented to the King, which His Majesty received very Graciously.

To King James the Second, over England, &c.

The humble Address of the People called Quakers, from their Yearly Meeting in London the sixth day of the Month called June 1688.

**W**E the Kings Loving and Peaceable Subjects, from divers parts of His Dominions being met together in this City, after our usual manner, to inspect the Affairs of our Christian Society throughout the World, think it our Duty humbly to represent to Him the blessed Effects the Liberty He has Graciously granted his People (to worship God according to their Consciences) hath had both on our Persons and Estates. For whereas formerly we had ever long and sorrowful Lists brought to us, from almost all parts of His Territories, of Prisoners, and the spoils of Goods, by violent and ill men, upon account of Conscience; We bless God and thank the King, the Goals are every where clear, except in Cases of Tythes, and the Repairs of Parish Churches, and some few about Oaths; and we do in all humility lay it before the King to consider the

hardships our Friends are yet under for Conscience sake in those Respects, being in the one chiefly exposed to the present Danger of the offended Clergy, who have therefore lately Imprisoned some of them till death; and in the other they are rendered very unprofitable to the Publick and Themselves, for both in reference to Freedoms in Corporations, Probates of Wills, and Testaments, and Administrations, Answers in Chancery, and Exchequer, Tryals of our Just Titles and Debts, proceeding in our Trade at the Custom-House, Serving the Office of Constables &c. they are disabled, and great advantages taken against them, unless the Kings Favour interpose, and as we humbly hope He may Relieve us, so we confidently assure our selves He will ease us what He can.

Now, since it hath pleased Thee, O King, to renew to all Thy Subjects by Thy last Declaration thy Gracious Assurances, to pursue the Establishment of this Christian Liberty and Property, upon an unalterable Foundation, and in order to it, to hold a Parliament in November next at farthest. We think our selves deeply engaged to renew our Assurances of Fidelity and Affection, and with Gods help intend to do our parts for the effecting so Blessed and Glorious a Work, That so it may be out of the Power of any one Party to hurt another upon the account of Conscience, And as we firmly believe that God will never desert this Just and Righteous Cause of Liberty, nor the King in maintaining of it, so we hope by God's Grace to let the World see we can honestly and heartily appear for Liberty of Conscience, and be invariably true to our own Religion, whatever the folly or madness of some men, on that account, may suggest to the contrary.

Constantinople, April 18. Since my last of the 27th of Feb. (which gave the relation of the Vissiers Death) Ismael Bassa was made Vifer, an ancient man of near 70 years of age, bred in the Seraglio a Page and Chiodar (or he that carries the Yamaluck, or Grand Signior's Vest for Rain) of the late Grand Signior, till some years ago he came out of the Seraglio with a dead Pay of 300 Aspers a Day, and continued long so without any Employment, till about 8 years since the V. sifer Kara Mustapha made him Nisangee Bassa (i. e. he that puts the Grand Signior's Firm or Name to all Imperial Commands.) And in Sept. last, in the beginning of the Disturbances here, when Rages Bassa fled, he was made Caimacan for 5 Days till K. uerli Ogle arrived. He began with great severity to purge the Dregs of those ill humours which had disturbed the Government. In the beginning of March all the Chief Servants of the Mutiniers, and several of the Spahi's and Janisaries that sided with those Mutiniers, were every night cut off and thrown into the Sea, to the number (as it's said) of above 1000, by which the rest being terrified, the Soldiery was reduced to as exact an Obedience as formerly.

The 12th of March the Tefterdar (or Treasurer) who was first put into that Office by the Mutiniers, though afterwards they would have killed him, was imprisoned in the middle Gate of the Seraglio (where he still remains) and all his Estate seized and Confiscated. The Vifer also sent for the Kia Bei (or Lieutenant General of the Janisaries) and Vested him as Bassa, but as foot

soon as he was got out he was seized and Imprisoned, and afterwards privately put into a Boat and Banished to *Myteline*. *Kuperli Ogle* (who was also then turned out by the Mutiniers) had been sent to stay at the *Dardanelles* Castles, where the Visier looking on him as his Rival, and thinking him too near at hand, ordered *Mustapha Bassa* (the late Janissar Aga, who was sent from the *Dardanelles* to *Canea*) to return to the *Dardanelles*; and a Galley was sent to transport *Kuperli* to *Canea*.

