

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday October 7 to Thursday October 10 1689.

Newmarket, October 6.

**T**HE Corporation of Bury St. Edmunds have presented to His Majesty the following Address, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Cornwallis, Lord Lieutenant of the County of Suffolk; There has been likewise presented to His Majesty an Address from Suffron Walden; both which His Majesty received very graciously.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Alderman, Assistant Justice, Chief Burgesses, and Burgesses of the Common Council of Your Majesties Ancient Borough of Bury St. Edmunds in the County of Suffolk.

**P**resent us (Great SIR!) to approach You with all the Reverence and respectful Duty of Subjects, highly transported with Your Majesties unparalleled and generous Enterprize of our Deliverance from Popery and Arbitrary Power; which did not only threaten, but became absolute Conquerors over our Ancient Laws, undoubted Liberties, and Establish'd Religion. 'Tis to You alone, (Great SIR!) under Heaven, to whom we owe the great Blessings of our present and future Happiness in the Enjoyment of them. 'Tis to Your most illustrious Majesty that our Lives and Fortunes are but just Requisitions for this Generous Redemption. And 'tis under Your Majesties most Auspicious Reign, that we hope to see all Great, Good, and Glorious Things prosper and flourish. May Your days be many, and Your Arms as successful as they are terrible to all Violators of Oaths and Constitutions of Government, contrary to the known Laws and Edicts of the same. Sealed with our Common Seal, and Signed by us this fifth day of October, in the year of our L O R D One thousand six hundred eighty and nine, and in the First Year of Your Majesties Reign, &c.

To the King and Queen's Most Excellent Majesties,

The humble Address of the Members, Freemen, and Inhabitants of Your Majesties Corporation of Suffron Walden.

May it please Your Majesties,

**W** E Your Majesties most Loyal and Obedient Subjects, being highly sensible of the Oppressions of Popery and arbitrary Power we lately were in danger to endure, we humbly beg leave to return our humble and hearty Thanks to Your Sacred Majesties for the great hazards You have exposed Your selves unto, in becoming (under GOD) our Deliverers from the same. And as therefore we do (as in Duty bound,) humbly present our selves ready at all times to defend Your Majesties Sacred Persons and Governments, and the Protestant Religion by Law establish'd, against all Your Majesties and its Enemies. So that Your Majesties may enjoy long and happy Reigns over us, are the humble and hearty Desires and Prayers of

Your Majesties most Dutiful and Faithful Subjects.

Rome, Sept. 24. On the 18th Instant the Cardinal Vescovi arrived here, and the next day entered into the Conclave; from whence the Cardinal Spinola, Governor of this City, has been forced by his Indisposition to withdraw. The same day the Cardinal Coloredi declared, that he would transfer his 16 Votes that were given him, to the Cardinal Barbarigo Bishop of Padua; the Cardinals Chigi, Altieri, Grassano, Santis, and Salsani; concurred therein, and procured for him in all 30 Votes, so that he wanted but 4 to be chosen Pope. Barbarigo went to Altieri and Chigi to thank them for their good will towards him, but without acquainted them, that they laboured in vain, for that in case he was Elected he would not accept the Papal Dignity; however the Negotiations on his behalf were continued the next day; but Barbarigo kept the Door of his Cell shut, and when Chigi, Altieri, Medicis, and Este came to speak with him, he desired to be excused from seeing them. On the 22th Barbarigo sent, by his Confessor, his Thanks to the Conclave, and desired them not to think of choosing him; Chigi continues notwithstanding to make all the Interest he can for him; but has a considerable Party against him. There are Endeavours likewise using for Carpegna, but hitherto with little success. The Prince of Lichtenstein, Envoy Extraordinary from the Emperor, arrived here last Tuesday, and is lodged in the Palace of the Cardinal of Medicis. And yesterday the French Cardinals Bouillon, Bonzi, and Furstenberg; and the Duke de Chaulnes, (who came by Sea to Civita Vecchia) likewise arrived, bringing with them a great Sum of Money. And to morrow these Cardinals will enter into the Conclave, where there will be then 53 Cardinals. In the mean time the usual Compliments have passed between them and the College of Cardinals; except the Cardinal Colonna, who will have no Communication with Furstenberg, as being a declared Enemy of the Emperor and the Empire. The Duke de Chaulnes has given notice to the Cardinals of his arrival as Ambassador from France; and has, it's said, declared, that the King his Master is willing to restore Arvigman. The French Gallies continue at Civita Vecchia.

Venice, Sept. 30. We have Letters from our Fleet of the 25th of the last month; but they only tell us, that they continued their Attacks against the Fortres of Malvasia, and hoped to besuddenly Masters of it.

From the Imperial Camp near Nissa in Servia, Sept. 25. Prince Louis of Baden having advice, that the Seraskier had received a Reinforcement of 20000 Men, and had posted himself near Nissa, he resolv'd to march thither; accordingly the Army decamped the 23, and came the next day in sight of the Enemy, who lay so advantageously intrench'd, that it was at first doubted whether we should attack them, but relying upon the Divine Assistance, it was resolv'd in a Council of War to force their Camp; we thereupon advanced; and the Enemy came out of their Intrenchments to meet us. The Fight began about five in the Evening, and continued till it was dark, when the Enemy fled, abandoning their Camp, Cannon, and Baggage, as likewise the Town of Nissa, which our Troops entered the next morning, and found there 29 pieces of Cannon, and great Stores of Arms, Ammunition, and Provisions. Of the Enemy (who were 40000 strong) above 6000 were killed and drowned in the Morava, and had not the night hindered our pursuit, the Slaughter would have been much greater. The farther Particulars you may expect by our next.

Vienna, Oct. 2. This afternoon arrived here, the Baron de Hauck from the Imperial Army in Servia, being sent to the