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TUESDAY, JULY 9, 1872.

[This Order is substituted for that which was published in the London Gazette of the 5th instant.]

A^T the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 4th day of July, 1872.

By the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

PRESENT :

Lord President. Mr. Forster.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1869, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :--

1. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fifth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and shall cease to have effect from and immediately after the thirtieth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

2. This Order may be cited as The Schleswig and Holstein Cattle Order of 1872.

3. This Order extends to Great Britain only.

4. In this Order-

- The Act of 1869 means The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1869:
- A defined part of a port means a part of a port defined by a special Order of the Privy Council in pursuance of Regulation 2 of the Fourth Schedule to the Act of 1869:

Landing-place for slaughter means a landingplace within a defined part of a port:

Master includes any person having the charge or command of a vessel :

Other terms have the same meaning as in the Act of 1369.

5. Notwithstanding anything in The Foreign Animals Order of 1871, the regulations in the Fourth Schedule to the Act of 1869 shall not apply to cattle brought from a port in either of the parts of the Empire of Germany respectively known as Schleswig and Holstein.

6. Cattle brought from a port of Schleswig or Holstein shall not be landed elsewhere than at a landing-place for slaughter, unless and until the owner, agent, or charterer of the vessel in which they are brought has received the special permission of the Privy Council to employ the vessel in the importation of such cattle.

- First. That the vessel in which they are imported has not, within three months before taking them on board, had on board any cattle exported from any port in any part of the Empire of Germany, other than Schleswig or Holstein, or from any port of any of the countries comprised in the Second Schedule to The Foreign Animals Order of 1871, other than the Empire of Germany, or from any port in a country from which importation of cattle into Great Britain is prohibited.
- Secondly. That the vessel has not, since taking on board the cattle imported, entered any such port as aforesaid.
- Thirdly. That the cattle imported have not, while on board the vessel, been in contact with any cattle exported from any such port as aforesaid.
- Fourthly. That the cattle imported are accompanied by a declaration and certificates such as are indicated in the forms set forth in the Schedule to this Order or to the like effect.

8. Further, cattle brought from a port of Schleswig or Holstein shall not be landed elsewhere than at a landing-place for slaughter, unless and until—

- (1.) The owner or charterer of the vessel in which they are imported, or his agent in Great Britain, has entered into a bond to Her Majesty the Queen, in a sum not exceeding one thousand pounds, with or without a surety or sureties, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Customs, conditioned for the observance of the foregoing conditions in relation to cattle to be landed under this Order from the vessel; and
- (2.) The master of the vessel has on each occasion of importation of cattle therein satisfied the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Customs, or their proper officer, by declaration made and signed or otherwise, that none of the cattle then imported therein have been exported from any port in any part of the Empire of Germany, other than Schleswig or Holstein, or from any port of any of the countries comprised in the Second Schedule