The 16th of *March* several of the Mutiniers (among whom were the second *Imbrador*, or Master of the Hoise, the *Kia* of the *Sphilar* Agasi, and the Son of *Pei* Aga a Chief Ring-Leader) were taken and strangled, and their Bodies thrown out before the *Seraglio* Gate. *Dozangi Shaban* Aga, the *Kia* of *Schiatus* and his *Hafnadar* were imprisoned in order to make Discovery of *Schiaufes* Estate, but upon their giving security to pay 120 Purfes they were freed. *Shiban* Aga the *Customer* was also Imprisoned, and 300 Purfes demanded of him, but he having been so lately fleeced in all the turns, declared he was not able to comply, and so remains still in Custody. In the mean time *Yeghen* Bey (who went the last year from *Asia*, to the *Campagne* in *Hungary*, carrying with him about 1500 men, and for that was made *Bassa* by *Sliman* then *Visier*) Commanding now the Turkish Forces about *Sophia*, happened to have some Disputes with *Zeni* the *Bassa* of *Abania*, for *Yeghen* having spoiled the Countries where he came, raising Monies and exacting great Sums where it was to be had, at last thought fit to send some of his Soldiers to raise Men and Money in *Zeni's* Government, who presently oppos'd and beat them away. Hereupon *Yeghen* made great Complains at the Port, so that *Zeni* thought himself obliged to come hither to clear himself; but being pursued by *Yeghen's* instances, the *Visier*, for fear of him, caused *Zeni* to be strangled, and his Body exposed before the *Seraglio* Gate. This *Zeni* was an *Albanese*, and had a good Interest in that Country. It was now high time to consider of sending Forces into the Field against their Enemies, and frequent *Divans* were held upon this Subject. The new *Visier* was unwilling to remove from hence and go to the War; nor was it his Interest so soon to quit the Grand Signior till he had settled himself and his own Creatures, and besides his great Age and want of Experience in these Affairs, the Preparations for the War this Year (by reason of their Intestate Tumults and Divisions) being very small, it was not for the Reputation of the Grand Signior's Seal and the Prophets Standard to be exposed so slenderly attended, so that it was concluded to make the said *Yeghen* *Visier* of the Bench (which impowers him to carry 3 Horse Tails) and to constitute him *Sardar* or *Generalissimo* of *Hungary*. All this while *Yeghen* had pursued his point of raising Money wherever he came, and thought fit to send word of it hither, and believing some Complains might be made of him, and that it might be said he had rais'd much more than indeed he had, he sent an account that he had taken about 1000 Purfes, not to put this Mony in his own Pocket, but for the Grand Signior's Service, desiring the Grand *Visier* to send him 1000 Purfes more to pay his Soldiers and buy Provisions, &c. He got also several Soldiers of his Friends and Dependencies to come over to him out of *Asia*, which gave new suspicion that he designed to set up for himself; But the *Visier* *Ismael* thought by this new advancing him, to remove him farther off, and give him Isployment enough against the *Imperialists*.

In the beginning of *April*, *Kara Mustapha* (*Kia* to *Yeghen*) came with Letters from *Yeghen* to the *Visier*, by which he recommended this *Kia* to be made *Bassa* of *Caramania*, and that he might have orders to forward the *Asiatick* Soldiers for the War, which was granted, and the *Kia* was here preparing his Equipage to go to his Government, when (viz.) on the 7th Instant other Letters came from *Yeghen*, demand-

