

# The London Gazette.

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From Thursday September 12. to Sunday September 16. 1689.

Augsburg, September 9.

**T**his day arrived here the Count de Castell, General of Battalia, being sent by Prince Louis of Baden, to give the Emperor an account of the great Victory he had obtained on the 29th of the last month against the Ottoman Forces in *Seravia*. Of which we have this Relation. Prince Louis of Baden having passed the River *Morava* with the Imperial Army, composed of about 27000 Men, he marched towards *Nissa* through very bad and difficult ways. The Seraskier, who, as 'twas reported by the Turks, had under his command above 50000 Men, pretended at first to retire, taking his march more Southward towards *Bosnia*, but understanding that the Imperialists were advanced as far as *Koningfeldt*, he turned back towards the *Morava*, and passed it with design to attack *Belgrade*, or at least to post himself between the Imperial Army and that place. Which Prince Louis having notice of, he likewise returned towards the *Morava*, directing his march to the place where the Enemy had passed it, and arrived on the 28th past in the Neighbourhood of *Barachin*, where he drew up his Forces on the side of the River in sight of the Turks, and ordered a Bridge to be made, which was finished the night following. The Seraskier ordered 10000 Horse to repass the *Morava* the same night, to observe the Imperialists, and to fall upon their Rear if they saw an opportunity. These met with some of our Parties, who after a slight Skirmish returned to our Camp with four Prisoners, and thereupon a stronger Detachment was sent out, who beat back the Enemy, killing a great many of them. Prince Louis on the 29th repassed the *Morava* with his whole Army; the Turks endeavoured to hinder them, attacking with great fury the Battalions that first passed the River, but they being covered with *Chevauux de Frise*, repulsed the Enemy, who retired in disorder to their main Body, which was posted very advantageously having Woods and a Moras on each side, and several Defiles before them; but these Difficulties could not dishearten our Men, who to make use of the discouragement the Enemy was under by these ill Successes, and the Division they had revived between the Spahis and Janisaries, marched on to attack them in their Camp, two Regiments of Dragoons forced the Defiles, and part of the Horse and Foot passed the Moras, the latter going up to the middle in Water; The whole Army being passed, and formed into order of Battle, advanced towards the Enemy who were intrenched on a rising Ground, and attacked them with that vigor, that after a Fight of about four hours, they forced their Intrenchments, and put them to flight with a great Slaughter. The number of the Enemies slain is said to be 20000; This is certain, that there could not be a compleater Victory, their whole Army being entirely routed, and all their Artillery, consisting of One hundred and five Pieces of Cannon, being taken, with their Tents, Baggage, Ammunition, a great number of Colours and Standards, the Horses Tail, (which is the usual Edition that is carried before the Seraskier or General of the Ottoman Forces) and a great deal of Riches, of which we know not the particulars. Prince Louis after this happy success, which cost not the Imperialists 1000 Men, continued his march towards *Nissa*, to destroy the Enemies great Magazines there.

*Ratisbon*, Sept. 12. The 9th Instant the Markgrave of *Baden*, the Emperor's Chief Commissioner at the Dyet, received by an Express, from Prince Louis of *Baden*, the News of the Signal Victory he had gained upon the Turks on the 29th past. Prince Louis was on his march towards *Nissa*, when he was informed that the Seraskier had passed the *Morava*, in order to get between him and *Belgrade*; whereupon he marched back with all the diligence he could, and by the help of the Boats he had taken with him, hid a Bridge over that River. On the 28th the Ser-

askier sent out 10000 Turks and Tatars, with Orders to pass the River, and to fall upon the Imperialists in their Rear, but they were repulsed and put to flight. The 29th the Imperialists repassed the *Morava*, which the Turks would have hindered, and attacked our Troops so often as they were come on this side, which they repeated four or five times, but were often beaten back, and at last forced to retire in confusion to their Camp; The Imperialists pushed them, forced their Intrenchments, and put their whole Army to flight, taking all their Cannon, Ammunition, Tents, Baggage, &c. with the slaughter of many thousands of them.

