



The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1877.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of
October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty in Council was this day pleased, on a representation of the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education, to appoint George Gardner, Esquire, B.A., late Junior Student of Christ Church, Oxford, to be one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of
October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.
His Royal Highness Prince Leopold.
Lord President.
Lord Chamberlain.

WHEREAS by section 18 of "The Extradition Act, 1870," it is among other things enacted, That if by any law made after the passing of the said Act by the Legislature of any British Possession, provision is made for carrying into effect within such Possession the surrender of Fugitive Criminals who are in, or suspected of being in, such British Possession, Her Majesty may, by the Order in Council applying the said Act in the case of any Foreign State, or by any subsequent Order, either—

Suspend the operation within any such British Possession of the said Act, or of any part thereof, so far as it relates to such Foreign State, and so long as such law continues in force there and no longer;—

Or direct that such law or ordinance or any part thereof shall have effect in such British Possession, with or without modifications and alterations, as if it were part of the Act:

And whereas by an Ordinance enacted by the Legislature of Ceylon, the short title of which is, "The Extradition Ordinance (Ceylon), 1877," it is provided that "all powers vested in and acts authorized or required to be done by a Police Magistrate or any Justice of the Peace in relation to the surrender of Fugitive Criminals in the United Kingdom under 'The Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873,' are thereby vested in and may

in the Colony be exercised and done by any Police Magistrate in relation to the surrender of Fugitive Criminals under the said Acts."

And whereas it is further provided by the said Ordinance that the said Ordinance shall not come into operation until Her Majesty shall by Order in Council direct that the said Ordinance shall have effect within the Colony as if it were part of "The Extradition Act, 1870," but that the said Ordinance shall thereafter come into operation as soon as such Order in Council shall have been publicly made known in the Colony.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, in pursuance of "The Extradition Act, 1870," and in exercise of the power in that behalf in the said Act contained, doth by this present Order, by and with the advice of Her Majesty's Privy Council, direct that the said Ordinance shall have effect in the Colony of Ceylon, without modification or alteration, as if it were part of "The Extradition Act, 1870."

And the Right Honourable the Earl of Carnarvon, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of
October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.
His Royal Highness Prince Leopold.
Lord President.
Lord Chamberlain.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the sixth year of Her Majesty, intituled "An Act to enable Her Majesty to provide for the Government of Her Settlements on the Coast of Africa and in the Falkland Islands" it was enacted that it should be lawful for Her Majesty by any Order or Orders, to be by Her made, with the advice of Her Privy Council, to establish all such laws, institutions and ordinances, and to constitute such Courts and officers, and to make such provisions and regulations for the proceedings in such Courts, and for the administration of justice as might be necessary for the peace, order and good government of Her Majesty's subjects, and others within the said Settlements; and whereas a Court of Civil and Criminal Justice has been established in Her Majesty's Settlements on the Gambia and it is expedient to make further provisions for a Court

of Appellate Jurisdiction to hear and determine appeals from the said Court. It is therefore ordered by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice of the Privy Council as follows:—

1. Her Majesty's Supreme Court of the Settlement of Sierra Leone shall be, and it is hereby constituted a Court of Record to receive, hear, and determine appeals from the Court of Civil and Criminal Justice of the Settlement on the Gambia.

2. Any person or persons against whom any sentence judgment or decree or order of the said Court of Civil and Criminal Justice shall be given for or in respect of any sum or matter at issue above or exceeding the value of £50 sterling may appeal therefrom to the said Court of Appeal and the person or persons appealing from such sentence, judgment, decree, or order shall, within fourteen days from the passing thereof, give to the adverse party or parties notice of such appeal and enter into sufficient security to be approved by the chief or other presiding magistrate of the Court, to satisfy and perform the said sentence, judgment, decree, or order, in case the same shall be affirmed or the appeal dismissed, together with such further costs as shall be awarded thereon, and in all cases of appeal where notice shall be given and security perfected as aforesaid, execution shall be stayed, and not otherwise: and the said Supreme Court shall inquire into, hear and decide all questions whether of law or fact arising upon any such appeal, but shall not admit or receive any evidence which was not tendered to the Court below on the hearing or trial of any such suit or action therein:

3. The said Supreme Court is hereby authorised and required to make and establish such rules orders and regulations as to it shall seem meet, touching and concerning the forms and manner of proceeding to be observed in the said Court of Civil and Criminal Justice, the practice and pleadings in all informations, actions, suits, and other matters civil or criminal to be therein brought, the process of the said Court, and the mode of executing the same, the admission of barristers, attorneys, solicitors and notaries in the said Court, the proceedings of the sheriffs and other ministerial offices, the fees and poundage to be paid to any officer, costs of suits and the taxing thereof in the said Court, and touching and concerning all such other matters and things necessary for the proper conduct and dispatch of business in the said Court and in the said Supreme Court in appeals from the said Court and all such rules, orders and regulations from time to time to revoke, alter, amend or renew as occasion may require: Provided always, that all such rules orders and regulations shall forthwith be transmitted by the Chief Justice of the said Supreme Court to the Governor in Chief of the West Africa Settlements, to be by him transmitted to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, for Her or their approbation or disallowance.

Any rules orders or regulations relating to the said Court of Civil and Criminal Justice which are in force when this Order in Council takes effect may be repealed or altered by any rules, orders or regulations to be made under this section, but shall continue in full force and effect until so altered or repealed.

4. Any person who feels himself aggrieved by any final judgment, sentence, decree or order of the said Supreme Court on appeal may appeal to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, in Her or their Privy Council, against any such final judgment, sentence, decree, or order of the said Court,

and such appeals shall be made subject to the rules, regulations, limitations and conditions which for the time being shall be in force respecting appeals to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors in Council, from any judgment, sentence, decree, or order of the said Supreme Court of the Settlement of Sierra Leone, and subject to such other regulations and conditions as Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, shall be pleased to direct.

The said Court of Civil and Criminal Justice shall in all cases of appeal to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors in Council, execute and carry into immediate effect such judgment and orders as Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, shall make thereupon in such manner as any original judgment of the said Court respectively can or may be executed.

5. For the purpose of this Order in Council any person lawfully appointed to act for the time being as Chief Justice of the said Supreme Court of the Settlement of Sierra Leone shall be deemed and taken to be a Judge of the said Court of Appeal.

And the Right Honourable the Earl of Carnarvon, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. I. Peel.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT:

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.
His Royal Highness Prince Leopold.
Lord President.
Lord Chamberlain.

WHEREAS by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland bearing date the 24th day of July, 1874, Her Majesty's Settlements on the Gold Coast and Lagos were constituted and erected into one Colony under the title of the Gold Coast Colony.

And whereas Her Majesty has power and jurisdiction in divers territories near or adjacent to Her Majesty's said Gold Coast Colony.

And whereas the Supreme Court of the Gold Coast Colony has been constituted by Ordinance to be the Supreme Court of Judicature for the said Colony and for the territories thereto near or adjacent, wherein Her Majesty may at any time before or after the commencement of the said Ordinance have acquired powers and jurisdiction.

And whereas it is expedient that provision should be made by this Order and in pursuance of the powers vested in Her Majesty by an Act passed in a session of Parliament holden in the 7th and 8th years of Her Majesty's reign (chapter 69) to enable parties to appeal from the decisions of the said Supreme Court to Her Majesty in Council.

It is hereby ordered by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice of Her Privy Council as follows:—

1. Any person or persons may appeal to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, in Her or their Privy Council, from any final judgment, decree, order, or sentence of the said Supreme Court of the Gold Coast Colony, in such manner, within such time, and under and subject to such rules, regulations, and limitations as are herein-after mentioned; that is to say:

In case any such judgment, decree, order, or sentence shall be given or pronounced for or in

respect of any sum or matter at issue above the amount or value of five hundred pounds sterling (£500), or in case such judgment, decree, order, or sentence shall involve directly or indirectly, any claim, demand, or question to or respecting property, or any civil right amounting to or of the value of five hundred pounds sterling (£500), the person or persons feeling aggrieved by any such judgment, decree, order, or sentence may within fourteen days next after the same shall have been pronounced, made, or given, apply to the said Court, by motion or petition, for leave to appeal therefrom to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, in Her or their Privy Council.

In case such leave to appeal shall be prayed by the party or parties who is or are directed to pay any such sum of money or perform any duty, the said Court shall be and is hereby empowered either to direct that the judgment, decree, order, or sentence appealed from shall be carried into execution, or that the execution thereof shall be suspended pending the said appeal, as to the said Court may appear to be most consistent with real and substantial justice.

And in case the said Court shall direct such judgment, decree, order, or sentence to be carried into execution, the person or persons in whose favour the same shall be given shall, before the execution thereof, enter into good and sufficient security, to be approved by the said Court for the due performance of such judgment or order as Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, shall think fit to make upon such appeal.

In all cases security shall also be given by the party or parties appellant in a bond or mortgage or personal recognizance, not exceeding the value of five hundred pounds sterling (£500), for the prosecution of appeal, and the payment of all such costs as may be awarded by Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, or by the Judicial Committee of Her Majesty's Privy Council, to the party or parties respondent; and if such last-mentioned security shall be entered into within three months from the date of such motion or petition for leave to appeal, then, and not otherwise, the said Court shall allow the appeal, and the party or parties appellant shall be at liberty to prefer and prosecute his, her, or their appeal to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, in Her or their Privy Council, in such manner and under such rules as are or may be observed in appeals made to Her Majesty from Her Majesty's Colonies and Plantations abroad.

2. It shall be lawful for the said Supreme Court, at its discretion, on the petition of any party who considers himself aggrieved by any preliminary or interlocutory judgment, decree, order, or sentence of the said Supreme Court, to grant permission to such party to appeal against the same to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, in Her or their Privy Council, subject to the same rules, regulations, and limitations as are herein expressed respecting appeals from final judgments, decrees, orders, and sentences.

3. Nothing herein contained doth or shall extend or be construed to extend or take away or abridge the undoubted right and authority of Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, upon the humble petition of any person or persons aggrieved by any judgment or determination of the said Court, at any time to admit his, her, or their appeal therefrom, upon such terms, and upon such securities, limitations, restrictions, and regulations, as Her Majesty, Her heirs or successors shall think fit, and to

reverse, correct, or vary such judgment or determination, as to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, shall seem meet.

4. In all cases of appeal allowed by the said Court, or by Her Majesty, Her heirs or successors, the said Court shall certify and transmit to Her Majesty, Her heirs or successors, in Her or their Privy Council, a true and exact copy of all evidence, proceedings, judgments, decrees, and orders had or made in such cases appealed, so far as the same have relation to the matters of appeal, such copies to be certified under the Seal of the said Court, and the said Court shall also certify and transmit to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, in Her or their Privy Council, a copy of the reasons given by the Judges of such Court, or by any of such judges for or against the judgment or determination appealed against, where such reasons shall have been given in writing, and where such reasons shall have been given orally, then a statement in writing of the reasons given by the Judges of such Court, or by any of such Judges, for or against the judgment or determination appealed against.

5. The said Court shall, in all cases of appeal to Her Majesty, Her heirs or successors, conform to and execute or cause to be executed such judgments and Orders as Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, shall think fit to make in the premises, in such manner as any original judgment, decree, or decretal order, or other order or rule of the said Court, should or might have been executed.

And the Right Honourable the Earl of Carnarvon, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. L. Peel.

At the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.
His Royal Highness Prince Leopold.
Lord President.
Lord Chamberlain.

WHEREAS by an Order of Her Majesty in Council dated the 26th day of February 1867 after reciting (amongst other things) that Courts of Civil and Criminal Justice had been established by Ordinances in Her Majesty's Settlements on the Gambia, on the Gold Coast, and of Lagos in Western Africa and that it was expedient to provide a Court of Appellate Jurisdiction to hear and determine appeals from the said Courts it was ordered that the Judges for the time being of Her Majesty's Supreme Court of the Settlement of Sierra Leone should be a Court of Record to receive and hear appeals from the Courts of Her Majesty's said Settlements on the Gambia on the Gold Coast and of Lagos to be styled "The West Africa Court of Appeal" and to proceed as in the said Order mentioned.

And whereas Her Majesty's Settlements on the Gold Coast and of Lagos have been erected into one Colony, with a separate Supreme Court for such Colony.

And whereas the Supreme Court of the Settlement of Sierra Leone now consists of one Judge only.

And whereas by an Order of Her Majesty in Council bearing even date herewith provision is made for the hearing and determination of appeals from the Courts of Civil and Criminal Justice of the Settlement on the Gambia,

It is therefore ordered by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice of the Privy Council as follows :

1. The above-recited Order of Her Majesty in Council establishing the West Africa Court of Appeal and bearing date the 26th day of February 1867 is hereby repealed revoked and annulled except in respect of anything lawfully done thereunder and of any proceedings which may have been commenced thereunder before the date at which this Order is published in the Settlement in which such proceedings were commenced.

2. Any proceedings so commenced may be completed, and any appeal to Her Majesty in Council, in respect of such proceedings may be had, prosecuted and completed as fully and effectually as if this Order had not been made.

And the Right Honourable the Earl of Carnarvon one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.
His Royal Highness Prince Leopold.
Lord President.
Lord Chamberlain.

WHEREAS by "The St. Catherine's Harbour Transfer Act, 1877," after reciting that the States of the Island of Jersey have agreed to accept a transfer of St. Catherine's Harbour, Jersey and the pier there, and its approaches and dependencies, upon condition that certain land in the vicinity thereof, and particularly mentioned in a report of a Committee of the States, referred to in a resolution of the States of the seventh day of February one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, should be ceded to the States in perpetuity on behalf of the public of the island, and have agreed to undertake, at the cost of the island, the expenses of the maintenance and repair of the said pier and dependencies, it being stipulated that the States are to have, as regards the works to be executed and the expediency of maintaining, of completing, or even, should the public interest seem to them to require it, of demolishing, the said pier in whole or in part, and as regards the disposition of the property ceded, the same discretionary power that they now have with respect to the other harbours and piers of the island, and to the properties belonging to the public, except always that the States engage to maintain and keep in repair the lighthouse which is now on the pier as long as the pier shall remain, and the wants of navigation may require it, it is enacted, amongst other things, that it should be lawful for Her Majesty, by Order in Council, to transfer to the States of Jersey, as from the time fixed by the Order, St. Catherine's Harbour, Jersey, and the breakwaters, piers, jetties, quays, wharves, lighthouses, roads, approaches, works, buildings, and things belonging thereto, and the ground and soil thereof, and the lands and hereditaments required for the purposes thereof, and all powers and duties in relation thereto, so far as, at the time of the transfer taking effect, the harbour, property, powers, and duties aforesaid are vested in or imposed on the Board of Trade, subject, nevertheless, to such conditions and restrictions (if any) as to Her Majesty in Council seem fit, and to such modifications of the said duties as appear to

Her Majesty in Council to be necessary or proper for carrying into effect the recited agreement of the States of Jersey :

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers in this behalf by the said Act or otherwise in Her vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :—

St. Catherine's Harbour, Jersey, with the breakwaters, piers, jetties, quays, wharves, lighthouses, roads, approaches, works, buildings and things belonging thereto, and the ground and soil thereof, and the lands and hereditaments required for the purposes thereof, and all powers and duties in relation thereto, so far as the harbour, property, powers, and duties aforesaid are now vested in or imposed on the Board of Trade, shall be, and the same are hereby, from and after the date of the registry in Jersey of this Order in Council, transferred from the Board of Trade to the States of the Island of Jersey, to be held by them in trust for the public service of the said island.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the forty-sixth section of "The Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862," it is enacted that if any lighthouse, buoy, or beacon is erected or placed, or reconstructed, repaired, or replaced by any local authority having jurisdiction in the matter of lighthouses, buoys, or beacons, Her Majesty may, on the application of the said local authority, by Order in Council, fix such dues to be paid to the said local authority in respect of every ship which enters the port or harbour under the jurisdiction of such local authority, or the estuary wherein such lighthouse, buoy, or beacon is situated, and which passes the said lighthouse, buoy, or beacon, and derives benefit therefrom, as Her Majesty may deem reasonable :

And whereas the mayor, aldermen, and burgesses of the borough of King's Lynn, in the county of Norfolk, hereinafter called the Corporation of King's Lynn, as Conservators of the Port and Harbour of King's Lynn, and being the local authority having jurisdiction in the matter herein-after mentioned, are about to place and exhibit a Floating Light in the Roads in the said Port, and near the Wisbech Bar Buoy, and have represented that provision should be made for the maintenance of the said Floating Light, and have submitted that a due should be leviable in respect of the same :

And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty that the application is reasonable and proper :

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, upon the application of the Corporation of King's Lynn, and in exercise of the powers vested in Her by the said recited Act, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to direct that there shall be paid to the Corporation of King's Lynn in respect of every ship (whether British or Foreign) which shall pass the said Floating Light, inwards or outwards, or shall derive benefit therefrom (except ships unladen or in ballast, vessels of Her Majesty's Royal Navy, Government revenue vessels, vessels belonging to or used by the General Lighthouse Authorities or by the Board of Trade, vessels

supplied with ordinary fishing gear and employed in catching or in carrying to port fresh fish from the fishing grounds, and vessels employed for pleasure only) for each time of passing or deriving benefit from such Floating Light the sum of one halfpenny per ton of the registered tonnage of such ship, save that no outward bound ship putting back for refuge or anchorage only shall be subject to any further due on that account.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of
October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of His Majesty King William the Fourth, chapter seventy-seven; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and four; and of the Act of the thirty-fifth and thirty-sixth years of Her Majesty, chapter fourteen; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the second day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, in the words following, that is to say:

"We the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of His Majesty King William the Fourth chapter seventy-seven of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty chapter thirty-seven, of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty chapter one hundred and four and of the Act of the thirty-fifth and thirty-sixth years of your Majesty chapter fourteen have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for constituting a separate district or new parish for spiritual purposes out of the parish of Caddington situate partly in the county of Bedford and partly in the county of Hertford and either wholly in the diocese of Ely, or partly in that diocese and partly in the diocese of Saint Albans, out of the parish of Studham in the said county of Bedford and in the diocese of Ely aforesaid, out of the parish of Houghton Regis in the last-named county and diocese and out of the parish of Flamstead in the said county of Hertford and in the diocese of Saint Albans aforesaid.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion that the particular portions of the said parish of Caddington, of the said parish of Studham, of the said parish of Houghton Regis, and of the said parish of Flamstead which are hereinafter mentioned and described should be constituted a separate district or new parish for ecclesiastical purposes in the manner hereinafter set forth.

"And whereas there is within the limits of the district or new parish so hereinafter recommended and proposed to be constituted as aforesaid, a consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of Divine worship, being the church or chapel of Saint John situate at Markyate otherwise Market Street in the said parish of Caddington.

"And whereas under the provisions of a certain Local Act of the fourteenth year of His Majesty King George the Second chapter twenty-six the patronage and perpetual right of nomination to the incumbency of the said church or chapel of Saint

John Markyate otherwise Market Street is now vested in the Reverend Francis William Adye of Markyate otherwise Market Cell in the said parish of Caddington Clerk in Holy Orders as the owner for the time being of the capital messuage called Markyate otherwise Market Cell and of the manor of Markyate otherwise Market in the said parish of Caddington.

"And whereas by a deed of indenture bearing date the eighteenth day of December in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six the said Francis William Adye did grant release and surrender and for ever yield up unto us the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England and our successors the said church or chapel of Saint John Markyate otherwise Market Street together with the site thereof and all and every the pews and sittings in the said church and the vaults (if any) thereunder and all other (if any) the hereditaments and premises comprised in and subject to the provisions of the said Local Act, reserving nevertheless to himself the said Francis William Adye and to the owner or owners for the time being of the said capital messuage called Markyate otherwise Market Cell and of the manor of Markyate otherwise Market aforesaid the said right of patronage of and to the said church or chapel.

"And whereas the said church or chapel of Saint John Markyate otherwise Market Street possesses a permanent annual endowment of not less than two hundred pounds which will upon the formation of the said district or new parish so proposed as aforesaid become the endowment of such district or new parish and of the incumbent thereof for the time being.

"And whereas the said Francis William Adye is desirous that a separate district or new parish for ecclesiastical purposes should be constituted and set out for the said church or chapel of Saint John Markyate otherwise Market Street by metes and bounds under the provisions of the Acts hereinbefore mentioned or of some or one of them and in so far as it may be necessary or proper that the patronage of the same district or new parish should be so dealt with in order that it may become and continue to be vested in him the said Francis William Adye or other the owner or owners for the time being of the said capital messuage called Markyate otherwise Market Cell and of the manor of Markyate otherwise Market in as full and ample a manner as is contemplated by the provisions of the Local Act before-mentioned in reference to the patronage of the said church or chapel the said Francis William Adye is also desirous that the patronage or right of nomination to the incumbency of the said intended district or new parish should be assigned in manner hereinafter mentioned and we the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners are of opinion that it is expedient that such arrangements should be made accordingly.

"Now therefore with the consents of the Right Reverend James Russell Bishop of the said diocese of Ely, and of the Right Reverend Thomas Legh Bishop of the said diocese of Saint Albans, and of the said Francis William Adye (in testimony whereof they have respectively signed and sealed this scheme) we humbly recommend and propose that all those portions of the said parish of Caddington, of the said parish of Studham, of the said parish of Houghton Regis, and of the said parish of Flamstead, which are respectively mentioned and described in the schedule hereunder written and which are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed shall upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in

Council ratifying this scheme become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that the same shall be named (when such district shall have become as it will by operation of law at once become a new parish,) 'The New Parish of Saint John Markyate Street,' and that such new parish shall be included in and shall form part of the Rural Deanery of Berkhamstead, of the Archdeaconry of Rochester and Saint Albans, and of the diocese of Saint Albans aforesaid.

"And we further recommend and propose that the said church or chapel of Saint John Markyate otherwise Market Street being a consecrated church in use for the purposes of Divine worship and situate within the limits of the proposed district or new parish shall as from the day last-mentioned be and for that purpose we hereby specify the same church as the parish church of the said new parish of Saint John Markyate Street.

"And we further recommend and propose with such consents and so testified as aforesaid that the whole advowson and perpetual right of patronage of and to the said proposed district and new parish that is to say, of the new parish of Saint John Markyate Street aforesaid, and the right of nomination of the incumbent of the same new parish shall without any conveyance or assurance in the law other than this scheme and any duly gazetted Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying the same, and as from the day aforesaid being the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette be assigned to and become and be absolutely vested in and shall and may from time to time be exercised by the said Francis William Adye or other the person or persons who under the provisions of the hereinbefore mentioned Local Act of the fourteenth year of His Majesty King George the Second, chapter twenty-six is or are entitled to nominate an incumbent to the said church or chapel of Saint John Markyate otherwise Market Street.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid or any of them in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts or of either of them or of any other Act of Parliament.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

"The new parish of Saint John Markyate Street being:—

"All that portion of the parish of Caddington situate partly in the county of Bedford and partly in the county of Hertford and either wholly in the diocese of Ely or partly in that diocese and partly in the diocese of Saint Albans, and also all those contiguous portions of the parish of Studham in the said county of Bedford and in the diocese of Ely aforesaid, of the parish of Houghton Regis in the last-named county and diocese and of the parish of Flamstead in the said county of Hertford and in the diocese of Saint Albans aforesaid, which are comprised within and are bounded by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said parish of Flamstead from the parish of Caddington aforesaid, at the point where Green-lane is joined by the road leading to Bonners Farm and extending thence north-eastward for a distance of forty-seven chains or thereabouts along the said parish boundary thereby following the course of the said Green-lane to the point at the junction of the same lane with the public footpath leading from Pepsall End to Woodside, at which point the same

boundary joins the boundary dividing the said county of Hertford from the county of Bedford aforesaid, and extending thence north-westward for a distance of twenty-nine chains or thereabouts along the said county boundary thereby following the course of the last-mentioned footpath to the point where the same footpath intersects the road leading from Luton to Markyate Street, and extending thence south-westward for a distance of twenty-five chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-described road to its junction with the road leading through Ailey Green to Caddington, and extending thence north-westward for a distance of thirty-four and a half chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-described road to its junction on the north-western side of the building called or known as the Ailey Green Wesleyan Chapel with the public footpath leading into that part of Millfield-lane which extends between Hill Farm and Ailey Green, and extending thence for a distance of fifteen chains or thereabouts first south-westward and then north-westward along the middle of the last-described footpath to its junction with the last-mentioned part of Millfield-lane aforesaid and continuing thence still north-westward for a distance of ten and a half chains or thereabouts along the middle of the same part of such lane to its junction with the public footpath leading from Ailey Green past the north-western side of Hill Farm House into that part of the said Millfield-lane which extends between Hill Farm aforesaid and Millfield Farm and extending thence that is from the last-described point of junction generally south-westward for a distance of forty-six chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-described public footpath to its junction with the last-mentioned part of Millfield-lane aforesaid and extending thence north-westward for a distance of thirty-nine chains or thereabouts along the middle of the said last-mentioned part of the same lane to its junction at Millfield Farm aforesaid with Red Cow-lane otherwise called or known as Bath-lane and extending thence south-westward for a distance of twenty chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-named lane to the point where the same lane bends sharply to the south-east and where it is joined by the public footpath which leads into the old turnpike-road leading from Dunstable through Markyate Street to Saint Albans and continuing thence still south-westward for a distance of twelve and a half chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-described footpath to a point at the junction of the same footpath with the said old turnpike-road upon the boundary which divides the said parish of Caddington from the parish of Kensworth in the said county of Hertford and in the diocese of Saint Albans aforesaid and extending thence south-eastward for a distance of forty-eight chains or thereabouts along the last-described parish boundary (thereby following the middle of the said old turnpike-road) to the junction of such boundary with the boundary which divides the said county of Bedford from the county of Hertford aforesaid and extending thence first south-westward and thence westward for a distance of seventy-four chains or thereabouts along such county boundary (which also divides the said parish of Kensworth from a certain detached portion of the said parish of Studham called or known as the hamlet of Humbershoe and from a certain detached portion of the said parish of Houghton Regis called or known as the tithing of Buckwood Stubbs) to the junction of the said county boundary with the boundary dividing the detached portion of the parish of Houghton Regis

called or known as the tithing of Buckwood Stubbs as aforesaid from the parish of Whipsnade in the county of Bedford and in the diocese of Ely aforesaid and extending thence southward along the last-described parish boundary for a distance of half a mile or thereabouts (crossing the road leading from Whipsnade to Markyate Street) to the junction of such boundary near to the house called or known as Buckwood Stubbs with the county boundary aforesaid which in this part divides the said parish of Whipsnade from the parish of Flamstead aforesaid and extending thence for a distance of fifty-four chains or thereabouts first generally westward and then southward along the last-mentioned boundary to the point where such boundary first strikes the western side of Row End-road and extending thence first eastward to a point in the middle of the last-named road and then for a distance of one mile and thirty-two chains or thereabouts first north-eastward and then eastward along the middle of the last-named road to its junction at Cheverells Green with the road leading from Hemel Hempstead to Markyate Street and extending thence northward for a distance of sixteen and a half chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-described-road to its junction with Frenses-lane and extending thence south-eastward for a distance of twenty-nine chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-named lane to the point where the same lane first bends sharply towards the south and extending thence north-eastward and in a direct line for a distance of half a mile or thereabouts to the south-western end of Damsey Water lane and continuing thence north-eastward along the middle of the same lane to its junction with the old turnpike-road leading from Dunstable through Markyate Street to Saint Albans as aforesaid and extending thence eastward for a distance of eight chains or thereabouts along the middle of the said old turnpike-road to its junction with the Pepsall End-road and extending thence generally north-eastward for a distance of sixty-seven chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-named road to its junction with the road leading from Bonner's Farm into Green-lane as aforesaid and extending thence north-westward for a distance of nineteen chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-described road to the first-described point at the junction of the same road with Green-lane as aforesaid upon the boundary which divides the said parish of Flamstead from the parish of Caddington as aforesaid at which point the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas drafts of the said scheme have in accordance with the provisions of the secondly hereinbefore-mentioned Act been transmitted to the patrons and to the incumbents of the several parishes out of which it is intended that the district recommended in such scheme to be constituted shall be taken.

And whereas one calendar month has expired since drafts of the said scheme were so transmitted as aforesaid.

And whereas the incumbent of the said parish of Caddington has offered certain objections to the said scheme.

And whereas the said scheme has, notwithstanding such objections, been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have

been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Ely, and by the Registrar of the said diocese of Saint Albans.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the second day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, in the words following; that is to say:—

"We the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty chapter fifty-five have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church called Christ Church situate in Jamaica-street Stepney within the limits of the parish of Stepney in the county of Middlesex and in the diocese of London.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church called Christ Church situate in Jamaica-street, Stepney as aforesaid.

"Now therefore, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Right Reverend John, Bishop of the said diocese of London (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Stepney, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church called Christ Church situate in Jamaica-street Stepney as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Christ Church Stepney.'

"And with the like consent of the said John Bishop of the said diocese of London (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at the said church called Christ Church situate in Jamaica-street Stepney as aforesaid, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always that so long

as the Reverend Joseph Bardsley, Clerk in Holy Orders, the present rector or incumbent of the rectory of the said parish of Stepney, shall continue to be such rector or incumbent all the fees which may be received in respect of such publication, solemnization, or performance at the said church, called Christ Church, situate in Jamaica-street, Stepney, shall be paid over by the minister thereof to the said Joseph Bardsley; and provided also that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us the said Commissioners to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Christ Church Stepney being :—

"All that part of the parish of Stepney in the county of Middlesex and in the diocese of London, wherein the present incumbent of such parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is bounded on the south by the new parish of Saint Thomas Stepney, or in other words by Oxford-street on the west by the new parish of Saint Philip the Apostle Stepney or in other words by Sidney-street and on the north by the new parish of Saint Peter Stepney or in other words by the Mile End-road all which said cures are within the original limits of the parish of Stepney aforesaid; and on the remaining side, that is to say on the east by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Peter Stepney from the parish of Stepney aforesaid, at the point where Mile End-road aforesaid is joined by the road called or known as Stepney Green, and extending thence south-eastward for a distance of twelve chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-named road to its junction with the street or road called or known as Prospect-place and extending thence south-westward along the middle of the last-named street or road to its junction with the street called or known as Diamond-row and with William-street and continuing thence first south-westward and then southward along the middle of the last-named street to the boundary at the junction of the same street with Oxford-street aforesaid which boundary divides the said parish of Stepney from the new parish of Saint Thomas Stepney aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of London.

C. I. Peel.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the thirty-seventh and thirty-eighth years of Her Majesty, chapter sixty-three, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the ninth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, in the words and figures following, that is to say :—

"We the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in pursuance of the Act of the thirty-seventh and thirty-eighth years of your Majesty chapter sixty-three have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme with respect to each of the three archdeaconries within the diocese of Lincoln to wit the Archdeaconry of Lincoln the Archdeaconry of Nottingham and the Archdeaconry of Stow.

"Whereas the Right Reverend Christopher Bishop of the said diocese of Lincoln has laid before us proposals for effecting with respect to the area of each of the said three archdeaconries respectively and with respect to certain rural deaneries and certain parishes or other cures within one or other of the same three archdeaconries the several arrangements which in this scheme and in the schedules thereto are set forth.

"And whereas it has been made to appear to us by means of the said proposals and of the particulars submitted to us in support thereof that the same proposals may conveniently and properly be carried into effect as hereinafter is recommended and proposed.

"Now therefore with the consent of the Right Reverend Christopher Bishop as aforesaid of the said diocese of Lincoln (in testimony of which consent he has set his hand and his episcopal seal to this scheme) we humbly recommend and propose that upon and from the day on which any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme shall be published in the London Gazette and without any assurance in the law other than such duly gazetted Order, the following arrangements with respect to the said three archdeaconries within the said diocese of Lincoln shall take effect that is to say :—

1. "The rural deaneries, two in number within the said Archdeaconry of Lincoln which are specified in the first schedule to this scheme appended shall together with all the parishes or other cures within each of the said rural deaneries contained as the same parishes and cures are set forth in the statutory schedule deposited in the Registry of the said diocese of Lincoln in accordance with the second section of the said Act be transferred from the said Archdeaconry of Lincoln and shall become and thenceforth be and form a part of the said Archdeaconry of Stow; so that the rural deans and other the clergy and inhabitants of the said rural deaneries and parishes or other cures proposed to be so transferred as aforesaid shall be exempted and released from the archidiaconal jurisdiction authority and control of the archdeacon of the said Archdeaconry of Lincoln and his successors and shall be under and subject to the archidiaconal jurisdiction authority and control of the archdeacon of the said Archdeaconry of Stow and his successors who shall

have and exercise all the rights powers and duties of an archdeacon within the limits of the rural deaneries and parishes or other cures proposed to be so transferred as aforesaid by means of and after which transfer the said Archdeaconry of Lincoln will as from the day aforesaid comprise and consist of its present area reduced by the cutting off therefrom of the rural deaneries and parishes or other cures proposed to be so transferred as aforesaid; and the said Archdeaconry of Stow will as from the same day comprise and consist of its present area with the addition thereto of the same rural deaneries and parishes or other cures proposed to be so transferred as aforesaid.

2. The changes in the names of certain rural deaneries within the said Archdeaconry of Lincoln (as the same archdeaconry is limited by clause 1 of this scheme) which are set forth in the second schedule to this scheme appended and the transfers of parishes and other cures from one rural deanery within the said Archdeaconry of Lincoln to another rural deanery within the same archdeaconry which in the said second schedule are also set forth shall be effected as in the same schedule is mentioned.

3. The changes in the names of certain rural deaneries within the said Archdeaconry of Nottingham which are set forth in the third schedule to this scheme appended and the transfers of parishes and other cures from one rural deanery within the said Archdeaconry of Nottingham to another rural deanery within the same archdeaconry which in the said third schedule are also set

forth shall be effected as in the same schedule is mentioned by means of which last-mentioned transfers or some of them the rural deanery now known as the Rural Deanery of Nottingham No. 2 will cease to exist.

4. The transfers of parishes and other cures from one rural deanery within the said Archdeaconry of Stow (as the same archdeaconry is limited by clause 1 of this scheme) to another rural deanery within the same archdeaconry which are set forth in the fourth schedule to this scheme appended shall be effected as in the same fourth schedule is mentioned.

“5. The clergy and all other inhabitants of every parish or other cure which according to clauses 2 and 3 and 4 (one or other of them) of this scheme is to be transferred from one rural deanery to another rural deanery shall be exempted and released from all jurisdiction and control of the rural dean of the rural deanery from which such parish or other cure is so transferred and shall be under and subject to the jurisdiction and control of the rural dean of the rural deanery to which the same parish or other cure is so transferred as aforesaid.

“And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from hereafter recommending and proposing to your Majesty in Council any other matter or thing relating to the matters aforesaid or any of them in accordance with the provisions of the said Act or of any other Act of Parliament.”

THE FIRST SCHEDULE in the foregoing Scheme mentioned being a Schedule of the Rural Deaneries now within the Archdeaconry of Lincoln in the Diocese of Lincoln which are to be transferred to the Archdeaconry of Stow in the same Diocese.

Gartree	...	...	...	...	Rural Deanery.
Hill No. 1	...	...	...	...	Rural Deanery.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE in the foregoing Scheme mentioned, being a Schedule having reference to the Archeaconry of Lincoln.

PART I.—Changes of Names of certain Rural Deaneries.

Rural Deanery.		Rural Deanery.
South Holland No. 1	... to be called	West Elloe
South Holland No. 2	... „	East Elloe

PART II.—Transfers of Parishes or other Cures from one Rural Deanery to another Rural Deanery.

Rural Deanery from which the Parish or Cure is to be transferred.	Parish or Cure to be transferred.	Rural Deanery to which the Parish or Cure is to be transferred.
East Elloe	Eastville (one of the chapels mentioned in the Ecclesiastical Commissioners Fen Chapels Act, 1875)	Bolingbroke
Ditto	Midville (one of the chapels mentioned in the Ecclesiastical Commissioners Fen Chapels Act, 1875)	Ditto

THE THIRD SCHEDULE in the foregoing Scheme mentioned, being a Schedule having reference to the Archdeaconry of Nottingham.

PART I.—Changes of Names of certain Rural Deaneries..

Rural Deanery.		Rural Deanery.
Bingham No. 1	to be called	Bingham South
Bingham No. 2	"	Bingham
Bingham No. 3	"	Bingham West
Newark No. 1	"	Collingham
Newark No. 2	"	Newark
Nottingham No. 1	"	Mansfield
Nottingham No. 3	"	Nottingham
Retford No. 1	"	Retford
Retford No. 2	"	Tuxford
Retford No. 3	"	Worksop

PART II.—Transfers of Parishes or other Cures from one Rural Deanery to another Rural Deanery.