ing more Money, Soldiers, and the Standard of their Prophet *Mabomet* to be sent him, and a Power to dispose of all the Offices and *Bassahips* in those Parts, adding, that it was very fit the Grand Signior's Seals should be in the Army, as necessary to keep the Soldiers in due Obedience. These Demands seem'd to speak so plainly his Design of being *Visier* himself, that the 9th Instant a great Council was held in the *Seraglio*, where it was resolv'd to take the Title and Office of *Generalissimo* from *Yeghen*, and to make him *Bassa* of *Temeswaer*, and to appoint *Hafnadar Hassin* *Bassa* again *Serafquier*. They dispatch'd also 5 *Capighee* *Pachis* with these Orders, and in case *Yeghen* should not obey them, then they had *Hattesheriffes*, or *Imperial Commands*, to the *Bostangi* *Bachis* at *Adriannople* and *Romelia*, to make *Nesiran* (that is to raise all the Country) against him and to take him. It was thought fit also to do all they could to hinder *Yeghen* *Kia* from going over to *Asia* (where were many Malecontents of his Party) but he having removed his Lodgings on the 11th instant the Gates of the City were order'd to be shut, and *Guards* set, not permitting any one to go out; but that Evening the *Kia* surrendered himself to the *Visier*, and was immediately Imprisoned, and had been also strangled but that the *Mufti* interpos'd, as judging it better to stay and see what effect those Orders of the Grand Signior would have upon *Yeghen*.

The 12th, The *Solach* *Bachis*, with 10 or 12 *Chambers* of *Janissaries*, were sent from hence with several pieces of Cannon to guard an important Pass (called *Mustapha's* *Bridge*,) about 6 hours' march beyond *Adriannople*, to stop *Yeghen* there, in case he should march towards this place, as it was given out he intended to do; And *Merza* *Bassa*, with other *Janissaries*, was sent to *Gallipoli*, in case he should attempt to pass that way into *Asia*, whether it was also reported he had sent some of his People with 400 Purfes of Money.

These Proceedings cause a general Disturbance in this City, many of the chief and richest Turks retire daily from hence, and most of them go to *Cairo*: The great expectation is whether *Yeghen* will obey the Command and go to *Temeswaer*, or make resistance and get over to *Asia*, or march directly to this City; all the Force he has with him is said to be 4000 Horse at most. It is generally reported, that *Yeghen* intends to declare for the late deposed Grand Signior or his Son, the truth whereof a little time will shew.

About the latter end of *March*, the Prince of *Transilvania* dispatched an Envoy with Letters for *Schiaus* *Bassa*, then *Vizier*, who being arriv'd in *Walachia*, and there hearing of *Schiaus* *Bassa's* being killed, he was forced to stay there till he received new Letters for this *Vizier* *Ismael*, which he brought. They import'd, That the *Germans* (by a force which he could not resist) having made themselves Masters of his Country, and drawing extraordinary Contributions from it, the Prince was not in a capacity to send the usual Tribute, and desired Assistance from the Port against his and their Enemies. The *Vizier* accepted the Excuse, and encouraged Prince *Abafsi* to persevere in his Fidelity to the Grand Signior, assuring him, that though at present they could not send any Succors, yet in a short time they should not be wanting: The Person bringing these Letters made no publick Appearance, but was both receiv'd and dismiss'd very privately.

*Constantinople*, May 1. The Apprehensions of Intestate Disturbances from *Yeghen* daily encreasing, and *Ismael* *Bassa* being found to be a person not qualified for that great Employment, the *Mufti*, with several great Men, both of the Law and the Sword, gave privately (by the hands of the *Kissar* Aga, or chief of the black Eunuchs) a Petition to the Grand Signior, declaring, That they thought themselves bound in Duty humbly to represent to him, that *Ismael* *Bassa* was not a fit Man to be *Visier*; That these difficult Times required one of the greatest Abilities and Experience; and that none

was better qualified than *Mustapha Bassa*. This advice the Grand Signior took, and immediately sent an Hattisheriffe, Sealed up, to *Ismael Visier*, ordering him to dispatch it presently, by the *Hassaki Aga*, to *Mustapha Bassa*, at the *Dardanelles* Castles.

