

Medical Superintendent, who, where the clothes are destroyed, shall keep a record of the fact.

Art. 10. Every pauper, upon his admission into the asylum, shall be searched by or under the inspection of the proper officer, and all money and valuables, and all articles prohibited by any Act of Parliament, or by this Order, or by the regulations of the Asylum Committee, which may be found upon his person, shall be taken from him, and dealt with as the Board of Management may direct; and a record of the same shall be duly made and preserved, according to their directions.

Art. 11. The Board of Management shall not admit into the asylum, or retain therein, a larger number of paupers than that which is already fixed as the maximum by the Poor Law Board, or which may hereafter be so fixed from time to time by the Local Government Board, except in any individual case of urgency, which shall be forthwith reported to the Local Government Board by the Clerk to the Board of Management.

Art. 12. Whenever the number of paupers shall be within ten of the number fixed as the maximum, the Steward shall give notice to that effect to the Guardians of each union or parish comprised in the district; and also to the effect that until such notice has been revoked, inquiry must be made at the asylum before any fresh case is sent, in order to ascertain whether the case can be received.

Section III.—*Classification.*

Art. 13. The paupers in the asylum shall be classed in such manner as the Asylum Committee, with the advice of their Medical Superintendent, shall direct, provided that the two sexes shall be kept separate. To each sex shall be assigned its proper wards and yards, and each class of paupers shall remain therein, without communication with those of the other sex.

Section IV.—*Discharge.*

Art. 14. When any pauper has recovered, and the Medical Superintendent is of opinion that such pauper may leave the asylum without risk of communicating infection or contagion, he shall be discharged, and the Steward shall give notice in writing of the proposed discharge to the Board of Guardians of the union or parish to which the pauper has been chargeable in the asylum, as well as to the nearest known relative of the pauper.

Art. 15. In any case in which it may be necessary, the Asylum Committee may cause any pauper to be removed to his home, or to the workhouse from which he was sent to the asylum; and all the necessary expenses incurred in his removal shall be charged by the Board of Management to the account of the Guardians of the union or parish to which he has been chargeable in the asylum.

Provided, that under no circumstances shall a convalescent pauper be removed from an asylum in any ambulance used for the conveyance of paupers to the asylum.

Section V.—*Discipline and Diet.*

Art. 16. The paupers shall be dieted in such manner as the Medical Superintendent shall in writing direct.

Art. 17. The clothing to be worn by the paupers in the asylum shall be made of such materials as the Board of Management may determine, and shall be provided for them by that Board.

Art. 18. Any pauper may be visited by permission of the Medical Superintendent, or (in his absence) of his Assistant, subject to such conditions and restrictions as the Board of Management may prescribe.

Provided, that this Article shall not apply to the visit of a Minister lawfully visiting any pauper

not belonging to the Established Church for the purpose of affording religious assistance or instruction to such pauper.

Art. 19. No article of food or liquor shall be allowed to be given to or left with or for the pauper at any such interview, unless the sanction of the Medical Superintendent has been first obtained.

Art. 20. No book or printed paper that has been disapproved of by the Asylum Committee shall be allowed to be read or retained by any pauper in the asylum, and all books or printed papers introduced into the asylum otherwise than by such Committee shall be submitted to them for approval, except books containing religious instruction or consolation supplied by the Chaplain, or by a Minister regularly visiting any pauper not belonging to the Established Church.

Art. 21. No pauper shall have any matches or other articles of a combustible nature in his possession; and any officer may take from any pauper any article of such a nature.

Art. 22. Any licensed Minister of the religious persuasion of an inmate, who may at any time in the day enter the asylum for the purpose of affording religious assistance or instruction, shall give such assistance or instruction so as not to interfere with the good order and discipline of the asylum; and such assistance or instruction shall be strictly confined to persons who are of the religious persuasion of such Minister, and whom such Minister shall have been lawfully authorized to visit or instruct.

Section VI.—*General Management.*

Art. 23. The Board of Management shall, as often as may be necessary for cleanliness, cause all the rooms, wards, and offices belonging to the asylum to be lime-washed, and shall, from time to time, cause the asylum and all its furniture and appurtenances to be kept clean and in good and substantial repair; and shall remedy without delay any such defect in the asylum, as regards drainage, warmth, ventilation, or otherwise; or in the furniture, fixtures, or appurtenances thereof as may tend to injure the health of the inmates.

Art. 24. Subject to the regulations herein contained, the guidance, government, and control of the asylum, and of the paupers as well as the officers, assistants, servants, and other persons therein, shall be exercised by the Board of Management, except in so far as the same may be delegated by that Board to the Asylum Committee.

Section VII.—*Asylum Committee.*

Art. 25. The Board of Management, in conformity with any orders in force, for the time being, with respect to the appointment of committees, shall appoint from among their number a committee for the asylum, to be termed the "Asylum Committee," of which three shall form a quorum.

Art. 26. The Asylum Committee shall visit the asylum from time to time, inspect the reports of the officers, examine the stores, and investigate any complaints made by the paupers.

Art. 27. The Asylum Committee shall keep a record of all their transactions, including their visits to the asylum, in a Minute Book to be provided for the purpose, and shall present to the Board of Management at each of their ordinary meetings a report of such matters as the Committee may deem it requisite to bring under the notice of the Board.

Art. 28. The Asylum Committee shall once at least in each quarter of a year, enter in a book to be provided for that purpose, such observations as they may think fit to make respecting the dietary, accommodation, and treatment of the