Rural Deanery from which the Parish or Cure is to be transferred.	Parish or Cure to be transferred.	Rural Deanery to which the Parish or Cure is to be transferred.
Southwell	Carlton on Trent	Collingham
Collingham	Kneosal	Southwell
Ditto	Winthorpe	Newark
Nottingham No. 2	Attenborough with Bramcote	Mansfield.
Worksop	Warsop	Ditto
Mansfield	Wollaton with Cossall	Nottingham
Ditto	Basford	Ditto
Ditto	Basford New	Nottingham
Ditto	Bulwell	Ditto
Nottingham No. 2	Arnold	Ditto
Ditto	Burton Joyce with Bulcote	Ditto
Ditto	Carrington	Ditto
Ditto	Colwick	Ditto
Ditto	Gedling with Carlton and Stoke Bardolph	Ditto
Ditto	Lambley	Ditto
Ditto	Epperstone	Southwell
Ditto	Gonalstone	Ditto
Ditto	Lowdham with Gunthorpe	Ditto
Ditto	Thurgarton with Hoveringham	Ditto
Retford	Littleborough	Tuxford

THE FOURTH SCHEDULE in the foregoing Scheme mentioned, being a Schedule having reference to the Archdeaconry of Stow.

Transfers of Parishes or other Cures from one Rural Deanery to another Rural Deanery.

Rural Deanery from which the Parish or Cure is to be transferred.	Parish or Cure to be transferred.	Rural Deanery to which the Parish or Cure is to be transferred.
Gartree	Thornton with Martin	Horncastle
Yarborough No 2	Stallingborough	Grimby No. 2
Horncastle	Donington-on-Bain	Louthesk and Ludborough No. 3
Ditto	Stenigot	Ditto
Wraggøe	Kirmond-le-Mire	Walshcroft

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette

pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Lincoln.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the thirty-second and thirty-third years of Her Majesty chapter ninety-four duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme or representation bearing date the ninth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, in the words and figures following, that is to say:—

“We the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England acting under the provisions of the Act of the thirty-second and thirty-third years of your Majesty chapter ninety-four have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme or representation for altering the boundaries of the new parish of Saint John the Evangelist Clifton, of the new parish of All Saints Clifton and of the new parish of Saint Mary the Virgin Tyndall's Park all which said new parishes are within the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol and are or were sometime within either the county of Gloucester or the city and county of the city of Bristol.

“Whereas by the authority of an instrument bearing date on or about the twelfth day of November in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-one a part of the parish of Clifton in the county of Gloucester and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, and also a part of the parish or parochial chapelry of Westbury-upon-Trym in the same county and diocese, were assigned as a particular district to the church of Saint John the Evangelist situate within the limits of the same parish of Clifton and the said district was called or known as ‘The Particular District of Saint John the Evangelist Clifton.’

“And whereas by the authority of an Order of your Majesty in Council bearing date the fourteenth day of September in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight and published in the London Gazette upon the following day, a part of the said district of Saint John the Evangelist Clifton was assigned as a district chapelry to the church of All Saints situate within the limits of the said district and was named ‘The District Chapelry of All Saints Clifton.’

“And whereas by the authority of an instrument bearing date on or about the twenty-third day of July in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, portions of the said parish or parochial chapelry of Westbury-upon-Trym and also of the parish of Saint Michael Bristol in the city and county of the city of Bristol, and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol aforesaid, were assigned as a particular district to the church of Saint Mary the Virgin situate in Tyndall's Park in the said parish or parochial chapelry of Westbury-upon-Trym and the said district lastly referred to was named ‘The Particular District of Saint Mary the Virgin Tyndall's Park.’

“And whereas the said particular district of Saint John the Evangelist Clifton and the said district chapelry of All Saints Clifton and the said

particular district of Saint Mary the Virgin Tyndall's Park have under the provisions of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty chapter one hundred and four become new parishes of the character contemplated by that Act and by the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty chapter thirty-seven, and by the said above-mentioned Act of the thirty-second and thirty-third years of your Majesty chapter ninety-four.

“And whereas it has been represented to us and it appears to us to be expedient, that the boundaries of the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist Clifton, of the said new parish of All Saints Clifton, and of the said new parish of Saint Mary the Virgin Tyndall's Park, should be altered in the manner hereinafter set forth.

“Now therefore with the consent of the Right Reverend Charles John Bishop of the said diocese of Gloucester and Bristol (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme or representation), we the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners humbly represent recommend and propose that from and after the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme or representation, and without any assurance in the law other than such duly gazetted Order all that portion of the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist Clifton, which is described in the first schedule hereunder written, and is delineated and set forth upon the map or plan hereunto appended and which is thereon coloured green, shall be dis severed from such new parish and shall be annexed to, and shall become and be, and form part of and be deemed to be within the limits of the said new parish of All Saints Clifton, and that from the same day and date all that portion of the said new parish of All Saints Clifton which is described in the second schedule hereunder written, and is delineated and set forth upon the said map or plan hereunto appended and which is thereon coloured pink, shall be dis severed from such lastly-named new parish and shall be annexed to, and shall become, and be, and form part of and be deemed to be within the limits of the said new parish of Saint Mary the Virgin Tyndall's Park, and also that from the same day and date as aforesaid all that portion of the said parish or parochial chapelry of Westbury-upon-Trym, which is described in the third schedule hereunder written, and is delineated and set forth upon the said map or plan hereunto appended, and which is thereon coloured yellow, shall also be annexed to and shall become and be and form part of and be deemed to be within the limits of the said new parish of Saint Mary the Virgin Tyndall's Park.

“And we further represent recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from representing recommending or proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid or any of them in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore mentioned Acts or of either of them or of any other Act of Parliament.

“The SCHEDULES to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

“SCHEDULE No. 1.

“The territory proposed to be dis severed from the new parish of Saint John the Evangelist Clifton, in the city and county of Bristol, and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, and to be annexed to the new parish of All Saints Clifton in the same city and county and diocese, being:—

“All that portion of the said new parish of

Saint John the Evangelist Clifton, which is bounded on the south and on the west by the new parish of All Saints Clifton aforesaid and on the remaining sides that is to say on the north and on the east by an imaginary line commencing at the point upon the southern side of All Saints-road, where the boundary which divides the said new parishes diverges to the south from the said road and extending thence northward to a point in the middle of the said road and extending thence for a distance of two hundred and sixty-six yards or thereabouts first north-eastward and then eastward along the middle of the same road to its junction with Saint John's-road, and extending thence north-eastward and in a direct line across the last-named road to the north-western end of the wall or fence which divides the houses and premises situate on the eastern side of the same road from the Clifton Down Railway Station on the line of the Clifton Extension Railway, and extending thence south-eastward for a distance of one hundred yards or thereabouts along the said wall or fence to the boundary at the north-eastern end of the road called or known as Alma Vale, which boundary divides the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist Clifton, from the new parish of All Saints Clifton aforesaid.

“SCHEDULE No. 2.

“The territory proposed to be dissevered from the said new parish of All Saints Clifton, and to be annexed to the new parish of Saint Mary the Virgin Tyndall's Park, in the said city and county of Bristol and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol aforesaid being :—

“All that portion of the said new parish of All Saints Clifton, which is bounded on the south-west by the new parish of Saint Paul Clifton, in the said city and county of Bristol, and in the diocese aforesaid, on the south by the new parish of Saint Mary the Virgin Tyndall's Park aforesaid on the east by the last-named new parish, on the north by the new parish of Saint John the Evangelist Clifton aforesaid, and upon the remaining side that is to say on the west by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the last-named new parish from the new parish of All Saints Clifton aforesaid at the point where Chertsey-road joins the road called or known as Cotham Hill and the White Ladies-road, and extending thence southward for a distance of three hundred and thirty-three yards or thereabouts along the middle of the last-named road to the boundary at the junction of the same road with Oakfield-road, which boundary divides the said new parish of All Saints Clifton, from the new parish of Saint Paul Clifton aforesaid.

“SCHEDULE No. 3.

“The other territory proposed to be annexed to the said new parish of Saint Mary the Virgin Tyndall's Park being :—

“All that portion of the parish or parochial chapelry of Westbury-upon-Trym in the said city and county of Bristol and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol aforesaid, wherein the present incumbent of such parish or parochial chapelry now possesses the exclusive cure of souls which is bounded on the south-east by the consolidated chapelry of Saint Nathanael Kingsdown, in the last-mentioned city county and diocese, on the south-west by the new parish of Saint Mary the Virgin Tyndall's Park aforesaid, and upon the remaining side that is to say on the north-east by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the last-named new parish from the parish or parochial chapelry of Westbury-upon-

Trym aforesaid, at the point where the road called or known as Redland-grove joins Lower Redland-road, and extending thence south-eastward for a distance of three hundred and forty-six yards or thereabouts along the middle of the last-named road to the boundary at the intersection of the same road by Zetland-road, which boundary divides the said parish or parochial chapelry of Westbury-upon-Trym from the consolidated chapelry of Saint Nathanael Kingsdown aforesaid.”

And whereas drafts of the said scheme or representation have been transmitted to the patrons and to the incumbents of the several cures affected by the arrangements which are contemplated by such scheme or representation and such patrons and incumbents have respectively signified their assent to the said scheme or representation.

And whereas the said scheme or representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council : now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme or representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act of the thirty-second and thirty-third years of Her Majesty chapter ninety-four and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the respective Registrars of the said diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, in the Registries at Bristol and at Gloucester respectively.

C. L. Peel.

At the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the ninth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, in the words following, that is to say :

“We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Margaret, situate at Underriver, in the parish of Seal, in the county of Kent, and in the diocese of Canterbury.

“Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Margaret, situate at Underriver as aforesaid.

“Now therefore, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Most Reverend Archibald Camp-

bell Archbishop of Canterbury (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Seal which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint Margaret, situate at Underriver as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint Margaret, Underriver.'

"And with the like consent of the said Archibald Campbell, Archbishop of Canterbury (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings and burials should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us the said Commissioners to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint Margaret, Underriver, being:—

"All that part of the parish of Seal in the county of Kent and in the diocese of Canterbury wherein the present Incumbent of such parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls which is bounded on the east partly by the new parish of Saint Lawrence Seal partly by a detached portion of the parish of Wrotham and partly by the parish or parochial chapelry of Shipborne on the south by the new parish of Hildenborough on the west partly by the last-named new parish and partly by the new parish of Sevenoaks Weald all in the county and diocese aforesaid and on the remaining side that is to say on the north by an imaginary line commencing at the point where the boundary which divides the last-named new parish from the parish of Seal aforesaid joins the boundary dividing the last-named parish from the parish of Sevenoaks in the county and diocese aforesaid on the eastern side of Knole Park in the middle of the road leading from Riverhill past the south-eastern side of Knole Park aforesaid and across Fawke Common to Fawke House and extending thence that is from the said point north-eastward for a distance of thirty-five chains or thereabouts along the middle of the said road to its junction on the eastern side of the said common with the road leading from Underriver to Godden Green and extending thence northward for a distance of eleven chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-described road thereby passing along the eastern side of the said Fawke Common to the junction of the same road with the road and footpath leading through Diantshatch Wood to Bitchet Green and extending thence for a dis-

tance of thirty-nine chains or thereabouts first eastward and then north-eastward along the middle of the last-described road and footpath to the boundary on the western side of Diantshatch Wood aforesaid which boundary divides the said parish of Seal from the new parish of Saint Lawrence Seal aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Canterbury.

C. L. Peel.

At the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of Her Majesty, chapter eighty-two; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the ninth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

"We the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of your Majesty chapter seventy of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of your Majesty chapter ninety-seven of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty chapter fifty-five and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of your Majesty chapter eighty-two have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following representation as to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Thomas situate at Low Wincobank in the parish of Ecclesfield in the county of York and in the diocese of York.

"Whereas at certain extremities of the said parish of Ecclesfield of the new parish of Brightside in the said county of York and in the said diocese of York and of the new parish of Saint Thomas Kimberworth in the same county and diocese which said extremities lie contiguous one to another and are described in the schedule hereunder written there is collected together a population which is situate at a distance from the several churches of such parish and new parishes respectively.

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that such contiguous portions of the said parish of Ecclesfield of the said new parish of Brightside and of the said new parish of Saint Thomas Kimberworth should be formed into a consolidated chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes and that the same should be assigned to the said

church of Saint Thomas situate at Low Winco-bank as aforesaid.

"Now therefore with the consent of the Right Honourable and Most Reverend William Archbishop of York as Bishop of the diocese and also as one of the alternate patrons (in right of his see) of the vicarage of the said new parish of Brightside with the consent of the Right Honourable Benjamin Earl of Beaconsfield the First Lord of your Majesty's Treasury acting as such on behalf of your Majesty as the other alternate patron (in right of the Crown) of the same vicarage with the consent of Henry Pawson of Sheffield in the said county of York Esquire the patron of the vicarage of the said parish of Ecclesfield and with the consent of the Reverend William Newton, Clerk in Holy Orders the vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the parish of Rotherham in the said county of York and in the said diocese of York the patron (in right of his incumbency) of the vicarage of the said new parish of Saint Thomas Kimberworth (in testimony whereof they the said consenting parties have respectively signed and sealed this representation) we the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England humbly represent that it would in our opinion be expedient that all those contiguous portions of the said parish of Ecclesfield of the said new parish of Brightside and of the said new parish of Saint Thomas Kimberworth which are described in the schedule hereunder written all which portions together with the boundaries thereof are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed should be united and formed into one consolidated chapelry for the said church of Saint Thomas situate at Low Winco-bank as aforesaid and that the same should be named 'The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Thomas Winco-bank.'

"We therefore humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your Royal wisdom shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Thomas Winco-bank being:—

"All those several contiguous portions of the parish of Ecclesfield of the new parish of Brightside and of the new parish of Saint Thomas Kimberworth all in the county of York and in the diocese of York which are comprised within and are bounded by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the particular district or new parish of Thorpe Hesley in the said county and diocese from the parish of Ecclesfield aforesaid at the centre of Grange Bridge which carries Grange-lane over Blackburn Brook and extending thence south-westward for a distance of two and a half chains or thereabouts along the middle of the said lane to its junction with Market-lane and with Deep-lane and continuing thence still south-westward for a distance of twenty-two chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-named lane to its junction at Low House with Brook-lane and with Common-road and extending thence southward for a distance of nearly a mile along the middle of the said road to its junction at Pismire Hill with Windmill-lane and continuing thence still southward for a distance of thirty chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-named lane thereby passing the houses called or known as Windmill Hill to a point at

the north-eastern corner of Brush House Wood upon the boundary which divides the said parish of Ecclesfield from the new parish of Brightside aforesaid and extending thence generally eastward along the last-mentioned boundary thereby following in one part the northern side of Winco-bank Wood and in another part the south-western side of Jenkin-lane to the point at or near to the south-western end of the Roman Bridge where the same boundary crosses the middle of Jenkin-lane aforesaid and extending thence that is from the last-mentioned boundary for a distance of half a mile or thereabouts first eastward then southward and then south-eastward along the middle of the last-named lane to its junction on the north-western bank of the river Don with Brightside-lane and continuing then still south-eastward and in a direct line for a distance of two chains or thereabouts to a point in the middle of the said river and extending thence north-eastward for a distance of twenty-eight chains or thereabouts along the middle of the same river to a point at the centre of the weir at Brightside Mills upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of Brightside from the parish or parochial chapelry of Tinsley in the county and diocese aforesaid and extending thence first north-eastward then north-westward and then again north-eastward along the last-mentioned boundary (thereby following in one part the middle of the said river Don and in another part the middle of the millstream flowing from Brightside Mills aforesaid) to the point at or near to Blackburn Forge, where the said river Don is joined by Blackburn Brook aforesaid and where the said last-mentioned boundary joins the boundary dividing the said parish or parochial chapelry of Tinsley from the new parish of Saint Thomas Kimberworth aforesaid and extending thence first generally south-eastward and then generally north-eastward along the last-mentioned boundary, thereby following the middle of the river Don aforesaid to a point at Tinsley Ferry, in the centre of the bridge which carries the line of the Sheffield and Rotherham Branch of the Manchester Sheffield and Lincolnshire Railway over the said river and extending thence in a north-westerly direction and in a straight line for a distance of thirty-nine chains or thereabouts (thereby crossing the line of the Sheffield and Rotherham Branch of the Midland Railway) to the point where the public footpath leading from Jordan Dam to Gilberthorpe Hill Top crosses Meadow Hall-lane, and extending thence in a direction nearly due north-west and in a straight line for a distance of forty-six chains or thereabouts to the point where Dropping Well-road is joined by Gilberthorpe Hill Top-road and extending thence north-eastward for a distance of twenty-six and a half chains or thereabouts along the middle of Dropping Well-road aforesaid to its junction at Ockley Bottom with the road leading to Barber Wood House and extending thence south-westward for a distance of eight and a quarter chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-described road to the middle of the bridge which carries the same road over the line of the private railway leading from the Dropping Well Colliery to the Grange-lane Station on the line of the Sheffield Wombwell and Barnsley Branch of the Manchester Sheffield and Lincolnshire Railway aforesaid and extending thence for a distance of sixty-two and a half chains or thereabouts first south-westward and then north-westward along the middle of the line of the said private railway to a point a little to the east of Grange Mill upon the boundary

which divides the said new parish of Saint Thomas Kimberworth from the particular district or new parish of Thorpe Hesley aforesaid and extending thence first south-westward then north-westward and then again south-westward along the last-described boundary to its junction at Blackburn Brook aforesaid, with the boundary which divides the said particular district or new parish of Thorpe Hesley from the parish of Ecclesfield aforesaid and extending thence generally north-westward along the last-mentioned boundary thereby following the old course of Blackburn Brook aforesaid to the first-described point at the centre of Grange Bridge aforesaid at which point the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of York.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of Her Majesty, chapter eighty-two; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven in the words and figures following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of your Majesty, chapter seventy, of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of your Majesty, chapter eighty-two, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Philip situate at Burwash Weald, in the parish of Burwash, in the county of Sussex and in the diocese of Chichester.

"Whereas at certain extremities of the said parish of Burwash of the parish of Mayfield, in the said county of Sussex, and in the said diocese of Chichester, and of the parish of Heathfield, in the same county and diocese, which said extremities lie contiguous one to another, and are described in the schedule hereunder written, there is collected together a population which is situate at a distance from the several churches of such respective parishes.

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that such contiguous portions of the said parish

of Burwash, of the said parish of Mayfield, and of the said parish of Heathfield, should be formed into a consolidated chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that the same should be assigned to the said church of Saint Philip situate at Burwash Weald as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Richard Bishop of the said diocese of Chichester, as such Bishop and also as the patron, in right of his see, of the vicarage of the said parish of Heathfield with the consent of the Reverend John Coker Egerton, Clerk in Holy Orders, now Incumbent of the rectory and vicarage of the said parish of Burwash, as the patron of the same rectory and vicarage, and with the consent of the Reverend Henry Thomas Murdoch Kirby, Clerk in Holy Orders, now Incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Mayfield, as the patron of the same vicarage (in testimony whereof they the said consenting parties have respectively signed and sealed this representation) we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, humbly represent, that it would in our opinion be expedient that all those contiguous portions of the said parish of Burwash, of the said parish of Mayfield, and of the said parish of Heathfield, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be united and formed into one consolidated chapelry for the said church of Saint Philip situate at Burwash Weald as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Philip, Burwash Weald.'

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your Royal wisdom shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Philip, Burwash Weald, being:—

"All those several contiguous portions of the parish of Burwash, of the parish of Mayfield, and of the parish of Heathfield, all in the county of Sussex, and in the diocese of Chichester, which said portions of such parishes are comprised within and are bounded by an imaginary line commencing at the point where the river Rother is joined by the stream flowing from Coggingsmill-street called or known as Pound Bridge Stream, and at which point the boundary which divides the consolidated chapelry or new parish of Tidebrook in the said county and diocese from the parish of Burwash aforesaid joins the boundary dividing the last-named parish from the parish of Mayfield aforesaid and extending thence generally south-westward for a distance of one mile and a quarter or thereabouts along the middle of the said river Rother to the boundary at the junction of the same river with the Stream called or known as Broadhurst Stream, and flowing from Little Bigknowle which boundary divides the said parish of Mayfield from the parish of Heathfield aforesaid and extending thence generally westward for a distance of about half a mile along the last-mentioned parish boundary thereby continuing along the course of the river Rother aforesaid to the point where the same river is joined by the stream flowing from Olive's Wood past Potten's Mill into the said river and extending thence generally southward for a distance of one mile and sixteen chains or

thereabouts along the middle of the last-mentioned stream to the point where it divides into two branches, one branch forming the mill stream of Potten's Mill aforesaid and the other branch forming the backwater of such mill stream and extending thence south-westward for a distance of two and a half chains or thereabouts along the middle of the last-described branch stream or backwater thereby passing to the west of the said mill to the point where the same branch stream or backwater is crossed by the bridge road leading from the house called or known as the Mill House past Potten's Mill aforesaid to Olive's Farm and extending thence that is from the said last-mentioned branch stream or backwater first eastward for a distance of two chains or thereabouts along the middle of the said bridge road (thereby passing between the said Potten's Mill and the millhead) and then generally southward for a distance of forty-five chains or thereabouts along the middle of the same bridge road to its junction on the western side of the Olive's Farm Homestead with the occupation road which leads therefrom through Olive's Wood aforesaid into the Lewes and Hurst Green turnpike road and continuing thence still southward for a distance of forty-four chains or thereabouts along the middle of the said occupation road to its junction with the Lewes and Hurst Green turnpike road aforesaid and continuing thence still southward and in a direct line across the said turnpike road to a boundary stone inscribed 'B.W. St. P. C. C. 1877, No. 1' and placed on the southern side of the same turnpike road at a point immediately opposite to the middle of the southern end of the occupation road aforesaid and extending thence south-eastward and in a direct line for a distance of sixty-nine chains or thereabouts (thereby crossing Rough Wood) to the point on the western side of Deep Wood where the stream flowing from Little Tottingworth through Church Wood and through Brailsham Wood and the stream flowing through Binglett's Wood unite and form the river Dudwell, and extending thence generally eastward for a distance of nearly one mile along the middle of the last-named river to the boundary which divides the said parish of Heathfield from the parish of Burwash aforesaid and extending thence that is from the said river first southward and then south-westward along the last-mentioned boundary to its junction a little to the south-west of the house called or known as Watkins Down with the boundary which divides the said parish of Burwash from the parish of Warbleton in the county and diocese aforesaid and extending thence first south-eastward then eastward and then again south-eastward along the last-mentioned boundary to its junction with the boundary which divides the said parish of Burwash from the parish of Dallington and extending thence first south-eastward and then north-eastward along the last-mentioned boundary, thereby following in part the course of Willingford Stream and passing through Cox's Mill Pond, to the point where the last-named stream is joined by the Hacksbank Stream flowing past the northern side of the house called or known as Hacksbank and where the said last-mentioned boundary is joined by the boundary which divides the said parish of Burwash from the parish of Brightling in the county and diocese aforesaid and extending thence first generally northward along the last-mentioned boundary, thereby following in part the course of Willingford Stream aforesaid, then generally north-eastward along the same boundary thereby following the course of the river Dudwell aforesaid to a point at the centre of Willing Ford where Willingford-lane crosses the said river

and continuing thence generally south-eastward along the same boundary thereby following the course of the stream called or known as the Black Brook to a point in the middle of Willingford-lane aforesaid a little to the south of the house called or known as Perch Hill and extending thence for a distance of fifty-three chains or thereabouts first northward then north-westward and then westward along the middle of the last-named lane to the above described point at Willing Ford aforesaid, upon the boundary dividing the said parish of Brightling from the parish of Burwash as aforesaid, and extending thence north-westward and in a direct line for a distance of forty-six chains or thereabouts to a boundary stone inscribed 'B. W. St. P. C. C. 1877 No. 2' and placed on the south-eastern side of the Hurst Green and Lewes turnpike road aforesaid at a point opposite to the middle of the southern end of Halton-lane and extending thence for a distance of forty-three chains or thereabouts first north-westward to and along the middle of Halton-lane aforesaid and then north-eastward along the middle of the same lane to a point opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'B. W. St. P. C. C. 1877 No. 3' and placed upon the north-western side of the same lane due west of the house called or known as Woodlands and extending thence (that is, from the last-mentioned point in the middle of the same lane) north-westward and in a direct line to the last-mentioned boundary stone, and extending thence in a direction due north-west and in a straight line for a distance of twenty-six and a quarter chains or thereabouts (thereby crossing Alder Wood and Pasture Wood) to a point in the middle of the stream called or known as Furnace Gill and flowing from Burwash Common through Bough Wood into the river Rother aforesaid, and extending thence generally north-eastward for a distance of one mile and thirty-five chains or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-described stream to a point at the junction of such stream with the river Rother aforesaid upon the boundary which divides the said parish of Burwash from the new parish of Saint Peter Stonegate otherwise Ticehurst in the county and diocese aforesaid and extending thence generally north-westward along the last-mentioned boundary thereby following in part the course of the said river Rother to the point a little to the south of the junction of the same river with the stream called or known as the Tidebrook Stream, and flowing from Markcross through Tidebrook, where the said last-mentioned boundary joins the boundary dividing the said parish of Burwash from the consolidated chapelry or new parish of Tidebrook as aforesaid and extending thence generally westward along the last-mentioned boundary thereby following for the most part the course of the said river Rother to the first-described point where the same river is joined by the stream called or known as Pound Bridge Stream and flowing from Coggingsmill-street as aforesaid and where the said last-mentioned boundary joins the boundary dividing the said parish of Burwash from the parish of Mayfield aforesaid at which point the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and

Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Chichester.

E. L. Peel.

A the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter sixty; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the ninth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, in the words following, that is to say:

"We the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty chapter forty-nine of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty chapter sixty, and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty chapter fifty-five have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Luke situate at Norland in the new parish of Christ Church Sowerby Bridge within the original limits of the parish of Halifax in the county of York and in the diocese of Ripon.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Luke situate at Norland as aforesaid.

Now therefore with the consent of the Right Reverend Robert Bishop of the said diocese of Ripon (testified by his having signed and sealed his representation) we the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners humbly represent that it would in our opinion be expedient that all that part of the said new parish of Christ Church Sowerby Bridge which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint Luke situate at Norland as aforesaid and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint Luke, Norland.'

"And with the like consent of the said Robert Bishop of the said diocese of Ripon (testified as aforesaid) we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us the said Commissioners to concur in or approve the

taking of any fees for the performance of the said office of baptism or for the registration thereof.

"We therefore humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty in your Royal wisdom shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint Luke Norland being:—

"All that part of the new parish of Christ Church Sowerby Bridge within the original limits of the parish of Halifax in the county of York and in the diocese of Ripon which is bounded on the south-east partly by the consolidated chapelry or new parish of Saint Stephen Copley and partly by the new parish of Saint Thomas Greetland both within the original limits of the said parish of Halifax on the south-west by the new parish of Saint George Sowerby also within the original limits of the same parish and on the remaining sides that is to say on the north-west and on the north-east by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint George Sowerby from the new parish of Christ Church Sowerby Bridge aforesaid at the point a little south-west of the house called or known as Scar Head where Long-lane is joined by Sowerby Croft-lane and by the road or footpath leading to Clough Head and extending thence north-eastward for a distance of nine chains or thereabouts along the middle of the said Sowerby Croft-lane to its junction with Boggart-lane and extending thence northward for a distance of eight and a half chains or thereabouts to and along the middle of the last-named lane to its junction with the road or footpath leading into Sowerby Croft-lane aforesaid and extending thence eastward and in a direct line to the wall or fence on the eastern side of the last-mentioned road or footpath, which wall or fence forms a continuation, in a south-westerly direction, of the south-eastern boundary of Allen Wood and which at this point forms the southern boundary of the piece or parcel of land whereon the houses and cottages called or known as Allen Mount and as Allen Wood Cottages are situate, at the south-western end of the said Allen Wood and extending thence first south-eastward for a distance of two chains or thereabouts along the said wall or fence, and then eastward for a distance of twenty-seven chains or thereabouts along the same wall or fence and along the wall or fence forming the south-eastern boundary of Allen Wood as aforesaid to the junction of the last-described wall or fence with the wall or fence forming the eastern boundary of the same wood, and extending thence for a distance of five chains or thereabouts first northward and then north-eastward, along the last-mentioned wall or fence to its northern end on the southern side of the line of the Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway and extending thence northward and in a direct line for a distance of about one chain to a point in the middle of the said line of railway and extending thence for a distance of sixty-two chains or thereabouts first eastward and then south-eastward along the middle of the same line of railway to the boundary at Hollas Bridge which boundary divides the said new parish of Christ Church Sowerby Bridge from the consolidated chapelry or new parish of Saint Stephen Copley aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, there-

Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Ripon.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the eighteenth and nineteenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act further to amend the laws concerning the burial of the dead in England," it is, amongst other things, enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, from time to time, to postpone the time appointed by any Order in Council for the discontinuance of burials, or otherwise to vary any Order in Council made under any of the Acts recited in the said Act, or under the said Act (whether the time thereby appointed for the discontinuance of burials thereunder, or other operation of such Order, shall or shall not have arrived); as to Her Majesty, with such advice as aforesaid, may seem fit:

And whereas Orders in Council have been made directing the discontinuance of burials in the churchyards and burial-ground hereinafter mentioned from the time specified in such Orders; and whereas it seems fit to Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that the time for discontinuing burials in the said churchyards and burial-ground be postponed:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the time for the discontinuance of burials in such churchyards and burial-ground be postponed as follows; viz.:-

In the churchyard of Whitworth, Rochdale, and in the burial-ground of Hale Fold Independent Chapel, Whitworth, to the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

In the parish churchyard of Bassingbourn to the thirtieth of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

C. I. Peel.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Baildon, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 912:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled

by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BAILDON, by the Baildon School Board.

Explanation of Terms.

1. In these Bye-laws —
The term "District" means the School District of Baildon.
The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.
The term "School" means a certified efficient school.
"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.
The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.
The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Bye-Laws.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen, years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.
Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—
(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.
(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two and a half miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.
3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.
4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—
(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.
(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.
5. And provided always, that—
(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if

such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than five attendances in each week (during which the school is open), if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect, or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Bampton School Board at a Meeting held on the 29th day of June, 1877.

In witness whereof, the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal, this 29th day of June, 1877.

Sealed in the presence of—
David Jagger, Chairman of the Meeting.
John Bentley, Clerk to the Board.

At the Court at Bampton, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Bampton, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 913:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXIII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the DISTRICT OF BAMPON, DEVON, by the Bampton School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Bampton.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting, as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the time fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which it belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in any year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them,

shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Bampton School Board, at a Meeting held on the 12th day of April, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 12th day of April, 1877.

Sealed in the presence of—
Richard Densham, Chairman.
Tho. R. Densham, Clerk.



AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Baumber, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 914:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXIV.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF BAUMBER, by the Baumber School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Baumber.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:

- That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Baumber School Board, at a Meeting held on the 18th day of June, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have

hereunto set their Common Seal this 18th day of June, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
John Faussett, Chairman.
Thomas Rylatt, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Bentley-with-Arksey, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 915:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order

No. DCCCCXV.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF BENTLEY-WITH-ARKSEY, by the Bentley-with-Arksey School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Bentley-with-Arksey.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 200 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Bentley-with-Arksey School Board, at a Meeting held on the 24th day of July, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 24th day of July, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
William Chadwick, Chairman.
J. E. Hindle, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Brockley, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the ap-

approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 916:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXVI.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF BROCKLEY, in the county of Suffolk, by the School Board of Brockley.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Brockley.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876."

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen, years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Brockley School Board, at a Meeting held on the 14th day of June, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 14th day of June, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
J. C. Sergeant, Chairman.
Henry Bonner, Clerk.

At the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of the United District of Burston and Shimpling, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 917:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy

Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXVII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the UNITED SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BURSTON AND SHIMPLING, in the county of Norfolk, by the Burston and Shimpling United District School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the United School District of Burston and Shimpling.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if

such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the second standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Board of the Burston and Shimpling United District, at a Meeting held on the 26th day of July, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 26th day of July, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
Henry Temple Frere, Chairman.
Robt. Borrett, Clerk.

At the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of the United District of Chevington, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 918:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXVIII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the UNITED DISTRICT OF CHEVINGTON, by the Chevington United School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the United District of Chevington, comprising the townships of East Chevington, West Chevington, Hadstone, and Bullocks Hall.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age; shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by reason of sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not

exceeding with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Board of the United District of Chevington, at a Meeting held on the 5th day of April, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 5th day of April, 1877.



Andrew Scott, Chairman.

William Burn, Clerk.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Epworth, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 919:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXIX.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the EPWORTH SCHOOL DISTRICT, by the Epworth School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the Epworth School District, which comprises the parish of Epworth, in the county of Lincoln.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting, as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department, made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the above School Board at a Meeting held on the 2nd day of July, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal, this 2nd day of July, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
Charles Dundas, Chairman.
George Newborn, Clerk.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Farthinghoe, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 929:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXX.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF FARTHINGHOE, by the Farthinghoe School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—
The term "District" means parish of Farthinghoe.
The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.
The term "School" means a certified efficient school.
"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.
The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.
The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than twelve years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction

of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and twelve years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and twelve years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Board for the parish of Farthinghoe at a Meeting held on the 11th day of July, 1877:

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 11th day of July, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
A. George, Chairman.
T. Jeffcoat, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council:

WHEREAS the School Board of Ferryfryston appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by the "Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 921:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty having taken the said

Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and do hereby declare, Her Sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCLXXI.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the FERRYFRYSTON SCHOOL BOARD DISTRICT, by the Ferryfryston School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—
The term "District" means Ferryfryston School Board District.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting, as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always that—
- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than five attendances in each week during which the school is open, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them shall upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Perryfryston School Board, at a meeting held on the 10th day of May, 1877.

In witness whereof, the School Board have hereunto set their common seal this 10th day of May, 1877.

Sealed in the presence of—
Thomas Ouston, Chairman.
Algernon Simpson, Clerk.



AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Gosberton appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 922:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the

Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the Gosberton District, by the Gosberton School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—
The term "District" means the parish of Gosberton.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religious and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend

school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Gosherton School Board at a Meeting held on the 28th day of June, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 19th day of July, 1877.

Sealed in the presence of—
Henry Garner, Chairman.
J. H. Oliff, Clerk.



At the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Hatherleigh, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 923:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCXXXIII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE PARISH OF HATHERLEIGH, in the county of Devon, by the Hatherleigh School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—
The term "District" means the parish of Hatherleigh.
The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.
The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner;
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause;
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day, exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—
 - (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
 - (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the above

School Board, at a Meeting held on the 30th day of June, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal, this 30th day of June, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
John Phelps, Presiding Chairman.
John Pearse, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of the United District of Haverhill, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 924:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXIV.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the UNITED SCHOOL DISTRICT OF HAVERHILL, by the School Board for the said United District.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the United School District of Haverhill.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting, as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than five attendances in each week during which the school is open, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe or shall neglect, or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Board for the United District of Haverhill, at a Meeting held on the 3rd day of May, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 3rd day of May, 1877.

Sealed in the presence of—
W. W. Borcham, Chairman.
J. Bigmore, Clerk.



AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of
October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Hemyock, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, number 925:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCXXV.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF HEMYOCK, by the School Board of the said Parish.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Hemyock.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction

of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Hemyock School Board, at a Meeting held on the 2nd day of July, 1877.

In witness whereof, the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 2nd day of July, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—

E. W. L. Popham, Chairman.
Edward North, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of
October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Llanddwywe-is-y-graig, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 926:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXVI.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT, 1870.

BYE-LAWS OF THE LLANDDWYWE-IS-Y-GRAIG SCHOOL BOARD.

At a Meeting of the School Board for the parish of Llanddwywe-is-y-graig, held at the British School, in the parish of Llanenddwyn, the 6th day of January, 1876, the said Board, in pursuance of the powers of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, hereby make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

I. In these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Terms importing Males includes Females.
- (b.) The term "Parent" includes Guardian and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child.
- (c.) The term "School" means either a Public Elementary School or a school at which efficient elementary instruction is given.
- (d.) The term "Board," or "School Board," means the School Board for the parish of Llanddwywe-is-y-graig.

II. The parent of every child not less than five years nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the district of the said School Board, is required to cause such child to attend school, unless there be some reasonable cause for non-attendance, subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Acts, 1870 and 1873, and of these Bye-laws.

III. The time during which every such child is required to attend school is the whole time for which the school selected shall be opened for the instruction of children, not being less than twenty-five hours a-week, except on Sundays, and except also, that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs.

IV. (a.) A child of not less than ten years of age, who has obtained from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors a certificate that he has reached a standard equivalent to the fifth standard of the Government New Code of 1871, shall be altogether exempt from obligation to attend school.

(b.) A child shall not be required to attend school—

- (1.) If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (2.) If such child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.
- (3.) If there is no Public Elementary School which such child can attend within the following distances, measured according to

the nearest road, from the residence of such child:—

From 5 to 8 years of age	...	1 mile.
" 8 " 10 "	do.	2 miles.
" 10 " 13 "	do.	3 "

V. Nothing in the present Bye-laws shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

VI. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence. And that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such sum, as, with costs, will amount to five shillings for each offence.

VII. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

In witness whereof we, the School Board for the parish of Llanddwywe-is-y-graig, have hereunto set our Common Seal this 6th day of January, 1876.

Lewis Evans, Chairman.

R. J. Williams, Clerk of the Board.



At the Court at Bala, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Llanenddwyn, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth Section of that Act, as amended by the "Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 927:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

U. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXVII.

ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT, 1870.