*From the Imperial Camp near Mentz*, Sept. 11. The taking of the Counterescarp on the 6th Instant, and the preparations we were making to Storm the Town, obliged the Enemy (who began likewise to want Powder and other Necessaries) on the 8th to offer 10000 Hostages, which were accordingly changed, and on the 9th the Capitulation was signed. In pursuance whereof, the place was surrendered this day, all the Magazines were delivered up to the Persons appointed by the Duke of *Lorraine* to take an account of them; and then the Garrison, which we are assured consisted at the beginning of the Siege of above 10000 Men of their best Troops, marched out, being 4500 Foot, 200 Dragoons, and 280 Horse, besides 6 or 7000 Foot that went in small Parties with the Baggage, laden on 350 Wagons, and 3000 Mules, with which were 11 led Horses, and two Coaches with six Horses apiece; A Convoy of 10000 Men is sent with them to *Lindau*. Their Sick and Wounded, which amount to about 1500 Men, with the 6 pieces of Cannon and 2 Mortars the French are to take with them, will be sent away by Water. The Boors have begun to demolish the Trenches, and the other Works made during the Siege. The Army has Orders to be in a readiness to march. The 8000 Men of the *Hanover* Troops will, it is believed, march to the Siege of *Bonn*.

*Frankfort*, Septemb. 15. The 12th Instant arrived here the new Queen of *Spain*; The Burgiers were in Arms to receive her, and the Cannon was twice discharged round the Town, &c. The 13th the Electors of *Saxony* and *Bavaria*, the Dukes of *Lorraine*, and *Hanover*, the Landgrave of *Hesse Cassel*, with several other Princes came hither from the Army to make their Compliments to her Majesty, and returned the next morning to *Mentz*. And in the afternoon the Queen continued her Journey towards *Dusseldorff*.

*From the Camp before Bonn*, Sept. 16. On the 10th Instant the Detachment that was ordered to join the Confederate Army before *Mentz*, being countermanded upon the news, that the Capitulation was signed for the surrender of that place, returned into our Camp. The same day his Electoral Highness, after three Salvo's of great and small Shot, sent a Trumpeter to the Baron d'Alfeld, Governor of *Bonn*, to acquaint him with the issue of the Siege of *Mentz*, and to summon him to surrender this place; The 11th the Baron d'Alfeld returned an answer in writing, that he was not unwilling to Treat. And thereupon several Messages passed that Evening, and the day following, between the Camp and the Town, but the Governour's Demands were such as his Electoral Highness would not consent to; and so the Cannon (which had ceased during the Parley) began to play again on both sides. On the 14th there happened some difference between the Generals *Schomberg* and *Bay*, in opinion which the Electoral Highness thought fit to put them both under confinement.

finement: The 14th some Officers were, at the desire of the Baron d'Alsfeldt, sent again into the Town, but they came to no Conclusion. Last night we opened our Trenches against the place, which we doubt not but to be Matters of in 8 or 10 days. The Duke of Lorraine will send a strong Detachment to our assistance.

**Cologne, Sept. 16.** The Garison of Mentz marched out the 11th Instant under the command of the Marquis d'Uxelles, Lieutenant General, and was conducted to Landau. Bon is now formally besieged, and in all probability will not hold out many days longer; The Governor shews a great disposition to surrender upon Articles; but those he hitherto insists upon will not be granted. The Duke de Duras, according to our last advice, marched towards Hunningen, destroying all the Country as he passed.

**Hamburg, Sept. 16.** The Defensive Alliance concluded between the Crowns of Sweden and Denmark in the year 1679 at Lund, is, we hear, renewed for 10 years. The Swedish Fleet returned the 28th past to Carelsroone; where the Squadron which is to be sent to the assistance of States of Holland, is fitting out with all possible diligence.

