## The London Gazette.

## Published by Authority.

From Thursday June 14. to Monday June 18.

HE following Addresses have been Presented to the King, which His Majesty received very Gracionfly.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of several Congregations in New Eng-

May it please Your Majesty,

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E who are among your far distanced New England

Subjects, cast our selves down at the feet of Majesty,
offering our most Coordial and humble Thanks for your unparalles'd Grace in securing to as the Liberty of our Consciences by
your late happy Declaration of Induspence. Our remoteness,
in consideration, with other observations, will Apologize for our pour une cappy Lectarapson of maugence. Our rematerels, in consideration, with other officultions, will Apologize for our not being among the first that have manifested their Gratitude and due Acknowledgments of your Princely and dissusive Goodness. Nothing can be more valued by a People who on the mere account of Religion lest their Native Land, and Transplanted themselves into a Desart, then the free Exercise thereof, according as we are in our selves persuaded is most agreeable to the Revealed Will of God. And next to that our Properties and Possessions (hiwever so inconsiderable as to be beneath the Envy of others) cannot but be dear unto us. Your Majesty having been pleased to promise that we shall be maintained therein, and that no disturbance of any kind shall be given to us. Words cannot Express what deep Impressions these warm Beams of your RoyalFavour have made upon our Hearts; only this we feelingly prosess, that we find them thereby melted into Dutiful Resolves to continue Praying for the Life of the King and His Family, and the Prosperity of your Government, as also to endeavour by all means to approve our selves Your Majesties most Loyal and Obedient Subjects.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,
The humble Address of Your Majesties most Loyal and Grateful Subjects the Inhabitants of Your most ancient Colony of
New Plumouth in Your Territory of New England.

Most Gracious Soveraign!

M It please your Majesty to deign an Ear to the Voice of those that are rejoycing in this Wildern si, whilst they contemplate their having such a King as spreads His Clementy and Royal Bounty as far as his Dominious, causing that most Gracious Indulgence emitted in April last past to be published even to us: We have been sending up our Praises to our Soveraign in Heaven, by whom Kings Reign, and Princes Decree both Asts of Justice and Favour to their Subjects, and whose Favour in these your Princesy Smiles we have seen; And now, and not till now, by reason of our great Distance, are come to pay our Homage to our Soveraign upon Earth, whom Almighty God hath made his Instrument to confirm unto us what we have so long enjoyed under the most Gracious Clemency of your Royal Predecessor, of happy Memory, both our Property and Liberty upon the Word of a King; a Boon well worthy of so Magnificent a Prince, Property securing our Livelyhol; Liberty in matters of Religion to serve God according to our Consciences, securing what is dearer then our Lives, as the sufficient dethe evince.

Great SIR! Our Wilderness Education doth not furnish es Great SIR! Our Wilderness Education doth not furnish was noted Words sufficiently to express the deep lense which the refreshing Rayes of your Majesties Bounteous Favour hith left upon our Hearts: We can only assure your Majesty, that they are thereby more strongly disposed, and assectionately inclined to desire and pray for a consuence of all Divine Blessings to be showed down upon your Royal Person, Family and Government, and to approve our selves in all things as in Duty bound, Your Majesties most Loyal and Dutiful Subjects.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The hitmble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Capital Burgestes of Your Majesties Ancient Corporation of Matton in the County of Est.x.

Pling not only sharers in your Majesties Protection, which like the Benssies of the sun and Air extends to all, our particularly enabled by your Majesties favourable interposition to vindicate our selves from the Aspersion which most of us have lain under of being Enemies to Catar.

We think our selves bound to an humble and thankfal Acknowledgment of your Majesties Grace and Favour to us of this Corporation, as well as for those Gracious Purposes in relation to all your Subjects made known in your Majesties Declaration of Induspence, with the assurance that we shall in our several stations use our Endeavors that such Persons may be chosen Members of the next Partiament, who shall be reddy to give their Potes for the making such Laws as may put it out of the pewer of any one Party to violate the Religious or Civil Rights of the other, either in this or in future Ages, or to disturb the Peace of your Majesties Reign, which God grant long to continue a bussing to these Nations. In Testimony whereof we have caused our Common Seal to be hereunto assured this Tenth Day of May, in the Fourth Year of Your Majesties Reign.

Madrid, May 20. The Count de Melgar, the new Vice-Roy of Catalonia, parted from hence the-last Week to take policision of that Government. The Count de Colorrat, who was sent hither to acquaint their Catholick Majesties with the Coronation of the King of Hungary, has taken his leave in order to his return to Vienza, We have an account from Malega that several\*Persons of Quality, who went over to Africa to put themselves into Oran, were entered into the place without any opposition: And that some Days after Dom Diego de Sylva, Nephew to the Governor, going out with some other Gentlemen to observe the Enemies Camp, sell into an Ambush of the Moors, where most of thism were killed or an Ambuth of the Moors, where most of them were killed or taken Prisoners.

an Ambulh of the Moors, where most of them were killed or taken Prisoners.

Leglovine, May 26. We have advice by a Vessel arrived from the Coast of Barbary, That the Tripolins have 4 Men of War at Sea, but that it was yet uncertain whether they would go and join the Ottoman Fleet. The Gallies of the Duke of Turs are still at Genous,

Venice, May 29. The 27th Instant, being Ascention Day, the usual Ceremony of Marrying the Sea was performed by the anciensest Senator, accompanyed with the whole Colledge; After which the Relations of the Doge gave a very magnificent Entertainment to the principal Persons that had affisted at it. The last Letters from Dalmatia say, That the Turks were drawing what Troops they could together, to force the Venetians to quit the Blockade of Dernica, a Post of Importance; And that the Proveditore General Co. na. of had thereupon given Orders for the reinforcing the Meriatian Troops that were imployed in that Service. This Exeming the Convoy designed for the Levant under the Command of Prince Maximillian of Brunspick set Sail; a great many Voluntiers have made use of this opportunity to pass to the Army. The Suissers that were at the Lido are likewise gone with this Convoy, And another is preparing to Transport the Auxiliary Troops of the Duke of Wirtembers:

Warsan, May 21. The King will part from hence the beginning of the next month for the Army; And in the mean time the Troops are marching to the General Rendezvous in Russa. A Body of Cossacks is commanded to march toward Texin, and the River Neither, to observe the Tarrars of Bud-

time the Itoops are marching to the Cigneril Rendezvois in Russia. A Body of Cossacks is commanded to march toward Texin, and the River Neister; to observe the Tarrars of Budziack: And for their Encouragement Cardinal Palaricini, the Pope's Nuncio at this Court, has promised to distribute a sum of Money among them. We have advice that there is a great Division among the Cossacks, subject to the Czar of Muscowy, and that the most considerable part of them refuse to obey