The London Gazette.

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From Monday June 10. to Thursday June 13. 1689.

By the King and Queen, A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM R.

Hereas the French King hath lately caused Our Kingdom of Ireland, in a Hostile manner, to be invaded by a great number of Officers, Soldiers, and others, and hath raised and carried on a War against Us in Our Said Kingdom, and furnished Our Ribellious Subjects there with Arms, Ammunition, and Money, to the apparent Danger and Hazard of that Our Kingdom; We have therefore thought fit, and by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, We do by this Our Royal Proclamation, strictly prohibit and forbid all and every Our Loving Subjects, and all other Persons whatsoever, within these Our Dominions, to Trade or Traffick with any Person or Persons whatsoever in Our said Kingdom of Ireland, without Our Leave first obtained in that behalf, or Correspond or have Communication with any Person in any Parts or Places within the Same, except Such as are in Obedience to Our Government, upon pain of Our utmost Displeasure, and of being proceeded against us Persons holding Correspondence with Rebels and Enemies. And We do hereby Require and Command all and singular Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Constables, and other Our Officers and Subjects, to use their Endeavours in and for the Discovery and Apprehending of all Offenders berein, to the intent that they may be prosecuted and punished according to the utmost Rigour and Severity of Law.

Given at Our Court at Hampton Court, the 6th day of June, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

Vienna, May 29. The last Letters from Belgrade gave an Account, That they were there in a very good posture of defence; That ten Imperial Regiments lay encamped under the Walls of the Town; And that the rest of the Forces were on their march to the general Rendezvous: That the Turks had drawn together a Body of about 15000 Men at Niffa; And that the Vitier was expected there in a short time with the Ottoman Troops, which had rendezvoused at Adrianop'e. They write from Transilvania, that General Veterani was marching with a strong Detachement out of the Troops quartered in rhatCountry, to join the Imperial Army, having left Major-General Heuster to command there in his Absence. Prince Louis of Baden is on his depar-We hear from Poland, that ture for Hungary. the Tartars had conducted a great Convoy of

Provisions to Caminiec; Whither they had likewife brought the Boory they got in their late. Incursion into Russia, and, among other Prisoners, the Sieur Boworowski Captain of Horse; Who was a few days after fent by the Bassa of Caminiec to Adrianople.

Ratisbonne, June 2. They give an account from Munick, of the Elector of Bavaria's being gone to his Army. And that the young Electoral Prince, who was born the 22th, died the

25th of the last month,

Heydelberg, June 2. Several poor People are fled hither from Spiers, Worms, and Oppenheim; From whence they of agent with great difficulty and hazard, after having few those Famous and Ancient Cities reduced to Ruines; Neither Churches nor Religious Houses being foured, and the ther Churches nor Religious Houses being spared, and the miserable Inhabitants being carried away like Slaves to-wards the French Territories. A Proceeding Cruel and Barbarous, beyond all former Examples, and which plainly shows, what others are to expect that fall under their Ti-rannical Power.

Francfort, June 5. Several Imperial Regiments pass daily by this place, to join those that are now posted on this side the Rhine, over against Mentz. The Duke of Lorrain continues still here, expecting the arrival of the Elector of Saxony, to confer with him about the Affairs of the Campagne. His Electoral Highness is come to Aschaffenburg, and will be here to mor-The Mareichal de Duras forms his Army between Mentz and Philipsburg. The Marquis de Choifeul is posted with a Body of 5 or 6000 Men under the Cannon of Hunningen.

Cologne, June 7. We have Advice from Sufferland, that the Pope had fent a Nuncio to the Romith Cantons, to perbut to join in the common Interests with the Emperor and the Empire. The Confederates have not yet formally belieged Keyserwaert. There is a Distemper amongst the

French Soldiers at Bonne, of which many dye daily.

Hamburgh, June 7. The Sieur Fuchs, the Brandenburgh Minister, returned hither the 5th initiant from Copenhagen; Upon which the Mediators, and the other Ministers, who affilt at this Conference, immediately assembled; And, it's not doubted, but the Business of Heistein will.

And, it's not doubted, but the Buliness of Holftein willnow be quickly accommodated.

Maefricht, June 4. The Durch Army draws together
near Tingres; Where the Train of Artillery, conflitting of
60 pieces of Cannen, is expected to morrow. At the
fame time another Body of the Confederate Forces is formaing near Rhinberg; And belides these the Elector of Braindenburgh will be at the Head of 26000 Men, of his own
Troops. The 2d instant the Earl of Marleburgh, General of the English Forces, arrived here to confer with Prince
Waldsch. And vesterday they went ropether to the Canne. Waldeck; And yesterday they went together to the Camp, Whither ten English Bartalions are likewise on their march. The French Forces, commanded by the Ma-

their march. The French Forces, commanded by the Marchal d'Himieres, are encamped near Pieton.

