

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday August 29. to Monday September 2. 1689.

Whitehall, Aug. 31.

ON Thursday last Mr. George Walker, late Governour of London-derry, attended Their Majesties at Hampton-Court, being introduced by my Lord President. Their Majesties received him with many Expressions of the Gracious Sence they have of his great Services; And, as a present Mark of His Royal Favour and Bounty, His Majesty was pleased to bestow upon him Five Thousand Pounds, assuring him, That this should not at all lessen the Kindness he intended to shew to him and his Family; And that He would likewise have a particular Care of the rest of the Officers, and other Gentlemen, who had so well behaved themselves at Derry. From whom Mr. Walker presented to His Majesty the following Address. After which His Majesty appointed him to wait on Him in His Closet in the afternoon, which having accordingly done, he returned to London; where he was, the next day, Entertained by one of the Sheriffs; And on Wednesday next dines with the Lord Mayor. The Applauses of the People, as he passes, are very troublesome to him; for his Modesty is as great, and as deservedly admired, as his Courage and Conduct; and both render him highly esteemed by all sorts of Persons, that wish well to Their Majesties and the Protestant Interest.

To the most Excellent Majesties of William and Mary, King and Queen of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland, Defenders of the Faith, &c. The humble Address of the Governors, Officers, Clergy, and other Gentlemen in the City and Garrison of Londonderry.

WE the most Dutiful and Loyal Subscribers of this Address, (out of a deep Sence of our late miserable Estate and Conaition,) do hereby return our due Acknowledgments to Almighty GOD, and to Your Sacred Majesty, and, under You, to the indefatigable Care of Major-General Kirk, for our unexpected Relief by Sea, in spite of all the Opposition of our industrious, but bloody and implacable, Enemies; which Relief was no less wonderfully than seasonably conveyed to us, and that, at the very nick of time, when we (who survived many Thousands, that died here of Famine during the Siege,) were just ready to be cut off, and perish, by the hands of barbarous, cruel, and inhuman Wretches; who no sooner saw us delivered, and that they could not compass their wicked Designs against this Your Majesties City, and our Lives, (for which they thirsted,) immediately set all the Country, round us, on Fire, after having plunder'd, robb'd and stripp'd, all the Protestants therein, as well these Persons they themselves granted Protections to, as others, who do therefore most sincerely rejoice with all our Souls, and bless GOD for all His singular and repeated Mercies and Deliverances; and so for ever adore the Divine Providence for Your Majesty's rightful, and peaceable Accession to the Imperial Crown of these Kingdoms, (the Proclaiming of which was justly celebrated in this Parts with unparallel'd Joy,) and we do, with all humble Submission, present to Your Sacred Majesty our resigned Loyalty, the most valuable Tribute we can give, or Your Majesty receive from us. And since the same Providence has (through much difficulty,) made us so happy as to be Your Subjects, we come, in the like Humility, to lay our

selves intirely at Your Royal Feet; and do most heartily and resolutely offer, and engage our Lives and Fortunes to Your Service: And further we do most unanimously joy in a firm and unchangable Vow, and Resolution, of improving all Occasions of becoming serviceable to Your Majesty, in what Station soever it shall please GOD and Your Majesty to place us; and will expose our selves to all Hazards and Extremities to serve Your Majesty against the common Enemy. From all which Promises, Vows, and Services, we, and every of us, promise (without any Exception or Reserve,) not to recede unto our Lives end. In Testimony of all which we have hereunto subscribed our Names at London-derry this 29th day of July, Anno Dom. 1689.

Venice, Aug. 19. We hear by several Vessels come from the Levant, That the Venetian Fleet was before Napoli di Malvasia, and had begun to attack that Portress.

Vienna, Aug. 21. The Letters from the Imperial Army under the command of Prince Louis of Baden, of the 11th instant, say, That they were encamped on the other side of the Morava, having raised a good Redoubt on each side the River to secure their Bridge. That they had furnish'd themselves with Provisions in order to their march towards Nissa, which they should begin on the 12th or 13th of this month: That the Turks lay within 16 miles of them; but that the Grand Visier and the Serasquier were not yet joyned. And that Count Tockley continued about Carisawa, waiting for an opportunity to relieve Temeswar. The Count d'Herberstein, Governour of Carisstadt, has made a great Incursion into the Enemies Country, on the side of Corbava.

From the Imperial Camp before Mentz, Aug. 27. We have advanced our Trenches, at both Attacks, to the Glaci of the Counterscarp, where we have discovered several of the Enemies Mines, and taken out the Powder. The Besieged, as the Deserters inform us, intended to have made a great Sally on the 25th instant, being St. Louis's day; but were prevented by the firing of 3000 Hand Grenado's, design'd to be made use of in the said Sally, which was occasioned by one of our Bombs falling amongst them. The great Battery at the Saxon and Bavarian Attack is so far finished, that they began yesterday to place the Cannon upon it. The Imperialists have almost ruined the two Bastions and the Courtin, upon which their great Battery has play'd from the beginning, so that the Enemy can now give us little disturbance from thence. The Prince of Veldentz was wounded yesterday with a Musquet-shot, but as it's hoped, not dangerously. We hear from the Palatinate, that the Duke of Durck was encamped at Raftat; and that he had given Orders for the demolishing of Stolboven; and the fortifying of Offenbourg.

Francfort, Aug. 28. Their Imperial Majesties are arriv'd at Neubourg; where the Ceremonies of the King of Spain's Marriage with the Princess Palatine were to be performed this day. And on the first of the next month the Imperial Court will remove from thence to Aushbourg. We have an Account from the Camp before Mentz, that they had planted on the Bavarian and Saxon Battery 36 pieces of great Cannon, and 10 Mortars, which will begin to play to morrow upon the Cittadel and St. James's Bastion.

Cologne, Aug. 30. The Marquis de Boufflers has taken the Town of Cochem on the Moselle by Storm; There was in it a Garrison of 700 Men, who withstood Three Assaults, but were overpower'd in the fourth, and were all, with many of the Inhabitants, put to the Sword. Upon the News of which, and that the Marquis de Boufflers was marching to attack the little Town of Meyen, not far from Cochem, the Elector of Brandenburg sent out General Schomberg on the 28th instant with 8000 Men, who are march'd towards