

The London Gazette.

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From Thursday February 28. to Monday March 4. 1688.

By the KING and QUEEN,

A PROCLAMATION,

For the Discovery and Apprehension of Robert Brent, Gentleman.

WILLIAM R.

WHEREAS Robert Brent, late of the Middle Temple, Gentleman, being charged with High Treason, and committed for the same, hath been unduly Bailed, and since hath withdrawn himself from Justice; And the Common now Assembled in Parliament, have applied to Us to Issue out Our Proclamation for apprehending the said Robert Brent, and taking him into safe Custody, We do hereby Command and Require all Our Loving Subjects to take and apprehend the said Robert Brent, wherever he may be found, and to carry him before the next Justice of the Peace, or Chief Magistrate of City or Town Corporate, whom We do hereby Require to Commit him to the next Goal, there to remain until he be thence Delivered by due course of Law. And We do hereby Require the said Justice or other Magistrate, immediately to give Notice thereof to Us or Our Council, and We do promise him or them that shall discover or apprehend the said Robert Brent, for a Reward, the Sum of Two hundred pounds; And We do also hereby give Notice to all Persons that shall conceal the said Robert Brent, or be Aiding or Assisting in the concealing of him, or furthering his Escape, that they shall be proceeded against for such their Offence, with the utmost Severity, according to Law.

Given at Our Court at Whitehall the 28th day of February, 1688, in the First Year of Our Reign.

By the KING and QUEEN,

A PROCLAMATION,

Requiring the bringing in of ARMS lately Embellished.

WILLIAM R.

WHEREAS divers Muskets, Pistols, Carabines, and other Arms belonging to Us, have been lately, by Soldiers and others, unduly and carelessly Lost, Disposed and Embellished in divers parts of this Kingdom, knowing that the Tower Mark, commonly called the Tower Mark; We do hereby Give Notice unto, and hereby Require and Command all Our Loving Subjects, that have in their Custody, or can discover where any of the said Arms are, that they give Information thereof to the Mayor or Chief Officer of the Town, or next Justice of Peace of the County wherein the said Arms shall be: And that the said Mayor, Chief Officer of the Town, and next Justice of Peace respectively, be hereby required to take the same into his Custody, and give Notice thereof to the Master-General of the Ordnance in the Tower of London, to the intent the same may be brought into Our Stores, to be preserved for Our Use.

Given at Our Court at Whitehall this 28th day of February, 1688, in the First Year of Our Reign.

Vienna, Febr. 29. The Turkish Envoy having declared at the Conference that was held with them the 18th instant, That they had nothing to propose to the Crown of Poland, but that things shall remain in

the condition they now are in, which they thought the Poles ought to rest satisfied with, not having made any Conquest during this War: They were answered by the Imperial Commissioners, That they must then break off the Treaty, for that the Emperor would not suffer it to be continued without the entire Satisfaction of his Allies. And accordingly Directions were given the same day for the re-conducting the said Envoy to the Castle of Puffendorf; But yesterday in the afternoon their Orders were countermanded: And it is said that the said Envoy have, upon further Consideration, offered to restore to the Poles the Fortress of Gameric, demanded; But this will not be hearkened to, it being insisted on, That that the said Fortress be restored, with all its Dependances, in the condition it is at present. The Polish Envoy is gone Post to Warsaw, to make report to the Diet of what has pass'd in these Conferences, promising to be here again in 14 days with more ample Instructions. In the meantime the Turkish Envoy have desired leave to send an Express to their Sultan, but 'tis absolutely refused, the Liberty having been heretofore deny'd the Imperial Ministers at Constantinople, but it has been offered them to send their Dispatches to the Governor of Belgrade, who would take care to have them put into the hands of the Commandant of the next Turkish Garrison; Which the said Envoy will not accept of. We hear that the Garrison of Coma begins to show a disposition to capitulate. The Preparations for the War against France are continued with great warmth; The 3000 Heydukes that have been lately raised are ordered to march towards the Empire, whether they will be shortly followed by Count Zobo's Regiment of Hungarian Horse.

Hague, March 1. The Preparations of this State, both by Sea and Land, are carried on with all possible vigor and application. The whole Empire has declared War against France, and in pursuance thereof, it's believed, the Hanse Towns will be forbid all Commerce with that Crown. The Heer Van Heckeren, whom the States are sending to the Princes of Lusatia, will part from hence in few days. We are told from Copenhagen by Letters of the 12th inst, that the King of Denmark had nam'd the Count de Guldenhieu, to go in the Quality of his Ambassador Extraordinary to the Court of Sweden, for the sealing a firm Friendship and Good Correspondence between the two Crowns.

Brussels, March 4. The Baron de Fay, Governor of this City, is come back from the Hague, whether he was lately sent by our Governor General. And yesterday the Count de Vassilieu, Lieutenant General or the Foreign Horse, parted from hence for Antwerp; from whence he is to go towards Holland, to meet the Troops which the States General will send to the assistance of these Countries, and to conduct them to the places where they are to be put into Garrison. We hear from Lille, that the French Troops are moving towards Valenciennes and Cambrai.

Rippon, Febr. 19. The Proclamation to Proclaim Their Majesties King William and Queen Mary, King and Queen of England, France, &c. Ireland, &c. being sent from the High Sheriff of the County to this place, immediately upon the receipt thereof the Mayor and Recorder caused the Court of Aldermen and Common Council to assemble, who attended accordingly, and having considered of the great Solemnity that could be used in so short a time, appointed at three a Clock that Afternoon to meet in their Court-mities, which they did accordingly, and went in Order to the Collegiate Church to hear Divine Service; And his Grace the Lord Archbishop of York his Officers belonging to the Court with their white Staves and Halberds, and all the Constables and Officers of the Town with their Staves, and then the Mayor, Recorder, and Common Council, followed by a great number of People and Inhabitants, And