Higue, June 10. The Prince of Naffan, Stadtholder of Prifeland and Groningen, returned hither the 8th instanction England. The Letters from Marfattin, of the 6th instanction, give an account, that Prince Waldeck was gone from thence to the Army, with a resolution to march towards the Enemy. The Men of War, fitted out by the Admiralty of Rotterdam, are all at Sea except four. We hear from Vissingen in Zealand, that 4 Privateers had brought in there, on the 6th and 7th instant, 12 French Pizes

Prizes: two of which were Ships bound to the Wift-Indies,

and two others bound home from thence with Sugars, &c.

Bruffels, June 8. This morning we had Advice, that
1000 French Horfe were come to Gaesbeeck, and that
they had burns feveral Houses there, and at Eflingen, upon which our Governor-General marched our himself with a Derachement of Morfe and Poot; But the Enemy, upon notice of it, made haste to retire. The Dutch

upon notice of it, made hafte to retire. The Dutch Army encamped yesterday at Judoigne. We have an account from Madrid, that the King of Spain had ordered Mr. Stafford, Envoy from the late King James II. to depart his Dominions in 20 days.

Paris, June 18. The Sicur de Castagniers de Chasteneuf, who is appointed to go Ambastador to Turky, has Orders to repair forthwith to Thoulon, to embark there on a Man of War, which is to carry him to Constantinople. We have Advice; that the King of Denmark has quitted the Alliance of this Crown, and resolved to join with the Emperor and the Empire. They write from Masses, of the 8th instant from the Imperial and Confederate Troops continued their march towards Coblentz, where they inintend to pais the Rhine. That the Elector of Saxony arrived the 6th at Francfort, where he had the same day a rived the 5th at Francfort, where he had the fameday a Conference with the Duke of Lorrain, the Landgrave of Hesse Cassel, the Prince of Handuer, Duke of Wirtemberg, Count Maximilian of Staremberg, Oc. And that the Elector of Bavaria arrived the 4th at Bretten, having appointed the rendezvous of his Forces between that place and Bruchfal. We hear from Provence, that the French Squadron, of about 20 Men of War; failed the 4th instant from Thoulen.

Latinburgh, June 6. Yesterday the Estates met again: his Grace the Duke of Hamilton acquainted them, that His Majesty had been pleased to send him a Commission to represent His Royal Person in the ensuing Parliament; And that he had received Instructions from His Majesty, to give His Confent to an Act for the turning the Meeting of the Estates into a Parliament; And then to Adjourn them to the Estates into a Parliament; And then to Adjourn them to the 7th instant; And thereafter to Consent, not only to such Laws as may redress the particuler Articles of Grievances, but likewise to any other Acts, which they should advise for the Securing the Religion, Peace and Happiness of the Kingdom. His Majesties Commission, and His Gracious Letter to the Estates, were then read; After which the Lord Commissioner intimated, That it was His Majesties Pleasure, That the Earl of Crawford should preside in the Parliament, who was accordingly called to the Prein the Parliament, who was accordingly called to the Prein the Parliament, who was accordingly cause to the Fre-idents Seat: Then the Estates passed an Act declaring, That the Three Estates now met together, on this Fifith day of June, 1689, consisting of the Noblemen, Knights, and Bur-gesses, are a Lawful and Free Parliament, to all Intents and Purposes what society. And that it shall be High Trea-ling for any Darlia to disame authorist on the page to the first on for any Person to discoun, quarrel or Impugn the Dignity and Authority of this Parliament, upon any presence whatever: This Act being touched with the Scepter, the President, by Command of the Lord Commissioner, Advanced to the Lord Commissioner, Advanced to the Control of journed the Parliament to the 17th of this instant June. The Lord Lovat was discharged the 3d instant, he having written to his Followers and Vassals to join with Major-General Mackay: And the Lord Tarbat was likewise set at Liberty upon his Parole to appear when call'd, and to keep the Peace. Major General Mackay lay, according to our last Advices, with 4000 Men, at the Head at Strathspey, within 6 miles of Dundee, who was still with an inconfiderable Party in Bodenock, sheltering himself among

the Hills.

The Laird of Straithnaver, the Laird of Grant, and the Laird of Whitofek, with their Followers, have joined with Major-General Mackay, and keep the Paffes betwixt Dundee and the North, so that he will not be able to get Proviñons, being in a very bare Country; and Colonel Ramfey with 1400 men has it's believed by this time likewise joined the Major-General; as also Captain Cleveland with 12000. It is ordered that a farther supply of Vistuals he seem to Landonderry, from whence we continue to hear be fent to Londonderry, from whence we continue to hear of the great fuccesses of the Protestants, and that the Irish were withdrawn from before the Town. The two Scots Frigats that are cruiling between Scotland and Ireland havetaken to men of the Macdonnels and the Macdonfers that were going from Argileshire to Ireland.

Plimouth, June 9. Yesterday Their Majesties Ship the Nonlach, Robert Sincock Commander, lained from hence with his two Prizes to the Eastward. This day arrived here the Willing-Vind of London, John Wondcost Matter, from the Canaries; He met vesterday a Frinch Privateer, with whom he exchanged several Gans; After which the Privateer left him.

Weymouth, June 10. This morning a Fleet of about 50 Sail of Merchant thips paffed by Fireland to the East-

Tarmouth, June to. This day about noon the Assurance Frigar came and this Read with about 100 Sail of laden Colliers bound to the Southward.