**Liege, Sept. 17.** Our Prince has been to see his Troops which are encamped at Flenal. The French have forbid the Country People on these Frontiers to sow their Ground this year upon pain of Death. The Count de Fladorf is arrived at Aix la Chapelle with the six Regiments of Horse, with which he is going to join the Dutch Army in Flanders. They come from the Brandenburg Camp before Bonne.

**Hague, Sept. 20.** On the 15th Instant an Express arrived here with the good news of the entire defeat of the Ottoman Forces in Servia, by the Imperial Army under the command of Prince Louis of Baden, and the taking of 105 Pieces of Cannon, with all their Baggage, &c. The States General have named the Heeren Van Duyvenvoorden, Van Haven, and Lemker, to go and Receive, and Compliment on their part the new Queen of Spain at her arrival on the Frontiers of this State. The Letters from our Army of the 16th Instant tell us, that they had then their Head Quarters at Genappe, and that it was believed they should remove from thence towards Hall. The Rear-Admiral Schey is gone to Sea with the Squadron under his command to meet our East-India Ships.

**Brussels, Septemb. 17.** Our Governor General has set all the Country about Lisse, Tournay, Menin, &c. under Contributions, the Chastellenies of Berques, Cassel, Bourbourg, Bailleul, and divers others sending Deputies to him to adjust the same. He has caused the Intrenchments between Menin and Pont-Esperies to be demolished; and is since marched towards Audenarde. Our Troops have beaten several of the Enemies Parties, and brought in divers Prisoners. The Marchal d'Humieres having repassed the Sambre, took his march towards Binch, from whence he has sent several Detachments of Horse towards Casseau and Saignes; and hereupon Prince Waldeck is advanced towards Genappe. Prince Casimir of Nassau, Stadtholder of Friseland and Groningen, arrived here the 14th, and will part again in 2 or 3 daysto join the Dutch Army. On the 14th an Express from Ausbourg brought hither the news of a great Victory obtained by the Imperialists against the Turks on the 29th past near the River Morava, with the slaughter of many thousands of the Enemy, and the taking of all their Cannon and Baggage.

**Brussels, Sept. 20.** The Marchal d'Humieres having passed by Binch, and taken his march through the Country of Haynault, between Mons and this City, is now encamped in the Plain of Lessines. Our Governor General has reinforced the Garisons of Ath, and other Frontier Places, and sent some Troops hither, and is marched with the rest of his Forces towards Ninoue, which it's believed will join Prince Waldeck, who intended to march as this day from Genappe towards Hall. The Regiment of Prince Casimir of Nassau's Foot-guards, arrived yesterday at Malines, and two Regiments of Horse and one of Dragoons were expected there this day, being ordered to join the Dutch Army. We hear that the Marchal d'Humieres is marched this day towards Tournay.

**Maribor, Sept. 9.** The Duke de Ghoulins, who is going Ambassador to Rome, with several French Cardinals, passed through this place some days ago in their way to Toulon, where they are to Embark on the 24 French Gallies that are ordered to carry them to Civita Vecchia.

**Paris, Septemb. 17.** We hear from Rome, that the Conclave was opened the 23 of the last Month, but that the Cardinal d'Estree had desired they would not proceed to an Election till the arrival of the French Cardinals; In the mean time Cardinal Capucci, and Cardinal Altieri seemed, by the Scrutinies that had been made, to have the strongest Parties, but the Votes changing every day, no certain Judgment could be made upon what had yet passed in the Conclave. The Duke of Duras passed the Rhine the 10th Instant at Fort Louis. The Marquis d'Uxelles marched with the French Garison out of Mentz on the 11th with Arms, Bag, and Baggage, &c. and was conducted to Landau.

