such Officer at any time before, or at, the expiration of the first year of his or her service, by giving to the Officer three months previous notice in writing, signed by their Clerk, of such their intention.

Matron are appointed after the twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eine, and whether they be husband and wife or not, the termination of the office of either of them by death, resignation, insanity, or dismissal as aforesaid shall render the office of the other vacant at the expiration of the then current quarter.

And whereas the above-mentioned Orders contain the following regulation, or a regulation to the like effect, with respect to the division of the said Unions and Separate Parishes into Districts for general and medical relief and the assignment of Relieving Officers and Medical Officers to such Districts:

"The Guardians may from time to time divide the Union into Districts for general and medical relief, with the consent of the Commissioners; and on any change in the division of the Union into Districts for general and medical relief, or in the assignment of Relieving Officers and Medical Officers to such Districts, the Clerk shall report every such change to the Commissioners for their approbation."

And whereas by General Orders of the Poor Law Board dated respectively the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and the tenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, the said lastly-recited regulation has, as regards certain of the Unions and Separate Parishes named in the Schedule to this Order, been altered in relation to changes in the Districts for medical relief, and as regards the other Unions and Parishes therein named, such alteration has been made applicable or a corresponding alteration has been embodied in other Orders issued to such Unions and Separate Parishes, and it is expedient that such lastly-recited regulation should be altered as hereinafter mentioned, with respect to changes in the Districts for general relief, and the assignment of Relieving Officers to such Districts:

Now therefore, we hereby further Order as follows:

ARTICLE II.—Where a change in the extent of the District of a Relieving Officer appointed after the twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, or where the transfer of any such Relieving Officer from one District to another in the same Union or separate Parish, shall be deemed necessary for the more convenient or efficient administration of relief, or otherwise, and he shall decline to acquiesce in such change or transfer, the Guardians may, with the consent of the Local Government Board, and after six months notice in writing signed by the Clerk and given to such Officer, determine his office.

And whereas by the above-mentioned Orders, and by other Orders of the Poor Law Board and the Local Government Board, the duties of Medical Officers, either for Districts or for Workhouses, are prescribed, and it is expedient to make further approvision in that behalf:

Now therefore, we hereby further Order as safollows: (**) Annature.

ARTICLE III. Every Medical Officer appointed by the Guardians after the twenty-eighth day of

February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, whether for a District or a Workhouse, shall immediately upon the occurrence of any case of contagious, infectious, or epidemic disease of a dangerous character amongst the pauper patients under his care, give notice thereof to the Clerk of the Sanitary Authority of the Urban or Rural Sanitary District, as the case may be, within which he acts as Medical Officer, or to the Medical Officer of Health of such Authority.

He shall also furnish from time to time to the Medical Officer of Health of such Sanitary Authority such information with respect to the cases of sickness and the deaths amongst the pauper patients under his care as the Local Government Board may direct, and whenever the Local Government Board shall make regulations for all or any of the purposes specified in Section 134 of The Public Health Act, 1875, he shall observe such regulations as far as the same relate to or concern his office.

And whereas by the Orders firstly before referred to provision was made for payment to District Medical Officers of special remuneration for certain operations, subject to a proviso, for which another proviso was substituted by Article II. of a General Order of the Local Government Board dated the tenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five; and it is expedient that the last-named Order should be altered as hereinafter mentioned.

Now therefore, we hereby further Order as follows:

ARTICLE IV.—Article II. of the said Order dated the tenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, shall, on the twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, be rescinded, and in lieu thereof the following regulation shall take effect:

After the twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, no District Medical Officer shall, except in cases of sudden accident immediately threatening life, be entitled to receive the remuneration prescribed by the firstly before-recited Orders for any amputation unless, before performing it, he shall have obtained, at his own cost, the advice of some person who shall be registered under the Medical Act of 1858, and shall be qualified by Law to practise in England and Wales, either medicine or surgery, or both; and unless he shall produce to the Guardians a certificate from such person stating that, in his opinion, it was right and proper that such amputation should be then performed.

ARRICLE V. In this Order-

The word "Union" includes any Union of Parishes incorporated or united for the relief or maintenance of the Poor under any Act of Parliament;

The term "Separate Parish" means a Parish or Place which is under a separate Board of Guardians;

The word "Guardians" includes any Governors, Directors, Acting Guardians, Vestrymen, or other Officers appointed or entitled to act in the distribution or ordering of relief to the Poor from the Poor Rates under any Act of Parliament.