



# The London Gazette.

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TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1874.

*Osborne, January 2, 1874.*

**T**HIS day had audience of Her Majesty:—  
His Excellency M. de la Rochefoucauld, Duc de Bisaccia, to deliver his Credentials as Ambassador from the French Republic:

To which audience he was introduced by Earl Granville, K.G., Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

*Foreign Office, July 16, 1873.*

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint William Oswald Charlton, Esq., now Attaché to Her Majesty's Legation at Washington, to be a Third Secretary in Her Majesty's Diplomatic Service.

*Crown Office, January 3, 1874.*

**MEMBER** returned to serve in the present **PARLIAMENT.**

*County of Cambridge.*

The Honourable Eliot Constantine Yorke, of 2, Hill-street, Berkeley-square, in the place of Charles Philip Yorke (commonly called Viscount Royston), now Earl of Hardwicke, called up to the House of Peers.

*Whitehall, October 8, 1873.*

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto William Broughton Smith, of Dunston Hall, in the parish of Chesterfield, in the county of Derby, Gentleman, Her Royal licence and authority that he and his issue may, in compliance with a clause contained in the last will and testament of Elizabeth Mary Smith, late of Dunston Hall aforesaid, deceased, take, use, and bear the surname of Milnes, in addition to and after that of Smith, and bear the arms of Milnes quartered with those of Smith, Milnes in the first quarter; such arms being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms, and recorded in the College of Arms, otherwise the said Royal licence and permission will be void and of none effect:

And to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be recorded in Her Majesty's said College of Arms.

(H. 11.)

*Board of Trade (Harbour Department),  
Whitehall Gardens, S.W., January 2, 1874.*

The Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a Despatch from Her Majesty's Minister at Athens, containing a translation, into French, of a Royal Decree regarding Quarantine in Greek Ports.

An English translation of the Decree is subjoined:—

**GEORGE I.**

King of the Greeks.

**WISHING** to grant to Commerce and International Communication all facilities compatible with the interest of the public health;

On the proposition of our Minister, Secretary of State for Home Affairs, and with the advice of the Medical Council,

We have ordained and do ordain that Articles 5 and 7, of our Ordinance of the 19th July, 1866, shall be modified as follows:

**ARTICLE 5.**

Sec. 1. Vessels of war generally, and packet boats belonging to Companies with which the State has made and maintains postal or steam navigation arrangements, shall, if arriving from countries infected with cholera, be subjected to an effective quarantine of five days in cases where their passage has occupied fifteen entire days. If the passage has occupied more than twenty days, they shall only be subjected to a quarantine of observation for twenty-four hours. If the passage has occupied more than fifteen and less than twenty days, the said ships shall be kept in quarantine for a sufficient number of days to make up twenty-one days since their departure from the infected country.

If the passage has occupied less than twenty but more than seventeen days, the Health Office, taking into account the following points, viz., the size and accommodation of the port where it is established, and the comparative violence of the epidemic at the port of departure, the number of passengers and crew of the vessel arriving, the provisions for ventilation on board, and the state of health of the crew and passengers during the voyage, as shown by their declarations made in conformity with Articles 19-31, of the Sanitary Regulation, may, after taking the advice of the Sanitary Commission, either send the vessel to the