



SUPPLEMENT

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FRIDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1878.

THE FOREIGN ANIMALS ORDER.

At the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 6th day of December, 1878.

By the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

PRESENT:

- Lord President.
- Marquis of Salisbury.
- Mr. Secretary Cross.
- Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

Preliminary.

1. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

2. This Order may be cited as The Foreign Animals Order, and is divided into Parts as follows:

- PART I.—PROHIBITION.
- PART II.—FOREIGN ANIMALS WHARVES.
- PART III.—QUARANTINE.
- PART IV.—FOREIGN ANIMALS NOT SUBJECT TO SLAUGHTER.
- PART V.—GENERAL.

3. This Order extends to Great Britain only.

4. In this Order—

The Act of 1878 means The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878:

Customs means Her Majesty's Customs:

Master includes a person having the charge or command of a vessel:

Other terms unless it is otherwise expressed have the same meaning as in the Act of 1878.

PART I.—PROHIBITION.

5. Unless and until the Privy Council otherwise order, animals brought from any of the following countries shall not be landed in Great Britain:

- The Austrian-Hungarian Empire.
- The Dominions of the King of the Hellenes.
- The Dominions of the King of Italy.
- The Principality of Montenegro.
- The Principality of Roumania.
- The Dominions of the Emperor of Russia.
- The Dominions of the Sultan, including the Provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

PART II.—FOREIGN ANIMALS WHARVES.

6. The following are the ports at which parts have been by special Orders of the Privy Council defined as foreign animals wharves:

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|-------------|-------------|
| Goole. | London. |
| Grimsby. | Plymouth. |
| Hartlepool. | Sunderland. |

7. Animals landed in a foreign animals wharf shall be slaughtered within ten days after the landing thereof, exclusive of the day of landing.

The slaughter of the animals may be commenced at any time after the landing thereof with the permission of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

8. No carcase, fodder, litter, or dung shall be moved from a foreign animals wharf, except with the permission of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

If the Inspector is of opinion that any such carcase or thing as aforesaid may introduce disease, the same shall be destroyed or otherwise dealt with in accordance with instructions from time to time given by the Privy Council.

9. Dung and manure shall before being moved out of a foreign animals wharf be disinfected to the satisfaction of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

PART III.—QUARANTINE.

10. The following is the only port at which a part has been by special Order of the Privy

Council defined as a foreign animals quarantine station :

Southampton.

The foreign animals there landed must be intended for purposes of exhibition, acclimatization, or domestication.

11. The landing there of foreign animals is subject to the following conditions :

First. The animals must be accompanied by a declaration of the owner or consignee or his agent, to the effect that each animal is intended for one of the above-mentioned purposes (distinguishing the same).

Second. The animals when landed are to be detained in the station for such period as the Privy Council in each case according to the circumstances direct.

Third. When moved thereout they are to be accompanied by—

(a.) A certificate of an Inspector of the Privy Council certifying that they are free from disease.

(b.) A licence of the Inspector specifying the place to which and the person to whom they are to be taken.

Fourth. The Inspector is to send a copy of his licence to the Local Authority for that place.

Fifth. They are not to be taken to any other place or person.

12. Dung and manure shall before being moved out of the station be disinfected to the satisfaction of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

PART IV.—FOREIGN ANIMALS NOT SUBJECT TO SLAUGHTER.

13. Unless and until the Privy Council otherwise order, foreign animals brought from any of the following countries are allowed to be landed without being subject under the Fifth Schedule to the Act of 1878, or under this Order, to slaughter or to quarantine :

Her Majesty's Possessions in North America.
The United States of America.
Denmark.
Norway.
Sweden.
Spain.
Portugal.

14. Foreign animals under Part IV shall not be landed at any place except at a dock, quay, wharf, or other place of landing approved by the Privy Council within one of the ports following :

Bristol.	Liverpool.
Cardiff.	London.
Falmouth.	Newcastle - upon -
Glasgow.	Tyne.
Goole.	Plymouth.
Granton.	Portsmouth.
Grimsby.	Southampton.
Hartlepool.	Sunderland.
Leith.	Weymouth.