The 19th of April, the Captain *Bissa* went out from this Port with the usual Ceremonies, attended by a very slender Fleet, of no more than 15 Gallies, (instead of those great numbers they formerly had) to join in the *Archipelago* with about 25 more, and 10 Men of War, which is all the Force they have now at Sea; and of these Gallies, six were to go under the Command of *Dervin Ogle*, to the *Black Sea*.

That Evening *Mustapha Bassa* arrived here, and the next Morning visited the *Visier Ismael*, and was vested by him with a Sables Vest, as a *Visier* of the Bench; *Ismael* believing that he was sent for only as a chief Counsellour, to give his Advice, as one of long Experience; and besides, hoped to prevail with the Grand Signior to send him to command the Army in Chief, in the place of *Yeghen*; But on the 22d, *Ismael* kept a great Divan in the Seraglio, where he expected that *Mustapha* should have taken his place as a *Visier* of the Bench; but he kept at home. The Divan being ended late, *Ismael* returned to his House, but about four a Clock, coming out to eat, as he was sitting down, the *Baltagee-Kiafi* of the Grand Signior brought him a Hattisheriffe, ordering him to deliver up the Seals, which he immediately did; and they being carried to the G. Signior, he sent for *Mustapha*, and gave them to him, vesting him with the usual Ceremonies. From the Seraglio *Mustapha* went to *Ismael's* House, where he layd till an hour in the night, and after, going home, dispatcht away immediately eight several Couriers, to *Yeghen* and the *Bassa's* in those parts, to countermand the Orders formerly sent.

The next day, according to the custom of new *Visiers*, he visited the *Mufti* with great Ceremony, and after freed *Yeghen's* *Kia* from Imprisonment, and all'd the late *Tetterdar*, and *Sheban Aga*.

The 25th, a Messenger arrived here with Letters from *Yeghen* to the deposed *Visier Ismael*, and to the *Mufti*. It seems that, upon the Orders sent to raise the *Nesiran* against *Yeghen*, the Country rose, and block'd him up in *Sepbia*, (or as others report, had encompassed him in a Marsh where he lay encamped, not far from thence) but did not dare to attack him, though 3000 Men were the most he had with him. The effect of his Letters were to represent the Mischief of spilling *Musselman's* Blood, for that he was resolv'd to sell his Life Dear; That he had declared to those that came to take him, That they should have patience only to expect an Answer of these Letters, which he was sending to the Port, and let his Messengers pass: That he wonder'd what was the Cause of this Commotion, he for his part having done nothing contrary to his Duty or his Allegiance to his Prince; and therefore he could not believe that it was his Imperial Majesty's Will, but if it were so, he would come and lay his Head at his Feet, who might take it if he pleas'd; But he would deliver it up to no man else.

*Mustapha*, now *Vizier*, received these Letters, and having read them, said openly to the Man who brought them, *Cursed be he who was the Cause of this Disturbance*; but that it should end in nothing, for that he had dispatcht Orders for the pacifying of all things, and that the next day he would send him away with a Confirmation thereof. It appears now that *Ismael* was the Cause of all this: For *Yeghen* writing, That if he had not more Men and Money sent to him, he could not possibly march any farther against the Common Enemy, but must return to *Constantinople*; *Ismael* fearing his own security, if he came hither, and that all the Malecontents would unite with him, had prevailed with the Grand Signior to send those Orders against him; thinking his own Safety lay in *Yeghen's* Destruction: And it

is now concluded, That *Yeghen* had no ill Intentions or Thoughts of causing new Revolutions, the Forces with him being so very inconsiderable. Accordingly, the next day *Yeghen's* Messenger was dispatcht from hence, with Letters from the *Visier*, declaring the Grand Signior had pardoned him, and that now he should attend the Emperor's Service, as formerly. His *Kia* is also continued in the *Balkship* of *Caramania*, but is not permitted to go over into *Asia*, but is to return to the Wars, and send his *Mussalm* to his Government: That day also the Grand Signior (according to custom) sent the new *Visier* a House with rich Furniture.