BYE-LAWS OF THE LLANENDDWYN SCHOOL BOARD.

At a Meeting of the School Board for the Parish of Llanenddwyn, held at the British School, in the Parish of Llanenddwyn, the 6th day of January, 1876, the said Board, in pursuance of the powers of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, hereby make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

I. In these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Terms importing males include females.
- (b.) The term "Parent" includes guardian and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child.

(c.) The term "School" means either a Public Elementary School or a school at which efficient elementary instruction given.

(d.) The term "Board" or "School Board" means the School Board for the parish of Llanenddwyn.

2. The parent of every child not less than five years, nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the district of the said School Board, is required to cause such child to attend school, unless there be some reasonable cause for non-attendance, subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Acts, 1870, 1873, and of these Bye-laws.

3. The time during which every such child is required to attend school is the whole time for which the school selected shall be opened for the instruction of children, not being less than twenty-five hours a week, except on Sundays, and except also that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs.

(a.) A child of not less than ten years of age, who has obtained from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors a certificate that he has reached a standard equivalent to the fifth standard of the Government new Code of 1871, shall be altogether exempt from obligation to attend school.

(b.) A child shall not be required to attend school—

- (1.) If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (2.) If such child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (3.) If there is no Public Elementary School which such child can attend within the following distances, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child:—

From 5 to 8 years of age,	1 mile.
" 8-10 "	2 miles.
" 10-13 "	3 "

5. Nothing in the present Bye-laws shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

6. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shilling and sixpence; provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence, and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law, shall exceed such sum as with costs will amount to five shillings for each offence.

7. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

In witness whereof, we, the School Board for the parish of Llanenddwyn, have hereunto set our Common Seal this 6th day of January, 1876.



W. M. Williams, Chairman.

E. J. Williams, Clerk of the Board.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Loughborough, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 928:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-Laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCXXVIII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the DISTRICT OF LOUGHBOROUGH, by the School Board for the District of Loughborough:

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Loughborough.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within one mile, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruc-

tion of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs: or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than five attendances in each week during which the school is open, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the second standard prescribed by the Code of 1876. Three at least of the said five attendances must be in the morning.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Board for the District of Loughborough, at a Meeting held on the 24th day of July, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 24th day of July, 1877.

Sealed in the presence of—
Henry Godkin, Chairman.
John Jarratt, Clerk.



AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Muckleston, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth No. 24517. E

section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 929:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXIX.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACTS,
1870 AND 1873.

Parish of Muckleston.

BYE-LAWS OF THE MUCKLESTONE SCHOOL BOARD.

Recital of Election of School Board.

WHEREAS, in pursuance of a requisition sent by the Education Department to the Clerk to the Guardians, Drayton Poor Law Union, in the county of Salop, a School Board for the district of the parish of Muckleston, in the county of Stafford, was duly elected on the 29th day of June, 1875.

Now, at a Meeting of the Members of the said School Board, held at the Board Room, in the White Lion Inn, Knighton, in the county of Stafford, on Friday, the 2nd day of February, 1877, at which Meeting a quorum of the Members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers given to them by the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

Interpretation of Terms.

1. (1.) The term "Education Department" means the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education.

(2.) The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors" means the Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department.

(3.) The term "School Board" or "Board" means the School Board of the parish of Muckleston.

(4.) The term "School" or "Public Elementary School" means a Public Elementary School, as defined by the 7th section of the Elementary Education Act, 1870.

(5.) The term "Parent" includes guardian and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child, but does not include the mother of the child when the father is living, and is residing within the School Board District or any adjoining parish or township.

Requiring Parents to cause Children to attend School.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Acts, 1870 and 1873, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of any child not less than five years of age nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the district of the School Board, shall cause such child to attend some school which the parent may select, unless there be some reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Determining Time during which Children shall attend School.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time during which the school selected shall be open.

Provided that nothing in the present Bye-laws—

- (1.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.
- (2.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs, or on Saturday, Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving; or
- (3.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso for Total or Partial Exemption from Attendance if Child has reached a certain Standard.

4. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has reached the fifth standard of education mentioned in the Code of the Education Department in force at the date of such certificate, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school, and any such child who has been certified to have reached the fourth standard of education mentioned in the said Code shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than fifteen hours in any one week.

Remission of Payment of Fees in case of Poverty.

5. If the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that the reason that his or her child does not attend school is that he or she is unable from poverty to pay the school fees of such child, the School Board will, in the case of a school provided by the Board, remit the whole or such part of the fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period, to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding three calendar months.

Penalty for Breach of Bye-laws.

6. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence; and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such a sum as, with the costs, will amount to five shillings for each offence.

Date on which Bye-laws come into operation.

7. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Her Majesty in Council.

Sealed with the Corporate Common Seal of the

Mucklestone School Board, this 2nd day of February, A.D. 1877.

Joseph Meadows, Jun., Chairman.

W. Hill, Clerk.



AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Newport (Pembrokeshire), appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 930:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXX.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the SCHOOL DISTRICT OF NEWPORT (PEMBROKESHIRE), by the Newport School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—
The term "District" means the School District of Newport, Pembrokeshire.
The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.
The term "School" means a certified efficient school.
"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.
The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.
The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs ; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Newport School Board at a Meeting held on the 18th day of June, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 18th day of June, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
Wm. Rees, Chairman.
W. R. Harries, Acting Clerk.

At the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of North Bedburn, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 931 :

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council : now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. E. Peel...

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXXI.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the SCHOOL DISTRICT OF NORTH BEDBURN, by the North Bedburn School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the township of North Bedburn.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting, as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely :—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open, which the child can attend, within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction

tion of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs, or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than five attendances in each week during which the school is open, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-Laws were made by the North Bedburn School Board, at a Meeting held on the 24th day of April, 1877.

In witness whereof, the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal, this 24th day of April, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
George Morson, Chairman.
Henry Hogg, Clerk.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Rushden, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by the "Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws numbered 932:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now,

therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXXII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the DISTRICT OF RUSHDEN, by the Rushden School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—
The term "District" means the parish of Rushden.
The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.
The term "School" means a certified efficient school.
"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.
The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.
The term "Local Authority" mean the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor not more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than five attendances in each week during which the school is open, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Board of Rushden, at a meeting held on the 11th day of June, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 11th day of June, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
George Denton, Chairman.
James Heygate, Clerk.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of the United District of Sandwich, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 933 :

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXXIII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the SANDWICH UNITED DISTRICT, by the Sandwich United District School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-Laws—

The term "District" means the United District of Sandwich.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the District acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 5 attendances in each week during which the school is open, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them,

shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the above School Board at a Meeting held on the 25th day of July, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 25th day of July, 1877.

Sealed in the presence of—
R. Marsh, Chairman.
Fred. S. Cloke, Clerk.



AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of the United District of South Gosforth, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 934:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXXIV.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACTS,
1870 AND 1873.

BYE-LAWS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE
SOUTH GOSFORTH UNITED DISTRICT.

At a Meeting of the Members of the School Board, held at the Board Room, High-street, Gosforth, in the county of Northumberland, on Thursday, the 21st day of June, 1877, at which Meeting a quorum of the Members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers given to them by the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

Interpretation of Terms.

1. (1.) The term "Education Department," means the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education.

(2.) The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors," means the Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department.

(3.) The term "School Board," or "Board," means the School Board of the United District of South Gosforth.

(4.) The term "School," or "Public Elementary School," means a Public Elementary School, as defined by the 7th section of the Elementary Education Act, 1870.

(5.) The term "Parent," includes Guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain, or has the actual custody of any child, but does not include the mother of the child when the father is living, and is residing within the School Board District, or any adjoining parish or township.

Requiring Parents to cause Children to attend School.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Acts, 1870 and 1873, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of any child not less than five years of age, nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the district of the School Board, shall cause such child to attend some school, which the parent may select, unless there be some reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or by any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Determining Time during which Children shall attend School.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time during which the school selected shall be open.

Provided that nothing in the present Bye-laws:—

- (1.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.
- (2.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the parent belongs, or on Saturday, Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving; or
- (3.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso for Total or Partial Exemption from Attendance if Child has reached a certain Standard.

4. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has reached the sixth standard of education mentioned in the Code of the Education Department in force at the date of such certificate, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school; and any such child who is shown to the satisfaction of the School Board to be beneficially and necessarily employed, and who has been so certified to have reached the third standard of education mentioned in the said Code, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than ten hours in any one week.

Remission of Payment of Fees in case of Poverty.

5. If the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that the reason that his or her child does not attend school is that he or she is unable, from poverty, to pay the school fees of such child, the School Board will, in the case of a school provided by the Board, remit the whole or such part of the fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the

parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period, to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding three calendar months.

Penalty for Breach of Bye-laws.

6. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence. And that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such a sum as, with the costs, will amount to five shillings for each offence.

Date on which Bye-laws come into operation.

7. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Her Majesty in Council.

Sealed with the Corporate Common Seal of the School Board, this 21st day of June, 1877.

Robert Reay, Chairman.

James Watson, Clerk.

L. S.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of the United District of Stow Bardolph, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 935 :

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXXV.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the UNITED DISTRICT OF STOW BARDOLPH, by the Stow Bardolph U. D. School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parishes of Stow Bardolph and Wimbotsham.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects ;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs ; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Stow Bardolph U. D. School Board at a Meeting held on the 11th day of May, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 11th day of May, 1877.

T. Hare, Chairman.

E. S. Copeman, Clerk.

L. S.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of the United District of Tivetshall, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 936:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXXVI.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the UNITED SCHOOL DISTRICT OF TIVETSHALL, in the county of Norfolk, by the Tivetshall United District School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the United School District of Tivetshall.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school, shall be the whole time for which

the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances during the months of January, February, March, April, November, and December in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the first standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Board of the Tivetshall United District, at a Meeting held on the 28th day of June, 1877.

In witness whereof, the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal, this 28th day of June, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
Henry Symonds, Chairman.
Robt. Borrett, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Treeton, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 937:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her

Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXXVII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF TREETON by the Treeton School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Treeton.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

No. 24517.

F

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Treeton School Board at a Meeting held on the 29th day of June, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 29th day of June, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—

Bernard E. Watkins, Chairman.
Joseph Frith, Clerk.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Uffculme, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 938:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXXVIII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the

Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the UFFCULME DISTRICT, by the Uffculme School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—
The term "District" means the Uffculme School Board District.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate

from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Uffculme School Board at a Meeting held on the 31st day of May, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 31st day of May, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
John C. New, Chairman.
John Southey, Clerk.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Westfield, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 939:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXXXIX.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF WESTFIELD, by the Westfield School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Westfield.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen, years of age, shall cause such child to attend school unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance, or instruction in religious subjects ;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs ; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 250 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or

under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked, as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Westfield School Board at a Meeting held on the 8th day of May, 1877.

In witness whereof, the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal, this 8th day of May, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
Thomas Eaton, Chairman.
James Henbrey, Clerk.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Whitwood, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 940:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXL.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF WHITWOOD, by the Whitwood School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Whitwood.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting, as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department, made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to Attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Remission of Fees.

6. If the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that the reason that his or her child does not attend school is that he or she is unable from poverty to pay the school fees of such child, the School Board will in the case of a school provided by the Board remit the whole or such part of the fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period, to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding three calendar months.

Penalty.

7. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

8. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as

from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Willoughby School Board, at a Meeting held on the 4th day of July, 1877.

In witness whereof, the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal, this 4th day of July, 1877.

Sealed in the presence of—
H. C. Briggs, Chairman.
C. A. Phillips, Clerk.



At the Court at *Balmora*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Willoughby-on-the-Wolds, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 941:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXLI.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the DISTRICT OF WILLOUGHBY-ON-THE-WOLDS, by the School Board for the Parish of Willoughby-on-the-Wolds.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Willoughby-on-the-Wolds.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district, acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner;
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause;
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within one mile, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 250 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the second standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Board for the parish of Willoughby-on-the-Wolds, at a Meeting held on the 15th day of June, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal, this 15th day of June, 1877.

Sealed in the presence of—
W. B. Garton, Chairman.
John Jarratt, Clerk.



AT the Court at *Baltimore*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Woodton, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws numbered 942:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXLII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the DISTRICT OF WOODTON, by the Woodton School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Woodton.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which

the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Woodton School Board at a Meeting held on the 5th day of July, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 5th day of July, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—

F. E. Long, Chairman.

Walter P. Hardwicke, Clerk.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of Accrington, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education

Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 943:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXLIII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the DISTRICT OF ACCRINGTON, by the Accrington School Attendance Committee.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the district of Accrington Local Board of Health, or townships of Old Accrington and New Accrington.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.

- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to any thing contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—
- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than five attendances in each week during which the school is open, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Accrington School Attendance Committee, at a Meeting held on the 21st day of June, 1877.

William Green, Chairman.
Edmd. Whittaker, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Maidstone Union, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the 74th Section of the "Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by the "Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 944, for the District of Bearsted:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXLIV.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the DISTRICT OF BEARSTED, by the School Attendance Committee of the Maidstone Union.

Definitions.

- I. In these Bye-laws—
- The term "District" means the parish of Bearsted.
- The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.
- The term "School" means a certified efficient school.
- "Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting, as defined by the Code of 1876.
- The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department, made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.
- The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always that nothing in these Bye-Laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always that—
- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of

Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee of the Maidstone Union, at a Meeting held on the 2nd day of July, 1877.

George Marsham, Chairman.
Robert Hoar, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union, appointed under the "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 945, for the parish of Bobbing :

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council : now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXLV.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF BOBBING, by the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Bobbing, in the county of Kent,

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting, as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department, made in

the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the local authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely :—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance, or instruction in religious subjects.

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs ; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the second standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union, at a Meeting held on the 25th day of July, 1877.

Rich. Knight, Chairman.
W. J. Harris, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Medway Union, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 946, for the parish of Chatham:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXLVI.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF CHATHAM, by the School Attendance Committee of the Medway Union.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Chatham.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuse.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the

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school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belong; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee of the Medway Union, at a Meeting held on the 4th day of July, 1877.

Adam Stigant, Chairman.

Geo. Buchanan, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Borough of Conway, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 947:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction

of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXLVII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the BOROUGH OF CONWAY, by the School Attendance Committee appointed by the Council of the said borough

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the borough of Conway.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend School for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee for the borough of Conway, at a Meeting held on the 13th day of June, 1877.

William Hughes (Mayor), Chairman.

Thos. E. Parry, Clerk.

At the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Chesterfield Union, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 948, for the parish of Great Barlow:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXLVIII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF GREAT BARLOW, by the School Attendance Committee of the Chesterfield Union.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Great Barlow.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to Attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend, within one mile if the child is between the ages of five and seven years, or within two miles if the child is between the ages of seven and thirteen years, the distance in each case being measured, according to the nearest road, from the residence of the child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or on Saturday, Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the above School Attendance Committee at a Meeting held on the 14th day of July, 1877.

Henry Kent, Chairman.

George Haslehurst, Clerk.

At the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the 74th section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 949, for the parish of Hartlip:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCXLIX.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF HARTLIP by the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws:—

The term "District" means the parish of Hartlip, in the county of Kent.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4 Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—
- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
 - (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the second standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union, at a Meeting held on the 25th day of July, 1877.

Rich. Knight, Chairman.
W. J. Harris, Clerk.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the St. Neot's Union, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 950, for the parish of Kimbolton:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCL.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF KIMBOLTON, by the School Attendance Committee of the St. Neot's Union.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—
The term "District" means the parish of Kimbolton.
The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.
The term "School" means a certified efficient school.
"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting, as defined by the Code of 1876.
The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.
The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee of the St. Neot's Union, at a Meeting held on the 5th day of July, 1877.

B. H. Puckle, Chairman.
J. H. Ennals, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Chesterfield Union, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the 74th Section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made

certain Bye-laws, numbered 951, for the parish of Little Barlow:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

O. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCOLI.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF LITTLE BARLOW, by the School Attendance Committee of the Chesterfield Union.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Little Barlow.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within one mile, if the child is between the ages of five and seven years, or within two miles if the child is between the ages of seven and thirteen years, the distance in each case being measured according to the nearest road from the residence of the child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child

from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or on Saturday, Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or on any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall not neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the above School Attendance Committee at a Meeting held on the 14th day of July, 1877.

Hy. Kent, Chairman.
George Haslehurst, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Maidstone Union, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the 74th section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 952, for the District of Loose:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy

Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the DISTRICT OF LOOSE, by the School Attendance Committee of the Maidstone Union.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws:—

The term "District" means the parish of Loose.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee of the Maidstone Union, at a meeting held on the 2nd day of July, 1877.

George Marsham, Chairman.
Robert Hoar, Clerk.

At the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee for the Borough of Ludlow, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of the "Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 953:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLIII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the BOROUGH OF LUDLOW, by the School Attendance Committee.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws the term "District" means the Municipal Borough of Ludlow.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee for the said borough of

Ludlow, at a Meeting held on Tuesday, the 17th day of July, 1877.

Heber Richards, Chairman.
Jno. H. Williams, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Maidstone Union appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of the "Elementary Education Act 1870," as amended by the "Elementary Education Act, 1876" with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws numbered 954 for the District of Otham:

And Whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLIV.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the DISTRICT OF OTHAM, by the School Attendance Committee of the Maidstone Union.

Definitions.

1. In these bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Otham.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department, made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

9 Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon Conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee of the Maidstone Union, at a Meeting held on the 2nd day of July, 1877.

George Marsham, Chairman.

Robert Hoar, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Urban Sanitary District of Pemberton, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the 74th section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 955:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled

by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLV.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the URBAN SANITARY DISTRICT OF PEMBERTON, by the School Attendance Committee of the said District.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws:—

The term "District" means the Urban Sanitary District of Pemberton.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any

No. 24517.

H

Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that:—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than five attendances in each week during which the school is open, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the above School Attendance Committee, at a Meeting held on the 18th day of June, 1877.

W. J. L. Watkin, Chairman.

Paul Partington, Clerk.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 956, for the parish of Rainham:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLVI.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF RAINHAM, by the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Rainham, in the county of Kent.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the second standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them,

shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union, at a Meeting held on the 25th day of July, 1877:

Rich. Knight, Chairman.
W. J. Harris, Clerk.

At the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Urban Sanitary District of Richmond (Surrey) appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 957, for the parish of Richmond:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLVII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF RICHMOND (Surrey), by the School Attendance Committee of the Urban Sanitary District of Richmond (Surrey).

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Richmond.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting, as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than five attendances in each week during which the school is open, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

9. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Richmond School Attendance Committee at a Meeting held on the 2nd day of May, 1877.

Fras. Burdett, Chairman.
Fredk. B. Senior, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Urban Sanitary Authority of Rugby, appointed under "The Elementary

Education Act, 1876, have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 958:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLVIII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the URBAN SANITARY DISTRICT OF RUGBY, by the School Attendance Committee appointed by the Urban Sanitary Authority of Rugby aforesaid.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the District of the Urban Sanitary Authority of Rugby aforesaid.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Educational Department made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open, which the child can attend, within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction or examination in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart as a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving, or any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parents belongs: or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools, that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than five attendances in each week during which the school is open, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee above-named at a Meeting held on the 16th day of June, 1877.

Charles Elsee, Chairman.

John B. Over,
Thos. Hands, } Members of Committee.
Theodore M. Wratislaw, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Urban Sanitary District of Sale, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 959:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy

Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLIX.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the URBAN SANITARY DISTRICT OF SALE, by the School Attendance Committee of the said Urban Sanitary District.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—
The term "District" means the Urban Sanitary District of Sale.
The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.
The term "School" means a certified efficient school.
"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting, as defined by the Code of 1876.
The "Code of 1876," means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.
The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if

such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the above School Attendance Committee, at a Meeting held on the 5th day of June, 1877.

Will. Joynson, Chairman.
A. G. McBeath, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Urban Sanitary District of Sandbach, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 960:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLX.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the URBAN SANITARY DISTRICT OF SANDBACH, by the School Attendance Committee for the said Urban Sanitary District.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the Urban Sanitary District of Sandbach.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting, as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department, made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen, years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than one hundred and fifty attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee for the Urban Sanitary

District of Sandbach at a Meeting held on the 27th day of June, 1877.

John R. Armitstead, Chairman.
E. Lees, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred on them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 961, for the parish of Sittingbourne:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

O. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLXI.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF SITTINGBOURNE, by the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Sittingbourne, in the county of Kent.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parents belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the second standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union at a Meeting held on the 25th day of July, 1877.

Rich. Knight, Chairman.
W. J. Harris, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee for the borough of Sudbury, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 962:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said

Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLXII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the BOROUGH OF SUDBURY, by the School Attendance Committee for the said Borough.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the borough of Sudbury.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 47 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the above School Attendance Committee at a Meeting held on the 5th day of July, 1877.

Thos. Smith (Mayor), Chairman.
Robt. Ransom, Clerk.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Borough of Tenby, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 963:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLXIII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the BOROUGH OF TENBY, by the Tenby School Attendance Committee.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the borough of Tenby.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the second standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them,

shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Tenby School Attendance Committee, at a Meeting held on the 30th day of July, 1877.

Jno. J. Clarke, Chairman.

John Calvin Thomas, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Bradfield Union, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth Section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 964, for the parish of Tilehurst:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. I. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLXIV.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF TILEHURST, by the School Attendance Committee of the Bradfield Union.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Tilehurst.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall

cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee of the Bradfield Union, at a Meeting held on the 15th day of May, 1877.

Thos. Stevens, Chairman.

J. C. Pinniger, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council—

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 965, for the parish of Tonge:—

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLXV.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF TONGE, by the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Tonge, in the county of Kent.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which

the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects ;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs ; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the second standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union, at a Meeting held on the 25th day of July, 1877.

Rich. Knight, Chairman.
W. J. Harris, Clerk.

At the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October, 1877.*

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department made certain Bye-laws, numbered 966, for the parish of Tunstall :

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice

of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

O. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLXVI.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the PARISH OF TUNSTALL, by the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Tunstall, in the county of Kent.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects ;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs ; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if

such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the second standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee of the Milton Union, at a Meeting held on the 25th day of July, 1877.

Rich. Knight, Chairman.
W. J. Harris, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee for the Borough of Wells, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 967 :

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLXVII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the BOROUGH OF WELLS, IN THE COUNTY OF SOMERSET, by the School Attendance Committee for the said Borough.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the borough of Wells.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in

the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than five attendances in each week, during which the school is open, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee, at a Meeting held on the 4th day of June, 1877.

S. Hobbs, jun., Chairman.
W. J. S. Foster, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of
October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Attendance Committee of the Maidstone Union, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventh-fourth section of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 968, for the District of Yalding:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of the Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLXVIII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the DISTRICT OF YALDING, by the School Attendance Committee of the Maidstone Union.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Yalding.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department, made in the year 1876, with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse of non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend, within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools, that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age, shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Attendance Committee of the Maidstone Union, at a Meeting held on the 2nd day of July, 1877.

George Marsham, Chairman.
Robert Hoar, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of
October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Bourn, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 969:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice

of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLXIX.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the DISTRICT OF BOURN, by the School Board for Bourn.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the parish of Bourn.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years

of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, during the months of November, December, January, February, and March, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the Bourn School Board at a Meeting held on the 18th day of June, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 18th day of June, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—

William Orton, Chairman.
J. L. Bell, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Bradford, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 970:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLXX.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the Dis-

TRICT OF BRADFORD (Lancashire), by the District of Bradford School Board.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—
The term "District" means the township of Bradford.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

"The Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within one mile, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws

(a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;

(b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or

(c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

(a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fifth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

(b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 150 attendances in each year, if such child has received a cer-

tificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the District of Bradford (Lancashire) School Board, at a Meeting held on the 9th day of August, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 9th day of August, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
Fred. Chappell, Chairman.
Robert Wilson, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of *October*, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of the United District of Clayton and Keymer, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 971:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLXXI.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the UNITED DISTRICT OF CLAYTON AND KEYMER, by the School Board of the said United District.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "District" means the United District of Clayton and Keymer.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876]

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on Saturday, Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart as a Public Fast or National Thanksgiving, or on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—

- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
- (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than five attendances in each week during which the school is open, if such child has received a certificate from one of her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

The above Bye-laws were made by the School Board of the United District of Clayton and Keymer, at a Meeting held on the 7th day of July, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 7th day of July, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
W. B. Dickinson, Chairman.
T. Sinnock, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 23rd day of October, 1877.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of the United District of Dingestow and Tregare, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, as amended by "The Elementary Education Act, 1876," with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, numbered 972:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Acts, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

C. L. Peel.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. DCCCCLXXII.

BYE-LAWS made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, for the UNITED SCHOOL DISTRICT OF DINGESTOW AND TREGARE, in the county of Monmouth, by the School Board of the said United District.

Definitions.

1. In these Bye-laws—
The term "District" means the parishes of Dingestow and Tregare.

The term "Child" means a child residing in the district.

The term "School" means a certified efficient school.

"Attendance" means an attendance at a morning or afternoon meeting as defined by the Code of 1876.

The "Code of 1876" means the Code of Minutes of the Education Department made in the year 1876 with respect to the Parliamentary Grant to Public Elementary Schools in England.

The term "Local Authority" means the Local Authority for the district acting for the time being under the Elementary Education Act, 1876.

Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, including the day fixed by Her Majesty's Inspector for his annual visit.

Proviso as to Religion and Labour Acts.

4. Provided always, that nothing in these Bye-laws—

- (a.) Shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects;
- (b.) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs; or
- (c.) Shall have any force or effect in so far as it may be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso as to Standard for Exemption.

5. And provided always, that—
- (a.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shall not be required to attend school if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the fourth standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.
 - (b.) A child between ten and thirteen years of age shown to the satisfaction of the Local Authority to be beneficially and necessarily employed, shall not be required to attend school for more than 200 attendances in each year, from the 30th September to the 1st of May, if such child has received a certificate from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that it has reached the third standard prescribed by the Code of 1876.

Penalty.

6. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Revocation.

7. Any Bye-laws heretofore made under Section 74 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or under that section as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1876, are hereby revoked as from the day on which the present Bye-laws shall come into operation.

The above Bye-laws were made by the above School Board at a Meeting held on the 16th day of July, 1877.

In witness whereof the School Board have hereunto set their Common Seal this 16th day of July, 1877.



Sealed in the presence of—
S. R. Bosanquet, Chairman.
Richd. Eastham, Clerk.

War Office, October 27, 1877.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Frederick Augustus Abel, Esq., Chemist to the War Department; Ralph Wood Thompson, Esq., Assistant Under Secretary of State for the War Department; Major Charles William Wilson, of the Royal Engineers, late Assistant Quartermaster-General, Topographical Section, War Office; Major-General Charles Wright Younghusband, of the Royal Artillery, Superintendent of the Royal Gun Factories; Charles Walpole, Esq., late Assistant Comptroller of Legacy Duties; George Everest, Esq., late Clerk for Criminal Business, Home Office; Robert Baker, Esq., Inspector of Factories, and Alexander Redgrave, Esq., Inspector of Factories, to be Ordinary Members of the Civil Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

Admiralty, 26th October, 1877.

Navigating Lieutenant William Henry Hayward has been promoted to the rank of Staff Commander in Her Majesty's Fleet, with seniority of 16th instant.

Admiralty, 27th October, 1877.

In accordance with the provisions of Her Majesty's Order in Council of the 5th February, 1872—
Sub-Lieutenant George Robert Berkeley Grimes has this day been placed on the Retired List.

Royal Marines.

Quartermaster Richard Halling, Royal Marine Light Infantry, has been placed on the Retired Half-pay List, from the 26th October, 1877.

Admiralty, 30th October, 1877.

The following promotions, to date the 27th instant, have been made:—

Sub-Lieutenants:

William John Henry Auton,
Robert Stevenson Dalton Cumming,
Frederick Gordon M'Kinstry,
John Lionel Eagles,
Stanley Talbot Dean Pitt,
John Anthony Beaufoy Milton,
Arthur Jabez Loane,
Francis Alban Arthur Gifford Tate,
Harry Cutfield Martin,
Francis Simpson Ommanney,
Alfred Fulling Welldon,
Francis William Barrett,
Arthur Robert Francis Bailey,
Henry Bradwardine Jackson,
Arthur Thomas McMurrrough Kavanagh,
to be Lieutenants in Her Majesty's Fleet.

*War Office, Pall Mall,
30th October, 1877.**63rd Regiment of Foot.*

Lieutenant-General Sir Richard Waddy, K.C.B., to be Colonel, vice General Thomas Maitland Wilson, transferred to the 96th Foot. Dated 15th October, 1877.

96th Regiment of Foot.

General Thomas Maitland Wilson, from the 63rd Foot, to be Colonel, vice General Thomas Crombie, deceased. Dated 15th October, 1877.

- 1st Life Guards**, Lieutenant Godfrey Henry Thornton, from the Hertford Militia, to be Second Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant Sir Simon M. Lockhart, Bart., promoted. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 3rd Dragoon Guards**, Lieutenant-Colonel George Romney Rawlinson retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 5th Dragoon Guards**, Lieutenant John Oswald Lambert to be Captain, vice Bernhard Henry Entwisle, deceased. Dated 23rd September, 1877.
- 6th Dragoon Guards, For**, Lieutenant Charles Reginald Sydney Hamilton, from the 2nd Royal Tower Hamlets Militia, to be Second Lieutenant, &c., as notified in the Gazette of 4th September, 1877.
- Read**, Lieutenant Charles Reginald Sydney Douglas-Hamilton, &c.
- 7th Dragoon Guards**, Lieutenant Charles Edward Beckett resigns his appointment as Adjutant. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 2nd Dragoons**, Sub-Lieutenant Charles Gray Robertson, from the 84th Foot, to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant G. Arbuthnot, retired. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 4th Hussars**, Lieutenant William Pierpont Wilson-Todd, from the 1st Durham Militia, to be Second Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant H. E. Rose, resigned. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- The appointment as Adjutant of Lieutenant John Farmer to be antedated to 23rd June, 1875.
- 8th Hussars**, The first Christian name of Captain de Visme is *Gerrard*, and not as stated in the Gazette of the 12th instant.
- 10th Hussars**, Lieutenant H. S. Gough to be Captain, vice E. Hartopp, whose promotion, dated 23rd June 1875, has been cancelled. Dated 23rd June, 1875.
- Lieutenant the Honourable Charles Compton William Cavendish to be Captain, vice H. S. Gough, whose promotion, dated 24th July, 1875, has been cancelled. Dated 13th October, 1877.
- 15th Hussars**, Sub-Lieutenant the Honourable Arthur Manners to be Lieutenant. Dated 6th October, 1877.
- 18th Hussars**, Lieutenant-Colonel Christopher Barton retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Royal Engineers**, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Charles Brisbane Ewart, C.B., to be Colonel, vice R. D. Kerr, deceased. Dated 21st October, 1877.
- Major Edward Osborne Hewett, on the Supernumerary List, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 21st October, 1877.
- Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Mould to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel C. B. Ewart, C.B. Dated 21st October, 1877.
- Captain William Salmond to be Major, vice Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel F. Mould. Dated 21st October, 1877.
- Grenadier Guards**, Major and Brevet Colonel Edwyn Sherard Burnaby to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel G. W. A. Higginson, C.B., promoted Major-General. Dated 1st October, 1877.
- Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Edward William Lloyd Wynne to be Major, vice Brevet Colonel E. S. Burnaby. Dated 1st October, 1877.
- Lieutenant and Captain Lord Algernon Charles Gordon-Lennox to be Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel Wynne. Dated 1st October, 1877.
- Sub-Lieutenant Fitzroy Richard Clarence Paget to be Lieutenant. Dated 29th April, 1876.
- Coldstream Guards**, Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel Julian Hamilton Hall to be Major, vice Brevet Colonel the Honourable W. H. A. Feilding, retired on half-pay. Dated 29th September, 1877.
- Lieutenant and Captain the Honourable Henry William Lowry Corry to be Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Hall. Dated 29th September, 1877.
- Lieutenant and Captain Robert William Webb Follett to be Captain, and Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel the Honourable Richard Monck, retired on half-pay. Dated 29th September, 1877.
- Sub-Lieutenant Herbert Conyers Surtees, from the 49th Foot, to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant and Captain R. W. W. Follett. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Lieutenant Edgar Vincent, from the Royal Berks Militia, to be Second Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant and Captain the Honourable H. W. L. Corry. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Lieutenant Walter Orlando Corbet, from the Leicester Militia, to be Second Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant and Captain the Honourable E. H. T. Digby, promoted. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Scots Guards**, Sub-Lieutenant Edward Watkin Williams Wynn, from the 95th Foot, to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant and Captain H. E. H. Drummond-Moray, promoted. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 2nd Foot**, Major Francis John Hercy, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel James Rose, retired on half-pay. Dated 29th September, 1877.
- Captain Thomas Kelly-Kenny to be Major, vice Hercy. Dated 29th September, 1877.
- Captain George Herbert Woodard, from the Supernumerary List, to be Captain, vice Kelly-Kenny. Dated 29th September, 1877.
- 4th Foot**, Major Cuthbert Eccles to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel William Gordon Cameron, C.B., retired on half-pay. Dated 29th September, 1877.
- Captain and Brevet Major John McDowell Elliot to be Major, vice Eccles. Dated 29th September, 1877.
- Lieutenant Henry Moore to be Captain, vice Brevet Major Elliot. Dated 29th September, 1877.
- 5th Foot**, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel George Carden, having served five years as a Regimental Lieutenant-Colonel, is placed on half-pay. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Albert Ernest Ross retires on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 7th Foot**, Lieutenant Henry Horace Drummond-Wolff, from the Hertford Militia, to be Second Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant H. D. M. Minchin, a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps. Dated 31st October, 1877.

- 10th Foot, Major Robert Theodore F. Stammers retires on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Captain William Nassau Whitty retires on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 11th Foot, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel John Roe retires on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Lieutenant-Colonel G. Todington Osborn retires on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 14th Foot, Captain Robert Lewis, from half-pay, late 71st Foot, to be Captain, vice W. Mills, retired on temporary half-pay. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Lieutenant Sigismund Cathcart de Trafford resigns his Commission. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 15th Foot, Lieutenant Hastings St. Leger Wood, from the 4th Royal Lancashire Militia, to be Second Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant D. C. W. Harrison, a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Lieutenant George Edmund Staveley, from the Roscommon Militia, to be Second Lieutenant, in succession to Sub-Lieutenant G. K. Daly, a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 16th Foot, The promotion of Lieutenant Frederick John Harden, dated 30th December, 1876, is cancelled.
- Lieutenant F. J. Harden to be Captain, vice G. L. Le Mesurier Taylor, made Supernumerary on being appointed an Assistant Garrison-Instructor. Dated 25th August, 1876.
- Lieutenant William Henry Young to be Captain, vice E. Tarleton, retired. Dated 30th December, 1876.
- Lieutenant Francis Fawkes Johnstone to be Captain, vice Brevet Major Charles Whitworth Lloyd, deceased. Dated 10th September, 1877.
- 20th Foot, Lieutenant John Kennedy McCausland to be Captain, vice W. Glencross, made Supernumerary on being appointed an Adjutant of the Auxiliary Forces. Dated 31st August, 1877.
- 27th Foot, Lieutenant Harry Plunket Williams resigns his Commission. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 34th Foot, Captain Archibald Balderston, from the 109th Foot, to be Captain, vice Edward Vanrenen, who exchanges. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 36th Foot, Captain Richard Lloyd Hawkes retires on a pension. Dated 22nd October, 1877.
- 38th Foot, Major William Kidston (and not Kidstone as previously stated) Elles, from the Supernumerary List, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel Shurlock Henning, C.B., retired on half-pay. Dated 29th September, 1877.
- 41st Foot, Lieutenant William Hugh Mortimer to be Captain, vice Brevet Major C. J. East, promoted into the 57th Foot. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Lieutenant Francis Russell Parkinson, from the Royal Glamorgan Militia, to be Second Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant G. W. Barnes, promoted. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 42nd Foot, Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Duncan Macpherson, C.B., to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel Sir John Chetham McLeod, K.C.B., retired on half-pay. Dated 29th September, 1877.
- Captain and Brevet Major Richard Kerr Bayly to be Major, vice Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel D. Macpherson, C.B. Dated 29th September, 1877.
- Lieutenant Richard Hugh Lambart Brickenden to be Captain, vice Brevet Major Bayly. Dated 29th September, 1877.
- Lieutenant Charles John Eden to be Captain, vice R. H. L. Brickenden, made Supernumerary whilst serving as a Garrison Instructor. Dated 29th September, 1877.
- 46th Foot, Lieutenant John Reeves to be Captain, vice F. H. A. Disney-Roebuck, made Supernumerary on being appointed an Adjutant of the Auxiliary Forces. Dated 26th September, 1877.
- 48th Foot, Lieutenant Henry Cuthbert Denny, from the Louth Militia, to be Second Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant M. J. Munro, deceased. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 54th Foot, Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel John Holmes Houston Gammell retires on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Sub-Lieutenant Charles Arthur Fraser resigns his Commission. Dated 6th June, 1877.
- 56th Foot, Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel William Clutterbuck retires on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Captain Henry Frank Egbert Lucas, from the Bombay Staff Corps, to be Captain, vice F. W. Vans Leckie, who exchanges. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 60th Foot, Captain Latham Coddington Brownrigg retires on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 61st Foot, Major Bertie Shiffner retires on half-pay. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 62nd Foot, Sub-Lieutenant Duncan Peter Robinson resigns his Commission. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 64th Foot, Captain John Ayton Wood retires on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 65th Foot, Captain George Campbell, from the 77th Foot, to be Captain, vice H. F. Marryat, who exchanges. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Lieutenant Charles Henry Westmorland has been appointed a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps.
- 68th Foot, Sergeant-Major Moore Murphy, to be Second Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant W. G. Mansel, a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Second Lieutenant Walter Charteris Ross, from the 2nd Foot, to be Second Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant C. Fulton, promoted. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 71st Foot, Captain and Brevet-Major Arthur George E. Morley retires on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- Lieutenant Alfred Donald Mackintosh retires from the Service, receiving the value of an Ensigny. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 73rd Foot, Sub-Lieutenant Henry Edward Maxwell, from the 107th Foot, to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant H. E. Field, deceased. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 77th Foot, Captain Hugh FitzRoy Marryat, from the 65th Foot, to be Captain, vice G. Campbell, who exchanges. Dated 31st October, 1877.
- 79th Foot, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel George Murray Miller, C.B., having served five years as a Regimental Lieutenant-Colonel, is placed on half-pay. Dated 31st October, 1877.

