

### SUPPLEMEN

## azette The London

Of TUESDAY, the 25th of OCTOBER.

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WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1881.

FOOT - AND - MOUTH DISEASE (MOVEMENT INTO DISTRICT) ORDER ÒF 1881.

T the Council Chamber, Balmoral, the 25th day of October, 1881.

By Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

PRESENT .

Lord President. Sir Henry Ponsonby.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as

1. This Order may be cited as THE FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE (MOVEMENT INTO DISTRICT)

ORDER OF 1881.

2. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the thirty-first day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eightyone; and words in this Order have the same meaning as in The Foot-and-Mouth Disease No. 2 Order of 1881.

3.—(a.) Notwithstanding anything in The Foot-and-Mouth Disease No. 2 Order of 1881, any Local Authority in England or Wales may, with the view of preventing the introduction of foot-and-mouth disease into their district, make regulations for prohibiting or regulating the movement of animals into their district from the district of any other Local Authority in England or Wales specified in the regulation:

(b.) Provided, as follows:

(i.) This Order does not authorize a Local Authority to make a regulation affecting movement of animals into an infected area; and -

(ii.) Any regulation made by a Local Authority under this Order shall not restrict movement of animals by railway through the district of that Local Authority.

4. If an animal is moved in contravention of this Order, or of a regulation of a Local Authority thereunder, the owner of the animal, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the person or company moving or conveying the animal, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it, knowing it to have been moved in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his or their own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878. C. L. Peel.

SCOTLAND (MOVEMENT OF ANIMALS) No. 8 ORDER OF 1881.

T the Council Chamber, Balmoral, the 25th day of October, 1881.

By Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

PRESENT:

Lord President. Sir Henry Ponsonby.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

#### Preliminary.

1. This Order may be cited as THE SCOTLAND

(MOVEMENT OF ANIMALS) No. 8 ORDER OF 1881. 2. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the thirty-first day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one; and shall cease to have effect from and immediately after the thirtieth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, without prejudice to the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of an offence committed on or before that day.

3. Terms in this Order have the same meaning

as in The Animals Order.

#### Restriction on Movement.

4. No animal shall be moved by land or by water from any place or port in England or Wales to any place or port in Scotland except as expressly authorized by this Order.

### Movement from Northumberland, Cumberland, Westmorland, or Berwick-upon-Tweed.

- 5. Animals may be moved by land from a farm or premises in the District of the Local Authorities of the counties of Northumberland or Cumberland or Westmorland or the borough of Berwick-upon-Tweed, not in a place or area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, to a farm or premises in Scotland, with a licence of the Local Authority of the district in Scotland into which the animals are to be moved, which licence shall not be granted until satisfactory evidence has been adduced to that Local Authority that the animals to be moved—
  - (i.) either have been bred on the farm or premises from which they are to be moved,

or have been pastured or fed thereon for a period of at least one month: and

- (ii.) have not been exposed in any market, fair, exhibition, or public sale in England or Wales: and
- (iii.) are not affected with foot-and-mouth disease, and have not been in contact with animals affected with or suspected of that disease.

### Offences.

6. If an animal is moved in contravention of this Order, the owner thereof, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the person or company moving or conveying the animal, and the owner and the charterer and the master of the vessel in which it is moved, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it, knowing it to have been so moved, shall, each according to and in respect of his or their own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

C. L. Peel.