The late *Visier Ismael* is already called upon to refund, the *Tetterdar* demanding of him, for the Grand Signior, 1000 Purfes, (which makes 500 thousand Dollars) which he took from the *Bassa's*, and the other Officers, for their Places. He is making his Compensation, having offer'd 500 Purfes.

This new *Visier Mustapha* was born at *Rodesso* a City on the *Propontis* in *Thrace*, about 80 miles from hence; his Father was a *Deffiafi*; when he was young he was *Chodar* (or he that carried the Vest for Raim) to the famous *Beyas Janlar* Aga, who was cut off in the minority of *Sultan Mahomet*, with the old Queen-Mother *Kocher Valid*. He pass'd through all the degrees of a Janlar, till in *Hungary* he came to be *Chirubage* in 1663, at the taking of *Nawahisfel*. Upon the Peace he attend'd Count *L. de* when he came hither *Ambassador Extraordinary* from the Emperor; And afterwards he was *Moxur-Aga* (or Captain of the Guard) to *Uffiz Bassa*, the *Caimacan* here, when the *Visier* was at the Siege of *Candia*; and when *Mahomet* Aga went to *Candia*, to be *Kia* to the *Visier*, he was made *Moxur* Aga to *Candia*, to be *Kia* to the *Visier*; And after the return from *Candia* he was made *Samsongee Bachi*, and *Zargee-Beclu* and *Kia* Bei, which are the principal Officers among the *Janlar*: After he was put out of the *Kiabeis* place, he continu'd without Employment till *Kara Mustapha* (the *Visier* that belieg'd *Vienna*) made him *Segmen Tashi*, and afterwards *Janlar* Aga; and when Count *Caprara* came hither from the Emperor in 1682 (to renew the Truce with the Port, though he could effect nothing, and returned with the Turkish Army to *Vienna* at the Siege in 1683) he was appointed to treat with him. At that Siege of *Vienna* he was *Janlar-Aga*, and when *Kara Mustapha* was cut off, he was made *Seraskier*, and commanded the Field Army in the first Siege of *Buda*. Thence he was removed by *Ibrahim* (the succeeding *Visier*) to be *Bassa* of *Bosnia*, and from thence to *Causia*, where he remain'd till last year, when *Solyman* *Visier* made him again *Janlar* Aga, and after the rout of the Army last Campaign, when the *Mutiniers* were marching hither, and in the way cut off several of their chief Officers in the Camp, he ran great danger of his life, and 'tis said that *Yeghen* then contributed much to the saving him; whereupon he was banish'd as it were to the Castles of the *Dardanelles* to Command there; And from thence, in Feb. last, when the *Mutiniers* sent away *Kuperli Ogle*, he was order'd to go to *Canea*, and *Kuperli* to remain at the Castles; Accordingly he was gone as far as *Scio*; But *Schias* *Bassa* being kill'd, the late *Visier Ismael* order'd him to return to the *Dardanelles*, and appointed *Kuperli* to go to *Canea*. Being now call'd to the Office of *Visier* for his great Abilities, it's probably judg'd he may continue, as being the fittest Man in the Empire, to fill that station in this difficult Conjunction, in which their often Tumults added to their other misfortunes have occasion'd such frequent Changes, that in 8 months time they have had no less than 4 *Visiers*. He is not 60 Years of age, and has the Reputation of a Just and Prudent man. He hath pass'd through all Military Degrees from a Common Soldier to a General, and is well vers'd in State Affairs. The Season is now so far advanced that he can hardly appear in Person in the Field this Year; And their Civil Dissentions have so raken them up, that small Provision has been made for the War, so that the Germans are like to meet with little or no opposition.

The 28th Sir *William Trumball*, Ambassador from his Majesty of Great Britain, had his Audience of the *Visier* with the usual Ceremonies, and with very great Civilities from him. He assur'd his Excellency he would see the Capitulations faithfully observ'd; And that when ever the English Merchants had any occasion to complain, he would take care Justice should be done them.