31st Foot, Lieutenant Frederick Ekins Lindoe to be Captain, vice John de Montmorency Armstrong, deceased. Dated 20th September, 1877.

32nd Foot, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Frederick Richard Solly Flood, C.B., having served five years as a Regimental Lieutenant-Colonel, is placed on half-pay. Dated 31st October, 1877.

35th Foot, Captain W. Chipchase Henderson retires on half-pay. Dated 31st October, 1877.

94th Foot, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Lord John Henry Taylour retires on half-pay. Dated 31st October, 1877.

99th Foot, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel John Hart Dunne, retires on half-pay. Dated 31st October, 1877.

100th Foot, Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Cook to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel the Honourable C. J. Addington, retired on half-pay. Dated 29th September, 1877.

Captain Henry Edward Davidson, from the Supernumerary List, to be Major, vice Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Cook. Dated 29th September, 1877.

101st Foot, Captain Arthur F. B. Wright retires on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.

102nd Foot, Lieutenant Arthur Cecil Graham Montgomery, from the Highland Borderers Militia, to be Second Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant E. B. Hutchinson, resigned. Dated 31st October, 1877.

105th Foot, Lieutenant Charles Arthur Staniland, from the Royal South Lincoln Militia, to be Second Lieutenant, in succession to Sub-Lieutenant P. G. Dwyer, transferred to the 65th Foot. Dated 31st October, 1877.

106th Foot, Major Francis Warden retires on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Lieutenant Charles Talbot Peyton, from the 10th Foot, to be Captain (vice J. W. Garlick, promoted), in recognition of his gallant services when engaged in the attack on the Stockades at Paroa, in the Malay Peninsula, on 7th December, 1875. Dated 31st October, 1877.

109th Foot, Captain Edward Vanrenen, from the 34th Foot, to be Captain, vice A. Balderston, who exchanges. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Rifle Brigade, Lieutenant the Honourable Neville Gerald Lyttelton to be Captain, vice Brevet Major B. H. Westby, retired. Dated 13th October, 1877.

2nd West India Regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Edward Russell retires on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.

BRIGADE DEPOTS.

To be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel the Honourable Richard Monck, from half-pay, late Coldstream Guards. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel John Hart Dunne, from half-pay, late 99th Foot. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel George Carden, from half-pay, late 5th Foot. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel the Honourable William Henry Herbert, from half-pay, late 4th West India Regiment. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel George Vincent Watson, from half-pay, late 24th Foot. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Lord John Henry Taylour, from half-pay, late 94th Foot. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Frederick Richard Solly Flood, from half-pay, late 82nd Foot. Dated 31st October, 1877.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Deputy Surgeon-General Vere Webb retires upon half-pay. Dated 18th September, 1877.

The undermentioned Surgeons to be Surgeons-Major. Dated 2nd October, 1877 :—

John Joseph O'Reilly.

William McWalters.

Robert Nelson Mally.

William Alister Catherwood, M.D.

William Johnston, M.D.

George Bridges Mouat, M.D.

Henry Joseph O'Brien, M.B.

Philip Lefeuve Kilroy.

John Edward Purdon, M.B.

Edward Connellan.

Henry William Alexander Mackinnon.

John FitzGerald Brodie.

HALF-PAY.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Gregory Dawkins, half-pay, late Coldstream Guards, is removed from the Army, Her Majesty having no further occasion for his services. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Captain and Brevet Major Richard Armstrong, from the 40th Foot, to be Major. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Captain and Brevet Major Thomas Lloyd, from the 35th Foot, to be Major. Dated 31st October, 1877.

GARRISONS.

Garrison Quartermaster Henry Macdonald, V.C., retires on half-pay. Dated 31st October, 1877.

BREVET.

The second Christian name of Lieutenant-General Custance, C.B., Colonel, 11th Hussars, is *Neville*, and not as stated in the Gazette of 2nd instant. The name of Lieutenant-Colonel Lock is spelt *Lock*, and not as stated in the Gazette of the 2nd instant.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel William Bolton Girdlestone, Retired List, Bengal Staff Corps (since deceased), to have the honorary rank of Major-General. Dated 16th August, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel John Roe, 11th Foot, to have the honorary rank of Major-General upon retiring on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Sussex Charles Milford, Bombay Staff Corps, to have the honorary rank of Major-General on retirement. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Howard Craufurd Elphinstone, K.C.B., V.C., C.M.G., Royal Engineers, to be Aide-de-Camp to the Queen, with the rank of Colonel in the Army. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Garrison Quartermaster Henry Macdonald, V.C., to have the honorary rank of Captain on retiring on half-pay. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Deputy Surgeon-General Vere Webb to have the honorary rank of Surgeon-General upon retiring on half-pay. Dated 18th September, 1877.

Apothecary J. Slane, Bengal Medical Establishment, to have the honorary rank of Surgeon. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Apothecary A. G. Price, Bengal Medical Establishment, to have the honorary and local rank of Surgeon. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Apothecary J. C. Ellis, Bengal Medical Establishment, to have the honorary and local rank of Surgeon. Dated 31st October, 1877.

The second Christian name of Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel W. M. Lees, Bengal Staff Corps, is *Munnings*, and not *Manning*, as hitherto stated.

The undermentioned Officers to have the honorary rank of Colonel :—

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel John W. H. C. G. Morris, retired Royal Marine Artillery. Dated 12th September, 1877.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel George Thomson, C.B., Staff Officer of Pensioners, upon retiring on a military allowance. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel Nevinson Willoughby de Courcy, C.B., retired Royal Marine Light Infantry. Dated 8th October, 1877.

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel William Clutterbuck, 56th Foot, upon retiring on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Albert Ernest Ross, 5th Foot, upon retiring upon a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel John Holmes Houston Gammell, 54th Foot, upon retiring on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.

The undermentioned Officers to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel :—

Captain and Brevet Major Francis Lean retired Royal Marine Light Infantry. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Major Francis Warden, 106th Foot, upon retiring on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.

The undermentioned Officers to have the honorary rank of Major :—

Captain William Godfrey Hale, retired Royal Marine Light Infantry. Dated 27th September, 1877.

Captain Charles D. H. Robilliard, retired Royal Marine Light Infantry. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Captain Richard Lloyd Hawkes, 36th Foot, upon retiring on a pension. Dated 22nd October, 1877.

Captain John Ayton Wood, 64th Foot, upon retiring on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Captain Latham Coddington Brownrigg, 60th Foot, upon retiring on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Captain Arthur F. B. Wright, 101st Foot, upon retiring on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.

Captain William Nassau Whitty, 10th Foot, upon retiring on a pension. Dated 31st October, 1877.

To be Generals. Dated 1st October, 1877 :—

Lieutenant-General Sir Edward Alan Holdich, K.C.B., Colonel, 57th Foot, vice W. R. Faber, C.B., Colonel, 17th Foot, whose promotion on 1st October, 1877, is cancelled.

Lieutenant-General Sir Charles William Dunbar Staveley, K.C.B., Colonel, 36th Foot, vice Sir W. Jones, K.C.B., Colonel, 32nd Foot, whose promotion on 1st October, 1877, is cancelled.

Lieutenant-General Robert Newton Phillips, Colonel, 65th Foot, vice H. R. Jones, C.B., Colonel, 6th Dragoon Guards, whose promotion on 1st October, 1877, is cancelled.

The following promotions to take place in succession to :—

General C. A. Lewis, Colonel, 64th Foot;
Lieutenant-General William Raikes Faber, C.B., Colonel, 17th Foot;

Lieutenant-General Sir William Jones, K.C.B., Colonel, 32nd Foot;

Lieutenant-General Henry Richmond Jones, C.B., Colonel, 6th Dragoon Guards; and

Lieutenant-General Arnold Charles Errington, Colonel, 85th Foot, placed upon the Retired List on 1st October, 1877, under the provisions of Article 137 of the Royal Warrant of 13th August, 1877 :—

To be General. Dated 1st October, 1877 :—

Lieutenant-General Sir Alfred Hastings Horsford, G.C.B., Colonel, 79th Foot, Military Secretary to the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief.

To be Lieutenant-Generals. Dated 1st October, 1877 :—

Major-General Thomas Pattle, C.B.

Major-General William Lenox Ingall, C.B.

Major-General Charles Pyndar Beauchamp Walker, C.B.

Major-General Henry James Stannus, C.B.

Major-General Arthur James Herbert, C.B.

The undermentioned Lieutenant-Generals on the Retired List to be Generals. Dated 1st October, 1877 :—

William Raikes Faber, C.B., Colonel, 17th Foot.

Sir William Jones, K.C.B., Colonel, 32nd Foot.

Henry Richmond Jones, C.B., Colonel, 6th Dragoon Guards.

Major-General William Clarke, on the Retired List, to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 1st October, 1877.

To be Major-Generals. Dated 1st October, 1877 :—

Brevet Colonel Sir Archibald Alison, Bart., K.C.B., from Lieutenant-Colonel, half-pay, Unattached, and Deputy Adjutant-General in Ireland.

Brevet Colonel Lindsay Farrington, from Lieutenant-Colonel, Brigade Depôt.

Brevet Colonel A. Barnard Hankey, from Lieutenant-Colonel, Brigade Depôt.

Brevet Colonel Thomas Raikes, C.B., from Lieutenant-Colonel half-pay, late 44th Foot.

Brevet Colonel Edward Newdigate, from Lieutenant-Colonel, Brigade Depôt.

To be Lieutenant-Colonels. Dated 1st October, 1877 :—

Major J. E. A. Mackintosh, half-pay, late 109th Foot.

Major William Newcomen Watts, 1st Foot.

Major George Anthony Morgan, 55th Foot.

Major Albert Seagrim, Bengal Staff Corps.

Major Harry Armstrong Brett, 43rd Foot.

To be Majors. Dated 1st October, 1877 :—

Captain James M. T. Simpson, 84th Foot.

Captain William Galbraith, 85th Foot.

Captain Arthur Jebb, 31st Foot.

Captain John Charles Douglas, 29th Foot.

Captain F. Brown Numa Craufurd, 80th Foot.

The undermentioned Officers, having completed the qualifying service, to be Colonels :—

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel C. M. MacGregor, C.S.I., Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 18th June, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel George Arnold Laughton, Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 3rd July, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sussex Charles Milford, Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 4th July, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel Andrew C. Knox Lock, 50th Foot. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Valentine E. Story, half-pay, Unattached, and Staff Officer of Pensioners. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Smith Vacher, half-pay, late 22nd Foot, an Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster-General in Ireland. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel James Harwood Rocke, half-pay, late 18th Foot. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Prim Hutton, 30th Foot. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel William Lacy, half-pay, Unattached, Staff Officer of Pensioners. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Montagu Smyth, half-pay, 44th Foot, and Staff Officer of Pensioners. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Drummond Scrase Dickins, 31st Foot. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel George F. Moore, half-pay, Unattached, and Staff Officer of Pensioners. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Daniel Henry Mackinnon, half-pay, Unattached, and Staff Officer of Pensioners. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Edward Astell, half-pay, 45th Foot, and Staff Officer of Pensioners. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel James Baillie, half-pay, Unattached, and Staff Officer of Pensioners. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Edward John Dickson, Staff Captain, Isle of Man. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Wiltshire Lynch, 10th Foot. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel George Digby Barker, 64th Foot. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Cole Faulkner, half-pay, Unattached, and Staff Officer of Pensioners. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel William John Dorehill, half-pay, late 43rd Foot, and Staff Officer of Pensioners. Dated 1st October, 1877.

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel George Owen Bowdler, 40th Foot. Dated 19th October, 1877.

Lieutenant-Colonel George Daniel Webber, C.B., 2nd West India Regiment. Dated 19th October, 1877.

The undermentioned Officers to be Lieutenant-Colonels. Dated 1st October, 1877 :—

Major Edward Abbott Noblett, half-pay, late 18th Foot.

Captain and Brevet Major Robert Cathcart Dalrymple Bruce, half-pay, late 8th Foot and Staff Officer of Pensioners.

Major Thomas George O'Donoghue Hervey, half-pay, late Ceylon Rifle Regiment.
Major William Hallowes, 85th Foot.

The undermentioned Officers to be Majors. Dated 1st October, 1877 :—

Captain George Ffrench Stehelin, 4th Foot.
Captain James Bower Jackson, half-pay, late 21st Foot, and Acting Staff Officer of Pensioners.
Captain Robert Lewis, 14th Foot.

MEMORANDA.

Lieutenant-Colonel David Latouche Colthurst, half-pay, late 20th Foot, retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 13th October, 1877.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel George Thomson, C.B., retires on a military allowance on vacating his appointment as Staff Officer of Pensioners, from 1st October, 1877, inclusive.

32 and 33 Vic., cap. 17.

WHEREAS application has been made to me, the Right Honourable Richard Assheton Cross, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by the Justices of the Peace for the East Riding of the county of York, in Quarter Sessions assembled, to vary the time during which the killing, wounding, and taking of sea birds is prohibited by the Act 32 and 33 Vic., cap. 17, as varied by an Order made under that Act by the Secretary of State, dated the 27th of October, 1874, as regards the said Riding.

I do, hereby, in virtue of the power conferred on me by section 2 of the above-mentioned Act, by this Order, under my hand, vary the time during which it is prohibited to kill, wound, or take sea birds in the East Riding of the county of York, and do order that the time during which it is prohibited to kill, wound, or take sea birds in the said Riding of the said county shall be extended from the fifteenth day of August to the first day of September, in each year.

Given under my hand at Whitehall, this 25th day of October, 1877.

Richard Assheton Cross.

ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT, 1876.

GENERAL ORDER of the Local Government Board : Prescribing "Attendance" as regards Workhouse Schools :—

To the Guardians of the Poor of the several Unions and separate Parishes in England and Wales :

To the Boards of Management of the several District Schools formed under the Poor Law Amendment Act, 1844, and the Acts amending the same ;

And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS by section 5 of the Elementary Education Act, 1876, it is enacted as follows :—

"A person shall not, after the commencement of this Act, take into his employment (except as hereinafter in this Act mentioned) any child—

- (1.) Who is under the age of ten years ; or
- (2.) Who, being of the age of ten years or upwards, has not obtained such certificate either of his proficiency in reading, writing, and elementary arithmetic, or of previous due attendance at a certified efficient school, as in this Act in that behalf mentioned, unless such child, being of the age of ten years or upwards, is employed and is attending school,

in accordance with the provisions of the Factory Acts, or of any bye-law of the local authority (hereinafter mentioned) made under section seventy-four of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, as amended by the Elementary Education Act, 1873, and this Act, and sanctioned by the Education Department."

And whereas by section 48 of the said Act it is provided that the term "certified efficient school" in that Act means (among other schools) "any workhouse school certified to be efficient by the Local Government Board;"

And whereas by Rule No. 11 in the first schedule to the said Act it is provided that attendance for the purpose of that schedule includes, where the attendance is at a workhouse school, such attendance as may be from time to time directed for the purpose by the Local Government Board:

Now, therefore, We, the Local Government Board, in pursuance of the powers given by the Statutes in that behalf, hereby direct, for the purpose of the said schedule as regards children who attend a workhouse school certified by the Local Government Board to be efficient, as follows:

ARTICLE I.—An attendance of a child at a workhouse school certified as aforesaid shall be deemed to be an attendance for the purpose of the said schedule, where such child has attended the school and been under instruction in secular subjects at the morning or afternoon meeting of the school for not less than two hours if the child is above seven years of age, or for not less than one hour and a half if the child is above five and under seven years of age.

Provided, that where a child, if above seven years of age, has so attended and been under instruction in secular subjects for not less than three hours in the morning and one hour in the afternoon of the same day; or if above five and under seven years of age, for not less than two hours in the morning and one hour in the afternoon of the same day, each such attendance shall in each case be deemed to be an attendance for the purpose aforesaid.

ARTICLE II. Any time which may be devoted to instruction in drill or to industrial training, other than a reasonable time for needlework in the case of girls, shall not be included in the time prescribed for an attendance for the purpose aforesaid.

ARTICLE III. In this Order,—

The word "Union" includes any union of parishes incorporated or united for the relief or maintenance of the poor under any Act of Parliament.

The term "Separate parish" means a parish or place which is under a separate Board of Guardians.

The word "Guardians" includes any Governors, Directors, Managers, Acting Guardians, Vestrymen, or other Officers appointed or entitled to act in the distribution or ordering of relief to the poor from the poor rates under any Act of Parliament.

The term "Workhouse School" includes any school, certified as aforesaid, belonging to a Union or separate parish which is under distinct management from that of the workhouse whether the school buildings are part of the workhouse premises or, being separate from the workhouse, are situated either within or without the limits of the Union or separate parish, and also any school belonging to a school district formed under the Poor

Law Amendment Act, 1844, and Acts amending the same.

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board, this twenty-seventh day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven.



G. Sclater-Booth,
President.

Danby P. Fry, Assistant Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the New Wesleyan Chapel, situate at Dunnington, in the parish of Dunnington, in the county of York, in the district of York, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 5th day of October, 1877, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. 4, cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 9th day of October, 1877.

Henry Brearey, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Our Lady of the Angels and St. Winifride, situated at Queen's-road, in the town of Aberystwyth, in the county of Cardigan, in the district of Aberystwyth, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 22nd day of October, 1877, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. 4, cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 26th day of October 1877.

Hugh Hughes, Superintendent Registrar.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of the Scilly Islands Telegraph Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Master of the Rolls has fixed Monday, the 12th day of November, 1877, at twelve o'clock at noon, at his chambers, in Rolls-yard, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, as the time and place for the appointment of an Official Liquidator of the above Company.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

COTTON STATISTICS' ACT, 1868.

RETURN of the Quantities of COTTON Imported and Exported at the various Ports of the United Kingdom during the Week ended 25th October, 1877.

	Imports.		Exports.	
	Bales.		Bales.	
American	11,947		2,552	
Brazilian	1,124		...	
East Indian	35,138		3,745	
Egyptian	10,233		302	
Miscellaneous	1,526		91	
Total	59,968		6,690	

Dated 26th October, 1877.

R. GIFFEN,
Statistical and Commercial Department,
Board of Trade.

RECEIPTS into and PAYMENTS out of the EXCHEQUER, between the 1st April, 1877, and the 27th October, 1877.

REVENUE AND OTHER RECEIPTS.	Estimate for 1877-8.	Total Receipts into the Exchequer from		EXPENDITURE AND OTHER PAYMENTS.	Estimate for 1877-8.	Total Issues out of Exchequer to meet Payments from	
		1st April, 1877, to 27th October, 1877.	1st April, 1876, to 28th October, 1876.			1st April, 1877, to 27th October, 1877.	1st April, 1876, to 28th October, 1876.
Balance on 1st April, 1877 :—	£	£	£		£	£	£
Bank of England	—	4,815,797	3,826,896				
Bank of Ireland	—	1,172,853	1,292,691				
		5,988,650	5,119,587				
REVENUE.				EXPENDITURE.			
Customs... ..	19,850,000	11,126,000	11,224,000	Permanent Charge of Debt	*28,000,000	18,469,913	18,544,939
Excise	27,500,000	14,440,000	14,679,000	Interest on Temporary Loans for Local Works, and Interest, &c., on Ex- chequer Bonds (Sic.)	*420,000	218,382	135,375
Stamps	10,920,000	6,110,000	6,107,000	Other Charges on Consolidated Fund	*1,600,000	1,036,346	1,102,429
Land Tax and House Duty	2,560,000	668,000	571,000	Supply Services	†49,125,000	26,699,886	26,120,838
Property and Income Tax	5,540,000	1,486,000	1,100,000				
Post Office	6,100,000	3,706,000	3,517,000	ESTIMATE	79,145,000		
Telegraph Service	1,300,000	755,000	730,000				
Crown Lands	410,000	215,000	215,000				
Interest on advances for Local Works and on Purchase Money of Suez Canal Shares... ..	949,000	506,808	399,424	EXPENDITURE		46,424,527	45,903,581
Miscellaneous	4,017,000	1,991,431	2,088,550				
REVENUE	79,146,000	41,004,239	40,630,974	OTHER PAYMENTS.			
Total including Balance		46,992,889	45,750,561	Advances, under various Acts, issued from the Exchequer		2,939,095	2,431,620
OTHER RECEIPTS.				Expenses of Fortifications and Military Barracks		500,000	500,000
Money raised for Purchase of Shares in the Suez Canal (balance of £4,000,000)	—	—	700,000	Exchequer Bills paid off		7,900	81,400
Advances, under various Acts, repaid to the Exchequer		803,122	798,634	Treasury Bills ditto		2,915,900	—
Money raised for Fortifications and Military Barracks		500,000	500,000				
Ditto Local Loans, by Exchequer Bonds		—	1,000,000				
Ditto ditto Treasury Bills		4,485,000	—	Balances on 27th October, 1877:—			
Temporary Advances not repaid		1,300,000	1,350,000	{ Bank of England		1,035,085	821,289
				{ Bank of Ireland...		259,404	361,305
Totals		54,081,011	50,099,195	Totals		54,081,011	50,099,195

Treasury, 30th October, 1877.

* As stated in the Budget.

† As granted by the Appropriation Act.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1869.

RETURN of the NUMBER of PLACES in GREAT BRITAIN upon which Contagious or Infectious Disease (except Sheep-Scab) has been reported to have existed during the Week ended October 20th, 1877, with particulars relating thereto.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

	Farms or other Places.			Cattle Attacked.		Diseased Cattle.				Cases which existed in previous Weeks not reported until this Week.	
	Number reported upon this Week which have been previously reported upon.	Number upon which Fresh Outbreaks have been reported to have taken place during the Week.	Total Number reported upon during the Week.	Remaining diseased from the previous Week.	Attacked during the Week.	Killed.	Died.	Recovered.	Remaining.	Fresh Outbreaks.	Cattle Attacked.
ENGLAND.											
COUNTY.*											
Buckingham ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cambridge (ex. Liberty of the Isle of Ely).	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chester	2	1	3	..	2	1	1	..	..	..	..
Cumberland ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Derby	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Devon	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Durham	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Essex	5	2	7	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	4
Huntingdon ..	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
Kent (ex. Metropolis).	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
Lancaster	3	1	4	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
Leicester	3	1	4	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
Middlesex (ex. Metropolis).	3	..	3	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	..
Norfolk	3	..	3	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..
Northampton (ex. Soke of Peterborough).	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
Salop	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
Stafford	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
Suffolk	1	2	3	1	2	3	..	..	..	1	1
Surrey (ex. Metropolis).	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sussex	1	1	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
Warwick	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
York, North Riding.	1	2	3	..	6	6	..	..	..	..	..
" West Riding.	2	3	5	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..
Liberty of the Isle of Ely.	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Metropolis	8	2	10	1	9	10	..	..	..	1	1
WALES.											
COUNTY.*											
Anglesey	2	..	2	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..
Merioneth .. ..	..	1	1	..	7	7	..	..	..	..	..
SCOTLAND.											
COUNTY.*											
Aberdeen	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Banff	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Edinburgh	6	3	9	..	20	20	..	..	..	..	..
Fife	4	2	6	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..
Forfar	6	..	6	1	2	3	..	..	..	1	1
Lanark	5	..	5	12	3	15	..	..	..	1	12
Perth	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Renfrew	2	..	2	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..
Roxburgh	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL ..	83	23	106	15	79	93	1	..	..	4	19

GLANDERS.

	Farms or other Places.			Horses Attacked.		Diseased Horses.				Cases which existed in previous Weeks not reported until this Week.	
	Number reported upon this Week which have been previously reported upon.	Number upon which Fresh Outbreaks have been reported to have taken place during the Week.	Total Number reported upon during the Week.	Remaining diseased from the previous Week.	Attacked during the Week.	Killed.	Died.	Recovered.	Remaining.	Fresh Outbreaks.	Horses Attacked.
ENGLAND.											
COUNTY.*											
Hants .. ..	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
Leicester .. ..	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
Middlesex (ex. Metropolis).	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sussex .. ..	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..
The Metropolis	3	2	5	..	5	5	..	..	..	..	..
SCOTLAND.											
COUNTY.*											
Renfrew	1	..	1	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL ..	5	5	10	2	8	9	..	..	1	..	..

FARCY.

	Farms or other Places.			Horses Attacked.		Diseased Horses.				Cases which existed in previous Weeks not reported until this Week.	
	Number reported upon this Week which have been previously reported upon.	Number upon which Fresh Outbreaks have been reported to have taken place during the Week.	Total Number reported upon during the Week.	Remaining diseased from the previous Week.	Attacked during the Week.	Killed.	Died.	Recovered.	Remaining.	Fresh Outbreaks.	Horses Attacked.
ENGLAND.											
COUNTY.*											
Buckingham ..	1	..	1	3	..	1	..	..	2	..	..
Hants .. ..	..	1	1	..	2	2	..	..	2	..	..
Norfolk	2	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sussex	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Warwick	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Metropolis	2	2	4	7	4	6	..	..	5	..	..
TOTAL ..	7	3	10	12	6	9	..	..	9	..	..

* Counties include such Boroughs and Burghs as are locally situated within the limits of the Counties, or, if surrounded by two or more Counties, then they are included in the County with which they have the longest common boundary. Berwick-upon-Tweed is included in Northumberland.

Veterinary Department, Privy Council Office, 30th October, 1877.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week, ending Saturday, the 20th day of October, 1877.

PRIVATE BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£
Ashford Bank	Ashford	Pomfret and Co.	9993
Aylesbury Old Bank	Aylesbury	Cobb and Co.	19288
Baldock Bank and Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	Biggleswade	Wells, Hogge, and Co.	20101
Barnstaple Bank	Barnstaple	Marshall and Co.	4641
Bedford Bank	Bedford	Barnard and Co.	29105
Becester and Oxfordshire Bank and Oxford Bank	Bicester	Tubb and Co.	14295
Boston Bank	Boston	Garfit and Co.	54373
Broseley and Bridgnorth and Bridgnorth and Broseley Bank	Broseley	Pritchard and Co.	11411
Buckingham Bank	Buckingham	Bartlett, Parrott, and Co.	18325
Bury and Suffolk Bank, Sudbury Bank, and Stowmarket Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Oakes, Bevan, and Co.	37415
Banbury Bank	Banbury	J. C. and A. Gillett	20821
Banbury Old Bank	Banbury	Cobb and Son	18393
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	Leighton Buzzard	Bassett, Son, and Co.	31681
Brecon Old Bank	Brecon	Wilkins and Co.	32371
Brighton Union Bank	Brighton	Hall and Co.	21920
Burlington and Driffeld Bank	Burlington	Harding, Mortlock, and Co.	11952
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Huddleston and Co.	2700
Cambridge Bank	Cambridge	Mortlock and Co.	13631
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	Cambridge	Messrs. Fosters	49464
Canterbury Bank	Canterbury	Hammond and Co.	20635
Colchester Bank	Colchester	Round, Green, and Co.	12006
Colchester and Essex Bank, and Witham and Essex Bank, and Hadleigh Suffolk Bank	Colchester	Mills and Co.	26825
Cornish Bank, Truro	Truro	Tweedy and Co.	26425
City Bank, Exeter	Exeter	Milford and Co.	13703
Craven Bank	Settle	Birkbeck, Robinson, and Co.	73448
Derby Bank	Derby	Samuel Smith and Co.	30670
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	Devizes	Locke and Co.	4586
Darlington Bank, Durham Bank, and Stockton-on-Tees Bank	Darlington	Backhouse and Co.	85785
Devonport Bank	Devonport	Hodge and Co.	4762
Dorchester Old Bank and Dorsetshire Bank	Dorchester	Williams and Co.	38690
East Cornwall Bank	Liskeard	Robins, Foster, and Co.	89463
East Riding Bank	Beverley	Beckett and Co.	54867
Essex Bank and Bishop's Stortford Bank	Chelmsford	Sparrow, Tufnell, and Co.	36800
Exeter Bank	Exeter	Sanders and Co.	16043
Farnham Bank	Farnham	Knight and Sons	6414
Faversham Bank	Faversham	Hilton and Co.	5273

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.				Average Amounts.
				£
Godalming Bank	Godalming	Mellersh and Co.	6060	
Guildford Bank	Guildford	Haydon and Co.	10580	
Grantham Bank	Grantham	Hardy and Co.	1737	
Hull Bank and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	Hull	Smith, Brothers, and Co.	19450	
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	Huntingdon	Veasey and Co.... ..	25425	
Harwich Bank	Harwich	Cox, Cobbold, and Co.... ..	4408	
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	Hitchin	Sharples and Co.	30575	
Ipswich Bank	Ipswich	Bacon and Co.	1718	
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank, Suffolk, Hadleigh Bank, Manningtree and Mistley Bank, and Woodbridge Bank... ..	Ipswich	Alexanders and Co.	49235	
Kentish Bank	Maidstone	Wigan, Mercers, and Co.	17372	
Kington and Radnorshire Bank	Kington	Davies and Co.	23487	
Knaresborough Old Bank and Ripon Old Bank	Knaresborough	Harrison and Co.	17895	
Kendal Bank... ..	Kendal	Wakefield, Crewdson, & Co.	42085	
Leeds Bank	Leeds	Beckett and Co.... ..	11867	
Leeds Union Bank	Leeds	W. Williams Brown and Co.	35560	
Leicester Bank	Leicester... ..	T. and T. T. Paget	27429	
Lewes Old Bank	Lewes	Molineux and Co.	22712	
Lincoln Bank	Lincoln	Smith, Ellison, and Co.... ..	93840	
Llandovery Bank; Lampeter Bank, and Llandilo Bank	Llandovery	D. Jones and Co.	23761	
Loughborough Bank... ..	Loughborough	Middleton, Cradock, and Co.	7568	
Lymington Bank	Lymington	St. Barbe and Co.	2347	
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank... ..	Lynn Regis	Gurneys and Co.	30965	
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	Lynn Regis	Jarvis and Co.	10290	
Macclesfield Bank	Macclesfield	Brocklehurst and Co.	8825	
Miners' Bank	Truro	Willyams and Co.	15656	
Monmouth Old Bank	Monmouth	Bromage and Co.	1906	
Newark Bank	Newark	Godfrey and Riddell	6907	
Newark and Sleaford Bank, and Sleaford and Newark Bank	Sleaford	Handley, Peacock, and Co.	36078	
Newbury Bank	Newbury	Sloccock, Bunny, and Co.	12235	
Newmarket Bank	Newmarket	Hammond and Co.	13510	
Norwich and Norfolk and Fakenham Banks	Norwich	Gurneys, Birkbecks, and Co.	94284	
Naval Bank, Plymouth	Plymouth	Harris, Bulteel, and Co	27019	
New Sarum Bank	Sarum	Pinckney Brothers	3792	
Nottingham Bank	Nottingham	Samuel Smith and Co.	30537	
Oswestry Bank and Oswestry Old Bank	Oswestry	Croxon and Co.... ..	7824	
Oxford Old Bank	Oxford	Parsons and Co.	29482	
Old Bank, Tonbridge, Tonbridge and Tonbridge Wells Old Bank, Tonbridge and Tonbridge Wells and Sevenoaks Bank	Tonbridge	Beechings and Co.	12476	
Oxfordshire Witney Bank	Witney	J. W. Clinch and Sons	6699	
Pease's Old Bank, Hull, the Hull Old Bank and Beverley Bank	Hull	Peases and Co.	4788	
Penzance Bank	Penzance	Batten and Co.	7628	
Reading Bank	Reading	Simonds and Co.	22480	
Reading Bank	Reading	Stephens, Blandy, and Co.	25591	
Richmond Bank	Richmond	Roper and Co.	6835	
Royston Bank	Royston	Fordham and Co.	7409	
Rye Bank	Rye	Curteis, Pomfret, and Co. Not received.		

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£
Saffron Walden and North Essex Bank	Saffron Walden ...	Gibson, Tuke, and Co. ...	18837
Salop Bank	Shrewsbury ...	Burton, Lloyd, and Co. ...	3886
Scarborough Old Bank	Scarborough ...	Woodall and Co. ...	24753
Shrewsbury Old Bank and Shrewsbury and Ludlow Bank ...	Shrewsbury ...	Rocke, Eyton, and Co. ...	22502
Sittingbourne and Milton Bank ...	Sittingbourne ...	Vallance and Co. ...	1590
Southampton Town and County Bank	Southampton ...	Maddison, Atherley, & Co. ...	8311
Stamford and Rutland Bank ...	Stamford ...	Eaton, Cayley, and Co. ...	11634
Shrewsbury and Welsh Pool Bank ...	Shrewsbury ..	Beck, Beck, and Co. ...	17859
Tavistock Bank	Tavistock ...	Gill, Morshead, and Co. ...	11197
Thornbury Bank	Thornbury ...	Harwood and Co. ...	6913
Tiverton and Devonshire Bank ...	Tiverton ...	Dunsford and Co. ...	5589
Thrapston and Kettering Bank, } Northamptonshire	Thrapston ..	Eland and Eland ...	11235
Tring Bank and Chesham Bank ...	Tring ...	Butcher and Sons ...	11835
Towcester Old Bank	Towcester ...	Whitworth and Co. ...	5138
Union Bank, Cornwall	Helston ...	Vivian and Co. ...	5265
Uxbridge Old Bank	Uxbridge ...	Hull, Smith, and Co. ...	6090
Wallingford Bank	Wallingford ...	Hedges, Wells, and Co. ...	3461
Warwick and Warwickshire Bank ...	Warwick ...	Greenway and Co. ...	21903
Wellington Somerset Bank	Wellington ...	Fox, Brothers, and Co. ...	4148
West Riding Bank, Wakefield, and } Pontefract Bank	Wakefield ...	Leatham, Tew, and Co. ...	46461
Whitby Old Bank	Whitby ...	Simpson, Chapman, and Co. ...	10070
Winchester, Alresford, and Alton Bank	Winchester ...	Bulpett and Co. ...	9368
Weymouth Old Bank and Dorchester Bank	Weymouth ...	Eliot, Pearce, and Co. ...	11705
Wisbech and Lincolnshire Bank ...	Wisbech ...	Gurney and Co. ...	39655
Wiveliscombe Bank	Wiveliscombe ...	W. Hancock ...	1788
Worcester Old Bank and Tewkesbury Old Bank	Worcester ...	Berwick, Lechmere, and Co. ...	50232
Yarmouth and Suffolk Bank, and } Halesworth and Suffolk Bank }	Yarmouth ...	Gurneys, Birkbeck, and Co. ...	48285
Yarmouth, Norfolk, and Suffolk Bank	Great Yarmouth	Sir E. H. K. Lacon, Bt., and Co.	10797
York Bank	York ...	Swann, Clough, and Co. Not received.	