15. The landing of foreign animals under Part IV is subject to the following conditions :

First. That the vessel in which they are imported has not, within three months before taking them on board, had on board any animals exported or carried coastwise from a port or place in any country other than a country before named in this Part or the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man.

Second. That the vessel has not, since taking on board the animals imported, entered any such port or place.

Third. That the animals imported have not, while on board the vessel, been in contact with any animals exported or carried coastwise from any such port or place.

And the animals imported shall not be landed elsewhere than in a foreign animals wharf, unless and until—

(1.) The owner or charterer of the vessel in which they are imported, or his agent in Great Britain, has entered into a bond to Her Majesty the Queen, in a sum not exceeding one thousand pounds, with or without a surety or sureties, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs, conditioned for the observance of the foregoing conditions ; and

(2.) The master of the vessel has on each occasion of importation of foreign animals therein satisfied the Commissioners of Customs or their proper officer, by declaration made and signed or otherwise, that none of the animals then imported therein have been exported from such a port or place as in this Article mentioned, and that the foregoing conditions have been observed in relation to all the animals then imported therein.

16. Foreign animals under Part IV shall not be moved from the place of landing or lair adjacent thereto, or be allowed to come in contact with any other animals until they have been examined by an Inspector of the Privy Council ; and according to the result of that inspection the following consequences shall ensue :

(1.) If the Inspector certifies that all the animals landed from the same vessel are free from disease, they shall thereupon cease to be deemed foreign animals.

(2.) If the Inspector certifies, with respect to any one or more of the animals landed from the vessel, that it or they is or are affected with disease, all the animals then imported in the vessel shall be dealt with according to the following Rules :

A. Cattle-Plague.

If the disease is cattle-plague, the Inspector is to detain the diseased animal, and all animals brought in the same vessel therewith, and report immediately to the Privy Council.

B. Pleuro-Pneumonia.

If the disease is pleuro-pneumonia, the Inspector is to cause the diseased cattle and all cattle brought in the same vessel therewith, to be dealt with as follows :

(1.) The diseased cattle are to be slaughtered at the place of landing.

(2.) The healthy cattle are to be slaughtered at the place of landing, or, if landed at a port at which there is a foreign animals wharf, the Inspector may permit them to be removed into that wharf for slaughter ; but not elsewhere.

C. Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

If the disease is foot-and-mouth disease, the Inspector is to cause the diseased animals, and all cattle, sheep, and swine brought in the same vessel therewith, to be dealt with as follows :

(1.) The diseased cattle, sheep, and swine are to be slaughtered at the place of landing.

(2.) The healthy cattle, sheep, and swine are to be slaughtered at the place of landing, or, if landed at a port at which there is a foreign animals wharf, the Inspector may

permit them to be removed into that wharf for slaughter; but not elsewhere.

D. Sheep-Pox and Sheep-Scab.

If the disease is sheep-pox or sheep-scab, the Inspector is to cause the diseased sheep, and all sheep brought in the same vessel therewith, to be dealt with as follows:

- (1.) The diseased sheep are to be slaughtered at the place of landing.
- (2.) The healthy sheep are to be slaughtered at the place of landing, or, if landed at a port at which there is a foreign animals wharf, the Inspector may permit them to be removed into that wharf for slaughter; but not elsewhere.

17. Foreign animals under Part IV shall be detained in some lair or other proper place adjacent to the place of landing, and shall be inspected by an Inspector of the Privy Council.

The detention shall continue for at least twelve hours reckoned from the time of the landing of the last animal of the cargo, whether the whole cargo is landed continuously without intermission at one place, or part thereof is landed at one place and part at another place, or parts thereof are landed at different times at the same place.

18. If an Inspector of the Privy Council finds disease in any animal of a cargo, every animal in each separate part of the cargo shall be dealt with as if that disease had been found in an animal in each separate part.

