

The London Gazette.

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Vienna, July 21.

THe Emperor continues his Resolution to begin the 27th Instant his Journey towards *Neubourg*; where the Ceremonies of the King of *Spain's* Marriage with the Princess *Palatine* are to be performed on the 15th of the next Month. The Letters we received this day from the Imperial Army commanded by Prince *Louis of Baden*, inform us, That a Body of Turks under the Seraskier had passed the River *Morava*, and that the Grand Visier would suddenly follow with the rest of the Ottoman Forces, which together would make about 5000 Men. That Prince *Louis* was resolved to give them Battle, and stayed only for the arrival of the Count *de Vereyans* with the Troops under his Command; after which he would advance towards the Enemy. That it was reported, that *Töckley* had taken by Assault the Castle of *Nottergrau*, (which was defended by the *Ralschids*) and that he was gone to attack *Clodna*, which are places of little importance farther than that they facilitate the Enemies design of relieving *Jemlowitz*. The Imperial Ministers have communicated to the Envoy of *Moscovy* all that passed in their late Conferences with the Turkish Embies, and have wished let him know, that the Emperor is not only willing himself, but will endeavour to obtain the Consent of his Allies, to receive the *Czars* into the Alliance which they desire, that so they may be assured, that no Peace will be made with the *Turks*, without including them. The *Heer Hof* Envoy Extraordinary from the States General of the United Provinces, having finished his Negotiation at this Court, parted from hence on Tuesday last on his return towards *Holland*.

From the Imperial Camp before *Mentz*, July 26. The 22d Instant in the evening we opened our Trenches, without any hinderance from the Enemy, who were in some disorder that night, occasioned by the Bombs which the Hellions shot into the Town from their Battery on the other side of the *Rhine*, and which set several Houses on fire. The 23d by break of day some of the Enemies Horse came out to disturb our Workmen, but were quickly forced to retire. They placed several small Field-pieces along the Counter-scarp, with which they fired upon our Workmen; and the young Prince *Fredericke of Neubourg* was unfortunately killed by a Shot from thence. At night the Trenches were relieved by 4000 Men, of which 1000 were of the Troops of *Hannauer*, and we advanced our Works very considerably; the Enemy often shewed themselves in small Parties, but presently retired again. The 24th the Saxons posted themselves in the Monastery of the *Carthusians*; and we finished our Lines of Communication. The same day a person came out of the Town, and reported, That the Garrison was composed of 6000 Men. At night the *Lunenburghs* relieved the Trenches with 4000 Men. The 25th, the Imperialists removed their Bridge higher up towards the Mill, and secured it with a Redoubt, and almost finished two Batteries, one of 15, and the other of 25 Pieces of Cannon. We are told, that General *Dunewaldt* is ordered to march with 8000 Horse to observe the Duke de *Duras*, who continues encamped with the Forces under his Command near *Neustadt*.

From the Camp before *Mentz*, July 28. The Elector of *Bavaria* has, since my last, joined us with 10000 Men; and all the Saxon Forces are now on this side the *Rhine*; and yesterday three Regiments of *Hesse* likewise passed that River. The Enemy fired very smartly last night, and we had 10 Men killed, and 30 wounded; we have two Attacks, that on the left is carried on by the Imperialists and *Lunenburghs*, and the other on the right by the Saxons and *Bavarians*; and our Trenches are advanced within 130 Paces of the Counter-scarp. The Saxons have raised a Battery near the *Carthusians*, from whence they fire into the Town, and the French Fort in the *Rhine* over against

Catholien. To-morrow our great Battery will be ready. At the attack on the left 4000 Imperialists relieved the Trenches one day, the second 3000 Imperialists and 1000 *Lunenburghs*, and the third day 4000 *Lunenburghs*. The Enemy have not yet made any Salleys.

Brandfort, July 30. Here is a report, That the Imperialists before *Mentz* have taken by Storm a Fort, which was lately built by the French near the Town, and was defended by 100 Men, and that they maintained themselves there, though the Enemy endeavoured three several times to recover it.

From the Camp before *Bon*, August 2. We continue to fire upon the Town from our Cannon and Mortars, which have had all the effect that could be expected. On the 21st past, the Elector of *Brandenburg* went out towards a place called *Godesberg*, and in his return escaped very narrowly an Ambush which the Enemy had laid in a Vineyard, several that were with him being killed.

Cologne, August 2. The account we have of the Siege of *Mentz*, is, That the Imperialists were busied with carrying on their Approaches, and raising their Batteries. That the Elector of *Bavaria* does likewise command an attack; and that their great Cannon would be mounted this day against the Town. The Elector of *Brandenburg* going two days ago out of his Camp towards *Godesberg*, was in his return attacked near *Bon* by a French Party, who was laid in Ambush, and was in great danger, but after some skirmishing, in which several were killed on both sides, the French fled to *Bon*.

