

# The London Gazette.

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Malaga, Aug. 16.

**T**HE Moors having besieged Larache in Africa, we hear, that the Four Spanish Men of War now at Cadix, are ordered to carry Succors thither.

Venice, Aug. 29. By a Vessel come in 13 days from the Fleet, we have an account that our Forces had made so good a progress in the Siege of Napoli di Malvasia, that they doubted not but in a short time to be Masters of the place.

Vienne, Sept. 1. The last Letters from the Army commanded by Prince Louis of Baden informed us, That they were on their march towards Claffaba, where they proposed to arrive the 16th past; and that from thence, if they could not bring the Enemy to a Battel, they would advance towards Nissa.

Ausbourg, Sept. 3. Their Imperial Majesties arrived here the 31th past, being received by the Burgers in Arms, &c. An Envoy is come hither from the Elector of Mentz; And those from the other Electors are expected in few days, for the adjusting some preliminary Matters before the arrival of the Electors; who are to meet here towards the end of this month, to chuse a King of the Romans.

From the Camp before Mentz, Sept. 4. On the second instant we finished our great Paralel Lines, and there planted 12 pieces of Cannon, and six Mortars, on a new Battery; Colonel Schor was mortally wounded in the Trenches; and between 10 and 40 more were kill'd and wounded. Yesterday the Enemy sallied out upon our Trenches, but their number was much lessened before they got back again: On our side several were likewise kill'd, and Duke Christian of Saxe-Hall was wounded in the Head, of which he dy'd within 2 or 3 hours. This day the Elector of Saxony retain'd hisher from Frankfurt. And we took a Spy, who had been several times in the Town, to give them an account of what we were doing. Our Works are now so far advanced, that we are making Preparations to storm the Countercarp.

From the Camp before Mentz, Sept. 6. The Orders being given for storming the Countercarp, between 4 and 5 this Afternoon, after the firing of 4 pieces of Cannon, and the shooting a Bomb into the Air, which was the appointed Sign, we began the Attack at 3 several places, with 12000 Men at each, who were drawn into several Bodies and Detachments, to second one another as there should be occasion: The Enemy sprang their Mines very early, so that they did us little damage. Ours had better effect, and made large Breches; and at the same time our Cannon and Bombs play'd very furiously. The dispute lasted above 4 hours and an half; but nothing could withstand the Courage and Resolution of our Men, who press'd so hard upon the Enemy, cutting all in pieces that opposed them, that they not only made themselves Masters of the Countercarp, and lodged themselves there, but pursued the Enemy to the Gates, and had almost entered the Town with them: The Hellions pushed on to a Fort the Enemy had near the Rhine, which they took with their Swords in their Hands; but afterwards quitted it again, for, not thinking they should have been able to advance so far, they were not provided with such things as were necessary, to make a Lodgement; we likewise possessed ourselves of the Gallenberg, where the Enemy had, till then, kept a Guard. In this brave Action we had about 2500 Men kill'd and wounded, of which, above two Thousd are Imperialists and Landsburgers; the Enemy making the greatest opposition on that side for that they believed the Bavarians and Saxons made a false Attack, only to attract them; and this

was the reason likewise, that the later were Masters of the Countercarp, about an hour before the Imperialists: The Officers of Nore, kill'd or wounded, that we yet know of, are General Wallis kill'd, and the Marshal Count Souckel, and Velt-Marechal, Count Maierbach, Count Starnensberg, wounded; Colonel Gaets kill'd; Colonel Count Lamberg both his Legs flior'd; Colonel Seeck, Colonel Buttery, Count Berck, Count de Sendorff, wounded; with divers other inferior Officers, kill'd and wounded: The Enemies loss in this occasion was not less than 12000 Men kill'd, besides wounded. We doubt not but they will now quickly capitulate.

Frankfort, Sept. 8. On the 6th instant the Imperial and Confederate Forces before Mentz, storm'd the Countercarp, which, after a very sharp fight of several Hours, they made themselves Masters of; as likewise of a little Redoubt near the Rhine, with the loss of about 2400 Men kill'd and wounded, of which number are several General Officers. The next day the Beliegers continued to play upon the Town from their several Batteries; and began to make Preparations to storm it: And this Afternoon we heard by an Express, that the Garrison had capitulated, and that the place would be surrendered to day or to morrow. Last Night arrived in the Camp 8000 Men of the Troops of Hanover; the Duke himself, with General Chauver, arriving there some days before. The Prince de Commercy is just now come Post from the Army, with the Confirmation of the great and happy News of the Surrender of Mentz. The Duke of Dorne was marching to the Relief of it.

From the Camp before Bonne, Sept. 8. On the 6th instant our Elector received Advice by an Express from Prince Waldeck, that the Marshal de Humbert had sent a strong Detachment from his Army towards Germany, whereupon his Electoral Highness detached General Barfus, with 6000 Men to join the Confederate Forces before Mentz; who accordingly began his march yesterday. We have finish'd the Lines of Communication between our several Batteries; from which we continue to fire very fiercely upon the place. General Scherwing, who was sent out towards Gochheim with 8000 Men, is come back, the Marquis de Boufflers retiring upon the News of his march, after having wasted the Country, and burnt Cochem, Kessler, Elich, Uman, Hellstein, and several other places. His Electoral Highness intends to return to Cleves, and to leave General Swarts to command this Blockade. The Dutch Troops are march'd towards Brabant.

Cologne, Sept. 9. The Elector of Brandenburg intends to return on Monday next towards Cleves: He has sent a Detachment of 6000 Men towards Mentz; and the rest of the Troops will be left to block up Bonn. We have this day the good News, that the Confederates had taken the Countercarp of Mentz by Storm; and that the Belieged had begun to capitulate.

Hague, Sept. 13. Several Expresses are arrived here with the welcome News of the Surrender of Mentz; of which the Dutch Resident, in the Brandenburg Camp, has given the States an Account by the following Letter.

My Lords,

Last Night arrived here an Express from before Mentz, being sent by the Elector of Brandenburg, with an Account, that on the 8th instant the Garrison of that place began to capitulate. And this Morning arrived the Son of General Dinevaldt, with Letters from the Duke of Louvain to his Electoral Highness, which not only confirm the former Advice, but add these farther Particulars, That the Capitulation was sign'd, and that the Gar-