THE FORE GN ANIMALS ORDER OF 188!

T the Council Chamber, White 'all, the 27th day of August, 1881.

By Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

> PRESENT: Lord President. Lord Monson.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

Short Title.

1. This Order may be cited as THE FOREIGN Animals Order of 1881.

2. This Order extends to England (except the Foreign Cattle Market, at Deptford, in the Port of London,) and Wales and Scotland only.

Commencement.

3. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the thirtieth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

Interpretation.

4. In this Order-

Foreign animals landing-place means a place of landing for foreign animals within Chapter 29 of The Animals Order:

Other terms have the same meaning as in The Animals Order.

Provisions Supplemental to The Animals Order.

5. Except as otherwise expressed, the provisions of this Order are supplemental to and not in substitution of those contained in The Animals Order.

Slaughter.

6. Article 92 (Time for Slaughter) of The Animals Order is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the following paragraph: (3.) The slaughter of the animals shall be commenced at such time after the landing thereof as the Privy Council in any case direct.

7. Article 105 (Examination and Consequences) of The Animals Order is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the following paragraph: (5.) The slaughter of the animals under (3.) and (4.) shall be commenced at such time after the landing thereof as the Privy Council in any case direct.

Separation of Animals.

8. An Inspector of the Privy Council having under his charge in a foreign animals wharf, or in a foreign animals quarantine station, or in a foreign animals landing-place, an animal affected with disease, besides keeping that animal separate from animals not so affected as he is required by section thirty-one of the Act of 1878 to do, shall also, as far as practicable, keep any other animal that is under his charge and that has been in contact with that diseased animal separate from animals not so affected.

Disinfection of Persons and Clothes.

9. Article 116 of The Animals Order (Disinfection of Persons and Clothes) is hereby extended so as to empower an Inspector of the Privy Council to affix a notice at or near the entrance of any particular building, lair, landingstage, pier, quay, or other portion of a foreign animals wharf or a foreign animals quarantine

effect that persons entering that particular building, lair, landing-stage, pier, quay, or other portion of the wharf, or station, or landing-place will be required before leaving to disinfect themselves and their clothes, and thereupon every person shall on being requested comply with the terms of

Fodder, Litter, Utensils, and other Things.

10. Article 61 (Fodder and Litter) of The Animals Order shall not apply to fodder or litter landed from a veseel bringing animals that have been or are intended to be landed in a foreign animals wharf.

- 11.—(1.) The provisions of this Article extend only to the dung of animals, and to fodder, litter, utensils, pens, hurdles, or fittings used for or about foreign animals that have been or are intended to be landed from a vessel in a foreign animals wharf, and to such other fodder or litter as may be brought in the same vessel with such
- (2.) All dung of such animals, and all fodder, litter, utensils, pens, hurdles, or fittings used for or about such animals, and all other fodder or litter brought in the same vessel with such animals, shall, if landed, be landed in such manner, at such times, at such places, and subject to such supervision and control, as the Commissioners of Customs from time to time direct.
- (3.) No dung of such animals, and no partly consumed or broken fodder that has been supplied to such animals, and no litter that has been used for or about such animals, shall be landed at a place, other than a foreign animals wharf or a foreign animals quarantine station or a foreign animals landing-place, without the previous consent in writing of the Local Authority, and shall, when landed, be forthwith well mixed with quick lime and be effectually removed from contact with animals.
- (4.) All other fodder and litter brought in the same vessel with such animals, and all utensils, pens, hurdles, or fittings used for or about such animals that have been landed at a place other than a foreign animals wharf or a foreign animals quarantine station or a foreign animals landingplace, shall when landed from the vessel, remain under the charge of an Officer of Customs, and that fodder and litter, and those utensils, pens, hurdles, or fittings shall not be moved from the place where landed, except with the permission in writing of an Officer of Customs.

12.—(1.) No utensils, pens, hurdles, or fittings that have been used for or about animals and have been landed from a vessel in a foreign animals wharf or in a foreign animals quarantine station or in a foreign animals landing-place shall be removed from the wharf or station or landingplace, except with the permission of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

(2.) If the Inspector of the Privy Council is of opinion that any such thing as aforesaid may introduce disease, the same shall be destroyed or otherwise dealt with in accordance with instructions from time to time given by the Privy Council.

Offences.

13. If the slaughter of animals is not commenced at the time directed by the Privy Council under this Order the person failing to cause the same to be so slaughtered shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

14. If any dung of animals, or any fodder, litter, utensils, pens, hurdles, fittings, or other thing is landed or removed in contravention of this Order, the owner thereof, and the owner and station or a foreign animals landing-place, to the I the lesses and the occupier of the place of lend-