Port mouth, June 11. Their Majetties Ship the St. Albans Caprain Layron Commander, has brought 2 Prizes

to St. Helens; and the Diamond has raken another.

Deale, June to. Four French Privateers having forced a Dutch Fireling on the Goodwin Sand, the men fer fire to her, and betaking themselves to their Boat, got safe to

Ranigate.

Deal, June 11. This morning came into the Downs Captain Robson in the Castle Frigat from the Barbadoes; he met off of the Start with a French Man of War of 30 Guns, who fired a whole Broadfade into him, and killed 2 of his men; but Captain Reblon, who had but 12 Guns, defended himself fo well, that the French Man ftood at last from him. We now see on the other side of the Goodwin about 60 Sail of Dutch Ships great and small going to the Westward.

Whitehall, June 10. His Majesty was Graciously pleased on Tuesday the 4th instant, to conter the Honor of Knight-hood upon Ed. Mesley of Hulme in the County of Lan-

Hampson-Court, June 11. This morning a confiderable number of Able Scamen, of the Cinque-Port of Hallings, in Suffix, offered their Service to His Majesty, to serve on Board Their Majestes Fleet, being presented by the Right Honorable the Lord Albburnham; And His Majesty were Graciously. jetty received them very Gracioully.

Advertisements. A Full Answer to all the Popular Objections that have yet appeared for notTaking the Qath of Allegiance to Their present Majesties, particularly offered to the Consideration of all such of the Divines of the Church of England, deration of all most of the Divines of the Church of England, (And others) as are yet Unfatisfied, &c. By a Divine of the Church of England; And Author of a late Treatife, Entituled, A Resolution of certain Queries, concerning Submission to the Present Government. Sold by R. Baldwin in the Old Bailey.

*** Modern Fortification: Or, Elements of Military, Architecture. Practifed and Deligned by the latest and molt Architecture. Fraction and Designed by the latest and month Experienced Engineers of this last Age, Italian, French, Dutch, and English. And the manner of Driending and Resigning Forts and Places, &c. By Sir Jonas Moore Master Surveyor of His Majestics Ordnance. Printed for Obadiah, Blagrave at the Black Bear and Star in St. Paul's Church yard.

the Black Bear and Star in St. Paurs United yard.

*** To morrow, being the 14th inftant, will be fold by Auftion a Curious Collection of Paintings, Drawings and Prints, by the belf Matters; with Books of Roman Antiquitier, Coins, Maps, Ogilby's Bible with Cuts, &c at 4 of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Tom? Coffee house in Pope? Inead-Alley, Cornhil. Cotalogues ared fiributed by Mr. Wilkinson in Fleet. Street, Mr. Bentley in Russel-treet, Covent Garden, Mr. Nott in the Pail Mall, Mr. Gyllishower in Westminster Itally Bankfellers. Attendance is given for viewing the said College. Bookfellers. Attendance is given for viewing the faid Collection before the Sale.

On Monday and Tuesday next, the 17th and 18th instant, will be fold by Auction the Library of Mr. Rob. Wenseley, lace Minister of Chethunt (alias Cheston,) in Hartfordfhire, containing about 200 Volumes in Folio, or the most useful and choicest Books in Divinity, Ph sology, &c in Latin and English, with a large Collection of Movern Tracts and and English, with a large Constitution of Modern Tracts and Sermons at the Vicaridge-house near the Church in Cheshunt, by the Appointment, and for the Use of Mrs. Wenseley. Catalogues are given by Mr. Miller at the Acorn in S. Pauls Church-yard, and at the place of Sale.

***Monsteur Juricu's Judgment upon the Question of the English of the Monteur States of the

*** Monneur Juricu squagment upon the Operion of Defending our Religon by Arms, with Reflections upon the Affairs of England; Ia his Ninth Paltoral Letter of the Third Year Faithfully Translated out of French. Painted for John Lawrence at the Aigel in the Poultry.

These are to desire James Handley to repair to his Malter to Recover by whom he will be kindly received, and

of Brother, by whom he will be kindly received, and permitted afterwards to take what course he shall think fit. NR Rob. Goreing, of middle straure, Pockholes in he Face, curled reddish Hair, in a red Coar, and an old steff Coat over it, aged about 35. Raiph Johnson, aged about 20, light lank Hair, a liver coloured Cloth Coat. Joseph Bulleck, tall and Hender, aged about 21, thin Visaged, lad coloured brown Hair, a gee, Coa, and white Hat. Henry Bremse, the state of the Barten aged about 2 full Face. Complete with head a short Man, aged about 3 2, fuil Face, Corputent, with bad Cloarhs, his upper Coat 1 amblet. And John Wilkinson, aged about 26, lank yellow In Hair, a grey Coat, Tann'd Leather Breeches, and a whi e Har. Being lately all Prison roin Nortingham Goal, did, the 2d inflant, treak the fiid Goal in the Night. Whoever fecures any of them, and gives Notice to Mr. Richard Levitt at the Unicorn in Lad. lane, a Tohacconile, or to the Sheriffs of Nortingham, thall be well rewarded.