JOINT STOCK BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount
			£
Bank of Westmorland	Kendal ...	...	11389
Barnsley Banking Company	Barnsley ...	...	8594
Bradford Banking Company	Bradford ...	...	47720
Bank of Whitehaven Limited	Whitehaven ...	...	26380
Bradford Commercial Banking Company ...	Bradford ...	...	20500
Burton, Uttoxeter, and Ashbourne Union Bank ...	Burton-upon-Trent ...	...	40478
Chesterfield and North Derbyshire Banking Company	Chesterfield ...	...	9887
Cumberland Union Banking Company Limited ...	Carlisle ...	...	34757
Coventry and Warwickshire Banking Company ...	Coventry ...	...	14615
Coventry Union Banking Company	Coventry ...	...	14078
County of Gloucester Banking Company	Cheltenham ...	...	86585

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.		Average Amount.
Carlisle and Cumberland Banking Company	Carlisle	£ 24400
Carlisle City and District Bank	Carlisle	19682
County of Stafford Bank, late Bilston District Banking Company	Wolverhampton	8198
Derby and Derbyshire Banking Company	Derby	19407
Darlington District Joint Stock Banking Company	Darlington	27023
Gloucestershire Banking Company	Gloucester	145725
Halifax Joint Stock Bank	Halifax	18114
Huddersfield Banking Company	Huddersfield	39612
Hull Banking Company	Hull	30573
Halifax Commercial Banking Company Limited	Halifax	13268
Halifax and Huddersfield Union Banking Company	Halifax	28812
Knarborough and Claro Banking Company	Knarborough	27173
Lancaster Banking Company	Lancaster	60082
Leicestershire Banking Company	Leicester	66900
Lincoln and Lindsey Banking Company	Lincoln	46620
Leamington Priors and Warwickshire Banking Company	Leamington Priors	11824
Ludlow and Tenbury Bank	Ludlow	9973
Moore and Robinson's Nottinghamshire Banking Company Limited	Nottingham	31078
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Banking Company	Nottingham	27927
Northamptonshire Union Bank	Northampton	63925
Northamptonshire Banking Company	Northampton	17075
North and South Wales Bank	Liverpool	59083
Pares's Leicestershire Banking Company	Leicester	56309
Sheffield Banking Company	Sheffield	28490
Stamford, Spalding, and Boston Banking Company	Stamford	50965
Stuckey's Banking Company, Bristol Somersstshire Bank, and Somersetshire Bank	Langport	324386
Stourbridge and Kidderminster Banking Company	Stourbridge	46500
Sheffield and Hallamshire Banking Company	Sheffield	23031
Sheffield and Rotherham Joint Stock Banking Company	Sheffield	45994
Swaledale and Wensleydale Banking Company	Richmond	51089
Wolverhampton and Staffordshire Banking Company	Wolverhampton	19324
Wakefield and Barnsley Union Bank	Wakefield	13848
Whitehaven Joint Stock Banking Company	Whitehaven	27014
West of England and South Wales District Bank	Bristol	73270
Wilts and Dorset Banking Company	Salisbury	74045
West Riding Union Banking Company	Huddersfield	33604
Whitchurch and Ellesmere Banking Company	Whitchurch	4429
Worcester City and County Banking Company Limited	Worcester	1983
York Union Banking Company	York	73605
York City and County Banking Company	York	93959
Yorkshire Banking Company	Leeds	119210

W. H. COUSINS, Registrar of Bank Returns.

Inland Revenue Office, October 27, 1877.

STATEMENT showing the Quantities Sold and Average Price of BRITISH CORN, Imperial Measure, as received from the Inspectors and Officers of Excise, conformably to the Act of the 27th and 28th Victoria, cap. 87, in the Week ended 27th October, 1877.

	QUANTITIES SOLD.		AVERAGE PRICE.	
	Qrs.	Bus.	s.	d.
Wheat	48,298	7	58	7
Barley	84,917	5	42	4
Oats	4,397	2	28	8

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT for the corresponding Week in each of the Years from 1873 to 1876.

Corresponding Week in	QUANTITIES SOLD.						AVERAGE PRICES.					
	WHEAT.		BARLEY.		OATS		WHEAT.		BARLEY.		OATS.	
	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
1873	53,648	2	77,021	6	4,832	5	59	10	43	1	25	0
1874	54,414	7	87,790	0	3,521	7	44	1	42	11	27	11
1875	52,392	6	61,459	1	2,952	6	47	4	38	1	24	6
1876	51,067	5	68,331	1	2,584	3	47	1	38	9	25	2

Statistical and Corn Department, Board of Trade,
October 27, 1877.

R. GIFFEN,
Comptroller of Corn Returns.

CORN IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

AN ACCOUNT showing the Quantities of the several kinds of Corn and Meal Imported into each division of the United Kingdom; and the Quantities of British and Foreign Corn and Meal, of the same kinds, Exported from the United Kingdom, in the Week ended the 27th October, 1877.

	QUANTITIES IMPORTED INTO—				QUANTITIES EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM.		
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	The United Kingdom.	British.	Colonial and Foreign.	Total Exported.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Wheat	923,097	214,106	270,109	1,407,312	19,711	21,110	40,821
Barley	214,680	57,649	12,704	285,033	370	215	585
Oats	128,413	14,587	...	143,000	310	2,539	2,849
Rye	3,975	7,811	...	11,786	...	...	...
Pease	16,460	2,410	42	18,912	674	...	674
Beans	111,532	27,197	...	138,729	85	1,706	1,791
Indian Corn	373,006	30,650	242,207	645,863	...	1,930	1,930
Buckwheat	5,416	...	...	5,416	...	...	...
Bere or Bigg ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Corn (exclusive of Malt)...	1,776,579	354,410	525,062	2,656,051	21,150	27,500	48,650
Wheatmeal or Flour...	96,342	81,320	17,309	194,971	1,489	180	1,669
Barley Meal ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oat Meal	5,627	...	...	5,627	154	...	154
Rye Meal	1,025	...	...	1,025	...	...	...
Pea Meal ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bean Meal ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indian Corn Meal	313	...	...	313	...	1	313
Buckwheat Meal ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Meal	103,307	81,320	17,309	201,936	1,643	181	1,824
Total of Corn and Meal (exclusive of Malt)	1,879,886	435,730	542,371	2,857,987	22,793	27,681	50,474
Malt (entered by the Quarter)	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.
	...	...	...	...	1,357	...	1,357

Statistical Office, Custom House, London,
October 29, 1877.

S. SELDON,
Principal.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Friends to Loyalty Benefit Society, Register No. 1109, held at the Berkeley Arms Tavern, John-street, Berkeley-square, in the county of Middlesex, is dissolved by instrument, registered at this office, the 23rd day of October, 1877, unless within three months from the date of the Gazette in which this advertisement appears, proceedings be commenced by a member or other person interested in or having any claim on the funds of the Society to set aside such dissolution, and the same be set aside accordingly.

J. M. Ludlow, Chief Registrar of Friendly Societies.

28, Abingdon-street, Westminster,
the 23rd day of October, 1877.

In the Matter of British Letters Patent granted to Julius Whitehead, of Darwen, in the county of Lancaster, Fire Clay Works Manager, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus to be employed in the moulding of sanitary tubes or pipes," bearing date the 12th day of December, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the said Julius Whitehead has applied by petition to the Commissioners of Patents for leave to enter a Disclaimer and Memorandum of Alteration of certain parts of the specification of the said Letters Patent; and any person intending to oppose such application must leave notice thereof at the office of the Solicitor-General, 2, Hare-court, Temple, within ten days from the date hereof.—Dated this 30th day of October, 1877.

Walter Brierley, Offices for Patents,
Halifax and Blackburn, Agent for the
said Julius Whitehead.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that—

2135. James Parkes, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, has given notice at the Office of the Commissioners of his intention to proceed with his application for letters patent for the invention of "certain improvements in taps or cocks for steam water and other similar purposes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 1st day of June, 1877.

2217. And Henry Jubber, of 15, Horn-ton-street, High-street, Kensington, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in raising sunken ships and other submerged bodies, and in apparatus to be used for this purpose."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 7th day of June, 1877.

2343. And Samuel Howard Stott, of Preston, in the county of Lancaster, Cotton Spinner, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for regulating the temperature of artificial incubators, conservatories, and other structures, applicable also to regulating the temperature of fluids."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 15th day of June, 1877.

2357. And John Feaver, of Bermondsey, in the county of Surrey, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in

the manufacture of hats, caps, and other coverings for the head with a view to ventilating them."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 16th day of June, 1877.

2369. And William Robert Lake, of the firm of Haseltine, Lake, & Co., Patent Agents, South-ampton-buildings, London, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved apparatus or machinery for cutting, trimming, or shearing sheet metal."—A communication to him from abroad by George Holmes Perkins, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 18th day of June, 1877.

2377. And Henry Denton, of Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, Agricultural Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in chain harrows."

2380. And Henry Studdy, of Waddeton Court, in the county of Devon, Gentleman, Commodore Royal Dart Yacht Club, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of an "improved apparatus for facilitating the adjustment of mats, sails, or the like for covering holes or fractures caused by collisions or otherwise in ships' bottoms, which apparatus may also be used as a raft."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 19th day of June, 1877.

2386. And William Holmes Haigh, of Featherstone-buildings, Holborn, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in astronomical apparatus for illustrating the position of every part of the heavens with regard to every part of the earth at every period of the year."

2389. And Theodore Kromer, of Freiburg, in the German Empire, but at present of No. 20, South-ampton-buildings, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in means for detecting the opening of adhesive envelopes or the removal of adhesive labels, applicable also in sympathetic writing."—The result partly of a communication made to him from abroad by William Kromer, of Freiburg, in the German Empire, and partly of an invention made by himself.

2394. And Edward Primerose Howard Vaughan, F.C.S., of 67, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved apparatus to be used in connection with portable or fixed chaff-cutters for pressing chaff into bags."—A communication to him from abroad by William Andrews, of Christchurch, Canterbury, in the Colony of New Zealand, Engineer, and Henry Moffat, of Lincoln, Canterbury aforesaid, Miller and Farmer.

2397. And William Terrell, of the firm of William Terrell & Sons, of No. 6, Welch Back, & Edward Turner, of No. 3, Canons-marsh, both in the city & county of Bristol, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of packing for glands."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 20th day of June, 1877.

2402. And Martyn John Roberts, of the city of Bath, Esquire, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in vehicles for tramways and railways."

2404. And John Eades, Manager of the Manchester Carriage Company's Works, Pendleton, in the county of Lancaster, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of tramway cars."

2408. And James Robert Dry, of 25, Oriental-street, East India-road, in the county of Middlesex, and Sebastian Anderson, of Selhurst, in the county of Surrey, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for scutching flax and other like straws and fibrous bodies."

2409. And John Luke, of Headswood House, Denny, in the county of Stirling, North Britain, Paper Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of paper, and in the machinery employed therein."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 21st day of June, 1877.

2420. And Alfred Colson, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus used in the manufacture of gas."

2422. And William Milner, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Merchant, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in joining the ends of railway rails, part of such improvements being applicable for other purposes."—A communication to him from abroad by John E. Atwood, of Stonington, in the United States of America.

2426. And Henry Gardner, of the firm of Robertson, Brooman, and Company, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agents, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of railway sleepers in metal and in the forms of said sleepers."—A communication to him from abroad by Messieurs Brunon frères, residing at Rue des Halles, Paris, France.

2434. And William Robert Lake, of the firm of Haseltine, Lake, & Co., Patent Agents, Southampton-buildings, London, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved rotary steam engine."—A communication to him from abroad by Mathieu Antoine Théodore Averseng, of Paris, France.

2438. And Thomas Russell Crampton, of 13, Victoria-street, in the city of Westminster, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of cement and in the treatment of cement producing or analogous materials."

As set forth in their respective petition, all recorded in the said office on the 22nd day of June, 1877.

2440. And Adolphe Romain, Civil Engineer, of 82, Boulevard Sébastopol, Paris, in the Republic of France, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in match boxes automatically lighting the matches."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 23rd day of June, 1877.

2451. And William Groves, of No. 4, Herne's Hill-terrace, Pentonville, London, Bag Maker, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in bag frames."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 25th day of June, 1877.

2459. And Benjamin Alfred Dobson, of the firm of Messieurs Dobson & Barlow, of Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, Machine Maker, has given the like notice in respect of the in-

vention of "improvements in machinery for preparing cotton & other fibrous substances."

2461. And Herbert John Haddan, of the firm of Herbert and Company, Patent Agents, of 67, Strand, in the city of Westminster, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention "improvements in brushes and curry combs."—A communication to him from abroad by Charles Edward Latimer Holmes and William Edmond Lawrence, both of New York, in the United States of America.

2469. And Richard Russell Gubbins, Engineer, and James Whitestone, Civil Engineer, both of Upper Thames-street, in the city of London, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements applicable to valves for gas, water, or steam pipes, and in the means of cleaning and grinding the working faces of such valves, part of which improvements are also applicable for protecting parts of other machines or apparatus from injury by oxidation."

2471. And Joseph Cooper, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Joiners' Tool Manufacturer, and John Robert Cooper, of Birmingham aforesaid, Manager of Works, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in connecting door and other knobs to their spindles, and in adjusting the said knobs on their spindles."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 26th day of June, 1877.

2488. And Frederick Deacon Marshall, of Cambridge-street, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of gas, and in apparatus therefor."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 27th day of June, 1877.

2490. And Charles Henry Denham, of Howrah, in the Province of Bengal, in the Indian Empire, but at present of No. 21, Carlton-road, Maida Vale, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in cast-iron railway sleepers."

2493. And Herbert John Haddan, of the firm of Herbert and Company, Patent Agents, of 67, Strand, in the city of Westminster, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in pencils."—A communication to him from abroad by Robert Duncan, of New York, United States of America.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 28th day of June, 1877.

2522. And Henry Shephard, of Old Lenton, in the county of Nottingham, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in coupling apparatus applicable to railway and other carriages and trucks."

2523. And John Edward Orrell, of Withington, in the county of Lancaster, late Major 3rd Royal Lancashire Militia, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in knapsacks and in the method of attaching or suspending the same to or upon the bearers, applicable also in the carrying of other loads."

2532. And Frederick Bogen, of No. 17, Adelaide-road, N.W., in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in barometers and apparatus connected therewith."

2533. And Hezekiah Hewitt, of the firm of Hewitt and Company, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manufacturers, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in pen and pencil holders, and in pencil cases, and in the process of, and machinery for, drawing and ornamenting pen and pencil holders and pencil cases."
As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 30th day of June, 1877.
2593. And William Morgan-Brown, of the firm of Brandon and Morgan-Brown, Engineers and Patent Agents, of 38, Southampton-buildings, London, and 1, Rue Laffitte, Paris, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved watch winding attachment for watches."—A communication to him from abroad by William H. Bracy, of Boston, county of Suffolk, Massachusetts, United States of America.
2596. And John Clayton Mewburn, of 169, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent and Consulting Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for indicating, registering, and regulating the speed of engines and rotating shafts, for measuring the flow of water or gas, and for other purposes."—A communication to him from abroad by Marie Jules Raoul Jacquemier, of Neuilly, France.
As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 5th day of July, 1877.
2611. And Alexander Melville Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in box irons, and in mechanism for applying pressure thereto when in use."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean Georges Ruger, of Paris, France.
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 6th day of July, 1877.
2653. And John Craven and Benjamin Craven, both of Wakefield, in the county of York, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for the manufacture of bricks, tiles, and other like articles."
As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 10th day of July, 1877.
2824. And Alexander Melville Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in annealing glass."—A communication to him from abroad by Le Baron Léon Edouard Albert and Jules Marie Augustin Weyer, both of Paris, France.
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 24th day of July, 1877.
3339. And John William Dennison, of 33, King-street, Cheap-side, in the city of London, Architect, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved paving for roads, ways, and other places."
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 1st day of September, 1877.
3461. And Dominique Scotellari, of Antwerp, in the Kingdom of Belgium, but at present of 33, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in photographic apparatus."
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 14th day of September, 1877.
3493. And John Barnard Pearse, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in projectiles and in appliances or sabots connected therewith or thereto."—A communication to him from abroad by John Gazzam Butler, Captain of Ordnance, Watervliet Arsenal, West Troy, United States of America.
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 17th day of September, 1877.
3520. And William Leggoe, of Rotherham, in the county of York, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improvement in the manufacture of umbrella and parasol frames."
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 19th day of September, 1877.
3578. And John Pollock, of the firm of M. and J. Pollock, of Beith, in the county of Ayr, North Britain, Cabinet and Chair Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for carving wood, stone, and other materials."
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 24th day of September, 1877.
3596. And William Joy, of Snodland, near Rochester, in the county of Kent, Cement Burner, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of cement and in apparatus to be used therein; and in drying sewage, mud, and similar matters."
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 25th day of September, 1877.
3615. And Frederick Leonardt, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Merchant, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved alarm bell for warning foot passengers of the approach of bicycles, tram cars, and other carriages."
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 27th day of September, 1877.
3631. And Ignac Pick, of Queen Victoria-street, in the city of London, Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new or improved combined article of wearing apparel for ladies' use."
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 28th day of September, 1877.
3657. And Thomas Lawson, of Leeds, in the county of York, Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improvement in drawing heads for machinery for spreading, drawing, and twisting hemp and other fibrous materials."
3663. And Walter Alfred Barlow, of 6, St. Paul's Churchyard, London, Patent Agent and Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "new or improved machinery or apparatus for cooling milk and separating out the cream therefrom."—A communication to him from abroad by August Fr. Illgen, of Mittweida, Saxony.
As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 1st day of October, 1877.
3697. And Thomas Kennan, of 19, Fishamble-st., in city of Dublin, Fence Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of iron bar fences and wire fences."
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 4th day of October, 1877.

3720. And Hermann Charles Gros, of South Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for the manufacture of boots, shoes, and other coverings for the feet, parts of which improvements are also applicable to sewing machines to be employed for other purposes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 6th day of October, 1877.

3745. And Henry Baggeley, of the firm of Baggeley and Green, of Saffron Walden, in the county of Essex, Manufacturing Chemists, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new or improved compound or composition for the manufacture of bricks, tiles, and other similar articles."

3749. And John Schwartz, of Stepney, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of sugar."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 9th day of October, 1877.

3760. And Joseph Burridge, of Great Portland-street, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new or improved muzzle for cannon, guns, or ordnance."

3763. And Thomas Henry Rushton, of the firm of Messieurs Dobson and Barlow, of Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, Machine Maker, and James Macqueen, of the same place, Machinist, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for spinning and doubling."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 10th day of October, 1877.

3768. And William John Sly, of Albion Mills, in the town and county of Lancaster, Cocoa Matting Manufacturer, and Thomas Wilson, of the same place, Loom Tuner, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved manufacture of fabrics to be formed of cocoa, manilla, sisal, alloe, or esparto fibres, and improvements in looms for weaving such improved and other fabrics formed of coarse threads of other materials."

3771. And Amos Joseph Acaster, of the Princess Works, Sheffield, in the county of York, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the permanent way of railways."

3772. And William Thomas Dunn, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of apparatus for extinguishing fires."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 11th day of October, 1877.

3839. And Paul Jablochhoff, of Paris (France), Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new system of distributing and increasing with atmospheric electricity currents proceeding from a single source of electricity for the purpose of supplying several lighting centres."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 17th day of October, 1877.

3855. And Charles Henry Chapman, of the State of Massachusetts, of the United States of America, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "estopping the feed rollers of

a carding engine from feeding the cotton or fibrous material to the main card cylinder, when there may be in or on the said material and between such rollers any bunch or matter liable to injure the teeth of such cylinder or those of any other part used in connection therewith."

3859. And Sydney Pitt, of Sutton, in the county of Surrey, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in coats."

—A communication to him from abroad by John Paret, of the city, county, and State of New York, United States of America.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 18th day of October, 1877.

3896. And John Salter Hall, of San Francisco, in the county of San Francisco, State of California, one of the United States of America, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in fastenings for shoes, gloves, and other like articles of wearing apparel."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 20th day of October, 1877.

And notice is hereby further given, that all persons having an interest in opposing any one of such applications are at liberty to leave particulars, in writing of their objections to such application at the said Office of the Commissioners, within twenty-one days after the date of the Gazette in which this notice is issued.

Erratum in Gazette of October 26, 1877.

3756. For "Fenton," read "Felton."

In the High Court of Justice.—Chancery Division. In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of the Northfield Iron and Tyre Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice, was, on the 25th day of October, 1877, presented to the Lord High Chancellor by Jabez Stanley, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Ironfounder, on behalf of himself and his copartner Ambrose Firth, trading under the style of the Brightside Iron Foundry Company, creditors of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Vice-Chancellor Hall, on the 16th day of November, 1877; and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an Order for the winding up of the said Company, under the above Acts, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

Maples, Teesdale, and Co., 6, Frederick's-place, Old Jewry, London, E.C.;
Agents for

Nicholson, Saunders, and Nicholson, Wath-upon-Deerne, near Rotherham, Solicitors for the Petitioner.

In the High Court of Justice.—Chancery Division. In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of Lyttles Cast Steel Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice, was, on the 29th day of October, 1877,

presented to Her Majesty's High Court of Justice by George Clarence Tanner, of The Thrupp, near Stroud, in the county of Gloucester, Gentleman, a creditor of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Vice-Chancellor Sir Charles Hall, on the 9th day of November, 1877; and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an Order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Acts, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

Richd. Hewlett, 36, Essex-street, Strand, London, W.C., Solicitor for the Petitioner.

NORWAY SPARS.

Contract Department, Admiralty, Whitehall, October 26, 1877.

TENDERS will be received until two o'clock, on Monday, the 26th November next, for

NORWAY SPARS;

3,220 Cants.
1,600 Barlings.
410 Booms.
410 Middlings.
4,750 Smalls.

Their Lordships do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender, and they reserve to themselves the power of accepting any part of a tender.

Forms of Tender containing all particulars may be obtained on personal application to this Office, or by letter addressed "The Director of Navy Contracts, Admiralty, Whitehall," or to Her Majesty's Consul-General, Christiania.

London Chartered Bank of Australia.
(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1852.)
No. 88, Cannon-Street, London, E.C.,
October 30, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Proprietors of the London Chartered Bank of Australia will be held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon-street, in the city of London, at two o'clock, on Friday, the 16th day of November, 1877, for the transaction of the following business, that is to say:—

- 1st. To declare a Dividend for the half-year ending 30th June last; and
- 2nd. To supply a vacancy in the Direction of the Company, to fill which David Aitchison, Esq., has been provisionally appointed by the Court of Directors in terms of the Deed of Settlement.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 9th to the 16th November, both days inclusive.

By order of the Court,
W. M. Young, Secretary.

The Patent Gunpowder Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, duly convened and held on the 22nd day of October, 1877, at the offices, 5 and 6, Great Winchester-street-buildings, in the city of London, the following Extraordinary Resolutions were duly passed:—

1. "That it has been proved to the satisfaction of the Company that the Company cannot, by reason of its liabilities, continue its business, and that it is advisable to wind up the same.

2. "That Mr. Charles Frederick Tombs, of 23,

Old Broad-street, Accountant, be and is hereby appointed Liquidator of the Company."

Weston Parry, Chairman.

Aberayron Steam Navigation Company Limited.

AT an Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company, duly convened and held at the registered office of the Company, No. 8, Market-street, Aberayron, Cardiganshire, on the 24th day of September, 1877, the following Special Resolution was duly passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company, also duly convened and held at the same place, on the 8th day of October, 1877, the following Special Resolution was duly confirmed:—

"That this Company be wound up voluntarily, and that Henry Loyn be appointed sole Liquidator for this Company for the purpose of voluntarily winding up the affairs, to see all claims paid as soon as possible, to retain the Directors if the said Henry Loyn wishes, and to at once proceed with the winding up the affairs of the Aberayron Steam Navigation Company Limited."

Thos. Davies, Chairman.

In Re the Industrial and Provident Societies Act, 1876, and the Pelton Fell District Industrial and Provident Society Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above-named Society, duly held according to notice at the School-room, Pelton Fell, on Thursday, the 11th day of October, 1877, it was unanimously resolved:—

1st. "That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this Society that the Society is unable, by reason of its liabilities, to continue its business, and that it is advisable to wind up the same.

2nd. "That Henry Robinson Bailey, Accountant, 5, Gladstone-street, Newcastle-on-Tyne, and Edward Robson, Colliery Official, Pelton Fell, Durham, are hereby appointed Liquidators of the Society for the purpose of winding up its business."

John Young, Chairman.

In the Matter of the East Rocks Hematite Iron Ore Company Limited, and in the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867.

AT an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, duly convened and held at 30, St. Ann's-street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, on the 24th day of August, 1877, the following Special Resolutions were duly passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened and held at the same place, on the 15th day of September, 1877, the said Special Resolutions were duly confirmed:—

1. "That in consequence of the long continued and present depressed state of the iron trade, and the inability to raise sufficient additional capital, it has been proved to the satisfaction of the Company that this Company cannot advantageously continue its business, this meeting considers it advisable to wind up the same, and that the Company be wound up by voluntary liquidation under the provisions in that behalf of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867.

2. "That Mr. Thomas Joseph Clarence Linden Bordman, 89, Chancery-lane, London, Solicitor, be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator, for the purposes of winding up the affairs and distributing the property of the said Company, and that he be allowed for his services, costs, charges, and expenses, as such Liquidator, the sum of fifty guineas out of the assets of the Company."

Samuel Chatwood, Chairman.

In the Matter of the Companies Act, 1862, and of the Malvern College Building Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at an Extraordinary Meeting of the Shareholders of the above-named Company, duly convened and held, at the Star Hotel, Worcester, on the 2nd day of July, 1877; and at a subsequent Extraordinary Meeting of the Shareholders, also duly convened and held, at the said Hotel, on the 21st day of the same month, the following Special Resolution was duly passed and confirmed; namely:

"That this Company be wound up voluntarily, and that George Edward Martin, of Worcester, Banker, be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator."

Great Malvern, October 27, 1877.

Edward Chance, Chairman.

The Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867.

Crompton Working Men's Club Company Limited.

TAKE notice.—All creditors and persons having any debts, claims, or demands against the said Company, lately carrying on business at Milnrow-road, Shaw, in the county of Lancaster, are hereby required to send their names and addresses, and particulars thereof to Edmund Pollitt, of 116, Manchester-road, Shaw aforesaid, one of the Liquidators of the said Company, on or before the 20th day of November next, after which day the said Liquidators will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Company amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which they then shall have notice.—Dated 27th day of October, 1877.

Chas. Clegg, 30, Clegg-street, Oldham, Liquidators' Solicitor.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of the Vigo Salvage Company Limited.—In Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given, that with a view to the dissolution of the above Company, a General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the offices of Messrs. Gadsden and Treherne, No. 28, Bedford-row, in the county of Middlesex, on Monday, the 3rd day of December next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of having an account laid before them showing the manner in which the winding up of the said Company has been conducted and its property disposed of, and hearing the explanation by the voluntary Liquidator concerning the same.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

J. G. Fanshawe, Liquidator.

Notice.—5th Star-Bowkett Building Society.—In Liquidation.

THOSE Members who have not participated in previous Dividends are requested to forward their names and addresses to the undersigned, on or before the 20th day of January, 1878, or they will be precluded from sharing in the Final Dividend now being paid, as immediately after the above date the accounts will be finally closed.—October 27, 1877.

R. S. Bennett, Liquidator, 59, Bermondsey New-road, S.E.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Frederick Burroughs and Edward Thomas Rogers, carrying on business as Decorators, House and Furnisher Painters, Paper Hangers, and Glaziers, at Bishop's Stortford, in the county of Hertford, under the firm or style of Burroughs and Rogers, was, on the 9th day of October instant, dissolved by mutual consent.—As witness our hands this 25th day of October, 1877.

Frederick Burroughs.
Edward Thomas Rogers.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Thomas Threlfall and Thomas Jones Barrett, as Boot, Shoe, Upper, and Leather Merchants, and Commission Agents, at 15, Fennel-street, Manchester, and as Blacking Manufacturers, at Robert-street, Cheetham, Manchester, under the style or firm of Threlfall and Co., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the late partnership will be received, and all debts owing by the partnership will be paid, by the said Thomas Jones Barrett, who will henceforth carry on the businesses on his own account.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1877.

Thomas Threlfall.

Thomas Jones Barrett.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, Jonathan Ketley and John Howard Ketley, carrying on business as Metal Brokers, under the style or firm of J. and J. H. Ketley, at Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, was dissolved, by mutual consent, as and from the 31st day of December last; and all debts due to and by the said partnership concern will be received and discharged by the undersigned, John Howard Ketley, who will in future carry on the business under the style or firm of J. H. Ketley and Co.—Dated this 10th day of September, 1877.

Jonathan Ketley.

John Howard Ketley.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, George Spencer and Frederic Richards Mealy Gosset, at No. 77, Cannon-street, in the city of London, and No. 81, Southwark-street, in the county of Surrey, as Railway Spring Manufacturers, and for other purposes connected with Railway Rolling Stock, under the style or firm of George Spencer and Co., having expired, by effluxion of time, was, on the 8th day of August, 1877, dissolved; and that the said business is now carried on by the said George Spencer alone.—Dated this 23rd day of October, 1877.

George Spencer.

F. R. M. Gosset.

NOTICE.—The Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, as Auctioneers, Valuers, Estate and Commission Agents, at Upton-upon-Severn, in the county of Worcester, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.—As witness our hands this 3rd day of October, 1877.

Felix Draper Ellis.

Edward Twycross.

H. A. Ellis.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Edward Camp, Joseph Camp, and Charles Camp, carrying on business at Nos. 379 and 381, Euston-road, Blenheim-street, Oxford-street, and Augustus-street, Regent's Park, all in the county of Middlesex, as Carriers and Warehousemen, under the style or firm of Camp Brothers, has been dissolved, as from the 29th day of September last, so far as regards the said Joseph Camp. All debts due to or by the said partnership will be received and paid by the said Edward Camp and Charles Camp.—Dated this 19th day of October, 1877.

Edward Camp.

Joseph Camp.

Charles Camp.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Samuel Butterworth, of 14, Harris-street, Rochdale, in the county of Lancaster, and Thomas Butterworth, of 73, Greengate-street, Oldham, in the said county, as Machinists, carried on at Bank Mill Ironworks, Lees-road, Oldham aforesaid, under the style or firm of Thomas Butterworth, has been dissolved, by mutual consent, as from the 13th day of September, 1877; and the business will henceforth be carried on by the said Thomas Butterworth, by whom and to whom all debts due by or owing to the late firm will be paid and received respectively.—As witness our hands this 26th day of October, 1877.

Saml. Butterworth.

Thos. Butterworth.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Jolly and Edward Harrison, as Grocers and Tea Dealers, at Great Yarmouth, under the style of Jolly and Harrison, having expired by effluxion of time, on the 29th day of September last, the business for the future will be carried on by the said Edward Harrison alone, who has taken over the business of the late partnership, and who will receive and discharge all partnership accounts.—As witness our hands this 27th day of October, 1877.

William Jolly.

Edward Harrison.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Herbert Halliwell and Francis Wood Scott, carrying on business as Woolstaplers, Leather Dressers, and Provision Merchants, at the city of Gloucester, under the style or firm of Halliwell and Company, was dissolved, this day, by mutual consent. All debts due and owing to and from the said partnership will be received and paid by the said Herbert Halliwell, who will from this day carry on the business on his own account.—Dated the 6th day of October, 1877.

Herbert Halliwell.
Francis Wood Scott.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, Paul Verhulst and George Verhulst, carrying on business together at the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, as Drysalers, under the style or firm of Paul Verhulst and Co., was dissolved, as from the 1st day of August last, by mutual consent. All debts due and owing to or by the said partnership will be received and paid by the said Paul Verhulst, by whom the said business will in future be carried on, under the said style or firm of Paul Verhulst and Co.—Dated the 8th day of October, 1877.

Paul Verhulst.
Geo. Verhulst.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership subsisting between us the undersigned, carrying on business at 100½, Suffolk-street, Birmingham, as Pattern Makers, under the style of Davis and Turner, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts will be received and paid by John Joseph Davis, who will continue the trade.—Dated this 22nd day of October, 1877.

John Joseph Davis.
Charles Turner.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, John Frimstone and Samuel Parry, lately carrying on business as Drapers, at High-street, Rhyl, in the county of Flint, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Witness our hands this 26th day of October, 1877.

John Frimstone.
Samuel Parry.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Alfred Sparkes and Cecil John Mercer, in the business or profession of Solicitors, at Ramsgate, in the county of Kent, under the style or firm of Sparkes and Mercer, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

Alfred Sparkes.
Cecil Jno. Mercer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, Edward Savage and George Best, as Gunsmiths, at Darlington, in the county of Durham, under the style or firm of F. Brebner and Company, was, on the 15th day of October instant, dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the said George Best, who on that day retired from the concern; and that all debts due and owing to or by the late firm will be received and paid by the said Edward Savage, by whom in future the business will be carried on.—As witness our hands this 24th day of October, 1877.

Edward Savage.
George Best.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore existing between us the undersigned, Sarah Spurgin Parry and Edwin Cornelius Parry, carrying on business at 47 and 48, High-street, in the city of Bristol, as Tobacconists, under the firm of Parry Brothers, has been dissolved, by mutual consent, as and from the 24th day of June last. The business will be continued by the said Edwin Cornelius Parry alone, by whom all liabilities will be discharged, and to whom all debts are to be paid.—Dated this 24th October, 1877.

Sarah Spurgin Parry.
Edwin Cornelius Parry.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Charles Pell and George Pell, in the business of Upholsters, Cabinet Makers, and Bedding Manufacturers, carried on at 23, College-place, Brighton, in the county of Sussex, under the style of C. and G. Pell, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 5th day of September last, as from which day the business has been and will continue to be carried on by the said George Pell alone, who will pay and receive all debts due by or to the late partnership.—Dated this 23rd day of October, 1877.

Charles Pell.
George Pell.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership between the undersigned, Thomas Cousins and John Cockram, in the trades or businesses of Cab and Omnibus Proprietors and Farriers, at Nos. 4, 5, 18, and 20, Great York-mews, 12 and 15, York-mews North, Baker-street, and No. 133, Church-street, Paddington, and Cambridge-mews, Cambridge-road, Kilburn, all in the county of Middlesex, and elsewhere, under the firm of Cousins and Cockram, was this day dissolved by mutual consent; and in future the business will be carried on by the said Thomas Cousins and Rowland White, who will pay and receive all debts owing from and to the said late partnership in the regular course of trade.—Witness our hands this 22nd day of October, 1877.

Thomas Cousins.
John Cockram.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Henry Warburg Finzi and David Nathan Samson, carrying on the business of General Merchants, at No. 47, Leadenhall-street, in the city of London, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due and owing to or by the said partnership will be paid and received by David Nathan Samson.—Witness our hands this 26th day of October, 1877.

Henry W. Finzi.
D. N. Samson.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore existing between Charles Goodyear and John Goodyear, carrying on business as Stone Merchants, at Northowram, in the parish of Halifax, and county of York, under the style or firm of C. and J. Goodyear, was dissolved, so far as regards the said John Goodyear, on the 1st day of September last past. And that the said business will be henceforth carried on by the said Charles Goodyear alone, under the style of C. and J. Goodyear, who will pay and discharge all debts and liabilities, and receive all moneys payable to the said late firm.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

Charles Goodyear.
Edwin Walshaw,
Executor of the said John Goodyear,
deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, William Linton Uden and George William Colegate, carrying on the business of Potatoe Merchants, at Saint Peter's street, in the city of Canterbury, was dissolved, on the 18th day of October, 1877, by mutual consent. And that all debts due and owing to or by the said partnership will be paid and received by the said William Linton Uden, who will in future continue the said business on his own account.—Witness our hands this 25th day of October, 1877.

W. L. Uden.
George W. Colegate.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, John Partington Aston and Charles Aston, as Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery, and afterwards as Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Judicature, and carried on at the city of Manchester, under the firm of J. P. Aston and Son, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to and by the late partnership will be received and paid by the said John Partington Aston, at the office, St. James's-chambers, South King-street, Manchester.—Dated this 19th day of October, 1877.

John P. Aston.
Charles Aston.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Henry Rinder, Richard Townsley, and Thomas Rinder, in the trade or business of Cloth Manufacturers and Merchants, carried on by us under the style or firm of Rinder, Townsley, and Rinder, or any other style or firm, at Leeds, in the county of York, was dissolved, by mutual consent, as from the 30th day of June, 1877, so far as regards the said William Henry Rinder; and that all debts due to and from the said concern will be received and paid by the said Richard Townsley and Thomas Rinder, by whom the said business will be carried on.—As witness our hands this 23rd day of October, 1877.

W. H. Rinder.
Rd. Townsley.
T. Rinder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership which has for some time past been carried on by Edward Wear and John Bardsley, under the firm of Wear and Bardsley, at Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, in the trade or business of Plumbers and Glaziers, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due and owing to or by the said late partnership will be received and paid by the said John Bardsley, who will continue to carry on the business on his own account.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

Edward Wear.
John Bardsley.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, James Thomas Walford and Tom Pollard, carrying on business as Architects, at Bradford, in the county of York, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

J. T. Walford.
Tom Pollard.

MARY HEARLY, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Mary Hearly, late of No. 208, Upper Whitecross-street, Saint Luke's, in the county of Middlesex, Widow (who died on the 29th day of June, 1877, and whose will was proved by George Carter, of 78, Upper Whitecross-street aforesaid, Cheesemonger, the sole executor therein named, in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, on the 2nd day of October, 1877), are hereby required to send the particulars, in writing, of their debts, claims, or demands to the said executor, at 78, Upper Whitecross-street aforesaid, on or before the 29th day of November next. And notice is hereby given, that after that day the said George Carter will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice; and that he will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

TUCKER, NEW, and BLOUNT, 4, King-street, Cheapside, London, Solicitors to the said Executor.

Mrs. ELIZABETH HOLE, Deceased.

Pursuant to Statute 22 and 23 Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Elizabeth Hole, late of Clare House, Tiverton, in the county of Devon, Widow, deceased (who died on the 24th of April, 1877, at Tiverton aforesaid, and whose will was proved by Thomas Hole, Esq.; and Sir John Heathcoat Heathcoat-Amory, Bart., two of the executors therein named, in the District Registry at Exeter of the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice, on the 18th of May, 1877), are hereby required to send to me, the undersigned, Solicitor for the executors, the particulars of their claims or demands, on or before the 25th of December next, at the expiration of which time the said executors will distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice; and the executors will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 22nd day of October, 1877.

