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From Chursday May 2. to Ephbay May 6. 1689

By the King and Queen,

PROCLAMATION

For Recalling and Prohibiting Seamen from Serving of Foreign Princes and States:

WILLIAM R.

Numbers of Mariners and other Sea-faring Men, being Our Natural born Subjects, have betaken Themselves to the Service of Foreign Princes and States; For Rediels thereof for the present and preventing the like for the fairer Weels thereof ship Our Reyal Proclamation, (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) do strictly Charge and Command all Massers of for the present, and prevening viewing to the savice of Our Privy Council.) do strictly Charge and Command all Massers of Ships, Pilots, Mariners, Scamen, and other Scaffining Men whatsowier and whereforver, (being Our Natural born Subjects,) who are in the Scruice of any Foreign Prince or State, or do Service in any Foreign Subject or Vessels, that forthwith they and every of them, do withdraw themselves, and depart from such Foreign Services, and return home to their Native Countries; And further We do hireby strictly probably and forbid all Massers of Ships, Pilots, Mariner, Seamen and other sca-failing Men whatsower (being Our Naturalborn Subjects) from Easting themselves, and do hereby strictly Charge and Command them and every of them, from Luccesorth to forbear to the Service of any Foreign Princes or States, or to scrue in any foreign Ship or Vessel, without Our Special License sind and obtained in that behalf: To all which We expect due Obedience and exact Consormity, and do hereby publish and Obedience and exact Conformity, and do hereby publish and declare, That the Offenders to the contrary, shall not only inches declare, That the Offenders to the contrary, shall not only incurOur just Displeasure, but be proceeded against for their Contempt according to the utmost Severisties of Law. And
further, We do hereby Authorize and Command all Our Officers and Ministers, in Our respective Ports, and all Captains,
Masters, and other Officers serving and imployed in any of
Our Ships or Vessels at Sea, to stop and make stay of all such
Person and Persons as shall endeavour to Transport or Enter
themselves into the Service of any Forest Prince or State,
contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Our Royal
Proclamation, and also to seize upon, take and bring away all
such Mariners, Seamen, and other Persons as oresaid, as shall
be sound to be imployed or serving in any Ships or Vessels belonging to any Freign Prince or State, or to any Merchant or
scher Person or Persons, being Subjects of any Foreign Prince
or State.

Given at Our Court at Hampton-Court the 29th Day of April, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

By the King and Queen, A PROCLAMATION

For Prohibiting Seamen from Deferting Their Majeities Service.

WILLIAM R.

Hereas the King and Queen's most Excellent Ma-jesties have occasion to employ Their Royal Navy for the Honour and Safety of Their Majefties Realms and Dominions, in carrying on a Way against the French King; And whereas by the Laws of this Kealm; every Mariner, Seaman and Soldier receiving Pres-Money, to ferve the King in any of His Ships, and after re-fying to serve; or absenting hemself at the Time and Place

appointed anto him for his Service, doth inter Danger and Penalty of Fedory, and is to be punished and Forfeit as a Felon; Nevertheless His Majsty is informed, that several Marinary. Seamen and Soldiers, Press of for His Service, and having received Press Maney, do neglest to repair to, and desert the said Service, whereby Their Majesties Ships may be unfurnished, and Their Service disappointed, to the Distingur of Their Majesties; and Danger of Their People, especially in this time, when the French have already invided Their Majesties of their Privilege of trade, and other Interests.

Their Majesties therefore, in Their Princely Wistom, foresteing the intonveniences which may ensue, have thought six with the Advice of Their Privy Council, to publish Their Majesties Privilege of their Privy Council, to publish Their Majesties Royal Preclamation, and do hereby straitly Charge and Command all Advinners, Seamen and Soldiers, who are or shell hereafter be Press of the Their Service in any Ships or Vessel belonging to the said Navy, and have received or shall receive Prish Money of the times appointed unto them, and there continue in the Service unto which they are or shall be respectively Commanded, upon pain of Death, and all such other Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, as by the Law can be sinstitled or imposed upon them. And for the speedy and essential Prosecution of such Ossenders, Thest Majesties have shought set, and do intend forthwith to issue Commitment according to Projecution of Juch Offenders, Their Majesties have shought fit, and do intend for house to issue Commissions of Oyer and Terminer, for their Legal Tryal and Punishment according to Justice: And for the detter Execution of this Their Royal Intention, do hereby Charge and Communa all and singular Lieutenants, Thouse Lieutenants, Mayors, Sherisis, Justices of the Peace, Bailists, Constables, Headboroughs, and other Their Majesties Officers, Ministers and Schoets, whatsour within this Realm. with all Care and Dilivence to make Their Majesties Officers, Ministers and Subjects, what source within this Realm, with all Care and Diligence to make Search for, discover, and apprehend all and every Person and Persons offending as aforesaid, and such as shall be apprehended for though to Commit, or cause to be Committed to the nest Goal of the County, City or Place where they shall be so apprehended, there to remain until they shall be duty Proceeded against, and Delivered by Course of Law. And that the Names of the Persons so Apprehended and Committed, be sorthwith sent to Thier Majesties, or the Privy Council, that Care may be taken for their speedy Prosecution accordingly.

Given at Our Palace of Hampton-Court the 29th Day of April, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

Constantinople, Jan. 8. The Grand Signior continues at Adrianople; Where the Chant of Tartary is daily expected; and on his arrival it's thought there will be Changes at Court. There are extravagant Taxes railing on Turk, Jews. Court. There are extravagant Taxes rating on Turks, Jews, and Christians: Brass Money, is coined of about a Third, or rather Fourth Part of the Weight of an English Farthings which passes for an Asper; And they talk of failing the value of all forts of Money, which gives a great stop to Trade; The Wants of this Government are so great, that they know not which way to turn themselves; And though the French do which way to turn themselves; And though the French do which way to turn themselves; And though the French do which way to turn themselves; And though the French do which way to turn themselves; and the War and recommend them. which way to turn themetives; And though the French do all they can to encourage them to carry on the War, and recover their Losses, yet they are altogether uncapable of doing it, having no Money, nor Military Stores; The Soldiery Disobedient, all Motalisa in Disorder, and the Sputh's and Militia there declare openly, they cannot abandon their Wives and Families to the Multitude of Robbers that swarm among them to got to the War. So there is all moth tills. them, to go to the War; So that a Peace, in all probabilitys will foon be made, or a Truce for fome Years, for this Empire cannot be ferled in less than 3 or 4 Years, in any tolerable condition of itrength for a new War, much less on they care on the old. Monticur Girardin, the French Amballador, die here the 4th instant; His Brother supplies his Place till farther Order from the French Court.

Cologne, May 3. The Troops of the Al ies, who have now their Head Quarter at Nuis, are in few days expected in the Neighborhood; And, in the mean time, Provision is making here for their Sublistence. We are told, that there of