*Vienna, June 3.* The great News here, is, that the late Sultan *Mahomet*, with his Eldest Son and Sultans are strangled, which was occasion'd by the march of the *Bassa* of *Nazolia*, and the secret Enterprises of others, to restore the one, or advance the other to the Throne:

And that *Yghen Bassa*, is with all his Accomplices, cut in pieces, there having been a Letter intercepted from the late Sultan in which he promised to make him Grand Vicer, in case he would declare for him; And it's said he was tampering with the Army to that end. It's added, that a new Serasquier is appointed, to whom those Forces have submitted.

*Vienna, June 3.* The Duke of Lorrain being perfectly recovered, will now in few days begin his Journey for *Hungary*; most of the General Officers being already gone from hence. The 28th past, arrived here an Extraordinary Courier from *Transilvania*; with the Act of Submission of the Prince and States of that Country, which you will have at length in our next.

*Hague, June 15.* The Count d'Avoux, Ambassador Extraordinary of France, presented the 10th Instant a Memorial to the States General, as follows, *That he was Commanded to let them know, That the King his Master, desiring nothing more than to preserve the Peace of Christendom, His Majesty was willing to prevent whatever might trouble it. And seeing nothing is more capable of disturbing the publick Tranquillity in the present Conjunction, than if the Princes Neighbouring to the Electorate of Cologne, should not leave the Chapter in an entire Liberty, to proceed Canonically to the Election of a new Archbishop; That his Majesty in such case, could not refuse the Canons and Chapter the Assistance they might stand in need of, for the preservation of their Rights, and for the security of the Places and Country that depend on that Electorate. And if any one shall go about to cause any Troops to march towards the said Electorate, under what pretence soever it may be, and to force the Canons and Chapter in any manner whatever, or use any force or violence against the Places or Country of the said Archbishoprick: His Majesty will send thither, (at the same time) all the succor that shall be necessary to maintain those that have the Administration thereof, in all the Rights that belong to them. But if the States Neighbouring to this Archbishoprick, do leave the Chapter in an entire Liberty to Choose a Fit and Worky Person; And in case there be no moving of Troops, either in the Empire, or in the Territories of this State, or in the Spanish Netherlands, to intimidate the said Chapter, Those of His Majesty will not likewise do any thing that may be able to trouble the publick Tranquillity, or even give the least apprehensions to those that are well intentioned for the maintenance of the Peace.*

*London, June 7.* We have advice from *Buffora* and *Persia*, by way of *Babylon* and *Aleppo*, That the English East-India Company hath been successful in the War against the Mogul and the Syamers, by taking his *Buffora* and *Persian* Fleet, bound for *Surat*, consisting of seven great Ships, and two small ones all richly laden, on Board of which was very much Gold and Silver. They likewise took in the *Red Sea*, near *Mocah*, a new Ship, well laden, of the King of *Sym's*, called in the Syams Language *the Sovereign of the Seas*; and also the *Streights Merchant*, Captain *Beer* Comander, the last Interloper that haunted the Coasts of *India*, contrary to His Majesty's Proclamation, and the East-India Companies Charter. It is likewise presumed the *Red Sea* Fleet, bound for *Surat*, fell into the hands of the English, and many other rich Prizes; But of this we expect Confirmation by the Companies Ships, which are daily expected from *India*.

*Whitehall, June 8.* The Lord Archbishop of *Canterbury*, and the Bishops of *St. Asaph*, *Ely*, *Chichester*, *Bath* and *Wells*, *Peterborough*, and *Bristol*, being summoned to appear before His Majesty in Council, to answer to such Matters of Misdemeanor as should be objected against them, they accordingly appeared this day; and the Petition they lately presented to His Majesty being owned by them, they were required to enter in-

to Recognizance for their appearance at the *Kings-Bench*, the first day of the next Term; which they refusing to do, they were by Warrant, Signed by the Lords of the Council, Committed to the Tower, For *Contriving, Making, and Publishing a Seditious Libel against His Majesty and His Government.* And Mr. Attorney and Solicitor General were ordered to prosecute them for the same the next Term.