WM. PARTRIDGE, Market-chambers, Tiverton, Devon, Solicitor for the Executors.

MATILDA MAREA ALLENEORA CONSTANT BOETEFEUR, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debts, claims, or demands upon, against, or affecting the estate of Matilda Marea Alleneora Constant Boetefeur, late of 45, Moscow-road, Bayswater, in the county of Middlesex, Widow (who died on the 24th day of July, 1877, and whose will, with one codicil, was proved, on the 20th day of October, 1877, in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, by Richard Stileman, of 16, Southampton-street, Bloomsbury-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq., the executor therein named), are hereby required to send the particulars, in writing, of their debts, claims, or demands upon or against the said estate of the said deceased, to the said executor, at the offices of his Solicitors, Messrs. Stileman and Neate, No. 16, Southampton-street, Bloomsbury-square aforesaid, on or before the 26th day of November, 1877, after the expiration of which time the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which the said executor shall then have had notice; and that the said executor will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose debt, claim, or demand he shall not then have had such notice as aforesaid. And all persons indebted to the said estate of the said deceased are requested forthwith to pay the amount of their debts

respectively to the said executor, at the offices of his Solicitors, Messrs. Stileman and Neate aforesaid.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

STILEMAN and NEATE, 16, Southampton-street, Bloomsbury-square, London, W.C., Solicitors for the said Executor.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that the creditors and all other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of George Crisp, late of Swaffham Prior, in the county of Cambridge, Gentleman (who died on the 25th day of December, 1876, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice, on the 16th day of February, 1877, by George Crisp, of Swaffham Prior aforesaid, and Peter James Galloway, of No. 70, Southgate-road, Kingsland, in the county of Middlesex, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send the particulars of such claims or demands to the executors, at the offices of their Solicitor, the undersigned, James Neal York, in Newmarket, Suffolk, on or before the 3rd day of November, 1877, at the expiration of which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testator amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims or demands of which they shall then have had notice; and that the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed or dealt with to any person or persons of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

JAMES NEAL YORK, Solicitor to the Executors.

The Reverend ROBERT ALLEN, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands upon or against the estate of the Reverend Robert Allen, formerly of Barcombe, in the county of Sussex, but late of Ty Gwyn, Lymington, in the county of Southampton, Clerk in Holy Orders, Rector of Barcombe aforesaid, and Prebendary of Exceat, in Chichester Cathedral (who died on the 19th day of September last, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, on the 12th day of October instant, by Henrietta Louisa Price, Widow, and Henry Daniell, Esq., the executors therein named), are hereby required to send particulars of their claims or demands to the said executors, to the care of us, the undersigned, at our offices, No. 4, Elm-court, Temple, London, on or before the 1st day of December next, at the expiration of which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testator among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not afterwards be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

BOLTON and CO, 4, Elm-court, Temple, London, Solicitors for the said Executors.

ISAAC COLLINS, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Isaac Collins, late of Carrington, in the county of Chester, Farmer (who died on the 26th day of August, 1877, at Carrington aforesaid, and whose will was proved in the District Registry, at Chester, of the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice, on the 23rd day of October, 1877, by Charles Pierson, of Knutsford, in the said county of Chester, Land Valuer and Estate Agent, John Royle Newton, of Carrington aforesaid, Farmer (in the will written John), and Mary Collins, of Carrington aforesaid, Widow, the relict of the deceased, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send, in writing, the particulars of their claims or demands to Messrs. Ashworth and Inman, of Clarendon-chambers, 100, Mosley-street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, the Solicitors for the said executors, on or before the 24th day of January next, at the expiration of which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the whole of the assets of the said testator among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim or demand they shall not have had notice at the time of distribution.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

ASHWORTH and INMAN, Clarendon-chambers, 100, Mosley-street, Manchester.

The Reverend JOHN STORER, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of the Reverend John Storer, late of Hellidon, in the county of Northampton, Clerk in Holy Orders (who died on the 23rd day of November, 1876), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims or demands to John Storer, of Hellidon aforesaid, Esq., to whom letters of administration, with will annexed, of the personal estate and effects of the said John Storer, deceased, were granted by the District Registry, at Northampton, of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, on the 15th day of March, 1877, or to us, the undersigned, as his Solicitors, on or before the 15th day of December, 1877, after which time the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said John Storer, deceased, among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he, the said administrator, shall then have had notice; and the said administrator will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim or demand he shall not then have had notice.—Dated the 25th day of October, 1877.

PERCY GOODALL and BROWN, Wheeler-gate, Nottingham, Solicitors to the said Administrator.

HARRIET LOUISA KINGSFORD, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands upon or against the estate of Harriet Louisa Kingsford, late of 42, Sussex-street, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, Widow (who died on the 12th day of November, 1876, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice, on the 12th day of December, 1876, by Frederick Kingsford and William Kingsford, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send particulars of their claims or demands to the said executors, to the care of us, the undersigned, at our offices, No. 4, Elm-court, Temple, London, on or before the 1st day of December next, at the expiration of which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testatrix among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not afterwards be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

BOLTON and CO., 4, Elm-court, Temple, London, Solicitors for the said Executors.

GEORGE ORAM, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim or demand upon or against the estate of George Oram, of Broad-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Furniture Dealer and Wine Merchant, deceased (who died on the 12th day of April, 1877, and whose will was proved by Sarah Frances Oram and Samuel Edwards, two of the executors therein named, on the 11th day of September last, in the District Registry at Birmingham attached to the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims or demands to Messrs. Rowlands and Bagnall, of 25, Colmore-row, Birmingham, the Solicitors of the said executors, on or before the 24th day of November, 1877. And notice is hereby also given, that after that date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 18th day of October, 1877.

ROWLANDS and BAGNALL, 25, Colmore-row, Birmingham, Solicitors for the said Executors.

Re EDWIN HARRISON, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Vict., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Edwin Harrison, late of Rose Villa, Wyde Green, Sutton Coldfield, in the county of Warwick, Gentleman, deceased (who died on or about the 29th day of April, 1877, and whose will was proved in the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Birmingham, on the 2nd day of October, 1877, by Thomas Creed, of Minworth,

in the county of Warwick, Maltster, and John Rollinson Hill Lumby, of Bloomsbury, Birmingham, in the said county, Surgeon, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send particulars of their debts, claims, or demands to Messrs. Beale, Marigold, Beale, and Groves, of 30, Waterloo-street, Birmingham aforesaid, the Solicitors for the said executors, on or before the 1st day of December, 1877, after which time the said executors will distribute the assets of the said Edwin Harrison among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those debts, claims, or demands of which they shall then have had notice; and that the said executors will not be liable for the assets of the deceased so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person or persons whomsoever of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated the 27th day of October, 1877.

BEALE, MARIGOLD, BEALE, and GROVES, 30, Waterloo-street, Birmingham, Solicitors for the said Executors.

Re JOHN LANCASHIRE, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that the creditors and all other persons having any claims or demands against or affecting the estate of John Lancashire, late of No. 26, Great Ancoats-street, in the city of Manchester, Butcher, deceased (who died on the 9th day of June, 1877, and letters of administration to whose estate and effects were granted to Elizabeth Lancashire, the lawful widow and relict of the said deceased, by the District Registry attached to Her Majesty's High Court of Justice at Manchester, on the 13th day of July, 1877), are to send, in writing, the particulars of such claims or demands to the said administratrix, at the offices of her Solicitor, Messrs. W. C. Chew and Sons, of No. 23, Swan-street, in the city of Manchester, on or before the 1st day of January, 1878, at the expiration of which time the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said intestate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims or demands only of which she shall then have had notice; and that the said administratrix will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand she shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

W. C. CHEW and SON, 23, Swan-street, Manchester, Solicitors to the Administratrix.

PETER GERRY, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Peter Gerry, late of Northwood, in the parish of Saint Neot, in the county of Cornwall, Yeoman, deceased (who died on the 13th day of February, 1877, and whose will was proved by Eliza Gerry and John Gerry, the executrix and executor therein named, on the 8th day of June, 1877, in the District Registry at Bodmin attached to the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice), are hereby required to send the particulars of their claims or demands to me, the undersigned, Richard Hingston, the Solicitor of the said executrix and executor, on or before the 20th day of November, 1877. And notice is hereby also given, that after that date the said executrix and executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased, having regard only to the claims of which the said executrix and executor shall then have notice; and the said executrix and executor will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 19th day of October, 1877.

R. HINGSTON, Liskeard, Cornwall, Solicitor to the said Executrix and Executor.

WILLIAM PUNCHER, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debts, claims, or demands upon or against the estate of William Puncher, formerly of Parliament-street, Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, Wine and Spirit Merchant, and late of Cleveland Lodge, Wellesley-road, Croydon, in the county of Surrey, Esq. (who died at Cleveland Lodge aforesaid, on or about the 24th day of May, 1877, and to whose estate letters of administration with the will annexed, were, on the 11th day of September, 1877, granted by Her Majesty's High Court of Justice at the Principal Registry of the Probate Division thereof, to Thomas Robert Puncher, the lawful cousin german once removed of the said deceased, and one of his next-of-kin and one of the persons entitled in distribution to the personal estate

and effects of the deceased), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their respective debts, claims, or demands upon or against the estate of the said William Pucher, deceased, to us, the undersigned, Solicitors to the said administrator, on or before the 25th day of February next, after the expiration of which time the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which the said administrator shall then have notice; and that the said administrator will not be answerable or liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand he shall not have received notice as aforesaid.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

CROUCH and SPENCER, 52, Queen Victoria-street, London, E.C., Solicitors for the Administrator.

HENRY ALWORTH MEREWETHER, Esq., Q.C., Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that creditors and others having any debt, claim, or demand upon or against the estate of Henry Alworth Merewether, late of Bowden Hill, in the parish of Lacock, in the county of Wilts, Esq., Q.C., deceased (who died on the 29th day of August, 1877, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, on the 28th day of September, 1877, by Frederick Hastings Goldney and Eveline Maria Merewether, the executors named in the said will), are, on or the 24th day of January next, to send the particulars of their debt, claim, or demand upon or against the estate of the said testator, Henry Alworth Merewether, deceased, with the nature of their securities, if any, to us, the undersigned, as Solicitors to the said executors, and in default thereof the said executors will, at the expiration of that time, proceed to distribute the assets of the said Henry Alworth Merewether, deceased, amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which they have then had notice; and that, by virtue of the said Act, the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not have had notice at the time of such distribution.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

KEARY, STOKES, and GOLDNEY, Chippenham, Wilts, Solicitors to the said Executors.

FRANCES LONGLEY, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Frances Longley, late of Seaton Carew, in the county of Durham, Widow (who died on the 10th day of June, 1877, and whose will was proved on the 3rd day of October, 1877, in the District Registry attached to the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, at Durham, by Daniel Taylorson the younger, of Wolviston, in the said county of Durham, Plumber, and John Horsley, of Hartlepool, in the said county of Durham, Chemist, the executors named in the said will), are hereby required to send particulars, in writing, of their respective debts, claims, or demands to me, the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of December next; and notice is hereby further given, that after that day the said executors will proceed to distribute the estate of the said testatrix among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have had notice; and that the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 18th day of October, 1877.

EDWIN W. BELL, 64, Church-street, West Hartlepool, Solicitor to the said Executors.

Re WILLIAM AINSWORTH, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands against or upon the estate of William Ainsworth, formerly of Wigan, in the county of Lancaster, Cotton Spinner, but at the time of his death residing at the Parsonage, Southport, in the said county, deceased (who died on the 7th day of October, 1849, and whose will was proved in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury, by Alice Ainsworth, Richard Smith, and William Longshaw, the then surviving executors therein named, on the 12th day of January, 1850), are hereby required to send particulars, in writing, of their claims or demands to us, the undersigned, the Solicitors of William Longshaw, the now surviving executor, on or before the 1st day of December next, after which day the said surviving executor will pro-

ceed to distribute the assets of the said testator among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice; and he will not be liable for the assets so paid or distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

ACKERLEY and SON, 36, King-street, Wigan, Solicitors for the said surviving Executor.

HARRIET BURNARD, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other person or persons having any claims, demands, or damages against or upon the estate of Harriet Burnard, wife of John Burnard, late of Bideford, in the county of Devon, deceased (who died on the 21st day of March, 1877, and to whose personal estate and effects letters of administration were, on the 13th day of September last, granted by the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, to Robert May, of Down Saint Mary, in the said county of Devon, Farmer), are hereby requested to send in full particulars of their claims or demands upon the estate of the said deceased, to the said Robert May, at the office of Mr. James Searle, Solicitor, Crediton, Devon, on or before the 20th day of December next, and in default thereof the said Robert May will at the expiration of the said time proceed to administer to the estate and distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to such claims of which he shall have then notice. And all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby required to pay the amount of their respective debts to the said Robert May forthwith.—Dated the 29th day of October, 1877.

JAMES SEARLE, Crediton, Devon, Solicitor for the said Administrator.

WILLIAM HUGH DENNETT, Deceased,

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debts, claims, or demands against the estate of William Hugh Dennett, late of 5, Bedford-row, Worthing, in the county of Sussex, Gentleman, deceased (who died on the 3rd day of September, 1877, and whose will was proved by George Gatt'on Hardingham and Alan Maclean, the executors therein named, in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, on the 4th day of October, 1877), are hereby required to send particulars, in writing, of their debts, claims, or demands to me, the undersigned, as Solicitor to the said executors, on or before the 25th day of November, 1877; and notice is hereby given, that at the expiration of that time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testator among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which they shall then have had notice, and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

ARTH. S. HARDINGHAM, 3, Serjeants'-inn, Chancery-lane, London, E.C., Solicitor to the said Executors.

THOMAS EDWARD HASSELL, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vict., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Thomas Edward Hassell, late of Durdham Down, in the city and county of Bristol, Master Mariner, deceased (who died on the 18th day of July, 1877, and of whose personal estate and effects letters of administration were, on the 14th day of September, 1877, granted by the District Registry attached to the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice at Bristol, to Robert Hassell, of Auckland House, Clifton Down, in the said city of Bristol, Timber Merchant), are hereby required, on or before the 14th day of December, 1877, to send, in writing, particulars of their debts, claims, and demands to the undersigned, after which day the said administrator will distribute the assets of the said intestate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, or demands of which the said administrator shall then have had notice, and the said administrator will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose debt, claim, or demand he shall have not notice at the time of such distribution.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

HUNT, HODSON, and BOBBETT, Bristol-chambers, Nicholas-street, Bristol, Solicitors for the said Administrator.

THOMAS CHARLES GELDART, Deceased.

Pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35.

ALL persons claiming to be creditors against the estate of Thomas Charles Geldart, late of Trinity Hall, in the University of Cambridge, Esq., LL D., Master of Trinity Hall aforesaid (who died at Trinity Hall aforesaid, on the 17th day of September, 1877), are requested, on or before the 10th day of December, 1877, to send the particulars of their debts or claims to us, the undersigned, Messrs. Withall and Compton, Solicitors for the Reverend Geldart John Evans Riadore, of Mid Lavant, near Chichester, in the county of Sussex, Clerk, the Reverend James William Geldart, junior, of Kirk Deighton, near Wetherby, in the county of York, Clerk, and Henry Charles Geldart, of Huntingdon, in the county of Huntingdon, Esq., the executors of the will of the deceased, and the said executors will, after the said 10th day of December, 1877, proceed to dispose of and distribute the estate of the said deceased, without regard to the debts or claims of which the said executors shall not then have had notice, and all persons owing any debt or money to the estate of the said deceased are requested to pay the same forthwith to us, as Solicitors for the said Reverend G. J. E. Riadore, the Reverend J. W. Geldart, and Henry Charles Geldart, as such executors.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

WITHALL and COMPTON, 19, Great George-street, Westminster, Solicitors for the said Executors.

Admiral Sir HENRY JOHN CODRINGTON, K.C.B., Deceased.

Pursuant to Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debts, claims, or demands against the estate of Sir Henry John Codrington, late of No. 112, Eaton-square, Middlesex, K.C.B., an Admiral in the Royal Navy (who died on the 4th day of August, 1877, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, on the 21st day of August, 1877, by General Sir William John Codrington, G.C.B., and Lady Jane Barbara Bourchier, of Hampton Court Palace, Widow, two of the executors named in the said will), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their debts, claims, and demands to the undersigned, H. P. Bird, Solicitor to the said executors, at my office, No. 15, Southampton-street, Bloomsbury-square, London, on or before the 14th day of December, 1877, after the expiration of which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which the said executors shall then have had notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not have had such notice as aforesaid.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

H. P. BIRD, 15, Southampton-street, Bloomsbury, London, Solicitor to the said Executors.

EDWIN SHELDON, Deceased.

Pursuant to Statute 22 and 23 Vic., c. 35.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims against the estate of Edwin Sheldon, late of No. 5, Trafalgar-road, Moseley, in the county of Worcester, Gentleman (who died on the 10th day of December, 1876, and whose will was proved by Maria Sheldon, of Moseley aforesaid, Widow of the said deceased, and Edward Marsh, of Walsall, in the county of Stafford, Merchant, the executrix and executor respectively therein named, on the 14th day of March, 1877, in the Lichfield District Registry of the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice), are hereby required to send particulars of their claims to me, the undersigned, on or before the 10th day of January, 1878, after which day the said executrix and executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Edwin Sheldon among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims only of which they shall then have had notice.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

G. COTTERELL, Bridge-street, Walsall, Solicitor to the said Executrix and Executor.

JAMES GAIN SMITH, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons claiming to be creditors of James Gain Smith, late of Bromley Common, in the parish of Bromley, in the county of Kent, Cattle Salesman, deceased (who died on the 31st day of August, 1877, and whose will has since been proved in the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, by Richard Taylor and John Biggerstaff, the executors therein named), are required to send in the particulars of their debts and claims to us, the undersigned, Solicitors to the said executors, on or before the 30th day of November next,

and in default thereof the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and notice is hereby further given, that the said executors will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice. And all persons indebted to the estate of the said James Gain Smith are hereby required to pay the amount of their respective debts to the said executors, or their Solicitors, forthwith.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

MORGAN and GILKS, 1, Furnival's-inn, Holborn, London, E.C., Solicitors for the said Richard Taylor and John Biggerstaff.

CHARLES POPE HUTCHINGS, Esq., Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claim or demand upon the estate of Charles Pope Hutchings, formerly of the Marine Hotel, Hastings, Sussex, but late of Dudley House, Redhill, in the county of Surrey (who died at Dudley House aforesaid, on the 15th day of September, 1877, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, on the 4th day of October, 1877, by Charlotte Hutchings, of Dudley House aforesaid, Spinster, Charles Lane Hutchings, of Dane Lodge, Ealing, in the county of Middlesex, Music Publisher, and Jeremiah Hill, of Warescott House, Warley-road, Great Warley, in the county of Essex, Brewer, the surviving executors named in the said will), are hereby required to send the particulars of such claims or demands to me, the undersigned, Algernon Edward Sydney, the Solicitor of the said executors, on or before the 1st day of December next, after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims or demands only of which they shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not be answerable for the assets so distributed, or any of them, to any person or persons of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 22nd day of October, 1877.

ALGERNON E. SYDNEY, 46, Finsbury-circus, in the city of London, Solicitor for the said Executors.

Mrs. SOPHIA ANN POWERS, late of Hermosa, Teignmouth, South Devon, Widow, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of the above-named Sophia Ann Powers, deceased (who died on the 7th day of May, 1877, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry, Probate Division, of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, on the 12th day of June, 1877), by Octavius Robert Wilkinson, of Eaton Socon, in the county of Bedford, Gentleman, and Edwin Aspinall, of 33, York-street, London-road, London, the executors named in the said will), are requested to send in the particulars of their claims or demands to us, the undersigned, the Solicitors to the said executors, on or before the 1st day of December next, after which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the whole of the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims and demands only of which the said executors shall then have had notice; and that the said executors will not be answerable or liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

WILKINSON, BUTLER, and WILKINSON, Saint Neots, Hunts, Solicitors to the said Executors.

WILLIAM BEALE BUGDEN, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands on or affecting the estate of William Beale Bugden, heretofore of Lyndhurst, in the county of Southampton, but late of Wimborne Minster, in the county of Dorset, Gentleman (who died on the 23rd day of April, 1877, and whose will was proved by William Beale Bugden, his son, and William Atkins, the executors therein named, on the 15th day of May, 1877, in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice), are hereby required to send, in writing, the particulars of their claims and demands to the undersigned, the Solicitors for the said executors, on or before the 24th day of December, 1877. And notice is hereby further given, that after the last-mentioned day the said executors will proceed to distribute

the assets of the said testator among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they, the said executors, shall then have had notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

MOORE and HARVEY, Wimborne Minster, Dorset.

WILLIAM LYNE, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim or demand upon or against the estate of William Lyne, late of Oddington, in the county of Gloucester, Gentleman, deceased (who died on the 8th day of April, 1877, and whose will was proved in the District Registry at Gloucester of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, on the 26th day of May, 1877, by Mary Susan Simpson, the wife of Samuel Mathews Simpson, the executrix named in the said will), are hereby required to send particulars, in writing, of their claims and demands to me, the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of December next, after which day the assets of the said deceased will be distributed by the said executrix among the parties entitled thereto, regard only being had to the claims and demands of which the said executrix shall then have had notice.—Dated this 23rd day of October, 1877.

G. H. SAUNDERS, Chipping Norton, Solicitor to the said Executrix.

CHARLES BAYLISS, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim or demand upon or against the estate of Charles Bayliss, late of Shipton-under-Whychood, in the county of Oxford, Road Surveyor, deceased (who died on the 22nd day of June, 1877, and whose will was proved in the District Registry at Oxford of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, on the 7th day of August, 1877, by George Henry Saunders and Jesse Clifford, the executors named in the said will), are hereby required to send particulars, in writing, of their claims and demands to me, the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of December next, after which day the assets of the said deceased will be distributed by the said executors among the parties entitled thereto, regard only being had to the claims and demands of which the said executors shall then have had notice.—Dated this 23rd day of October, 1877.

G. H. SAUNDERS, Chipping Norton, Solicitor to the said Executors.

HARRIET KERSWILL, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against or affecting the estate of Harriet Kerswill, late of Saint Thomas the Apostle, in the county of Devon, Widow, deceased (who died on the 3rd day of January, 1877, and to the estate and effects of whom letters of administration were granted by Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, at the District Registry attached to the Probate Division thereof at Exeter, on the 18th day of January, 1877, to Harriett Knapman (wife of John Knapman, Gentleman), of Elm Grove-road, in the county of the city of Exeter), are hereby required to send, in writing, particulars of their debts, claims, or demands to Messrs. Ford, of No. 25, Southernhay, Exeter, the Solicitors to the said administratrix, on or before the 26th day of November next, at the expiration of which time the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which she shall then have received notice; and the said administratrix will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand she shall not then have received notice.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

H. and B. J. FORD, Solicitors to the said Administratrix.

FRANCIS WOOLSTON, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands on or against the estate of Francis Woolston, late of Caister, in the county of Norfolk, Farmer, deceased (who died on 26th day of April, 1877, and whose will was proved in the

Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice at Norwich, on 27th day of June, 1877, by Robert Daniels, of Ormesby St. Margaret, in the county aforesaid, Farmer, and William Blanchflower, of Ormesby St. Margaret aforesaid, Shopkeeper, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send the particulars of such claims or demands to the said executors, at the office of me, the undersigned, on or before the 7th day of November next, at the expiration of which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testator amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims or demands of which they shall then have had notice; and that the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed or dealt with, to any person or persons of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice. And all persons owing any money to the said deceased are required to pay the same to the said hereunder forthwith.—Dated this 3rd day of October, 1877.

ROBERT CORY, 21, South Howard-street, Great Yarmouth, Solicitor to the said Executors.

DANIEL PIERCE, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debts, claims, or demands upon, against, or affecting the estate of Daniel Pierce, late of 357, Clapham-road, in the county of Surrey, and of the Coopers' Arms, Flood-street, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex, Licensed Victualler, deceased (who died on the 21st day of July, 1877, and whose will was proved on the 18th day of October, 1877, in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, by Edward Adams of Sutton, in the county of Surrey, Esq., and Walter Daniel Cronin, in the said will called Walter Cronin, of No. 1, Vernon-place, Bloomsbury-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq., the executors according to the tenour of the said will), are hereby required to send the particulars, in writing, of their debts, claims, or demands upon or against the said estate of the said deceased to the said executors, at the offices of their Solicitors, Messrs. Stileman and Neate, at 16, Southampton-street, Bloomsbury-square aforesaid, on or before the 26th day of November, 1877, after the expiration of which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which the said executors shall then have had notice; and that the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had such notice as aforesaid. And all persons indebted to the said estate of the said deceased are requested forthwith to pay the amount of their debts respectively to the said executors, at the offices of their Solicitors, Messrs. Stileman and Neate aforesaid.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

STILEMAN and NEATE, 16, Southampton-street, Bloomsbury-square, London, W.C., Solicitors to the said Executors.

MARTIN MURPHY, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Martin Murphy, late of 54, Mill-lane, Old Swan, near Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Analytical Chemist (who died at 54, Mill-lane aforesaid, on the 23rd day of April, 1877, and to whose estate and effects letters of administration were, on the 17th day of May, 1877, granted by Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, at the District Registry attached to the Probate Division thereof at Liverpool, to Margaret Agnes Murphy, the widow), are hereby required to send particulars, in writing, of such claims or demands to the undersigned, the Solicitors to the said administratrix, at 2, Cairo-street, Warrington, in the county of Lancaster aforesaid, on or before the 1st day of January, 1878; and notice is hereby given, that after that date the administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among all parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she, the said administratrix, shall then have received notice; and that she will not be liable for the assets, so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim she shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

RIDGWAY and WORSLEY, 2, Cairo-street, Warrington, in the county of Lancaster, Solicitors for the said Administrator.

CAROLINE HANDFORD.

22nd and 23rd Vict., cap. 35.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Caroline Handford, late of Gumley Cottage, Crouch End, Middlesex, Widow, executrix of the late Thomas Handford, late of Gumley Cottage aforesaid, Licensed Victualler (who died on the 9th July, 1877, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry by James Morton, the executor therein named), are hereby requested to send particulars to me, Solicitor to the executor, by the 11th December next, after which date he will distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims then received.

-Dated October 25th, 1877.

ALFRED DIGGLES, Hibernia-chambers, London Bridge, Southwark.

PETER PAYTON, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, Queen Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim or demand upon or against the estate of Peter Payton, of Payton's-road, Upper Saltley, near Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Brick and Tile Manufacturer, deceased (who died on the 26th day of May, 1877, at Lawn House, Upper Saltley aforesaid, and whose will was proved by Frederick Payton and James Inkerman Payton, two of the executors therein named, on the 18th day of June last, in the District Registry at Birmingham attached to the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims or demands to Messrs. Rowlands and Bagnall, of 25, Colmore-row, Birmingham, the Solicitors of the said executors, on or before the 24th day of November, 1877; and notice is hereby also given, that after that date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 18th day of October, 1877.

ROWLANDS and BAGNALL, 25, Colmore-row, Birmingham, Solicitors for the said Executors.

CAROLINE POYNOR, Deceased.

Pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Caroline Poynor, late of Great Wyrley, in the county of Stafford, Widow (who died on the 11th day of June, 1877, and whose will was proved in the District Registry attached to the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice at Lichfield, on the 17th day of August, 1877, by Edward Mason and Edwin Ganderton, the executors) are required to send in particulars of such claims and demands to the executors, at our office, 48, Bridge-street, Walsall, on or before the 12th day of December next; after which day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the testatrix among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice; and they will not be liable for the assets, so distributed, to any persons of whose claims they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1877.

MARLOW and POTTER, Solicitors to the Executors.

ELIZABETH MASON, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Victoria, chapter 35.

THE creditors of Elizabeth Mason, late of Commercial-place, Aberdare, in the county of Glamorgan, Shoe Dealer, deceased (who died on the 16th day of December, 1873), are, on or before the 1st day of December next, to send particulars of their debts or claims to the undersigned; and notice is hereby given, that the executors of the said deceased will, after the said 1st day of December next, proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased, having regard only to the claims of which they will then have had notice.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

R. ORTON GERY, Aberdare, Solicitor.

WILLIAM JACKMAN, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of William Jackman, late of Southsea, in the parish of Portsea, in the county of Southampton, Plumber and Painter, deceased (who died on the 27th day of April,

1877, and whose will was proved in the District Registry attached to the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice at Winchester, on the 12th day of June, 1877, by William Donce and John Polson, the executors therein named), are hereby required, on or before the 26th day of November next, to send in the particulars of their claims or demands against the estate of the said deceased, with the nature of their securities, if any, to the said executors, at the office of their Solicitors, Messrs. Edgcombe and Cole, No. 6, North-street, Portsea, Hants; and notice is hereby also given, that after the said 26th day of November next, the said executors will proceed to a distribution of the assets of the deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts and claims of which they shall then have notice; and will not be liable for the assets, so distributed, to any person of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

EDGCOMBE and COLE, Solicitors to the said Executors.

WILLIAM CORDER, Deceased.

Pursuant to Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors, claimants, and others claiming any debts, duties, right, title, or interest in, to, or out of the estate of William Corder, formerly of Tunbridge Wells, in the county of Kent, but late of 2, Cambridge-park, Twickenham, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, deceased (who died on the 23rd of September, 1877), are to send in their claims against the estate of the said William Corder, on or before the 1st day of January, 1878, to us, the undersigned, Messrs. Shephard and Sons, at our offices, 1, King-street, Kensington, in the county of Middlesex, Solicitors for James Colbourne, of 54, Kensington High-street, Kensington, in the said county of Middlesex, Upholsterer, and Henry Butt, of 12, Friday-street, in the city of London, Warehouseman, the executors of the deceased; and notice is hereby further given, that after the said 1st day of January, 1878, the said James Colbourne and Henry Butt will proceed to distribute the assets of the said William Corder, deceased, among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they, the said James Colbourne and Henry Butt, shall have had notice; and will not be liable for the assets, so distributed, to any person of whose claim they shall not have had notice at the time of such distribution.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

SHEPHEARD and SONS, 1, King-street, Kensington, in the county of Middlesex, Solicitors for the above-named Executors.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, made in an action Francis Cooke, M.D., on behalf of himself and all other the creditors of Welbore Ellis, deceased, who shall come in and contribute to the expenses of the action, is plaintiff, and Catherine Vaughan Ellis, and Richard Frederick Ellis, an infant, by Frederick Levick, his guardian, are defendants, 1876, C. 125, the creditors of Welbore Ellis, late of 11, Royal-parade, Cheltenham, in the county of Gloucester, Gentleman, who died on or about the 9th day of February, 1876, are, on or before the 26th day of November, 1877, to send by post, prepaid, to Richard Baker Gabb, of the firm of Messrs. Gabb and Walford, of Abergavenny, Monmouthshire, the Solicitors of the defendants, Catherine Vaughan Ellis, the executrix of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, and the Christian and surnames of any partner or partners, their addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Master of the Rolls, at his chambers, situate in the Rolls-yard, Chancery-lane, Middlesex, on Monday, the 10th day of December, 1877, at half-past eleven of the clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

PURSUANT to a Judgment of the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, made in an action in the matter of the estate of Daniel Herbert, deceased, Henry Percy Herbert and another against James Jones and another, 1877, H., No. 348, the creditors of Daniel Herbert, late of No. 4, Tithebarne-street, in the town and county of Carnarvon, Coach Proprietor, who died on the 15th day of January, 1876, are, on or before the 3rd day of December, 1877, to send by post, prepaid, to Messrs. Turner and Allanson, of the town and county of Carnarvon, the Solicitors of the defendant, Eliza Jones, formerly Eliza Herbert, Widow, the administratrix of

the deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Judgment. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Master of the Rolls, at his chambers, situated in the Rolls-yard, Chancery-lane, Middlesex, on Monday, the 10th day of December, 1877, at twelve of the clock at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, made in the matter of the estate of Francis John Rogers Sheridan, late of No. 39, Grosvenor-place, Hyde Park, in the county of Middlesex, of no occupation, deceased, and in a cause of Cocksedge against Sheridan, 1877, S., No. 326, the creditors of the said Francis John Rogers Sheridan, who died in or about the month of July, 1877, are, on or before the 10th day of December, 1877, to send by post, prepaid, to James Bowen May, of No. 67, Russell-square, Middlesex, the Solicitor of the defendant, the administratrix of the estate of the deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Vice-Chancellor Sir Charles Hall, at his chambers, situated No. 14, Chancery-lane, Middlesex, on Thursday, the 20th day of December, 1877, at twelve o'clock at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1861.
Reverend James Burdon Clyde.
Eighth Dividend.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Trustees, acting under an indenture, dated the 28th day of February, 1863, will, on Saturday, the 10th day of November, 1877, at the White Hart Hotel, Holsworthy, Devon, at three o'clock p.m., declare and distribute an Eighth Dividend; and all creditors who shall not have proved their claims prior to such day will be excluded from participating in the dividend which may then be declared.

CECIL BRAY and PETER, Holsworthy, Devon,
Solicitors to the Trustees.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.
In the London Bankruptcy Court.

A FIRST and Final Dividend of 8s. 2d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of a special resolution for liquidation by arrangement of the affairs of Francois Ewens Coles, of No. 11, Amhurst-road, Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, Ironmonger and House Agent, and will be paid by me, at the office of Mr. John J. Rodgers, my Solicitor, No. 51, Chancery-lane, in the said county of Middlesex, on and after the 1st day of November, 1877.—Dated this 29th day of October, 1877.

JOSEPH SPOKES, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.
In the London Bankruptcy Court.

A FINAL Dividend of 2d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of proceedings for liquidation by arrangement or composition with creditors, instituted by John Ratty, Arthur Lucas, and John Ratty Verey, of No. 2, South-wharf, Fraed-street, and Nos. 3 and 6, Iron-gate-wharf, all in Paddington, in the county of Middlesex. Timber Merchants, trading in copartnership under the style or firm of John Ratty and Co., and will be paid by me, at my offices, No. 1, Finsbury-circus, in the city of London, on and after the 7th day of November, 1877, between the hours of eleven and two o'clock.—Dated this 29th day of October, 1877.

THEODORE B. JONES, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.
In the London Bankruptcy Court.

A FIRST and Final Dividend of 1s. 4½d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of proceedings for liquidation by arrangement or composition with creditors, instituted by Oliver Cromwell Diaper and Francis Palmer Pickford, trading and carrying on business as O. C. Diaper and Company, of No. 95, New-parade, Tunbridge Wells, in the county of Kent, Fancy Drapers and Dealers in Jewellery, and will be paid by me, at the offices of William Edwards and Co., 18, King-street, Cheapside, in the city of London, on Monday, the 29th October, or any following Monday, between the hours of eleven and one o'clock.

WILLIAM EDWARDS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Croydon.
A FIRST Dividend of 2s. 6d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of proceedings for liquidation by arrangement or composition with creditors, instituted by William Bird, of Cannon House, North End, Croydon, in the county of Surrey, trading as Bird and Sons, Picture Frame Maker, and will be paid by me, at the office of Mr. J. Edwin Carter, Solicitor, 6½, Austin Friars, London, on and after Saturday, the 3rd day of November, 1877, between the hours of twelve and two o'clock.

CHARLES B. JAMES, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester.
A SECOND Dividend of 4s. in the pound has been declared in the matter of a special resolution for liquidation by arrangement of the affairs of John Fallows, of No. 84, Cross-street, in the city of Manchester, Cabinet Maker and Upholsterer, and will be paid by me, at my offices, situate No. 14, Marsden-street, in the city of Manchester, on and after the 29th day of October, 1877.—Dated this 26th day of October; 1877.

C. H. WADE, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester, by transfer from the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Burnley.

A FINAL Dividend of 1s. in the pound has been declared in the matter of proceedings for liquidation by arrangement or composition with creditors, instituted by James Durie, of Bankhouse Foundry, Royle-road, Burnley, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer and Millwright, trading there in copartnership with one John Davis, under the style or firm of Durie and Davis, and in the matter of a like petition by arrangement of the affairs of the above-named John Davis, which said petitions were amalgamated by an order of the above-mentioned Court, dated the 29th day of October, 1874, and will be paid by me, at 16, Nicholas-street, Burnley, in the county of Lancaster, on after the 10th day of November, 1877.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

JOSHUA RAWLINSON, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool.
A FIRST and Final Dividend of 20s. in the pound, together with interest, on all claims has been declared in the matter of proceedings for liquidation by arrangement or composition with creditors, instituted by George William Miller McDonald, of 4, Richmond-terrace, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Merchant, and will be paid by me, at my offices, No. 30, Castle-street, Liverpool aforesaid, on and after Tuesday, the 30th day of October, 1877, between the hours of eleven and three o'clock.—Dated this 22nd day of October, 1877.

