penalty not exceeding such a sum as with costs will amount to five shillings for each offence.

VI. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Her Majesty by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the School Board for the parish of Merriott, this 10th day of March, 1876.



J. Higgon Evans, Chairman.

Thomas P. Turner, Clerk.

T the Court at Windsor, the 17th day of May, 1876.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HEREAS the School Board of Sneinton, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the second of March, one thousand, eight hundred and seventy-six, numbered 625.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, do declare, and doth hereby declare. Her sanction of the same.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCXXV.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACTS. 1870 AND 1873.

THE BYE-LAWS OF THE SNEINTON SCHOOL BOARD.

AT a Meeting of the School Board for the parish of Sneinton, in the county of Nottingham, duly convened and held at the Public Offices, Speinton, on Thursday, the 2nd day of March, 1876, at which Meeting a quorum of the Members of the Board are present, the said Board do hereby in pursuance of the powers given to them by the Education Acts, 1870 and 1873, and subject to the approval of the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:

PRELIMINARY.

Interpretation of Terms.

In these Bye-laws the term "School" means either a public elementary school or any other school at which efficient elementary instruction

is given.
The term "Public Elementary School" means a school or department of a school at which elementary education is the principal part of the education there given, and at which the ordinary payments in respect of the instruction, from each scholar, do not exceed nine pence a week, and which is conducted in accordance with the regulations contained in the seventh section of

every person who is liable to maintain, or has the actual custody of any child.

The terms importing "Males" include "Females.'

The term "Board" or "School Board" means the School Board for the parish of Sneinton.

Requiring Parents to cause Children to attend School.

I. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age and residing within the district of the said parish of Sneinton, is required to cause such child to attend school unless there be some reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Defining reasonable excuses for non-attendance.

- II. The following shall be deemed such reasonable excuses:

(a.) Sickness or some unavoidable cause.(b.) That such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner

(c.) That there is no public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Determining Time during which Children shall attend School.

III. The time during which every child is required to attend school shall be the whole time, for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children, not being less than 25 hours a week, but nothing herein contained

(1.) Prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in relagious subjects; or shall

(2.) Require any child to attend school

(a.) On any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs; or

(b.) On Sunday, Christmas-day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of public fast or thanksgiving; or

(c.) On Saturday, after twelve o'clock at noon;

(d.) On any day fixed for the inspection of the school or examination of the scholars therein in respect of religious subjects.

Providing for total exemption from attendance, if Child has reached certain standard.

IV. A child of not less than ten years of age, who has obtained from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools a certificate that he has reached a standard equivalent to the 5th standard of the Code of the Education Department for 1871, shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school.

Providing for partial exemption from attendance if Child is beneficially and necessarily at Work.

V. If it be shown to the satisfaction of the Board that any child not less than ten years of age is beneficially and necessarily at work, such child shall not be required to attend more than five morning or afternoon meetings of the school in

any week.
VI. Nothing in the present Bye-laws shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Providing for remission or payment of School Rees. in case of poverty.

the Elementary Education Act, 1870.

VII. If the parent of any child residing in the The term "Parent" includes gnardian, and district of the Board satisfies the School Board