If he finds more diseases than one among the animals of a cargo, all the animals brought in the same vessel therewith shall be dealt with as follows:

- (1.) If one of the diseases is cattle-plague, every animal in each separate part of the cargo is to be dealt with in accordance with Rule A of Article 16.
- (2.) If the diseases are pleuro-pneumonia and sheep-pox or sheep-scab, the cattle in each separate part of the cargo are to be dealt with in accordance with Rule B, and the sheep in each separate part of the cargo are to be dealt with in accordance with Rule D of that Article.
- (3.) If one of the diseases is foot-and-mouth disease (there being no cattle-plague), every animal in each separate part of the cargo is to be dealt with in accordance with Rule C of that Article.

19. Where an animal forming part of one cargo of foreign animals under Part IV has not been kept separate from an animal forming part of another cargo of foreign animals, all the animals forming those two cargoes shall be dealt with as if they formed one cargo.

20. An Inspector of the Privy Council may detain, for any period that he thinks necessary or proper, any foreign animal under Part IV which he has reason to suspect is diseased or may introduce disease.

21. No animal, carcase, fodder, litter, or dung shall be removed from the lair or other place adjacent to the place of landing where foreign animals under Part IV are detained, except with the permission of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

If the Inspector is of opinion that any such animal or thing as aforesaid may introduce disease, the same shall be slaughtered, destroyed, or otherwise dealt with in accordance with instructions from time to time given by the Privy Council.

22. Nothing in Part IV shall prevent the landing of any foreign animal at a foreign animals wharf if the owner of the animal or his agent in Great Britain or the consignee thereof so desires.

Channel Islands.

23. Unless and until the Privy Council otherwise order, animals brought from the Channel Islands shall be subject to the foregoing provisions of Part IV.

Isle of Man.

24. Unless and until the Privy Council otherwise order, animals brought from the Isle of Man are allowed to be landed without being subject under the Fifth Schedule to the Act of 1878, or under this Order, to slaughter or to quarantine, or to the foregoing provisions of Part IV.

PART V.—GENERAL.

25. All foreign animals when landed at a port in Great Britain shall when landed be placed under the charge of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

26. All animals for the time being in a foreign animals wharf, or in a foreign animals quarantine station, or in a place of landing for foreign animals within Part IV shall be deemed foreign animals, and the regulations which apply to the wharf, or station, or place of landing shall apply to all those animals.

27. Where an Inspector of the Privy Council, or the person in charge of a foreign animals wharf, or of a foreign animals quarantine station, or of a place of landing for foreign animals within Part IV affixes at or near the entrance thereof a notice to the effect that persons entering that wharf, or station, or place will be required before leaving to disinfect themselves and their clothes, then, every person shall on being requested comply with the terms of that notice.

28. Notwithstanding anything in this Order, where a vessel comes into port having on board foreign animals maimed or injured on the voyage, the owner, consignee, or other person in charge thereof, or the master of the vessel, shall, if directed by an Inspector of the Privy Council, or may if he thinks fit, slaughter those animals or any of them immediately on their being landed; but the carcase of any such animal is not to be moved from the place of landing, or some lair or slaughter-house adjacent thereto approved by the Privy Council, without a certificate from the Inspector certifying that it is not likely to introduce disease.

29. Where any regulation relating to foreign animals is in operation, the Local Authority and all constables and police officers shall assist the Inspector of the Privy Council to carry the same into effect and to enforce the same, and shall do or cause to be done all things from time to time necessary for the effectual execution of the same.

30. If a vessel arriving has on board the carcase of a foreign animal, horse, ass, or mule which was taken on board for the purpose of importation, but has died on the voyage, the master of the vessel shall, immediately on arrival, report the fact to the Principal Officer of Customs at the port.

The carcase shall not be landed or discharged from the vessel without the permission in writing of the Principal Officer.

31. Where it appears to the Principal Officer of Customs with respect to any foreign animal, or any fodder, or other article, brought by sea, that disease may be thereby conveyed to animals, he may seize and detain the same, and he shall forthwith report the facts to the Commissioners of Customs, who may give such directions as they

think fit, either for the slaughter or destruction or the further detention thereof or for the restoration thereof to the owner on such conditions, if any, (including payment by the owner of expenses incurred by them in respect of detention thereof,) as they think fit.

C. L. Peck.

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