Brussels, August 3. The Dutch Army, commanded by Prince *Waldecke*, continues encamped near *Traimon*, in a very advantageous place, having a *Mars* and the River *Sambre* behind them, and a Wood on their right, about 2 Leagues from *Charleroy*, and within 3 Leagues of the French Army, which lies near *Givri*, under the Command of the Marechal d' *Humieres*. On Monday last, some of the General Officers went from the Dutch Army to *Ghent*, in order to visit the Spanish Camp at *Dynsel*; which the French having notice of, they sent out a Party of 500 Horse to waylay them in their return, who pretending by the means of some Germans they had amongst them, to be Friends, advanced without being discovered as far as a place called *Mercktem*, where they found a Guard of 25 Horse; these knowing them to be French, beat back the Enemies Van-Guard, but the rest approaching, were forced to retire, with the loss of two of their Company killed, and 6 taken Prisoners. In the mean time, the Generals were returning from *Ghent*, and were come within a quarter of an hour's march of the Enemy, when being advertised thereof by a Peasant, they turned towards *Dendermonde*, and arrived here last night. Our Governor General is now at *Ghent*, from whence several Pieces of Cannon with Ammunition, &c. have been sent to the Camp at *Dynsel*. The Dutch have finished their Bridge over the *Sambre*. Some Dutch Troops had lately a rencounter with a French Party, of whom they killed several, and took a Cornet and 3 or 4 more Prisoners.

Hague, August 5. The States General have ordered the several Colleges of the Admiralty, and all their Officers, to seize upon all Ships that are bound to *France*, or that come from thence. On the 27th past, 4 Dutch Ships bound for the *West-Indies*, sailed out of the *Texel*, which, as we are informed by two Vessels come into the *Maese*, were met near the *Dogger Sand* by 4 French Men of War belonging to *Dunkirk*, whereof one carried 50 Guns, and after a sharp Engagement for several hours, one of the said Dutch Ships was burnt, and another sunk.

frank, and two taken; and it is confidently reported, that the biggest of the French Ships was blown up during the Fight. We have an account by Letters of the 27th of May from Surinam, That the French (who came thither in 16 Ships) had made an attempt upon the Fort the Dutch have there, but that after an attack of several days, they had been beaten off with great loss.

Paris, August 6. This week was published here an Ordonnance, by which, all the French King's Subjects, whose Fathers, Children, or Brothers, are in the Service of his Enemies, and even the Women, whose Husbands are in the said Service, are commanded to depart this Kingdom within the space of a Month. We have an account from Bresb, That the Squadron from Toulon, commanded by the Chevalier de Tourville, arrived there the 30th of the last Month. The Marechal d'Humieres decamped the 25th past from Hayne St. Pierre, and marched to Ettines, where he took his Head Quarters.

Edinburgh, July 25. The Irish that came from Carrickfergus are landed in the Isle of Mull, not exceeding 300 Men in all. Dundee endeavours to raise the Highland Clans, but will not be able to keep them long together, His Majesty's Forces being on their march from all sides to suppress them. On Friday last the Laird of Inverey, who has been inter-communed this 20 years and upwards on the account of a Murder committed by him upon the Laird of Braichley, came down from the Hills with a Party of 500 Men, beneath the Wood of Glentanor, on Dee side, where he burnt and destroyed the Laird of Braichley's Houses and Lands. On the 22d Instant, the Act for abolishing Prelacy was touched with the Scepter; and the Lord Commissioner acquainted the Parliament, That His Majesty was pleased to allow them to choose Committees for setting the Government of the Church, and for rescinding the Act of Parliament of the year 1685, by which, all the forfeited Lands were annexed to the Crown, &c. Major-general Mackay has desired, that in order to the building of a Fort at Inverlochty, 2000 Pioneers and Workmen may be sent thither from the Neighbouring Shires; and Orders will be given therein accordingly. Directions have been likewise given, for the furnishing the necessary Baggage-Horses for the more convenient march of the Forces against the Rebels. It is said, That those Irish who came from Carrickfergus, and also some of the Macleans, are joyned with Dundee.

Norwich, July 27. Soon after the good News of her Royal Highness the Princess Anne of Denmark's being delivered of a Son arrived at this City, the Bells were rung, and towards the evening Preparations were made for more Solemn Expressions of the Joy of the Citizens; and about nine a Clock, the Duke of Norfolk, with many of the Country Gentlemen, (who stayed in Town for that end) went into the Market-place, where the Mayor and Aldermen were present in their Formalities at a great Bonfire, the Windows of all the Houses being filled with Lights, the Healks of Their Majesties, the Prince and Princes of Denmark, and the young Prince, were drank, at every of which Guns were discharged, which were answered by Cannon from the Duke's Palace, the top whereof was illuminated with above 10 Dozen of Flambeau's, and the same Healths were there drank in Wine by the Gentry and strong Beer running in Pipes from the Leads to the Common People, and all concluded about 12 a Clock with a Joy-suitable to so happy an Occasion.