F. W. READ, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lincolnshire, holden at Lincoln.
A SECOND and Final Dividend of 4s. in the pound has been declared in the matter of proceedings for liquidation by arrangement or composition with creditors, instituted by William Housley Strutt, of Gainsborough, in the county of Lincoln, Bootmaker and Dealer in Boots and Shoes, and will be paid by me, at my office, Market-place, Gainsborough aforesaid, on and after Tuesday, the 30th day of October, 1877.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

SAML. HAYES, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Halifax.
A FIRST Dividend of 1s. 3d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of a special resolution for liquidation by arrangement of the affairs of John Ingham, of Halifax, in the county of York, Manufacturer and Merchant, trading as John Ingham and Co., and will be paid by me, at my office, in Crossley-street, Halifax aforesaid, on and after the 3rd day of November, 1877.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

GEORGE HAIGH, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Peggs, of Wilson's-yard, Upper-street, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, Cab Proprietor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 37, Bedford-row, in the county of Middlesex, on the 8th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely—Dated this 18th day of October, 1877.

E. F. MARSHALL, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John McCune, of No. 34, Harbour-street, Ramsgate, in the county of Kent, and of 142, Houndsditch, in the city of London, Hair Dresser and Perfumer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Noon and Clarke, Solicitors, 16, Bloomfield-street, in the city of London, on the 10th day of November, 1877, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

NOON and CLARKE, Solicitors for the Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Fleming Bateman, of Crescent Works, Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, Richard's-place, Old-street, St. Luke's, in the county of Middlesex, trading under the name or style of Edward Fleming, Indiarubber Ball Manufacturer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Percy William Nazer, No. 36, Castle-street, Holborn, in the city of London, on the 7th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 23rd day of October, 1877.

P. W. NAZER, 36, Castle-street, Holborn, London, E.C., Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edmund Goldsbury, of 103, Upper-street, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, Milliner and Artificial Florist.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Ladbury, Collison, and Viney, No. 99, Cheapside, in the city of London, on the 14th day of November, 1877, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

CARR, BANNISTER, DAVIDSON, and MORRISS, 70, Basinghall-street, London, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John William Herbert, of No. 21, West-street, Triangle, Mare-street, Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, Grocer and Cheesemonger.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. James Edwin Wilson, Solicitor, 21, Cornhill, in the city of London, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

JAS. E. WILSON, Solicitor for the said John William Herbert.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Carver, of Nos. 1 and 3, Gray's-inn-road, in the county of Middlesex, Gas Fitter.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 51, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, on the 15th day of November, 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

NICKINSON, PRALL, and NICKINSON, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Samuel Slade, of No. 53, Roan Horse-mews, Pollard's-row, Bethnal Green, and of No. 47, Pollard's-row aforesaid, both in the county of Middlesex, Cabinet Manufacturer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Charles Quilter, 60, Fore-street, in the city of London, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

CHAS. QUILTER, 60, Fore-street, E.C., Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Leedham Crowe, formerly trading as a Commission Merchant, at St. Clement's House, Clement's-lane, in the city of London, alone, and subsequently in partnership with Nathaniel Francis Robarts, under the style or firm of W. Leedham Crowe and Robarts, afterwards in partnership with Murray Gladstone, under the style or firm of W. Leedham Crowe and Gladstone, and lately in partnership with Murray Gladstone and Walter Hayward Peel, under the style or firm of W. Leedham Crowe and Gladstone, and now residing at 24, Cornwall-road, Bayswater, in the county of Middlesex, of no occupation.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the City Terminus Hotel and Tavern, Cannon-street, in the city of London, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

SIMPSON and CULLINGFORD, 85, Gracechurch-street, E.C., Solicitors for the said William Leedham Crowe.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Edward Gallagher, trading under the style or firm of T. E. Gallagher and Company, of No. 57, King William-street, in the city of London, and No. 9, Albion-road, Dalston, in the county of Middlesex, Metal Agent and Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Guildhall Tavern, Gresham-street, in the city of London, on the 14th day of November, 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

HOUGHTONS and BYFIELD, 85, Gracechurch-street, London, Solicitors for the Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Wandsworth.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles John Slocombe, of Saint John's Hill, New Wandsworth, in the county of Surrey, Cabinet Maker and Upholsterer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at 27, New Broad-street, in the city of London, on the 10th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

W. ELEY, 27, New Broad-street, City, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Hague, of No. 57A, Princess-street, in the city of Manchester, and residing at No. 22, Upper Hulton-street, Moss Side, near the said city of Manchester, Furniture Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. A. and G. W. Fox, Solicitors, 59, Princess-street, in the city of Manchester aforesaid, on the 2nd day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

A. and G. W. FOX, 59, Princess-street, Manchester, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Smith, of the Wholesale Fish Market, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Fishmonger, in lodgings at 265, Queen's-road, Miles Platting, in the said county.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Richard Hankinson, Solicitor, Queen's-chambers, John Dalton-street, Manchester, on the 19th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

RICH. HANKINSON, Queen's-chambers, John Dalton-street, Manchester, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Heaton, of 64, Gorton Brook, in the county of Lancaster, Musical Instrument and Fancy Goods Dealer. NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Tower Hotel, Cathedral Steps, in the city of Manchester, on the 20th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

D. W. TREMEWEN, 23A, Bridge-street, Manchester, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Mary Ann Mayor, of No. 32, Belle Vue-street, West Gorton, near Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Furniture and Provision Dealer and Beerseller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at our offices, situate No. 2, Essex-street, in the city of Manchester, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

RYLANCE and BARKER, 2, Essex-street, Manchester, Solicitors for the said Mary Ann Mayor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Ashworth, of 18, Corn Exchange-chambers, in the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Old Swan Hotel, Pool-street, in the city of Manchester, on the 24th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

THOS. WM. HARRIS, 3, Blue Boar-court, Manchester, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edmund Manley, of No. 55, Dale-street, in the city of Manchester, Steel Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Burdekin, Smith, and Pye-Smith, Solicitors, Sheffield, in the county of York, on the 8th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 23rd day of October, 1877.

SALE, SEDDON, and HILTON, Manchester, Solicitors for the said Edmund Manley.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Charles Perkins, of No. 66, Lower King-street, in the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Auctioneer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. John Hall and Son, Solicitors, 23, Fountain-street, Manchester, on the 15th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

JOHN HALL and SON, 23, Fountain-street, Manchester, Solicitors for the said William Charles Perkins.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edwin Barton, of Manchester-chambers, Market-street, Manchester, previously thereto of Barton-arcade, St. Ann's-square, Manchester, and Heaton-road, Withington, near Manchester, all in the county of Lancaster, Land and Estate Agent and Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Mitre Hotel, Cathedral-gates, Manchester, on the 9th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

NEDHAM, PARKINSON, and SLACK, 10, York-street, Manchester, Solicitors for the Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Peter Chantler, of 3, Railway-arch, Broadheath, near Altrincham, in the county of Chester, Skip Manufacturer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. W. H. Phillips, Solicitor, 1, Pall Mall, Manchester, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

WM. HY. PHILLIPS, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Burnley. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Atkin, of 3, Brunswick-street, Burnley, in the county of Lancaster, Tailor and Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at 23, Nicholas-street, Burnley aforesaid, on the 13th day of November, 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

JOHN KNOWLES, 23, Nicholas-street, Burnley, Solicitor for the said William Atkin.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Burnley. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Leah, John Crabtree, William Greenwood, Enoch Cockcroft, and George Cockcroft, of Calder Vale Mill, near Todmorden, in the county of Lancaster, Cotton Manufacturers, trading under the style or firm of William Leah and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Addleshaw and Warburton, Solicitors, 67, King-street, in the city of Manchester, on the 2nd day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

ADDLESHAW and WARBURTON, 67, King-street, Manchester, Solicitors for the said Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Briggs, of 127, Vauxhall-road, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Licensed Victualler.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. John Seymour Fowler, Solicitor, 7, Cable-street, Liverpool aforesaid, on the 16th day of November, 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

JNO. S. FOWLER, 7, Cable-street, Liverpool, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Jacob Emmons, of 19, Beaumont-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, and James McKean Houghton, of Palm Grove, Oxtan, in the county of Chester, trading together in copartnership as Provision Merchants, Sail Makers, and Ship Chandlers, at 36, Waterloo-road, Liverpool aforesaid, under the style or firm of Emmons and Houghton.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Duncan, Hill, and Dickinson, Solicitors, 10, Water-street, Liverpool, on the 26th day of November, 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

DUNCAN, HILL, and DICKINSON, 10, Water-street, Liverpool, Solicitors for the said Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Jacob Emmons, of 19, Beaumont-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, and James McKean Houghton, of Palm Grove, Oxtan, in the county of Chester, trading together in copartnership as Provision Merchants, Sail Makers, and Ship Chandlers at 36, Waterloo-road, Liverpool aforesaid, under the style or firm of Emmons and Houghton.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named Jacob Emmons has been summoned to be held at the office of

Messrs. Duncan, Hill, and Dickinson, Solicitors, 10, Water-street, Liverpool, on the 26th day of November, 1877, at half-past two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

DUNCAN, HILL, and DICKINSON, 10, Water-street, Liverpool, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Jacob Emmons, of 19, Beaumont-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, and James McKean Houghton, of Palm Grove, Oxtou, in the county of Chester, trading together in copartnership as Provision Merchants, Sail Makers, and Ship Chandlers, at 36, Waterloo-road, Liverpool aforesaid, under the style or firm of Emmons and Houghton.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named James McKean Houghton has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Duncan, Hill, and Dickinson, Solicitors, 10, Water-street, Liverpool, on the 26th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

DUNCAN, HILL, and DICKINSON, 10, Water-street, Liverpool, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Fenwick Reed, residing at Willington, and carrying on business at Wallsend Quay, both in the county of Northumberland, as a Millwright and Engineer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Daniel Edward Stanford, Solicitor, 21, Collingwood-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, on the 8th day of November, 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 29th day of October, 1877.

D. EDW. STANFORD, 21, Collingwood-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Davis, of 157, Stone-street and 22, Westgate-road, both in the borough and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Picture Dealer and Dealer in Picture Frame Mouldings, carrying on business under the style of Joseph Davis and Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. J. G. and J. E. Joel, 1, Newgate-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, on the 15th day of November, 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

J. G. and J. E. JOEL, 1, Newgate-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Solicitors for the said Joseph Davis.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Burn, of Ellison-street, Hebburn Quay, in the county of Durham, Butcher and Beerhouse Keeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Keenlyside and Forster, Solicitors, Saint John's-chambers, Grainger-street West, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

THOMAS FORSTER, Saint John's-chambers, Grainger-street West, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Solicitor for the said Thomas Burn.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Peterborough.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Walden the younger, of Stamford, in the county of Lincoln, Tinman and Brazier.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. William Farmery, Law, 3, Saint Mary's-place, Stamford, in the county of Lincoln, on the 16th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

WM. F. LAW, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Peterborough.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Hurry, of March, in the Isle of Ely and county of Cambridge, Painter and Shoe Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. G. F. D. Gaches, Cathedral Gateway, in Peterborough aforesaid, on the 13th day of November, 1877, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

GEO. F. D. GACHES, Cathedral Gateway, Peterborough, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Sheffield.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Henry Brown, of No. 38, High-street, Rotherham, in the county of York, Hosier.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Ladbury, Collison, and Viney, 99, Cheapside, in the city of London, E.C., on the 10th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

WATSON and ESAM, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Hall, of 67, Northgate, Bradford, in the county of York, Hosier.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of the undersigned, 135, Chapel-lane, Bradford, in the county of York, on the 7th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

PEEL and GAUNT, Chapel-lane, Bradford, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Richard Trotter, of No. 184, Bolling-street, Bradford, in the county of York, Grocer and Beerseller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of the Bradford and District Creditors' Association, No. 7, Parkinson's-chambers, Market-street, Bradford aforesaid, on the 9th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

RICHARD TROTTER, the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Richard Henry Wilkinson, of No. 257, Wakefield-road, Bradford, in the county of York, Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of the Bradford and District Creditors' Association, No. 7, Parkinson's-chambers, Market-street, Bradford aforesaid, on the 8th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 23rd day of October, 1877.

RICHARD HENRY WILKINSON, the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Dewsbury.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Burnley the younger, of Batley, in the county of York, Henry Crowther, of Morley, in the said county, and Isaac Tetley, of Morley aforesaid, trading in copartnership under the style or firm of Burnley, Crowther, and Tetley, at Morley aforesaid, as Rag Grinders and Mungo and Shoddy Merchants.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the offices of Ridgway and Ridgway, Solicitors, in Wellington street, in Batley, in the county of York, on the 14th day of November, 1877, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

RIDGWAY and RIDGWAY, Solicitors for the said Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Dewsbury. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Burnley the younger, of Batley, in the county of York, Henry Crowther, of Morley, in the said county, and Isaac Tetley, of Morley aforesaid, trading in copartnership under the style or firm of Burnley, Crowther, and Tetley, at Morley aforesaid, as Rag Grinders and Mungo and Shoddy Merchants.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named Samuel Burnley the younger has been summoned to be held at the offices of Ridgway and Ridgway, Solicitors, in Wellington-street, in Batley, in the county of York, on the 14th day of November, 1877, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

RIDGWAY and RIDGWAY, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Dewsbury. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Burnley the younger, of Batley, in the county of York, Henry Crowther, of Morley, in the said county, and Isaac Tetley, of Morley aforesaid, trading in copartnership under the style or firm of Burnley, Crowther, and Tetley, at Morley aforesaid, as Rag Grinders and Mungo and Shoddy Merchants.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named Henry Crowther has been summoned to be held at the offices of Ridgway and Ridgway, Solicitors, in Wellington-street, in Batley, in the county of York, on the 14th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

RIDGWAY and RIDGWAY, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Dewsbury. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Benjamin Loble, of Morley, in the county of York, House Furnisher.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my offices, in No. 7, Exchange-buildings, in Batley, in the said county, on the 14th day of November, 1877, at half-past eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

F. S. WOOLER, Solicitor for the said Benjamin Loble.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Dewsbury. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Pickering, of Batley, in the county of York, Tailor and Woollen Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Scholefield and Taylor, Solicitors, Brunswick-street, Batley, in the county of York, on the 13th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

SCHOLEFIELD and TAYLOR, Solicitors for the said Thomas Pickering.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Wilson, of Wade-street, Leeds, in the county of York, Draper, trading as William Wilson and Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Charles Lowrey, Accountant, South-parade, in Leeds aforesaid, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

JNO. C. MALCOLM, Solicitor for the said William Wilson.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Wilson, of Victoria-road, in Leeds, in the county of York, Joiner and Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Middleton and Sons, situate at 31, Park-row, in Leeds aforesaid, on the

9th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

MIDDLETON and SONS, Solicitors for the said Thomas Wilson.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Huddersfield. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John William Barrow, of Seeshill, Huddersfield, in the county of York, Head and Slay Maker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Craven and Sunderland, Solicitors, 21, King-street, Huddersfield aforesaid, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

CRAVEN and SUNDERLAND, Solicitors for the said John William Barrow.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Huddersfield. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Holin Green, of Battye Mills, Kirkheaton, in the parish of Huddersfield, in the county of York, Cloth and Blanket Fuller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my offices, in No. 7, Exchange-buildings, Batley, in the said county, on the 13th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

F. S. WOOLER, Solicitor for the said Holin Green.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Kingston-upon-Hull.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Grosse, of North Frodingham, in the county of York, Grocer and Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Luke White, Solicitor, Exchange-street, in Great Driffield, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

LUKE WHITE, Great Driffield, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Bedfordshire, holden at Bedford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Goodman, of Shefford, in the county of Bedford, Grocer and General Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Inns of Court Hotel, Holborn, London, on the 14th day of November, 1877, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

CONQUEST and CLARE, Duke-street, Bedford, Solicitors for the said George Goodman.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Westmorland, holden at Kendal.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Anthony Mason, of Grasmere, in the county of Westmorland, Plasterer, and Refreshment and Lodging House Keeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. George Gatey, Solicitor, in Ambleside, in the county of Westmorland, on the 14th day of November, 1877, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

GEO. GATEY, Ambleside, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Gloucester,

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Harriett Solloway, of the Bull Inn, in the city of Gloucester, Innkeeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. George William Haines, No. 21, St. John's-lane, in the city of Gloucester, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

GEO. W. HAINES, 21, St. John's-lane, Gloucester, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Gloucester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Dobbs, of the Court Farm, Mitcheldean, in the county of Gloucester, Farmer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Andrew Parker, of Newnham, Solicitor, on the 14th day of November, 1877, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

A. PARKER, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Albert Bryant, of Newfoundland-road, in the city of Bristol, Engineer and Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William Andrews, No. 3, Nicholas-street, Bristol, on the 7th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

JOHN PRICE, 3, Nicholas-street, Bristol, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Coventry. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas William Phillips, of No. 5 House, 17 Court, Little Park-street, Coventry, and Nathan Arch, of No. 2 House, 16 Court, Little Park-street, Coventry, who lately carried on business in copartnership at No. 1, Arcade, Market Hall, Coventry, and 23, Smithford-street, Coventry, as Market Gardeners, under the name of Phillips and Arch.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Hughes and Masser, Solicitors, No. 111, Little Park street, Coventry, on the 18th day of November, 1877, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

HUGHES and MASSER, 111, Little Park-street, Coventry, Solicitors for the said Thomas William Phillips and Nathan Arch.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Coventry. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas William Phillips, of No. 5 House, 17 Court, Little Park-street, Coventry, and Nathan Arch, of No. 2 House, 16 Court, Little Park-street, Coventry, who lately carried on business in copartnership at No. 1, Arcade, Market Hall, Coventry, and 23, Smithford-street, Coventry, as Market Gardeners, under the name of Phillips and Arch.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named Thomas William Phillips has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Hughes and Masser, Solicitors, No. 111, Little Park-street, Coventry, on the 18th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

HUGHES and MASSER, 111, Little Park-street, Coventry, Solicitors for the said Thomas William Phillips.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Coventry. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Mary Beckett, of No. 11, Abbey-street, Nuneaton, in the county of Warwick, Hoster and Haberdasher.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my offices, Newdegate-street, Nuneaton aforesaid, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

W. WOOD SLINGSBY, Newdegate-street, Nuneaton, Solicitor for the said Mary Beckett.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Warwick. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Norman Kessell, of 9, Victoria-terrace, Leamington Priors, in the county of Warwick, Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my office, 19, High-street, War-

wick, on the 9th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

THO. SNAPP, 19, High-street, Warwick, Solicitor for the said Thomas Norman Kessell.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Christian Adolph Sauerland and Henry Arthur Hatch, of Nos. 24 and 25, Newhall-hill, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Merchants, trading under the style or firm of Sauerland, Hatch, and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the Queen's Hotel, New-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, on the 13th day of November, 1877, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

SOUTHALL, THOMAS, and SOUTHALL, 24, Waterloo-street, Birmingham, Solicitors for the said Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Christian Adolph Sauerland and Henry Arthur Hatch, of Nos. 24 and 25, Newhall-hill, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Merchants, trading under the style or firm of Sauerland, Hatch, and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named Henry Arthur Hatch has been summoned to be held at the Queen's Hotel, New-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, on the 13th day of November, 1877, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

SOUTHALL, THOMAS, and SOUTHALL, 24, Waterloo-street, Birmingham, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Benjamin Cole, of No. 46½, Suffolk-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Soda Water Manufacturer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Wright and Marshall, Townhall-chambers, New-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

WRIGHT and MARSHALL, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Pearson, of No. 87, Vincent-street, Balsall Heath, near Birmingham, in the county of Worcester, Commercial Traveller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at 49, Ann-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1877.

GEO. STANLEY GEM, 17, Ann-street, Birmingham, Solicitor for the Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Broadhurst, of the Mazeppa Tavern, Navigation-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Beer Retailer, late Cab Proprietor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Alfred Baldwin East, Eldon-chambers, Cherry-street, Birmingham aforesaid, on the 10th day of November, 1877, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

ALFRED B. EAST, Eldon-chambers, Cherry-street, Birmingham, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Bolus, of Catherine de Barnes Wharf, Solihull, in the county of Warwick, Coal and Lime Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Alfred Baldwin East, Solicitor, Eldon-chambers, Cherry-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, on the 10th day of November, 1877, at a quarter-past ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

ALFRED B. EAST, Eldon-chambers, Cherry-street, Birmingham, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Matthew William Matthews, of No. 66, Alexander-street, King Edward's-road, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, and having a Coal Yard at No. 6, Eyre-street, Spring Hill, Birmingham aforesaid, Coal Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Alfred Baldwin East, Solicitor, Eldon-chambers, Cherry-street, Birmingham aforesaid, on the 7th day of November, 1877, at a quarter-past ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

ALFRED B. EAST, Eldon-chambers, Cherry-street, Birmingham, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Jones, of 47, Bull-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Provision Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Edwin Jaques, Solicitor, 40, Cherry-street, Birmingham, on the 13th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

EDWIN JAQUES, 40, Cherry-street, Birmingham, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Ash, of Chadwick End, in the parish of Baddesley Clinton, in the county of Warwick, Saddler and Baker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Buller and Bickley, Solicitors, 30, Bennett's-hill, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, on the 9th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

BULLER and BICKLEY, 30, Bennett's-hill, Birmingham, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Cooper, of No. 70, Lichfield-road, Aston-juxta-Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Butcher.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Joseph Ansell, 38, Waterloo-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, on the 7th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 22nd day of October, 1877.

JOSEPH ANSELL, 38, Waterloo-street, Birmingham, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Norfolk, holden at King's Lynn.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Young Skipner, trading under the style or firm of J. Y. Skinner and Co., of Wisbech, in the county of Cambridge, and also of Upwell, in the said county of Cambridge, General Outfitter.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Sidney Ollard, Solicitor, No. 3, York-row, Wisbech, on the 19th

day of November, 1877, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

SIDNEY OLLARD, 3, York-row, Wisbech, Solicitor for the said John Young Skipner.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Stoke-upon-Trent and Longton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Hill, of Cobden-street, Dreaden, near Longton, in the county of Stafford, Auctioneer's Clerk.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Sea Lion Hotel, Hanley, in the county of Stafford, on the 8th day of November, 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

JAMES HILL.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Stoke-upon-Trent and Longton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Branson, of High-street, Stoke-upon-Trent, in the county of Stafford, Grocer, Provision Merchant, and Ale, Porter, and Wine Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 12, Cheapside, Hanley, in the county of Stafford, on the 10th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

EDM. TENNANT, No. 12, Cheapside, Hanley, Solicitor for the said John Branson.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Oldbury.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Gittoes, of Victoria-street, Westbromwich, in the county of Stafford, Coal Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William Rankin, solicitor in High-street, Westbromwich, in the county of Stafford, on the 18th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

W. RANKIN, High-street, Westbromwich, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joshua Bulkeley May, late of Holly-wall Tileries, Tunstall, in the county of Stafford, Brick and Tile Manufacturer, but now of Silverdale-road, Wolstanton, in the county of Stafford, out of business.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my offices, situate at Tunstall, in the county of Stafford, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

E. W. HOLLINSHEAD, Tunstall, Staffordshire, Solicitor for the said Joshua Bulkeley May.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Anderson, of No. 47, Rathbone-street, Tunstall, in the county of Stafford, Wine and Spirit Merchants' Cellarman.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Arthur Ellis, Solicitor, 36, Market-place, Burslem, in the said county of Stafford, on the 9th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

ARTHUR ELLIS, 36, Market-place, Burslem, Solicitor for the said John Anderson.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Carnarvonshire, holden at Bangor.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Williams, of Bryneidal, in the parish of Penmachno, in the county of Carnarvon, Farmer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Eagles Hotel, Llanrwst, on

the 15th day of November, 1877, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

R.D. JAMES, Llanrwst, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Derbyshire, holden at Chesterfield. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Frederick Norman, of Knifesmith Gate, Chesterfield, in the county of Derby, Boot and Shoe Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Stag and Pheasant Hotel, Humberstone Gate, Leicester, in the county of Leicester, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

GEO. EDWD. GEE, High-street, Chesterfield, Solicitor for the said Frederick Norman.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Bedfordshire, holden at Bedford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Lawrence Bartholomew Moore, of Bedford, in the county of Bedford, Builder and Contractor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Inns of Court Hotel, Holborn, London, on the 14th day of November, 1877, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

CONQUEST and CLARE, Duke-street, Bedford, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Denbighshire, holden at Wrexham. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Richard Jones, of Penley Mill, in the parish of Penley, in the county of Flint, Miller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Angel Hotel, Dale-street, Liverpool, on the 14th day of November, 1877, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

BLACKBURN and ALLEN, Ellesmere, Salop, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Carmarthenshire, holden at Carmarthen.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Elizabeth Anthony, of Bryn Villa, in the parish of Cibrhedyn, in the county of Carmarthen, Widow, Draper and Grocer and Licensed Victualler.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. William Morgan Griffiths, Solicitor, at Saint Mary-street, Carmarthen, on the 7th day of November, 1877, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

W. MORGAN GRIFFITHS, of Saint Mary-street, Carmarthen, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Suffolk, holden at Ipswich.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Stevenson, of Ipswich, in the county of Suffolk, and of Felixstowe, in the same county, trading under the style or firm of Robert Stevenson and Company, Coal Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Ridler's Hotel, High Holborn, London, in the county of Middlesex, on the 14th day of November, 1877, at half-past two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

WATTS and CRIDGE, 26, Butter-market, Ipswich, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Oxfordshire, holden at Oxford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Ractliffe, of Eaton, near Abingdon, in the county of Berks, Farmer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Saint Michael's-chambers, Ship-street, Oxford, on the 15th day of November, 1877, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

J. J. BICKERTON, Saint Michael's-chambers, Ship-street, Oxford, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Worcester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Hall, of Pershore, in the county of Worcester, Printer and Stationer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Unicorn Hotel, in the city of Worcester, on the 14th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

JOS. MARTIN, Pershore, Solicitor for the said Thomas Hall.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Worcester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Edward Sarman, of the Malt House, in the parish of Hallow, in the county of Worcester, Butcher and Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Richard Joseph Williams Pitt, Solicitor, the Avenue, Cross, in the city of Worcester, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

R. J. W. PITT, the Avenue, Cross, Worcester, Solicitor for the Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Worcester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edwin Pearce, of Saint Ann's-place, Malvern, in the county of Worcester, Lodging-house Keeper and Toy-shop Keeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. James Tree, Solicitor, 98, High-street, in the city of Worcester, on the 9th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

JAS. TREE, Solicitor for the Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Worcester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Winnall, of Hyde Farm, Elmley Lovett, near Droitwich, in the county of Worcester, Farmer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Lion Hotel, Kidderminster, in the said county of Worcester, on the 10th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

G. W. PRESCOTT, 28, Market-street, Stourbridge, Solicitor for the said Joseph Winnall.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Kidderminster.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Frederick John Sellers, trading as F. J. Sellers and Co., of Kidderminster, in the county of Worcester, Carpet Manufacturer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Black Horse Hotel, situate in Mill-street, Kidderminster, in the county of Worcester, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at half-past three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

MILLER CORBET and CO., of Kidderminster, Solicitors for the said Frederick John Sellers.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Stourbridge.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Donald MacDonald Pearson, of Stourbridge, in the county of Worcester, and of Kinver, in the county of Stafford, trading as Donald Pearson, Coal Merchant, formerly of Stourbridge aforesaid, Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Talbot Hotel, Stourbridge, in the county of Worcester, on the 14th day of

November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

CHARLES W. COLLIS, Stourbridge, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Dudley. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Brownridge, of No. 24, Victoria-terrace, Dudley, in the county of Worcester, Travelling Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Addleshaw and Warburton, Solicitors, No. 67, King-street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, on the 16th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

ADDLESHAW and WARBURTON, 67, King-street, Manchester, Solicitors for the said James Brownridge.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Merthyr Tydfil.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Jenkin Thomas, of No. 111, Pennel-street, Twynnyrody, Merthyr Tydfil, in the county of Glamorgan, late Contractor, now Collier.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of W. and J. Beddoe, 34, Victoria-street, Merthyr Tydfil aforesaid, on the 10th day of November, 1877, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

W. and J. BEDDOE, Merthyr Tydfil, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Merthyr Tydfil.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Hall, of the Glantaf Inn, Troedyrhiw, in the parish of Merthyr Tydfil, in the county of Glamorgan, Innkeeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 7, Canon-street, Aberdare, Glamorganshire, on the 9th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

THOS. PHILLIPS, 7, Canon-street, Aberdare, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Berry Hagon, of the Hundred, Romsey, in the county of Southampton, Builder and Contractor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. E. R. V. Shutte, Solicitor, 23, Portland-street, Southampton, on the 9th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

E. R. V. SHUTTE, 23, Portland-street, Southampton, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Newport and at Ryde.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Isaac Pope, of Oak Green Villa, Oakfield, near Ryde, Isle of Wight, in the county of Southampton, Brick-maker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Cambrian House Offices, Market-street, Ryde aforesaid, on the 8th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 23rd day of October, 1877.

JOHN WILSON FARDELL, of Cambrian House, Ryde, Isle of Wight, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Jones, of For-street, Shaldon, in the county of Devon, Carrier and Leather Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Robert T. Campion, Solicitor, No. 8, Bedford-circus, in the city of Exeter, on the 10th day of November, 1877, at eleven

o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

ROBT. T. CAMPION, Solicitor for the said William Jones.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James William Collins, of the Round Tree Inn, in the parish of Saint Edmund, Exeter, Licensed Victualler and General Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. John Toby, No. 12, Castle-street, in the city of Exeter, on the 10th day of November, 1877, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

JOHN TOBY, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Elizabeth Grattan, of Tiverton, in the county of Devon, Boot and Shoe Dealer, Widow.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. John William Petherick, Solicitor, No. 8, Southernhay, in the city of Exeter, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

JOHN W. PETHERICK, No. 8, Southernhay, Exeter, Solicitor for the said Elizabeth Grattan.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Barnstaple. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Ivey, of Bideford, in the county of Devon, Boot and Shoe Maker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. John Arnold Thorne, Solicitor, Castle street, Barnstaple, Devon, on the 16th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

J. A. THORNE, Castle-street, Barnstaple, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Montgomeryshire, holden at Newtown.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Jones, of Priest Weston, in the parish of Chirbury, in the county of Salop, Tailor and Fruiterer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 25, St. John's-hill, Shrewsbury, on the 5th day of November, 1877, at half-past two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

C. NUTSEY, 25, St. John's-hill, Shrewsbury, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Nantwich and Crewe.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Cross, of Northwich, in the said county, Plumber, Painter, and Glazier.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Unicorn Hotel, Altrincham, in the said county, on the 10th day of November, 1877, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

GREEN and DIXON, Northwich, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Stockton-on-Tees and Middlesborough.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Cornforth, of No. 1, Zeland-street, Darlington, in the county of Durham, Provision and Beer Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of George Webster, Solicitor, in the Central Hall, Darlington aforesaid, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

GEO. WEBSTER, Darlington, Solicitor for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Stockton-on-Tees and Middlesborough.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Graham Robert Ferry, of Darlington, in the county of Durham, Builder, Plasterer, Brick Manufacturer, and Encaustic Tile Pavior, formerly carrying on business in Darlington aforesaid, in copartnership with Augustine Ferry, under the style or firm of Ferry and Ferry, in the above trades.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Steavenson and MEEK, 3, Paradise-terrace, Darlington, on the 7th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 22nd day of October, 1877.

STEAVENSON and MEEK, 3, Paradise-terrace, Darlington, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Sunderland. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Tate, residing at 18, Bramwell-street, and carrying on business as a Boat Builder on the east side of the South Dock, both in the borough of Sunderland, in the county of Durham.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Lawson and Robinson, Solicitors, 10, Villiers-street, Sunderland aforesaid, on the 7th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 23rd day of October, 1877.

LAWSON and ROBINSON, 10, Villiers-street, Sunderland, Solicitors for the said Thomas Tate.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Sunderland. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Septimus Jopling, of No. 13, Shakespere-terrace, in the borough of Sunderland, in the county of Durham, formerly Commission Agent, but now out of business.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. William Bell, Solicitor, No. 23, Lambton-street, Sunderland aforesaid, on the 12th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 22nd day of October, 1877.

WILLIAM BELL, 23, Lambton-street, Sunderland, Solicitor for the said Charles Septimus Jopling.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court, transferred from the County Court of Surrey, holden at Kingston.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Alexander La Roche Oades, of Egham, in the county of Surrey, Builder and Contractor.

A MEETING of the Creditors of the above-named debtor will be held at the offices of Messrs. Miller and Miller, 13, Sherborne-lane, in the city of London, on Wednesday, the 14th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering the propriety of sanctioning the passing resolutions assenting to a scheme of settlement under the 28th section of the Bankruptcy Act, 1869, whether the Trustee shall be authorized to accept from the debtor a composition of five shillings in pound, payable within fourteen days after the confirmation by the Court of the said scheme of settlement; 2. To consider the desirability of agreeing the Trustees' remuneration; 3. To audit the Trustees' accounts; 4. That the debtor's order of discharge be granted.—Dated this 29th day of October, 1877.

W. C. HARVEY, for self and Co-Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Swansea.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Arthur Lodge Rawlings, of 16, Waterloo-street, Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, and William Buston, of 86, Brunswick-street, Swansea aforesaid, carrying on business at Albion-chambers, Swansea aforesaid, under the firm of Rawlings and Buston, as General Merchants and Agents.

A GENERAL Meeting of the Creditors of the said Arthur Lodge Rawlings and William Buston is hereby summoned to be held at 10, Temple-street, Swansea, on Wednesday, the 7th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, and the general rules made in pursuance thereof. The object of the meeting and the

business proposed to be transacted thereat will be:—To consider the granting of the discharge of the said Arthur Lodge Rawlings and William Buston; to fix the date of the closing of the liquidation; to consider an application from the Trustee for his release.—Dated the 27th day of October, 1877.

BARTLETT P. THOMAS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Edmund Ireland, of Old Shirley Brewery, Old Shirley, near the town of Southampton, and of No. 56, High-street, West Cowes, in the Isle of Wight, Brewer and Wine and Spirit Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named Edmund Ireland will be held, in accordance with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Act, 1869 (section 125, clause 9), at the offices of the Trustee under the liquidation, No. 2, High-street, Southampton, on Wednesday, the 7th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the following purposes:—To consider an offer, and to pass a resolution thereon, for the purchase of the estate, at such a sum as shall be sufficient to pay a First and Final Dividend of two shillings and sixpence in the pound upon all debts or claims provable under this liquidation, and all costs incurred and to be incurred in connection therewith, and all moneys advanced or to be advanced by the Trustee in respect thereof; to declare a First and Final Dividend; to grant or otherwise determine as to the debtor's discharge; to release the Trustee; to close the liquidation; and for general business.—Dated at Southampton, this 24th day of October, 1877.

JOHN J. BURNETT, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Nottingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Stobbs, formerly of Spondon, in the county of Derby, then of London-road, Derby, in the said county of Derby, Railway Clerk, then of 40, Park-street, Nottingham aforesaid, but now of Woodbine Villa, Wilford-road, Nottingham aforesaid, Clerk.

A MEETING of the Creditors of the above-named debtor will be held at Britannia-chambers, Pelham-street, Nottingham, on the 15th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of considering the propriety of sanctioning the acceptance by the Trustee of a composition offered by the bankrupt of two shillings in the pound, and for thereafter closing the liquidation and releasing the Trustee.

THOS. LEMAN, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of James Fryer, Henry Sugden, and Harry Clough, lately carrying on business at Victoria Works, Greengate, Keighley, in the county of York, as Washing and Wringing Machine Makers and Copartners, under the style or firm of Fryer, Sugden, and Clough.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the above-named James Fryer, Henry Sugden, and Harry Clough will be held, in accordance with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Act, 1869 (section 125, clause 9), at the office of John Hugill, Accountant, Temperance Hall, Keighley, on Tuesday, the 6th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the following purposes:—To audit the accounts of the Trustee; to fix the remuneration of the Trustee; to declare a Second and Final Dividend; to release the Trustee; to grant or otherwise determine the debtors' discharge; to close the liquidation; and for general business. Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

JOHN HUGILL, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Halifax. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Sutcliffe, of Bethel-street, Brighouse, in the county of York, Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named William Sutcliffe will be held at the offices of William Henry Boocock, Solicitor, Silver-street, Halifax, on Wednesday, the 7th day of November, 1877, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the following purposes, namely:—1st. To pass the Trustee's accounts; 2nd. To declare a First and Final Dividend; 3rd. To fix the close of the liquidation; 4th. To release the Trustee; 5th. To grant the debtor his discharge.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

GEORGE CLAY, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Frederick William Graveson, of 91, Long-lane, Aldersgate-street, in the city of London, Timber Merchant.

THE creditors of the above-named Frederick William Graveson who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 10th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, William Thomas Ogden, of 6A, Austin-friars, in the city of London, Public Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

W. T. OGDEN, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Kingston, transferred to the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Alexander La Roche Oades, of Egham, in the county of Surrey, Builder and Contractor.

THE creditors of the above-named Alexander La Roche Oades who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 7th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, William Comben Harvey, 1, Gresham-buildings, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, Accountant, one of the Trustees under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

W. C. HARVEY, for self and Co-Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Philip Williams, of No. 16, Kennet-road, Harrow-road, Paddington, in the county of Middlesex, Carpenter and Builder.

THE creditors of the above-named Philip Williams who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 8th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Ernest Foreman, of No. 7, Gresham-street, in the city of London, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

ERNEST FOREMAN, for self and Co-Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Ulverston and at Barrow-in-Furness.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Gelderd, of Ulverston, in the county of Lancaster, Currier.

