

by a Local Authority under this Article, the seller and the purchaser thereof, and the auctioneer putting the same up for sale, or the person exposing the same for sale or exhibiting the same, shall each be deemed guilty of an offence against this Order; and if any person holds a market, exhibition, or sale, in contravention of any such Order or regulation, or fails to comply with any of the conditions, provisions, or regulations of any licence for the holding of a market, exhibition, or sale, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against this Order.

8. Cattle exposed for sale in a market or at a sale, the holding whereof for the sale of cattle for immediate slaughter is licensed by the Privy Council, may be kept alive for a period of six days after such exposure, and no longer.

If any person keeps any cattle alive in contravention of this Article, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against this Order.

9. Where the Privy Council or a Local Authority have made a regulation prohibiting the movement of cattle into, or within any district except by licence, cattle may be moved in accordance with the following provisions, but not otherwise, namely:—

(1.) No cattle within the district shall be moved on a highway between sunset and sunrise during this month of September, or between the hours of 6 P.M. and 6 A.M. in the months of October and November next; but nothing in this Article shall restrict the movement of cattle within the limits of any city or town.

(2.) Licences for movement of cattle shall be of three kinds:—

a. A licence for movement generally, to be called a Movement Licence:

b. A licence for removal to a licensed market, exhibition, or sale, to be called a Market Licence:

c. A licence for removal from a licensed market, exhibition, or sale, to be called a Market Pass.

(3.) The forms in the Schedule to this Order, or forms to the like effect, signed as in that schedule directed, shall be used in the cases to which they refer, with such variations only as circumstances require, and when used shall be deemed sufficient within the district in which they are issued: Provided that in the case of the Market Licence, a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector of the Privy Council under the first provision of Article 15 of The Foreign Animals Order of 1871, may accompany such licence, in lieu of the declaration of the owner or his agent, which is annexed thereto in the form given in the schedule.

(4.) No cattle shall be moved out of the district in which they are, except with a licence of the Local Authority; and, if that licence is not signed by a Justice of the Peace, then there shall also be requisite a licence of the Local Authority of the district into which they are to be moved, indorsed on or referring to such first-mentioned licence; but such secondly-mentioned licence shall not be necessary in the case of movement from lands to other lands in the same occupation, situate in the district into which the cattle are moved, within five hundred yards of the boundary of the district

out of which they are moved: Provided that no licence for movement shall be available for movement into the district of any Local Authority, if such Local Authority have made a regulation wholly prohibiting such movement.

(5.) No cattle shall be moved within the district without such licence as the Local Authority of the district prescribe in that behalf; provided as follows:—

a. The conditions of any such licence shall not be more stringent than the conditions of the Licences, forms whereof are given in the Schedule to this Order.

b. No regulation of a Local Authority shall authorize the owner or purchaser of any cattle, or his bailiff or agent, to consent by his signature or other Act to the movement of such cattle.

c. No licence shall be necessary for movement within the district for a distance not exceeding five hundred yards from lands to other lands in the same occupation.

(6.) Cattle may be moved to a market, exhibition, or sale, licensed by the Privy Council, with a Market Licence or a Market Pass, but not otherwise; and the person bringing any cattle thereto shall deliver the Licence or Pass to an officer of the market, exhibition, or sale, or to some other person appointed in that behalf by the holders of the market, exhibition, or sale, and the same when so delivered shall be retained, numbered (for identification), and carefully preserved by such officer or person, and shall be produced on demand to an Inspector of the Privy Council, or an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority, or to any police officer; and any person refusing so to produce the same shall be deemed guilty of an offence against this Order: Provided that in case of an exhibition or sale, such a Licence or Pass shall not be given except for movement from places or parts allowed in the Licence of the Privy Council for the holding of the exhibition or sale.

(7.) Cattle which have been sold or exposed for sale or exhibited in or at a licensed market, exhibition, or sale, shall not be moved therefrom, except with a Market Pass, to be given by an officer of the market, exhibition, or sale, or other person appointed in that behalf by the holders of the market, exhibition, or sale, to the owner or purchaser desirous of moving the same.

(8.) Where a licence for the movement of cattle has been granted, and an error is afterwards discovered therein, any two Justices may by writing under their hands subscribed to or indorsed on the licence, correct the error, and thereupon the licence shall be and be deemed to have been as valid and effectual as if the error had not been made.

If any cattle are moved in contravention of any of these provisions, the owner thereof, and the person directing or permitting their removal, and the company or persons removing or conveying them, shall each be deemed guilty of an offence against this Order.

Arthur Helps.