Chesler, July 29. There are now six Regiments encamped near this place, and all the rest of the Forces are expected here this week: In the mean time, all possible diligence is used, in making the necessary Preparations in order to their Embarking.

Plymouth, July 27. Last night came into this Port from Portsmouth about 130 Sail of Ships laden with Artillery, Ammunition, and Provisions, under the Convoiy of the

Mary and Charles Galleys, the Pearl, the Soldadoer, the Princess Anne, &c. and they are just now going to sail again with a fair wind.

Hampton-Court, July 28. On Saturday in the evening the young Prince, Son of their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Denmark, (whom His Majesty has been pleased to declare Duke of Gloucester) was Christened by the Lord Bishop of London, and named William, the King, and the Earl of Dorset Lord-Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, being Godfathers, and the Lady Marchioness of Halifax Godmother.

Whitehall, July 31. His Majesty has been graciously pleased to constitute Martin Welcomb Esq. his Consul in the Ports of Cadix and St. Mary's, within the Kingdom of Spain.

The Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Their Majesties Treasury, having appointed Mr. John Smith of Beaufort-street in the Strand, to execute the Office of Receiver of the Land Revenues for the Counties of Suffolk and Cambridge, during the Suspension of the present Receiver: All Persons therein concerned are to take notice thereof, and pay their Rents to the said Mr. Smith, and not to any other person.

Advertisements.

* * * To morrow, being the 2d Instant, will be sold by Auction a curious Collection of Paintings and Prints by the best Masters; with several Volumes of Ogilby's Works; at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Tom's Coffee-house in Popes-head Alley in Cornhill. Catalogues are distributed by Mr. Wilkinson in Fleet-street, Mr. Bentley in Ruffel-Street, Covent-Garden, Mr. Nott in the Pall-mall, Mr. Gyllflower in Westminster-hall, Mr. Hargrave against Furnival's Inn in Holborn, Booksellers. Attendance is given for viewing the said Collection before the Sale.

☞ A True and Impartial Account of the most material Passages in Ireland since December 1688. with a particular Relation of the Forces of Londonderry, being taken from the Notes of a Gentleman who was Eye-witness to most of the Actions mentioned therein; to which is added, a Description and Map of Londonderry, as he took it upon the place. Sold by John Ashery at the Peacock against St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-street.

☞ *Tæ Kavváis*: The Tragedies of Sin contemplated in the ruin of the Angels, the fall of Man, the destruction of the Old World, the confusion of Babel, the conflagration of Sodom, &c. Together with Remarks on the Life of the Great Abraham; humbly recommended to the present Age for the designed ends of Caution and Terror. By Stephen Jay Rector of Chinner in Oxfordshire. Printed for J. Dunton at the Black Raven in the Poultry. Price bound 3 s.

The Library of Books of Mr. Edward Carter designed to have been sold by Auction at St. Albans on Monday next the 5th Instant, (as was published in the Gazette of July 25) is at the request of some, and for the convenience of others, deferred to another time, of which, all Gentlemen, &c. to whom Catalogues have been given, and purposed in Person, or by Proxies, to be present at the place of Sale, are desired to take notice of.

Whereas the Charge of the Royal Bagnio in Newgate-street hath hitherto been 5 s. 6 d. The Proprietors have, for the ease of Gentleman and Ladies, thought fit to fall to 4 s. which is the whole Charge of the House, nor any more being due to Servants for Cupping, Shaving, or any other Office performed by them. The days for Gentlemen are Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays; and Wednesdays and Saturdays for Ladies in every Week.

Taken from a Groom, 3 Miles from St. Albans, a bright bay Gelding, with a Star in his Forehead, the off Foot behind white, a little brush Tayl, has all his Paces, near 14 hands high, and 7 years old, with a Postilion Saddle of black Leather. Whoever gives notice of him to my Lord Montague at Montague-house in Great Ruffel-street in Bloomsbury, shall have a Guinea Reward.

A Woodbridge, a Market-Town in Suffolk 6 Miles beyond Ipswich, in the great Road to Yarmouth, is a well-custom ed Inn, called the Crown, (with all convenient Out-houses) is to be Lett by Lease. Enquire of Mr. William Pett at the Green-dragon in Gracechurch-street, or of Mr. Philip Clarke in Woodbridge aforesaid, and you may be farther informed.

Of the 29th past a Gold Pendulum Watch with the day of the Month, the outside Case engraven, made by Ed. Stanton and was took up on Fleet-bridge by a middle-sized Man aged about 50. If he please to return it to Mr. Tho. Cory, Goldsmith, near Fleet-bridge, the Owner is willing to allow him 2 Guinea's for his trouble.