THE creditors of the above-named John Gelderd who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 8th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Robert Casson, of Ulverston aforesaid, Accountant, one of the Trustees under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

ROBERT CASSON, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Davie and Robert Davie, of 19, Brunswick-street and 15, Ford-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Sack and Bag Merchants and Copartners, trading under the style of John Davie and Co., and trading also at 30A, Faulkner-street, Manchester, in the said county of Lancaster, under the style of Davie Brothers, the said John Davie also trading in copartnership with George Service Young, at 5 and 6, Hart-street, in the city of London, and 18, Rupert-street, Whitechapel, and Harrow-street, Limehouse, in the county of Middlesex, Sack and Bag Merchants, under the style of Davie, Young, and Co.

THE creditors of the above-named John Davie and Robert Davie who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 9th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, John Stanley Blease, of 25, Castle-street, Liverpool, Public Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

JOHN S. BLEASE, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Worthington, of No. 12, Speke-road, Garston, in the county of Lancaster, Contractor.

THE creditors of the above-named Thomas Worthington who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 7th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Henry Bolland, of 10, South John-street, Liverpool, in the said county, Public Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

HY. BOLLAND, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at York.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Richard Smith Thompson Dorsey, of Warter, in the county of York, Farmer.

THE creditors of the above-named Richard Smith Thompson Dorsey who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 7th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, John Craven, of No. 11, East Mount-road, York, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

JOHN CRAVEN, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Northallerton.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Jameson, of Scruton, in the county of York, Farmer.

THE creditors of the above-named William Jameson who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 10th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Thomas Wetherill, of Northallerton, in the county of York, Bailiff, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

THOMAS WETHERILL, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lincolnshire, holden at Boston.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Gregory Austin Plowman and Frederick Plowman, both of Skirbeck Quarter, near Boston, in the county of Lincoln, Builders and Contractors.

THE creditors of the above-named Gregory Austin Plowman and Frederick Plowman who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 8th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to us, the undersigned, Henry Thompson Wright, of Boston aforesaid, Ironmonger, and William Edward Lewin, of the same place, Merchant, the Trustees under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

H. T. WRIGHT,
W. E. LEWIN, Trustees.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Warrington.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Sherratt, of Runcorn, in the county of Chester, Joiner and Beerhouse Keeper, carrying on business at the sign of the Crown Vaults, Heath-road, in Runcorn aforesaid.

THE creditors of the above-named William Sherratt who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 31st day of October, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, George Jepson Knight, of 24, Bridge-street, Runcorn, in the county of Chester, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 20th day of October, 1877.

GEO. J. KNIGHT, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Joseph Parks, of Wincham, in the county of Chester, Shipbuilder, Boiler Maker, and Salt Manufacturer.

THE creditors of the above-named Joseph Parks who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 12th day of November, 1877, to send their

names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Thomas Walton Gillibrand, of 56, George-street, in the city of Manchester, Public Accountant, the Trustees under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

T. W. GILLIBRAND, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Gee, of No. 4, Trees-street, Crumpsall, near Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Joiner and Builder.

THE creditors of the above-named William Gee who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 16th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Edwin Mansfield, of Market-street, in the city of Manchester, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

EDWIN MANSFIELD, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Monmouthshire, holden at Tredegar.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Robert Weir, of No. 2, Beaufort-buildings, Brynamwr, in the county of Brecon, Draper.

THE creditors of the above-named Robert Weir who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 7th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, James Douglas, of Bradford, in the county of York, Stuff Merchant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

JAMES DOUGLAS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Oxfordshire, holden at Oxford. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Lambourn, of Bainton, near Bicester, in the county of Oxford, Farmer.

THE creditors of the above-named William Lambourn who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 14th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Thomas Costar Finch, of Bicester, in the county of Oxford, Grocer, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

THOMAS C. FINCH, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Newport and at Hyde.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Henry Jackman, of Newport House, Newport-road, Ventnor, in the Isle of Wight, in the county of Hants, Builder and Contractor.

THE creditors of the above-named William Henry Jackman who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 8th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, William Edmunds, of Newport, in the Isle of Wight, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

WM. EDMONDS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Robert Macgregor and Thomas Armour, both of Manningham, in the parish of Bradford, in the county of York, Stone Masons and Contractors, trading in copartnership under the style of R. Macgregor and Co.

THE creditors of the above-named Robert Macgregor and Thomas Armour who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 12th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, William Gilyard, of 3, Parkinson's-chambers, Market-street, Bradford, in the county of York, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

WILLIAM GILYARD, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Robert Macgregor and Thomas Armour, both of Manningham, in the parish of Bradford, in the county of York, Stone Masons and Contractors, trading in copartnership under the style of R. Macgregor and Co.

THE separate creditors of the above-named Robert Macgregor who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 12th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, William Gilyard, of 3, Parkinson's-chambers, Market-street, Bradford, in the county of York, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

WILLIAM GILYARD, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Robert Macgregor and Thomas Armour, both of Manningham, in the parish of Bradford, in the county of York, Stone Masons and Contractors, trading in copartnership under the style of R. Macgregor and Co.

THE separate creditors of the above-named Thomas Armour who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 12th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, William Gilyard, of 3, Parkinson's-chambers, Market-street, Bradford, in the county of York, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

WILLIAM GILYARD, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford, transferred from the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of James Symington, of 69, Blackett-street, in the borough and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Draper, recently residing at No. 1, St. Thomas-square, Newcastle aforesaid, and now residing in furnished lodgings at 360, Westgate-road, Newcastle aforesaid.

THE creditors of the above-named James Symington who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 6th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Peter Kerr Chesney, of 1, Leeds-road, Bradford, in the county of York, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

PETER KERR CHESNEY, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Daniel Gordon, of No. 59, Richmond-road, Leeds, in the county of York, Draper and Builder.

THE creditors of the above-named Daniel Gordon who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 8th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Robert Murray Burgess, of 49, Albion-street, Leeds, in the county of York, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

ROBT. M. BURGESS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Canterbury. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Edward Moys, of No. 33, Addington-street, Ramsgate, in the county of Kent, Butcher.

THE creditors of the above-named Edward Moys who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 10th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, William Wood, of Crabble, near Dover, in the county of Kent, Salesman, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

WILLIAM WOOD, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Canterbury. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Mark Swain, of Butchery-lane, in the city of Canterbury, Baker.

THE creditors of the above-named Mark Swain who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 10th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, George William Chitty, of Dover, in the county of Kent, Miller, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

GEORGE WILLIAM CHITTY, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Shropshire, holden at Shrewsbury. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Thomas Broxton, of the Brook House, Pontesbury, in the county of Salop, Butcher.

THE creditors of the above-named William Thomas Broxton who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 10th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, John William Broughall, of 13, St. John's Hill, Shrewsbury, or to Mr. Henry Jones, of Hanwood, in the county of Salop, Farmer, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

J. W. BROUGHALL, Solicitor to the Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at East Stonehouse.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of George Charles Hart, of the Granby-cellars, Devonport, in the county of Devon, Wine, Spirit, Ale, and Porter Merchant, trading under the style or firm of Davey and Company.

THE creditors of the above-named George Charles Hart who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 10th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Ward West Arliss, of No. 28, Westwell-street, Plymouth, in the county of Devon, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

WARD WEST ARLISS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at East Stonehouse.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Edwin Henry Row, of Widey Cottage, in the parish of Egg Buckland, in the county of Devon, Gentleman.

THE creditors of the above-named Edwin Henry Row who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 10th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Ward West Arliss, of No. 28, Westwell-street, Plymouth, in the county of Devon, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

WARD WEST ARLISS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Beare, of Brampford Speke, Devon, Yeoman.

THE creditors of the above-named Thomas Beare who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 6th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Edwin Fewings, of No. 16, Queen-street, Exeter, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

EDWIN FEWINGS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Derbyshire, holden at Derby. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Bridge, of High-street, Ripley, in the county of Derby, Licensed Victualler.

THE creditors of the above-named John Bridge who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 8th day of November, 1877, to

send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, George Lee, of Ripley, in the county of Derby, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

GEORGE LEE, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Edmund Ireland, of Old Shirley Brewery, Old Shirley, near the town of Southampton, and of No. 56, High-street, West Cowes, in the Isle of Wight, Brewer and Wine and Spirit Merchant.

THE creditors of the above-named Edmund Ireland who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 5th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, John James Burnett, of No. 2, High-street, Southampton, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

JOHN J. BURNETT, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Portsmouth. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Crowter, formerly of Blackhouse Farm, Gosport-road, Fareham, and of No. 50, Brunswick-road, Southsea, in the parish of Portsea, both in the county of Southampton, but now only of No. 50, Brunswick-road, Southsea aforesaid, Monetary Agent.

THE creditors of the above-named William Crowter who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 9th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, William Edmonds, of No. 46, Saint James-street, Portsea, in the county of Hants, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

WM. EDMONDS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Peterborough.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Richard Longbottom, of Wimblington, in the Isle of Ely, and county of Cambridge, Farmer.

THE creditors of the above-named John Richard Longbottom who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 8th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, James Longbottom, of Manea, in the county of Cambridge, Farmer, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

JAMES LONGBOTTOM, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Norfolk, holden at Norwich. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Henry Jarvis, of King-street, in the city of Norwich, Coal Merchant.

THE creditors of the above-named Henry Jarvis who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 8th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Edwin Matthias Bullard, of No. 28, Castle-meadow, in the said city of Norwich, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

E. M. BULLARD, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Carnarvonshire, holden at Bangor. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Bilsland Hughes, of Victoria House, Conway, in the county of Carnarvon, Cabinet Maker and Upholsterer.

THE creditors of the above-named James Bilsland Hughes who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 8th day of November, 1877, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, William Comben Harvey, of 1, Gresham-building, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 29th day of October, 1877.

W. C. HARVEY, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the London Bankruptcy Court.**

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Charles Wilkins, of Elzevir Press, No. 9, Castle-street, Holborn, in the city of London, and of No. 15, Hammersmith-terrace, in the county of Middlesex, and of Thomas Vernon, of Elzevir Press, No. 9, Castle-street aforesaid, and of No. 4, Nunhead-grove, Peckham Rye, in the county of Surrey, trading as Copartners, under the name or style of John C. Wilkins and Vernon, as Printers and Book Manufacturers.

WILLIAM THEOBALD, of No. 30, Mark-lane, in the city of London, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtors. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtors must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtors must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 17th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the London Bankruptcy Court.**

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Charles Wilkins, of Elzevir Press, No. 9, Castle-street, Holborn, in the city of London, and of 15, Hammersmith-terrace, in the county of Middlesex, and of Thomas Vernon, of Elzevir Press, No. 9, Castle-street aforesaid, and of No. 4, Nunhead-grove, Peckham Rye, in the county of Surrey, trading as copartners, under the name or style of John C. Wilkins and Vernon, as Printers and Book Manufacturers.

WILLIAM THEOBALD, of 30, Mark-lane, in the city of London, has been appointed Trustee of the separate estate of John Charles Wilkins, one of the above-named debtors. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 17th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the London Bankruptcy Court.**

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Charles Wilkins, of Elzevir Press, No. 9, Castle-street, Holborn, in the city of London, and of No. 15, Hammersmith-terrace, in the county of Middlesex, and of Thomas Vernon, of Elzevir Press, No. 9, Castle-street aforesaid, and of No. 4, Nunhead-grove, Peckham Rye, in the county of Surrey, trading as Copartners under the name or style of John C. Wilkins and Vernon, as Printers and Book Manufacturers.

WILLIAM THEOBALD, of No. 30, Mark-lane, in the city of London, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the separate estate of Thomas Vernon, one of the above-named debtors. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 17th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the London Bankruptcy Court.**

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Frederick Sutton, of No. 1, Cock-lane, in the city of London, and No. 5, Frankfort-terrace, Harrow-road, in the county of Middlesex, Provision Merchant.

EDWARD COUSINS, of No. 4, Wellington-chambers, London Bridge, Bookkeeper, and James Graham, of No. 23, Finsbury-place, London, Accountant have been appointed Trustees of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustees, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustees. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustees.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the London Bankruptcy Court.**

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Leach, of 18, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, and of Leeds, in the county of York, Machinist and Woollen Merchant.

JOHN HARTLEY BLACKBURN, of Royal Insurance-buildings, Park-row, Leeds, in the county of York, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor, in the place and stead of the late Henry Webster Blackburn. All persons having in their possession

any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the London Bankruptcy Court.**

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Poole, of No. 36, Præd-street, Paddington, in the county of Middlesex, Boot and Shoe Maker, late in partnership with Henry Welsh Warwick, at the same place, under the style of Poole and Co., Boot and Shoe Maker.

WILLIAM HICKSON, of No. 20, West Smithfield, in the city of London, Boot and Shoe Maker, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 29th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Croydon.**

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Benjamin Armes, of No. 5, Wellington-place, Saint James's-road, Broad Green, West Croydon, in the county of Surrey, Baker.

HENRI EMILE SAUNION, of No. 16, Mark-lane, in the city of London, Merchant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 13th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the County Court of Cambridgeshire, holden at Cambridge.**

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William John Markham, of No. 59, Bridge-street, in the town of Cambridge, Leather Merchant.

ARTHUR BARRON, of 10, Old Jewry-chambers, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor, in the place and stead of George Rogers. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 23rd day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the County Court of Durham, holden at Stockton-on-Tees and Middlesborough.**

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William George Lennard and Christopher Lennard, of No. 123, High-street, Redcar, in the county of York, and No. 1, Craster-terrace, East Coatham, in the said county, carrying on the business of Grocers and Confectioners, as Copartners, under the style or firm of W. G. and C. Lennard.

GEORGE EDMUND PYBUS, of Middlesborough, in the county of York, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtors. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtors must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtors must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Warrington. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Sherratt, of Runcorn, in the county of Chester, Joiner and Beerhouse Keeper, carrying on business at the sign of the Crown Vaults, Heath-road, in Runcorn aforesaid.

GEORGE JEPSON KNIGHT, of 24, Bridge-street, Runcorn, in the county of Chester, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 20th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Preston. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Hall, of Leighton-street Mills, Preston, in the county of Lancaster, Manufacturer, trading under the style or firm of John Hall and Co.

JOSEPH BURTON, of Cross-street, in the city of Manchester, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debt to the trustee.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Gee, of No. 4, Treas-street, Crumpsall, near Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Joiner and Builder.

EDWIN MANSFIELD, of Market-street, in the city of Manchester, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at East Stonehouse.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Rundle, late of No. 64, Harwell-street, and now of No. 12, Trafalgar-street, both in Plymouth, in the county of Devon, Builder.

WILLIAM HARRIES, of George-street, Plymouth, in the county of Devon, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Stockport. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Richardson the younger, of Wellington Bridge, in Stockport, in the county of Cheshire, Timber Merchant.

MARSHALL PRESTON, of 3, Clarence-street, Manchester, Public Accountant, and Thomas Sutton, of 2, Booth-street, Manchester, Public Accountant, have been appointed Trustees of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Halifax. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of James Midgley, of Prospect Farm, Ilkworth in Ovenden, in the parish of Halifax, in the county of York, Farmer.

WILLIAM ROBERTS, of Halifax aforesaid, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Derbyshire, holden at Derby. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Charles Frederick Pollard, of Cotmanhay-road, Ilkeston, in the county of Derby, Shoe Maker.

JOHAN MIDDAP, of Parker-street, Derby, Salesman, and George Tooth, of Mount-street, Nottingham, Currier, have been appointed Trustees of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Derbyshire, holden at Derby. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Alfred Pollard, of Bath-street, Ilkeston, in the county of Derby, Shoe Manufacturer.

JOHAN MIDDAP, of Parker-street, Derby, Salesman, and George Tooth, of Mount-street, Nottingham, Currier, have been appointed Trustees of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Derbyshire, holden at Derby. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Pollard, of Cotmanhay-road, Ilkeston, in the county of Derby, Shoe Manufacturer.

JOHAN MIDDAP, of Parker-street, Derby, Salesman, and George Tooth, of Mount-street, Nottingham, Currier, have been appointed Trustees of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Raine, residing and carrying on business at 114, Shield-street, Shieldfield, in the town and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Grocer, Confectioner, and Provision Dealer.

WILLIAM MURAS, of 7, Percy-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Nottingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Dix Birch, of the town of Nottingham, Boot and Shoe Maker.

JOHAN SMITH, of Severn's Yard, Middle Pavement, Nottingham, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Alfred Warren and William Lenton, both of George-street, Luton, in the county of Bedford, Straw Hat Manufacturers, trading in copartnership together under the style or firm of Alfred Warren and Co., the said Alfred Warren also carrying on business on his separate account as Straw Hat Manufacturer, at Dunstable, in the said county, Bankrupts.

A MEETING of the Creditors of the above-named bankrupts, adjudicated bankrupts on the 5th day of February, 1876, will be held at the offices of Messrs. Ladbury, Collison, and Viney, of 99, Cheapside, in the city of London, on Wednesday, the 7th day of November, 1877, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely, for the following purpose, viz.:—To consider the propriety of assenting to the said William Lenton, one of the above-named bankrupts, applying to the Court for an order of immediate discharge, the bankruptcy having been closed.—Dated this 29th day of October, 1877.

SOLE, TURNER, and KNIGHT, 68, Alderman-bury, London, E.C., Solicitors for the Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Charles Edward Curtis, of 94A, High-street, Homerton, in the county of Middlesex, Farrier, adjudicated Bankrupt on the 22nd day of December, 1876.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the Creditors of the said Charles Edward Curtis will be held at eleven o'clock, on Tuesday, November 13th, 1877, at

the offices of Messrs. Samuel J. Bennett and Co., Public Accountants, 54, Moorgate-street, London, E.C., for the following purposes, viz.:—1. To fix the date for the close of the bankruptcy and to close the bankruptcy; 2. To consider the question of the release of the Trustee and the debtor, and, if thought desirable, to grant the same forthwith, or to take effect from a given date.—Dated at London, this 23rd day of October, 1877.

LEAROYD, LEAROYD, and PEACE, Albion-chambers, Moorgate, London, E.C., Solicitors to the Trustee.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

A FIRST and Final Dividend of 11d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of Hugo Bunge, of 26, Great Tower-street, in the city of London, and of 324, Clapham-road, in the county of Surrey, a member of the firm of Wilhelm Bunge and Co., adjudicated bankrupt on the 1st day of November, 1873, and will be paid by me, at 18, King-street, Cheapside, in the city of London, on and after the 29th day of October, 1877.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

WILLIAM EDWARDS, Trustee.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

A FIRST and Final Dividend of 1d. and nine-tenths of a penny in the pound has been declared in the matter of Edward James Barry, formerly of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Cashier and Ship Owner, and now of Millbank Prison, in the county of Middlesex, a Convict, adjudicated bankrupt on the 18th day of February, 1876, and will be paid by me, at my office, 10, South John-street, Liverpool, on any Wednesday, between the hours of eleven and two.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

HY. BOLLAND, Trustee.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

A SECOND Dividend of 2s. 6d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of William Forsyth, of 25, Wellington-street, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, Credit Draper, adjudicated bankrupt on the 16th day of December, 1876, and will be paid by me, at my office, No. 55, Cheapside, in the city of London, on and after the 31st day of October, 1877, between the hours of eleven and one o'clock.—Dated this 29th day of October, 1877.

A. E. CLEMENTS, Trustee.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Nottingham.

A FIRST Dividend of 2s. 6d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of Samuel Rawson, of Gunthorpe, in the county of Nottingham, Licensed Victualler and Farmer, adjudicated bankrupt on the 17th day of July, 1876, and will be paid by me, at my office, Willoughby House, Low-pavement, in the town of Nottingham, on and after the 29th day of October, 1877.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

CHARLES ROGERS, Trustee.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at East Stonehouse.

A DIVIDEND of 6s. 7d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of Samuel Farr, of the parish of West Alvington, in the county of Devon, Builder, adjudicated bankrupt on the 18th day of November, 1875, and will be paid forthwith by me, at my offices, No. 23, Westwell-street, Plymouth, in the county of Devon.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

WARD WEST ARLISS, Trustee.

Declaration of Dividend under a Petition, dated 11th January, 1869, against John Nugent Macgregor, of the Clarendon Hotel, Arundel-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, previously of No. 3, Osborne-villas, Margate-road, Ramsgate, in the county of Kent, of no occupation, formerly of Simon's Bay, Cape of Good Hope, Chief Clerk in Her Majesty's Dockyard, and afterwards of Halifax, Nova Scotia, Naval Storekeeper in Her Majesty's Service, then of Bruges, Belgium, then of Boulogne, France.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Fifth Dividend at the rate of 1s. in the pound, and 4s. 11½d. to New Proofs, is now payable, and that warrants for the same may be received by those legally entitled, at the Official Assignee's office, in the London Bankruptcy Court, 34, Lincoln's-fields, on Wednesday next, and the three subsequent Wednesdays between the hours of eleven and two on each day. No warrants can be delivered unless the securities exhibited at the proof of the debt be produced, without the special directions of a Registrar. Executors and administrators of deceased creditors will be required to produce the probate of will or letters of administration under which they claim.—October 29, 1877.

P. PAGET, Official Assignee.

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Declaration of Dividend under a Petition, dated 4th June, 1864, against Maurice Thomas West, formerly of No. 2, George-street, Woolwich, in the county of Kent, then and late of No. 144, Great Dover-street, Southwark, in the county of Surrey, Surgeon in Her Majesty's Navy.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Fifth Dividend at the rate of 2s. 3¼d. in the pound is now payable, and that warrants for the same may be received by those legally entitled, at the Official Assignee's office, in the London Bankruptcy Court, 34, Lincoln's-inn-fields, on Wednesday next, and the three subsequent Wednesdays, between the hours of eleven and two on each day. No warrants can be delivered unless the securities exhibited at the proof of the debt be produced, without the special directions of a Registrar. Executors and administrators of deceased creditors will be required to produce the probate of will or letters of administration under which they claim.—October 29, 1877.

P. PAGET, Official Assignee.

Declaration of Dividend under a Petition, dated 7th May, 1867, against George Osborne, of 52, Ludgate Hill, in the city of London, Cheesemonger and Provision Merchant, and also of 24, Saint Swithin's-lane, in the said city, Fishmonger and Poulterer, and residing at Wiltshire-road, Brixton, in the county of Surrey.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Third Dividend at the rate of 2d. and seventeen thirty-seconds of one penny in the pound, and 2s. 11d. and seventeen thirty-seconds of one penny to New Proofs, is now payable, and that warrants for the same may be received by those legally entitled, at the Official Assignee's office, in the London Bankruptcy Court, 34, Lincoln's-inn-fields, on Wednesday next, and the three subsequent Wednesdays, between the hours of eleven and two on each day. No warrants can be delivered unless the securities exhibited at the proof of the debt be produced, without the special directions of a Registrar. Executors and administrators of deceased creditors will be required to produce the probate of will or letters of administration under which they claim.—October 29, 1877.

P. PAGET, Official Assignee.

The Bankrupt Law Consolidation Act, 1849, and the Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of William Clarke Gill, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Money Scrivener and Estate Broker, Dealer and Chapman, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under a Bankruptcy Petition presented to this Court against the said William Clarke Gill, an order of adjudication was made on the 29th day of February, 1860. This is to give notice that the said adjudication was, by order of this Court, annulled on the 22nd day of October, 1877.—Dated this 22nd day of October, 1877.

Proceeding in Equity.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Poulton-le-Fylde.

In the Matter of the Industrial and Provident Societies Act, 1862, and in the Matter of the Industrial and Provident Societies Act, 1867, and in the Matter of the Blackpool and Fylde Co-operative Society Limited.

WILLIAM ADAM HULTON, Esquire, the Judge of the said Court, has, by an Order dated the 24th day of October, 1877, appointed Richard Gorst, of No. 11, Church-street, Blackpool aforesaid, Agent and Accountant, to be Provisional Official Liquidator of the above-named Society.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Thomas Philp, of 37, Aldermanbury, in the city of London, late of 67A, Basinghall-street, in the said city, Merchant.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act of Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Thomas Philp having been given, it is ordered that the said Thomas Philp be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 25th day of October, 1877.

By the Court,

James R. Brougham, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Thomas Philp is hereby summoned to be held at the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, on the 14th day of November, 1877, at twelve o'clock at noon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be

paid, to Philip Henry Pepys, Esq., one of the Registrars, at the office of Mr. Peter Paget, Official Assignee in the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-inn-fields. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar, at the said address.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Pontypridd.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against William James Lewis, James William Lewis, Thomas Morgan Lewis, and Rees Frederick Lewis, trading as W. J. Lewis and Sons, of Bristol House, Tonypandy, and Glasgow House, Llwynpia, in the parish of Ystrad-y-fodwg, in the county of Glamorgan, Grocers, Bakers, and Confectioners.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said William James Lewis, James William Lewis, Thomas Morgan Lewis, and Rees Frederick Lewis having been given, it is ordered that the said William James Lewis, James William Lewis, Thomas Morgan Lewis, and Rees Frederick Lewis be, and they are hereby, adjudged bankrupts.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 26th day of October, 1877.

By the Court,

E. C. Spickett, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said William James Lewis, James William Lewis, Thomas Morgan Lewis, and Rees Frederick Lewis is hereby summoned to be held at the Court-house, Pontypridd, on the 18th day of November, 1877, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupts to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of their affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupts must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupts must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Stockton-on-Tees and Middlesborough.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against David Blacklock, of Corporation-road, Middlesborough, in the county of York, Draper.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said David Blacklock having been given, and the said David Blacklock consenting, it is ordered that the said David Blacklock be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 25th day of October, 1877.

By the Court,

T. Crosby, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said David Blacklock is hereby summoned to be held at this Court, at Stockton-on-Tees, on the 15th day of November, 1877, at half-past two o'clock in the afternoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Halifax. In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against William Jackson, of Hartshead-cum-Clifton, in the county of York, Quarryman.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the act of Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said William Jackson having been given, it is ordered that the said William Jackson be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 27th day of October, 1877.

By the Court,

M. H. Rankin, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said William Jackson is hereby summoned to be held at the County Court-house, in Halifax, on the 15th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court, removed by special resolution of creditors from the County Court of Berkshire, holden at Windsor.

In the Matter of Hamilton R. Boyle, of Huntercombe, Maidenhead, in the county of Berks, late a Lieutenant in the 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, a Bankrupt.

Albert Marley, of No. 24, Bloomsbury-square, in the county of Middlesex, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-inn-fields, on the 16th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 19th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Issiah Kendrick, of the Atlas Boiler Works, Victory-place, Rodney-road, Walworth, in the county of Surrey, Steam Boiler Manufacturer, and of the Whitehall Colliery, Greets Green, West Bromwich, in the county of Stafford, Colliery Proprietor and Coal Merchant, a Bankrupt.

Jacob Levi Elkin, of No. 5, Great Winchester-street, in the city of London, Accountant, and William Henry Pannell, of No. 1, Guildhall-chambers, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, Accountant, have been appointed Trustees of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the London Bankruptcy Court, on the 24th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustees, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustees. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustees.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Edward John Andrews, of 6, Lion-terrace, Seven Sisters'-road, Holloway, in the county of Middlesex, Provision Dealer, a Bankrupt.

Edward William Andrews, of 5, Clerkenwell-green, in the county of Middlesex, Leather Merchant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, on the 21st day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cornwall, holden at Truro.

In the Matter of Thomas Martin Hawke, of Saint Day, in the county of Cornwall, Plumber and Brazier and Mine Share Dealer, a Bankrupt.

Thomas Chirgwin, of Truro, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the Townhall, Truro, on the 16th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Nantwich and Crewe.

In the Matter of Peter Ranicar, of No. 45, Victoria-street, Crewe, in the county of Chester, Musical Instrument Dealer and Stationer, a Bankrupt.

James Norton McNeill, of No. 77, Victoria-street, Crewe, Chemist, and Thomas Bolshaw, of No. 14, Union-street, Crewe aforesaid, Agent, have been appointed Trustees of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the Magistrates Room, Welch-row, Nantwich, in the said county, on the 23rd day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustees, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustees. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustees.—Dated this 26th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

In the Matter of John Eyre Macklin, carrying on business at 55, Sandhill, in the borough and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, as a General Dealer, and residing at 43, Maple-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne aforesaid, a Bankrupt. John Martin Winter, of 56, Westgate-road, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the County Court Offices, Westgate-road, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, on the 15th day of November, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debt to the trustee.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Spencer Werninck and Henry Rogers, of No. 46, Lichfield-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, trading in copartnership under the style or firm of Werninck, Rogers, and Company, as Lamp Manufacturers, Bankrupts.

Charles Baker, of the firm of Gibson and Baker, of Burlington-chambers, New-street, Birmingham aforesaid, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the Court-house, Waterloo-street, Birmingham, on the 16th day of November, 1877, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Preston.

In the Matter of Edwin Ramsey, of South View, Catterall, Garstang, in the county of Lancaster, Calico Printer, carrying on business at Catterall Print Works, Garstang aforesaid, a Bankrupt.

John Joseph Graham, of Carlton-buildings, Cooper-street, in the city of Manchester, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the Sessions-hall, in Preston, in the county of Lancaster, on the 4th day of December, 1877, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 23rd day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of Robert Efford Love, of 59, Mark-lane, in the city of London, and of Nafferton Lodge, Loughton, in the county of Essex, Merchant and Shipowner, also trading as a Tea Dealer, under the style of Walton and Company, at 422, Bethnal Green-road, and at No. 263, High-street, Camden Town, both in the county of Middlesex, adjudicated bankrupt on the 30th day of May, 1876. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 12th day of November, 1877, will be excluded.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

Everingham Smith, Trustee.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Dewsbury.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of William Glover, of Ossett, in the county of York, Mango Manufacturer, adjudicated bankrupt on the 3rd day of July, 1877. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 1st day of December, 1877, will be excluded.—Dated this 24th day of October, 1877.

John Wilkinson, Trustee.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of Charles Wood, of the Railway Hotel, York-street, Leeds, in the county of York, Beerhouse Keeper, adjudicated bankrupt on the 8th day of November, 1876. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 15th day of November, 1877, will be excluded.—Dated this 27th day of October, 1877.

William Stead, Trustee.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of John Smith, of Icknield-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Draper, adjudicated bankrupt on the 22nd day of March, 1875. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 6th day of November, 1877, will be excluded.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1877.

Peter Kerr Chesney, Trustee.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of Louis Behrens, of 39, Deansgate, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Jeweller, trading as J. Behrens and Son, adjudicated bankrupt on the 6th day of September, 1877. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 5th day of November, 1877, will be excluded.—Dated this 19th day of October, 1877.

Herbert Kidson, Trustee.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Canterbury.

A Final Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of William Setterfield Silk, of Minster, in the county of Kent, Engineer and Manure Merchant, adjudicated bankrupt on the 8th day of March, 1872. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 13th day of November, 1877, will be excluded.—Dated this 23rd day of October, 1877.

James B. Judge, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1861.**Notice of Dividend Meeting.**

A Meeting of the Creditors of the Bankrupt hereinafter named will be held, pursuant to the 174th section of the said Act, at the time and place hereinafter mentioned; that is to say:—

In the County Court of Pembrokeshire, holden at Narberth.

John Hitchings, formerly of No. 3, Monkstone-view, Saundersfoot, in the county of Pembrokeshire, but now of Pentevoir, in the parish of Saint Issells, in the said county, late Surveyor of Taxes, but now of no occupation, adjudicated bankrupt on the 30th day of October, 1869. A Dividend Meeting will be held on the 16th day of November next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.

At the said Meeting the Assignee will, in pursuance of the 174th section of the said Act, submit statements of the Bankrupt's estate recovered and outstanding, and of all receipts and of all payments made or to be made thereout; and the creditors at the said meeting will, in pursuance of the said section, declare whether any and what allowance shall be paid to the said bankrupt. Proofs of Debts will be received, and creditors who have not proved, or do not then prove, will be excluded the benefit of the Dividend. And all claims not proved will be disallowed.

In the County Court of Norfolk, holden at Norwich.

In the Matter of Martha Hacon, of Acle, in the county of Norfolk, Widow and Farmer, a Bankrupt.

An Order of Discharge was granted to Martha Hacon, of Acle, in the county of Norfolk, who was adjudicated bankrupt on the 9th day of April, 1877.—Dated this 18th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lincolnshire, holden at Great Grimsby.

In the Matter of Thomas Walter Symonds, of Hamilton-street, in the parish of Clee, in the county of Lincoln, Joiner, Builder, and Contractor, a Bankrupt.

UPON reading a report of the Trustee of the property of the bankrupt, dated the 26th day of October, 1877, reporting that the whole of the property of the bankrupt has been realized for the benefit of his creditors, and a dividend to the amount of two shillings and four pence in the pound has been paid, as shown by the statement thereunto annexed, the Court being satisfied that the whole of the property of the bankrupt has been realized for the benefit of his creditors, and a dividend to the amount of two shillings and four pence in the pound has been paid, doth order and declare that the bankruptcy of the said Thomas Walter Symonds has closed.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 26th day of October, 1877.

[The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Wiltshire, holden at Swindon. In the Matter of John Longford, of Cirencester, in the county of Gloucester, Tailor, a Bankrupt.

UPON reading a report of the Trustees of the property of the bankrupt, dated the 24th day of October, 1877, reporting that the whole of the property of the bankrupt has been realized for the benefit of his creditors, the Court being satisfied that a dividend to the amount of five shillings in the pound has been paid, as shown by the statement hereunto annexed, doth order and declare that the bankruptcy of the said John Longford has closed.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 26th day of October, 1877.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Berkshire, holden at Windsor. In the Matter of Henry Winteringham, of Iver, in the county of Buckingham, Civil Engineer out of practice, a Bankrupt.

UPON reading a report of the Trustee of the property of the bankrupt, dated the 26th day of October, 1877, reporting that so much of the property of the bankrupt as can, according to the joint opinion of himself and the Committee of Inspection, in writing under their hands, be realized without needlessly protracting the bankruptcy has been realized, as shown by the statement annexed to such report, and that the amount of such realization has not been sufficient to pay the preferential claims and charges, the Court being satisfied that so much of the property of the bankrupt as can be realized without needlessly protracting the bankruptcy has been so realized, and that the amount of such realization has not been sufficient to pay the preferential claims and charges, doth order and declare that the bankruptcy of the said Henry Winteringham has closed.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 27th day of October, 1877.

THE estates of Thomas Orr, Farmer, Dyke Farm, near Slamanan, in the county of Stirling, were sequestrated on the 25th October, 1877, by the Sheriff of Stirling and Dumbarton.

The first deliverance is dated 25th October, 1877.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held on Saturday, the 3rd November, 1877, at one o'clock, afternoon, within the Crown Inn Falkirk.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 25th February, 1878.

A Warrant of Personal Protection has been granted to the bankrupt.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

J. A. WILSON, Solicitor, Falkirk, Agent.

THE estates of Kenneth Murray and Company, Merchants, Stornoway, in the Island of Lewis, and county of Ross, and of Kenneth Murray, Merchant there, sole Partner of the said firm, and the said Kenneth Murray individually, as a Fish Curer, in Stornoway aforesaid, Port of Ness, in the said Island of Lewis, and elsewhere, were

sequestrated on the 25th day of October, 1877, by the Sheriff of the Sheriffdom of Ross, Cromarty, and Sutherland.

The first deliverance is dated the 25th day of October, 1877.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at eleven o'clock, forenoon, on Friday, the 9th day of November next, within the Sheriff Courthouse, Stornoway.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 26th of February, 1878.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the bankrupts till the meeting for the election of Trustee.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

W. M. ROSS, Solicitor, Stornoway, Agent.

THE estates of Robert Stobie Drysdale, Table Linen Manufacturer, St. Margaret's street, Dunfermline, were sequestrated on the 26th day of October, 1877, by the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated the 26th October, 1877.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at two o'clock, on the afternoon of Wednesday, the 7th day of November, 1877, within Milne's Hotel, Bridge-street, Dunfermline.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before 26th February, 1878.

The sequestration has been remitted to the Sheriff Court of Fifeshire; and a Warrant of Protection granted to the bankrupt.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

THOMAS WHITE, S.S.C., Agent,
114, George-street, Edinburgh.

THE estates of Campbell and Somerville, Glue Manufacturers, Bonnyrigg, and of James Somerville, residing at Bonnyrigg, and William Somerville, also residing there, two of the Individual Partners of that Company, as Individuals, were sequestrated on the 26th day of October, 1877, by the Sheriff of Midlothian and Haddington.

The first deliverance is dated the 26th day of October, 1877.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Friday, the 2nd day of November, 1877, within Dowell's Rooms, No. 18, George-street, Edinburgh.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 26th February, 1878.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the bankrupts, the said James Somerville and William Somerville, until the Meeting for election of Trustee.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

W. M. P. ANDERSON, S.S.C., Dalkeith, Agent.

All Letters must be Post paid and all communications on the business of the London Gazette to be addressed to the Office, Princes Street, Westminster.

Orders for Gazettes to be addressed to the Publishers, 45, St. Martin's Lane.

Printed and Published by THOMAS HARRISON and JAMES WILLIAM HARRISON, Printers, at their Office, No. 45, St. Martin's Lane, in the Parish of St. Martin-in-the-Fields, in the County of Middlesex.

Tuesday, October 30, 1877.

Price One Shilling.