**Edinburgh, Sept. 7.** Major General Mackay having left strong Garisons in the North, is on his march with the rest of Their Majesties Forces towards this place. Most of the Leading Men of the Highland Clans have taken the Benefit of the Indemnity, and have delivered up their Arms. The Lord James Murray came hither yesterday, and took the Oath of Allegiance.

**Plymouth, Sept. 10.** Yesterday came in here their Majesties Ship the *Mordant* from the Fleet, which is still in Torbay. The *Austin's Bay Merchant* is arrived here from the Barbadoes, from whence she came with about 20 Sail more, but lost company with them about 14 days ago.

**Hampton-Court, Sept. 9.** This day his Grace, William Duke of Hamilton, Their Majesties High Commissioner for Their Kingdom of Scotland, was, by His Majesties special Command, Sworn one of His Majesties most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**Whitehall, Sept. 13.** His Majesty has been graciously pleased to Appoint Edmund Smith Esq; to be his Consul in the Canary Islands.

**Post-Office General, September 14.** This is to Notify, That the Pacquet-Boats for Ireland having been interrupted by the rebellious Papists, are again established to go from Highlake thrice every Week, and all Letters and Passengers for that Kingdom will be duly transported by the said Pacquet-Boats to Belfast in the North of Ireland, from whence care is taken to convey and disperse Letters to all parts and places that are reduced to the due Submission of Their Majesties King William and Queen Mary. The first Pacquet shall be sent from hence (God willing) on Tuesday next being the 17th Instant.

John Wildman.

#### Advertisements.

**Military Discipline, the 2d Edition, with many Additions and new Figures for the Exercise of Horse, Foot, Dragoons and Granadiers; the Art of Doubling, Wheeling, with all manner of Directions for the drawing up a Battalion or Army into any Figure; price 2 s. 6 d. with the Fortification 5 s.** Sold by Robert Morden at the Atlas in Cornhill, where two Books of Sir W. Petty's Maps of Ireland are to be sold.

**G** One from a Gentleman at Tottenham-highcross, on the 20th past, a lusty brown Woman, pale faced with Pock-holes, and a great scar on the middle of her Cheek; she hath taken away a Silver Tankard with a knob at the top of the Lid, 3 Silver Casters, 5 Silver Spoons, and 2 Silver Forks, all without any mark. If any such be offered to be sold, pawn'd, or valued, you are desired to stop them and the Party, and give speedy notice to Mr. Pellean at the Royal Bagnio in Newgate-street, and you shall be well Rewarded.

**S** Trayed or stolen on the 12th Instant out of the Ground of Ab. Wilmar of Great Elford in Essex, a dun Chestnut Gelding nigh 15 hands, cream 6, with a flaxen Main and long Tayl, a little dappled, a flat Rib, trots and gallops. Whoever gives notice of him to Mr. Wilmer aforesaid, or to Mr. J. Wilmer in Fenchurch-street, shall have 20 s. Reward, and Charges.

**S** Tolen the 11th Instant from Tho. Mapleiden of Shore in Kent, Tanner, a dark brown Mare 14 hands high, with a small white Ring just above the Fetlock of one of her hind Legs, and a broken Knee, though some time since; a Japan Cane with a Silver Head, and several other things; by his Servant John Hodfone, who is a thick squat Man with dark brown Hair, a dimple in his Chin, and lame of one Knee. Whoever gives notice of the Man or Mare to James Raine at the Kings-head in Love-lane near Billingsgate, shall have 2 Guineas's Reward.

**L** Off the 31st past, out of a Meadow near Marlborough, a Gelding between a bay and a dun, above 14 hands high, a black List down his Back, a Star in his Forehead, a white Spot on the upper Lip, and another at the Girt place under the near side of the Belly, a stir in the inside of the near Hoof before, about 7 years old. Whoever gives notice of him to Mr. Edw. Hancock in Marlborough, or to Mr. Ben. Merriman in the Bell-Savage on Ludgate-hill, shall have 20 s. Reward.