*Whitehall, June 8.* The Sieur de *Lenste*, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of *Denmark*, had, the sixth Instant, his Audience of Leave of the Queen: And this day the Abbot *Rezzini*, Envoy Extraordinary from the Duke of *Modena*, had his first Audience of Her Majesty, being both conducted by Sir *Charles Correl* Master of the Ceremonies.

*Whitehall, June 10.* The King was this Day pleased (by Her Majesties Bed-side soon after her Delivery) to Confer the Honour of Knighthood upon Dr. *William Waldgrave*, Her Majesties Physician, and both their Majesties were then pleased to express the great satisfaction they had in his Skill and particular Services to Her Majesty.

#### Advertisements.

Fortification and Military Discipline, in two Parts. The First shews the Principles and Practice of all manner of Fortifications, Regular or Irregular, as now used by the Dutch, English, Italian, German, and French Ingenieurs, &c. The second Part treats of the Rules for the Exercise of Horse and Foot, with all sorts of Instructions and other Observations belonging to the whole Art of War, as now practised. All Illustrated with 54 Copper Plates. Improved and designed by Captain J. S. Sold by R. Morten, at the Atlas, near the Royal Exchange in Cornhill.

This present Monday, being the 11th of this Instant June, at Three in the Afternoon, will be sold by Auction, at the Bear in Ave-Mary Lane, near Ludgate Street, an excellent Collection of Prints and Drawings, ancient and Modern, both in Milling and Architecture; by the most eminent Masters of Europe; made by a Person of Quality, in his Travels through Italy, France, Germany, &c. The Sale will be continued on Mondays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, till the said Prints and Drawings are all sold.

Proposals for Printing a Third Volume of Dr. Manton's Sermons, in Folio (now in the Press) on the greatest part of the 14th Chapter to the Hebrews, 15 Sermons on Mat. 26. 24. with some Sacramental Discourses. Those that expect the advantage offered in the Printed Proposals, are desired forthwith to pay their Moneys to any of the Persons therein mentioned, viz. Mr. Manton, at the three Pidgeons in the Poultry, Mr. Terry, at the 3 Swans in Paternoster Row, Mr. Parkhurst, at the Bible and 3 Crowns in Cheap side, Mr. Robinson, at the Golden Lion in St. Pauls Church-yard.

At the Blew Poits in Pump Court, next door to the Black-spread-Eagle, at Charing-Cross, any persons that have Estates to buy or sell may be there accommodated. Money will be lent at 5. l per Cent. upon Mortgages, tho' distant from London, from 100 l. to 20000 l. with Expedition and Privacy; and at 6 l per Cent upon Personal Security. There are also Employments to be procured for those that have occasion: and Gentlemen, both in City and Country, may be accommodated with any sort of servants.

Richard Array, a young Gentleman of about 26 Years of Age, supposed to be in England, having a Legacy left him by his Mother, lately deceased, in the County of Limbrick, in the Kingdom of Ireland, is desired, if living, to make himself known to Mr. William Holms, in Orchard Street, in Westminster, within three Months, who will give him a satisfactory Account of the same. But at the expiration of the said time, the Legacy will be forfeited.

On the 25th of May last, Run away from Captain Nehemiah Barning, at Stepney, an Indian Black, about 18 years of Age, well featured, long curled Hair, a tuffian Frock, and black Hat. Whoever gives Notice of him to Mr. Cayry, at the Virginia Coffee-house in St. Michael's Alley in Cornhill, or to Captain Barning, in Garlands Court, Stepney, shall have a Guinea Reward.

Stolen or straid out of the Ground of Mr. John Wright, at the Falcon the Lower end of Grays-Lan-Lane, one bright Bay Gelding near fifteen hands high, 5 years old, all his Paces, flat forehead, black Mane and Tail prey long, no white, but under the Saddle, a small Sore on the middle of his back: Also a black Mare, about 13 hands, with white Feet, and a bald Face; Likewise a brown Nag, with a thorn Mane, about 12 hands, gauled under the Saddle. Whoever gives notice of any of them to Mr. John Wright aforesaid, shall have a Guinea Reward for each.