

tion of such division to the north-west corner of the glebe land situate on the Down and in the occupation of Mr. John Spackman, on or towards the east in part by a straight line drawn from such north-west corner as aforesaid to the south-west corner of the penning there, and in other part by the western fence of the said penning: and

(5.) The parishes of Avebury, Berwick Bassett, and Winterbourn Monkton, in the county of Wilts:

shall continue to be and is hereby declared to be an area infected with foot-and-mouth disease,

C. L. Peel.

CUMBERLAND (MOVEMENT OF ANIMALS) NO. 2 ORDER OF 1881, AMENDMENT.

AT the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 3rd day of September, 1881.

By Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

PRESENT:

Sir Edward Lugard.

Sir Arthur Hobhouse.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, and with reference especially to Article 16 of The Foot-and-Mouth Disease No. 2 Order of 1881, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. This Order may be cited as THE CUMBERLAND (MOVEMENT OF ANIMALS) NO. 2 ORDER OF 1881, AMENDMENT.

2. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the fourteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one; and shall cease to have effect from and immediately after the sixteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, without prejudice to the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of an offence committed on or before that day.

3. Notwithstanding anything in Article 4 of The Cumberland (Movement of Animals) No. 2 Order of 1881, animals may be moved from the District of the Local Authority of the county of Northumberland into the District of the Local Authority of the county of Cumberland, as expressly authorized by this Order, but not otherwise.

4. Animals may be moved from the District of the Local Authority of the county of Northumberland into the District of the Local Authority of the county of Cumberland for purposes of exhibition at the Bampton Agricultural Society's Show to be held at Bampton in the county of Cumberland on the sixteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

5. If an animal is moved in contravention of this Order, the owner thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the person or company moving or conveying the animal, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it, knowing it to have been so moved, shall, each according to and in respect of his or their own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

C. L. Peel.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

THE following areas are now *Areas Infected with Foot-and-Mouth Disease* under the above-mentioned Act (except the lines of railway within those areas as far as those lines are used or required for the transit of animals through those areas, without untrucking):—

Buckinghamshire.—(1.) The whole parish of Chesham, (including the hamlets of Ashley Green, Asheridge, Bellingdon, Botley, Charteridge, Hundridge, Latimer, and Waterside,) the parish of Chesham Bois, and the parish of Chenies, in the county of Buckingham.

(2.) The whole of the parish of Marsworth, in the county of Buckingham.

Cambridgeshire.—The parishes of Waterbeach, Landbeach, and Cottenham, in the petty sessional division of Cambridge, in the county of Cambridge.

(*Liberty of the Isle of Ely*).—The whole of the parish of Thorney, and that part of the parish of Wisbech, which is situate to the west of the Old South Eau Bank, in the Liberty of the Isle of Ely.

Derbyshire.—(1.) The whole of the petty sessional division of Derby, in the county of Derby, and the borough of Derby.

(2.) The petty sessional divisions of Ashbourne, and Sudbury, in the county of Derby.

(3.) The parish of Crich, in the petty sessional division of Belper, in the county of Derby.

(4.) The petty sessional division of Swadlincote, in the county of Derby.

(5.) The petty sessional division of Repton and Gresley, in the county of Derby.

(6.) The park, grounds, and premises known as Egginton Hall, in the parish of Egginton, in the county of Derby.

Dorsetshire.—(1.) The parish of Overmoigne, in the petty sessional division of Dorchester, in the county of Dorset.

(2.) The tything and hamlet of Plush in the parish of Buckland Newton, and the higher tything of Piddletrenthide in the parish of Piddletrenthide, in the petty sessional division of Cerne, in the county of Dorset.

Hampshire.—(1.) Those portions of the parishes of North Stoneham, and South Stoneham, in the county of Southampton, which are bounded on the south-east by the river Itchen, on the south-west by the road leading from Wood Mill through Burger Street to the Upper Common Gate, on the west by the Winchester road as far as the lane opposite Messrs. Bull and Son's farm, and on the north and north-east by the road leading past the Bishopstoke railway station to the river Itchen.

(2.) That portion of the parish of Millbrook, in the petty sessional division of Southampton, in the county of Southampton, which is bounded on the south by the Southampton Water, on the east by the Shirley-road and the Romsey-road as far as the Old Toll Bar, on the north by Brownhill-lane and Redbridge-lane to the River Test, and on the west by the River Test.

(3.) The parish of North Baddesley, in the county of Southampton.

(4.) All those fields on the north side of the Stockbridge-road below the cottages called the Barracks to the end of Triendley's Wood, extending north to the Warren Bottom Close part of Itchens Fields and part of the Glebe, including the bye-lane called Harridge Grove, and