



SUPPLEMENT

TO

The London Gazette

Of FRIDAY, the 28th of JULY.

Published by Authority.

SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1871.

At the Council Chamber, Whitehall.
The 29th day of July, 1871.

By the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable
Privy Council.

PRESENT,

Lord President.
Mr. Secretary Bruce.
Mr. Forster.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the sixth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, chapter seventy-eight, it is, amongst other things, enacted, "that it shall and may be lawful for the Lords and others of His Majesty's Privy Council, or any two or more of them, to make such Order as they shall see necessary and expedient upon any unforeseen emergency, or in any particular case or cases, with respect to any vessel arriving and having any infectious disease or distemper on board, or on board of which any infectious disease or distemper may have appeared in the course of the voyage, or arriving under any other alarming or suspicious circumstances as to infection, although such vessel shall not have come from any place from which His Majesty, his heirs and successors, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, may have adjudged and declared it probable that the Plague, or any such infectious disease or distemper may be brought, and also with respect to the persons, goods, wares, and merchandize, and other articles, as aforesaid, on board the same; and in case of any infectious disease or distemper appearing or breaking out in the United Kingdom or the islands aforesaid, to make such Orders and give such direction, in order to cut off all communication between any persons infected with any such disease or distemper, and the rest of His Majesty's subjects, as shall appear to the Lords or others of His Majesty's Privy Council, or any two or more of them, to be necessary and expedient for that purpose, and likewise to make such Orders as

they shall see fit, for shortening the time of quarantine to be performed by particular vessels or particular persons, goods, wares, merchandize, or any other articles, or for absolutely or conditionally releasing them, or any of them, from quarantine; and all such Orders so made by the Lords or others of the Privy Council, or any two or more of them, as aforesaid, shall be as good, valid, and effectual, to all intents and purposes, as well with respect to the Commander, Master, or other person, having the charge of any vessel, and all other persons on board the same, as with respect to any other persons having any intercourse or communication with them, and to the penalties, forfeitures, and punishments to which they may respectively become liable, as any Order or Orders made by His Majesty, His heirs, and successors, by and with the advice of His or their Privy Council concerning quarantine, notified by Proclamation or published in the London Gazette:"

And whereas by "The Sanitary Act, 1866," it is (among other things) enacted (section fifty-two) at follows:—

"Every vessel having on board any person affected with a dangerous or infectious disorder shall be deemed to be within the provisions of the Act of the sixth year of King George the Fourth, chapter seventy-eight, although such vessel has not commenced her voyage, or has come from or is bound for some place in the United Kingdom; and the Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, or any three or more of them (the Lord President of the Council or one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State being one), may by Order or Orders to be by them from time to time made, make such rules, orders, and regulations as to them shall seem fit, and every such Order shall be certified under the hand of the Clerk in Ordinary of Her Majesty's Privy Council, and shall be published in the London Gazette, and such publication shall be conclusive evidence of such Order to all intents and purposes; and such Orders shall be binding

“ and be carried into effect as soon as the same shall have been so published, or at such other time as shall be fixed by such Orders, with a view to the treatment of persons affected with cholera and epidemic, endemic and contagious disease, and preventing the spread of cholera and such other diseases, as well on the seas, rivers, and waters of the United Kingdom, and on the high seas within three miles of the coasts thereof, as on land; and to declare and determine by what Nuisance Authority or Authorities such Orders, Rules, and Regulations shall be enforced and executed; and any expenses incurred by such Nuisance Authority or Authorities shall be deemed to be expenses incurred by it or them in carrying into effect the Nuisances Removal Acts.”

And whereas Cholera is now prevailing in certain parts of Continental Europe, with which this country has communication, and it is requisite to take precaution, as far as practicable, against the introduction of that disease into this country;—

Now, therefore, the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue of the powers in this behalf by the recited enactments or otherwise in them vested, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. In this Order—

The term “ship” includes vessel or boat:

The term “master” includes the officer or person for the time being in charge or command of a ship:

The term “cholera” includes choleraic diarrhoea:

The term “nuisance authority” has the same meaning as in “The Sanitary Act, 1866.”

2. It shall be lawful for any Nuisance Authority having reason to believe that any ship arriving in its district comes from a place infected with cholera, to visit and examine such ship before it enters any port, or lands any person or thing in the district, for the purpose of ascertaining whether such ship comes within the operation of this Order.

3. The Master of every ship within the district of a Nuisance Authority, having on board any

person affected with Cholera, or the body of any person dead of Cholera, or anything infected with or that has been exposed to the infection of Cholera, shall, as long as the ship is within such district, moor, anchor, or place her in such position as from time to time the Nuisance Authority directs.

4. No person shall land from any such ship until the examination hereinafter mentioned has been made.

5. The Nuisance Authority shall, immediately on the arrival of such a ship, cause all persons on board of the same to be examined by a legally qualified Medical Practitioner, and shall permit all persons who shall not be certified by him to be suffering from Cholera to land immediately.

6. All persons certified by the examiner to be suffering from cholera shall be dealt with under any rules that may have been made by the Nuisance Authority under the twenty-ninth section of the Sanitary Act, 1866; or where no such rules shall have been made, shall be removed, if their condition admits of it, to some hospital or place to be designated for such purpose by the Nuisance Authority; and no person so removed shall quit such hospital or place until some physician or surgeon shall have certified that such person is free from the said disease.

7. In the event of any death from Cholera taking place on board of such vessel, the body shall be taken out to sea, and committed to the deep, properly loaded, to prevent its rising.

8. The clothing and bedding of all persons who shall have died, or had an attack, of Cholera, on board such vessel, shall be disinfected, or (if necessary) destroyed, under the direction of the Nuisance Authority.

9. The ship, and any articles therein which may be infected with Cholera, shall be disinfected by the Nuisance Authority.

10. Every person obstructing the Nuisance Authority in carrying this Order into effect, or otherwise offending against this Order, shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.

Edmund Harrison.