

consideration, has been duly published in pursuance of "The Fairs Act, 1871."

And whereas, on such representation and consideration, it appears to me that it would be for the convenience and advantage of the public that the said Fair should be abolished:

And whereas the Right Honourable the Lord Petre, as lord or owner of the said Fairs, and the tolls thereof, has consented in writing that the said Fairs should be abolished:

Now, therefore, I, as the Secretary of State for the Home Department, in exercise of the powers vested in me by "The Fairs Act, 1871," do hereby order that the Fairs which have been annually held on the 2nd and 3rd days of August, and on the 7th and 8th days of October, respectively, in the town of Billericay, in the parish of Great Burstead, in the Brentwood Petty Sessional Division of the county of Essex, shall be abolished as from the date of this order.

Given under my hand at Whitehall, this 4th day of June, 1878.

*Richard Assheton Cross.*

**GENERAL ORDER.** Altering Consolidated Order: Out-door Labour Test:—

Lanchester Union.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the Lanchester Union, in the county of Durham;—

To the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the several parishes and places comprised in the said Union;—

And to all others whom it may concern.

WE, the Local Government Board, in pursuance of the powers given by the Statutes in that behalf, hereby Order, with respect to the relief of the Poor in the Lanchester Union, in the county of Durham, as follows:—

**ARTICLE 1.**—Every able-bodied male pauper who may receive relief within the Union, and may be relieved out of the Workhouse, with the approbation of the Local Government Board, according to the 6th Article of the Order of the Poor Law Commissioners, dated the 21st day of December, 1844, addressed to the Guardians of the Poor of the said Union, shall be relieved in the following manner; that is to say:—

Half at least of the relief given to such pauper shall be given in food, clothing, and other articles of necessity.

No such pauper shall receive relief from the Guardians of the Union, or any of their officers, or any Overseer of any parish in the Union, while he is employed for wages or other hire or remuneration by any person; but every such pauper so relieved shall be set to work by the Guardians.

**ARTICLE 2.**—The Guardians shall, within fourteen days after the day when this Order comes into force, and from time to time afterwards as the Local Government Board may require, report to the Local Government Board the place or places at which able-bodied male paupers shall be so set to work in the Union, the sort or sorts of work in which they or any of them shall be employed, the times and mode of work, and all such other matters relating to the employment of such able-bodied paupers as the said Guardians shall deem material to be communicated to the Local Government Board, or as the Local Government Board shall require.

**ARTICLE 3.**—If the Guardians of the Union shall depart, in any particular instance, from any of the regulations hereinbefore contained, and shall, within fifteen days after such departure, report the same and the grounds thereof to the Local Government Board, and if the Local

Government Board shall approve of such departure, then the relief granted in such particular instance shall, if otherwise lawful, not be deemed to be unlawful, or be subject to be disallowed.

**ARTICLE 4.**—Whenever the word "Parish" is used in this Order, it shall be taken to signify any place for which a separate Poor Rate is or can be made, or for which a separate Overseer is or can be appointed.

And whereas provision is made in a General Order of the Poor Law Commissioners, bearing date the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, addressed, among others, to the Guardians of the Poor of the said Union, for the appointment of an officer, to be termed a Superintendent of Out-door Labour, and for the continuance in office of such officer, and it is expedient to provide for the suspension of such officer on other occasions than those provided for by the last-mentioned Order;

We therefore further Order, that if at any time the number of able-bodied male paupers requiring relief shall be so small as to render the services of such an officer unnecessary, the Guardians may suspend him from the performance of his duties until a further occasion shall arise.

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board this fifth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.



L. S.

*G. Selater-Booth, President.*

*Danby P. Fry, Assistant-Secretary.*

#### NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 68.)—ENGLAND—SOUTH COAST.

*Light-vessel marking Wreck off Folkestone.*

THE Trinity House, London, has given notice, that two lights are now exhibited from a light-vessel placed  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a cable south-east of the wreck of the Imperial German ironclad "Grosser Kurfürst":—

The lights are fixed white lights, placed horizontally about 28 feet apart, and elevated 20 feet above the sea.

A riding light is also shown.

The light-vessel, painted red, with the word Wreck on her sides, is moored in 13 fathoms at low water spring tides, with the following bearings and distance, viz:—

East extreme of Folkestone Custom House, N.E.  $\frac{1}{4}$  N.

The keep of Dover Castle in line with Shakespeare Cliff summit, N.E. by E.  $\frac{1}{4}$  E.

Dungeness Lighthouse, W.S.W., distant 9 miles. Position lat. 51° 0' 40" N., long 1° 9' 0" E.

[The bearings are magnetic. Variation 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° Westerly in 1878.]

By command of their Lordships,

*Fredk. J. Evans, Hydrographer.*

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,  
4th June, 1878.

This Notice temporarily affects the following Admiralty Charts:—British Isles to Mediterranean, Nos. 1 and 2; English Channel, Nos. 2675 *a* and 1598; Beachy Head to Dungeness, No. 2452; and Dungeness to the Thames, No. 1895; Also, Admiralty List of Lights in the British Islands, 1878, page 14; and Channel Pilot, Part I, 1874, page 228.