

situate between the Tyne Dock and the road leading from South Shields to Tyne Dock and called Slake Row, inclosed in a line commencing at the water on the timber discharging jetty on the eastern side of the said Dock at a point two hundred and seven feet south-west of the south-west corner of the Jarrow Chemical Works, thence passing in an easterly direction for a distance of six hundred and forty-six feet to the north-west corner of the building called the Sanatorium or Lairs and bounded by a wooden fence, thence in a northerly direction for a distance of thirty-six feet bounded by the western wooden fence of the slaughter-house yard, thence in a south-easterly direction for a distance of thirty-six feet bounded by the north-eastern stone wall of the slaughter-house yard and the slaughter-house, thence in a southerly direction for a distance of one hundred and eighty-three feet and bounded by the east stone wall of the slaughter-house and the said Sanatorium or Lair, thence in a westerly direction for a distance of thirty-two feet bounded by the south wooden wall of the said Sanatorium or Lair, thence in a northerly direction for a distance of one hundred and fifty-three feet bounded by the west wooden wall of the said Sanatorium or Lair and two wooden doors, thence in a westerly direction for a distance of six hundred and forty-six feet and bounded by a wooden fence and terminating at the water at the east side of the said Dock on the timber discharging jetty before mentioned at a point five feet south of the point of starting before mentioned, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of part of the Tyne Dock deposited at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of South Shields.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 13th day of June, 1879.

By the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the sixteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine.

2. So much of the area declared, by Order of Council dated the fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, to be an area infected with pleuro-pneumonia as is in the county of Lanark is hereby declared to be free from pleuro-pneumonia, and that portion of that area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an area or part of an area infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

3. The rest of the area comprised in the said Order shall continue to be and is hereby declared to be an area infected with pleuro-pneumonia, wherein the following place being a place infected with pleuro-pneumonia is situate (namely) :

A cow-shed or byre, in the occupation of Robert Black, Dairyman, and situate at 14, Rutland-crescent, in the parish of Govan, in the county of Renfrew.

C. L. Peel.

India Office, June 10, 1879.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to confer the decoration of the Imperial Order of the Crown of India on—

Mary, Baroness Napier of Magdala.
Frances Elizabeth, Lady Cunynghame (commonly called the Honourable Lady Cunynghame).
Susanna Maria, Dowager Lady Pottinger.

Whitehall, May 31, 1879.

THE Queen has been pleased to grant unto John Edwards, of Prestbury, in the county of Gloucester, Clerk in Holy Orders, younger of the two surviving sons of Thomas Edwards, late of Prestbury aforesaid, and of the city of Bristol, Merchant, by Jane, his wife, elder of the two daughters and co-heirs of Thomas Wathen, late of King Stanley, in the said county of Gloucester, Gentleman, deceased, Her Royal licence and authority that he and his issue may discontinue their present surname of Edwards, and in lieu thereof take and henceforth use the surname of De la Bere in addition to and after that of Baghot, and bear the arms of De la Bere quarterly with those of Baghot; such arms being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms and recorded in the College of Arms, otherwise the said Royal licence and permission to be void and of none effect:

And to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be recorded in Her Majesty's said College of Arms.

(H. 4401.)

Board of Trade (Harbour Department),
Whitehall Gardens, June 13, 1879.

THE Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of a Notice issued by the Greek Government, from which it appears that, although the quarantine of 24 hours imposed in Greece on arrivals from the Sea of Azov and the Black Sea, including Sulina, has been withdrawn, pratique is only granted to vessels after the visit of a medical officer; and that the importation of rags from the above places and from Turkey in general is still prohibited.

(H. 4400.)

Board of Trade (Harbour Department),
Whitehall Gardens, June 13, 1879.

THE Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of a Notice issued by the Italian Government, respecting the importation of rags, old clothes, and unwashed linen from Greece, of which the enclosed is a translation; viz. :—

ORDINANCE OF MARITIME HEALTH. No. 14.

IN view of the law relating to the public health of the 20th of March, 1865, Clause C, and the Ministerial Instructions of the 26th of December, 1871, and in view of the Ordinance of the 29th of April, 1878, No. 6.

Considering that the Greek Government has imposed a prohibition, which it causes to be rigorously observed on the importation of rags, old clothes, and unwashed linen from Turkey and from the Russian Ports of the Black Sea and Sea of Azoff. The Minister of the Interior decrees :

That the aforesaid Ordinance of the 29th of April, 1878, is revoked as regards rags, old clothes, and unwashed linen imported from Greece,