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Vienna, July 17.

THE last account we had from the Imperial Camp commanded by Prince Louis of Baden, was, That so soon as the Troops from Transylvania and Bosnia had joined the Army (which it was expected they would do on the 7th or 8th Instant) Prince Louis intended to pass the River Morava, over which he had ordered a Bridge to be laid not far from the Danube, and to advance towards the Enemy who continued about Nissa under the Command of the Grand Visier. That Tockley had in the mean time besieged Novigrad on the Danube, which was defended by the Rascians, and that Prince Louis had sent thither some Succors by Water, which 'twas hoped would get into the place. The 12th Instant was published an Imperial Order, requiring all those of the French Nation to depart the Hereditary Countreys within 14 days, except such as have resided there above 20 years.

Hamburg, July 26. The Danish Troops have evacuated Holstein and Sleswick, and have restored the Monies that were levied after the Signing of the Treaty. And the Duke of Holsteins People have taken possession of Tonzungen, Dirmarsen, &c.

Frankfort, July 21. The 16th Instant the Duke of Lorraine advanced with the Imperial Army within two German Miles of Mentz, sending before 4000 Croats, who had posted themselves near the Town; the French Horse in Garrison there sallied out upon them, but perceiving their number, presently retired again. Four or five of the Imperialists were killed with Cannon Shot from the place.

The 17th the Imperial Army approached nearer to Mentz, and began to take their Posts about the Town. The same day the Elector of Saxony with 7000 of his Foot passed the Rhine in Boats, and joined the Imperial Army, his Horse marching to Gernsheim in order to pass the River there on a Bridge of Boats. The Forces of Hesse, with some Saxon Regiments, making together 8 or 10000 Men, continue on this side the Rhine, and have raised several Batteries at Cofsbach and Cassel, from whence they have already shot a great many Bombes into the Town of Mentz. The 18th the Imperialists began to work on their Lives of Circumvallation, for which purpose 3000 Peasants were summoned in. The same day the Enemy made a Sally, but were repulsed with loss. This day the Imperial Artillery with great quantities of Ammunition will be sent from hence by Water to the Camp before Mentz. The Elector of Bavaria is encamped with his Forces near Ladenburg; He will send a strong Detachment to join the Army before Mentz, and put the rest of his Forces about Philipshurg; The Garrison whereof pretends to put the Neighbouring Country under Contribution.

Frankfort, July 24. The Imperial and Confederate Forces before Mentz have been hitherto employed in forming their Camp, making their Lines, raising of Batteries, &c. And this night the Trenches will be opened. The Elector of Bavaria arrived in the Camp two days ago, and went with the Prince of Cambray to observe the place; but his Forces continue near Ladenburgh. The Troops of Hesse have with their Cannon ruined the Enemies Bridge of Boats, and their Bombes have burnt several Houses in the Town. There is a report that Fredericke Prince Palatine, advancing too near the Town, was killed by a Shot from thence, but it needs a confirmation. The French Forces commanded by the Duke of Duras are encamped between Lachen and Dutweiler, having sent their Baggage to Landau.

From the Brandenburg Camp before Bonn, July 25. We came the 23d Instant before this place; the Elector of Brandenburg taking his head Quarters at Wessling. The Troops posted on the other side of the Rhine had before raised several Batteries against the Town, which they began to make use of on the 23d; and our Bombes have already done terrible execution, having laid great part of the Town in ashes, and destroyed the Enemies chief Magazine of Forage, their Mills, &c. as we are this day informed by several Persons that are got out of the Town.

Cologne, July 26. The Confederates before Bonn do attack the place with above 100 Pieces of Cannon, and 30 Mortars, which have already ruined great part of the Town, though they chiefly direct their Shot and Bombes against the Walls and Outworks where the French Soldiers are lodged.

Hague, July 29. The last week an Express arrived here from Vienna with the Emperors Ratification of the Treaty lately concluded between his Imperial Majesty and this State. The Dutch Army commanded by Prince Waldecke was according to our last advices encamped at Timon and Vriete between Giffel and Bommel about an hours march from Catteroy. We have an account from the Duke of a very extraordinary Action performed by 11 Dutch Soldiers under the command of a Sergeant, who coming out on the 12th Instant to see if he got to a place called the enteele understood a French party was lodged there in a Barn, whereupon they advanced to take the French being alarmed by their Sentinel, came out to the number of 20, and fired upon the Dutch, but were beaten back into the Barn, where being beset by the Dutch, one of which happening to have a hand Grenado threw it among them, they all (except the Captain and two or three Soldiers that were killed) yielded themselves Prisoners, and were brought bound two and two together into the Dutch Camp.

Brussels, July 27. The Dutch Army decamped the 23d Instant from Longrenne, and marched to Timon. They are encamped in two Lines, reaching as far as the Sambre, and within 3 Miles of the Haine, from whence the Marschal d'Humieres removed two days before; and marched to Bossu and Givri; his design being to cover Philipshurg. A Party from Charleroy followed the French in their retreat, and defeated one of their Parties, and brought back with them 60 Horses, and several Prisoners. The Prince de Vandemont is still encamped at Diynse with the Spanish Forces under his Command.

Paris, August 3. The last Letters from Rome said the Pope was fallen very ill again, and that there were little hopes of his recovery. It is believed our next will give an account of a Promoting of Cardinals. The Troops of the Milanese designed for Catalonia, are by this time embarked on the 18 Spanish Galleys, which are appointed to transport them thither for Genoua. Mentz is formally besieged by the Imperial Army commanded by the Duke of Lorraine. The Confederate Forces commanded by the Elector of Brandenburg do attack the City of Bonn with their Cannon and Bombes, but have not opened Trenches against it. We are told from Flanders, that the Dutch and French Armies lay within 4 or 5 Leagues of one another.

Edinburgh, July 20. We have yet no farther account of the Irish that came lately from Currickfergus; but this day were brought hither the Prisoners taken in the West, being 24 in number. Major General Mackay begins his march on Monday next towards the North; and 13 Companies more of the Regiments that are quartered here are sent towards the Western Shires. Yesterday Lieutenant Colonel Livingston, and the other Officers who were lately seized for holding Correspondence with Dundee were brought to their Trial before a Council of War. They all confessed their Crime, and threw themselves upon the Kings Mercy. Yesterday also was published here a Proclamation against the Viscount of Dundee, and other Rebels his Associates not to Affine, with a Reward of 15000 Marks, Scots Money, to any Person that shall apprehend the said Viscount of Dundee, and shall deliver him dead or alive to any of His Majesties Officers.

London, July 29. There are Letters here in Town from good hands, dated the 15th Instant on Board the Ship in the Mouth of Derry, which give an account that Derry holds out bravely.