

cause all cattle affected with pleuro-pneumonia within their district to be slaughtered, subject to the following provisions:—

- (1.) The Local Authority shall, by way of compensation for every such animal, pay to the owner thereof such sum, not exceeding twenty pounds and not exceeding one half of the value of the animal immediately before it was affected with pleuro-pneumonia, as to the Local Authority seem fit.
- (2.) They may require the value of any such animal to be ascertained by their officers, or by arbitration, and generally they may impose conditions as to evidence of the slaughter and value of any such animal.
- (3.) They may, if they think fit, withhold compensation in respect of any such animal, where the owner or the person having the charge thereof has in their judgment been guilty, in relation to such animal, of any act in contravention of the Act of 1869 or of any Order or regulation or licence of the Privy Council or of a Local Authority, or has, in relation to such animal, failed to comply with the provisions of the Act of 1869, or of any such Order, regulation or licence, in respect of the giving of notice of disease, or in any other respect.

32. The expenditure of a Local Authority in pursuance of this Order in respect of compensation for cattle slaughtered as being affected with pleuro-pneumonia, shall be defrayed out of the Local Rate.

33. Where the Local Authority in pursuance of this Order cause any animal to be slaughtered as affected with pleuro-pneumonia, the owner thereof shall not be entitled to recover in respect of the insurance thereof any sum which, together with the payment which he receives for the same under this Order, would exceed the sum which he would have been entitled to receive in respect of the insurance.

34. Every Local Authority shall keep, in such manner and form as the Privy Council from time to time direct or approve, a record, stating the date of any order made by them for slaughter under this Order, and the execution of the order, and other proper particulars; and such record shall be evidence if any question arises concerning an order for the slaughter of any such animal, or concerning compensation in respect thereof.

35. Where a Local Authority is authorized by the Privy Council to put in operation this provision of this Order, such Local Authority may, from time to time, with the view of preventing the spreading of pleuro-pneumonia, prohibit or regulate the holding of any specified market, fair, auction, sale, or exhibition, of cattle within their district.

Burial and Disinfection.

36. Where, under section sixty of the Act of 1869, a horse or animal is buried, its skin shall be first so slashed as to prevent its being of any use. The Local Authority may, if they think fit, use for the purpose of such burial any place on the premises of the owner of the horse or animal.

37. Where a Local Authority is authorized by licence from the Privy Council to destroy, under section sixty of the Act of 1869, horses or animals that have died or been slaughtered as therein mentioned, every such horse or animal shall be destroyed in manner following, namely,—the carcase thereof shall be disinfected, and shall then be removed, in charge of an officer of the local authority, to a horse-slaughterer's or knacker's yard

licensed for the purpose by the Privy Council, or other place so licensed, and shall be there destroyed by exposure to a high temperature, or by chemical agents. In every such case the Local Authority shall report to the Privy Council the fact and mode of destruction.

38. Where a Local Authority exercise the power of causing premises to be cleansed and disinfected, conferred on them by the Act of 1869 or by any Order of Council, the occupier of those premises shall give all facilities for that purpose.

39. Where any landing-place, lair, shed, or other place is directed by the Act of 1869 or any Order of Council, or is ordered by a Local Authority, to be cleansed and disinfected, it shall be cleansed and disinfected in manner following:—

- (1.) By the sweeping out thereof and the effectual removal therefrom of all dung, sawdust, litter, and other matter;
- (2.) Then by the thorough washing thereof with water;
- (3.) Then by the application to the floor and to all parts above the floor with which animals or their droppings have come in contact, of a coating of limewash made by mixing good freshly burnt lime with water, and containing in each gallon of limewash either one-fifth of a pint of commercial carbolic acid, or one-fifth of a pint of commercial cresylic acid, or four ounces of fresh dry chloride of lime, such limewash to be prepared immediately before use.

The sweepings of the landing-place, lair, shed, or other place shall be well mixed with quicklime and effectually removed from contact with animals.

PART III.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

40. A Local Authority may from time to time revoke or alter any order, prohibition, or regulation made by them under the Act of 1869 or any Order of Council.

41. Every Local Authority shall send to the Privy Council a copy of every order, prohibition, or regulation made by them.

42. If the Privy Council are satisfied on inquiry, with respect to any prohibition or regulation made by a Local Authority under the Act of 1869 or any Order of Council, that the same is of too restrictive a character, or otherwise objectionable, and direct the revocation thereof, the same shall thereupon cease to operate.

43. Whenever there is any change in the name or address of any Inspector appointed under section twelve of the Act of 1869, or in the district of any such Inspector, the Local Authority shall forthwith report the same to the Privy Council.

44. Except where otherwise provided for in any Order of Council, a Local Authority shall provide and supply, without charge, printed copies of documents or forms requisite under the Act of 1869 or any Order of Council.

45. Every regulation made by a Local Authority under any Order of Council shall (where no other provision is made for the publication thereof) be published by advertisement in a newspaper circulating in the district of the Local Authority.

46. If any person fails to give, produce, do, or observe any notice, licence, thing, or rule, which he is by this Order or by any order or regulation of a Local Authority thereunder required to give, produce, do, or observe, he shall in every such case be deemed guilty of an offence against this Order.