

cards to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, in order that there may be no difficulty in announcing them to His Royal Highness.

The State Apartments will be open for the reception of Company coming to Court at half-past one o'clock.

KENMARE,

Lord Chamberlain.

At the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 3rd day of February, 1882.

By Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. Each of the areas described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

C. L. Peel.

SCHEDULE.

(1.) An area comprising the parish of Sancreed, in the county of Cornwall.

(2.) An area comprising the parishes of Gwinear, and Crowan, and those portions of the parish of Camborne which lie to the southward of the Cornwall Railway, in the county of Cornwall.

(3.) An area comprising all the lands in the borough of Helston which lie within the following limits, that is to say, from the point on the south-west of the highway leading from Helston to the Lizard at the junction of the parishes of Wendron and Mawgan-in-Meneage outside the farm called Content, along the same road in a south-easterly direction to the cross roads at Dodson's Gap, (excluding the said highway,) and from thence by the highway to Gweek on to the four cross roads between Menebay and Trevenen-in-Wendron, (excluding the said highway,) and from thence by the dis-turnstile road to Helston through Wendron-street and Coinagehall-street down by the main road to the river Cober, (excluding the said roads, streets, and highway,) and from thence along the said river and the margin of the Loe Pool (on the Weldron side) to Carminowe creek, and from thence by the boundary line of the said parish of Wendron up to the point first mentioned.

Chancery of the Order of
Saint Michael and Saint George,
Downing Street, February 1, 1882.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to give directions for the following appointment to the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George :

To be an Ordinary Member of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders of the said Most Distinguished Order :—

General Edward Stanton, C.B., Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Munich.

Downing Street, February 2, 1882.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir Henry Ernest Bulwer, K.C.M.G., to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Natal, and to be Her Majesty's Special Commissioner for Zulu Affairs.

Clarence House, February 3, 1882.

THE Duchess of Edinburgh has been pleased to appoint Miss Alice Corry to be Extra Lady-in-Waiting to Her Royal and Imperial Highness.

The Duchess of Edinburgh has been pleased to appoint the Honourable Mrs. Monson to be Lady-in-Waiting to Her Royal and Imperial Highness, in the room of Miss Alice Corry, resigned.

[The following Notification is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 31st ultimo.]

Whitehall, January 21, 1882.

THE Queen has been pleased to grant unto Thomas Edwards, of Moorgate-street, in the city of London, Solicitor in the Supreme Court of Judicature, on behalf of his son, Thomas Beckwith Edwards, a minor of the age of seventeen years and upwards, in compliance with a condition contained in the last will and testament of John Robert Christian, late of Flexford House, Sway, near Lymington, in the county of Southampton, Esquire, deceased, Her Royal licence and authority that his son, the said Thomas Beckwith Edwards, may assume and use the surname of Christian before that of Edwards, and be called and known by the names of Thomas-Beckwith Christian-Edwards :

And to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be recorded in Her Majesty's College of Arms, otherwise to be void and of none effect.

(H. 787.)

Board of Trade (Harbour Department),
Whitehall Gardens, February 2, 1882.

THE Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Ambassador at Berlin, on the subject of the proposed incorporation of Hamburg into the Customs' Union of the German Empire, from which it appears that, independently of the Bill which has been introduced for this purpose, the Bundesrath, without interference on the part of the Reichstag, possess the right to alter the present frontier of the Zollverein and draw the line of Customs' demarcation at Cuxhafen instead of Stade; that an Order in Council for the establishment of the new frontier has been issued under date of the 9th December last; and that from the 1st January, 1882, the Customs' line will be determined as follows :—

The whole of the lower course of the Elbe is to be included in the Customs' territory of Germany. The line begins at the embankment by the quarantine harbour of Cuxhafen, and runs across the estuary of the river in a direct line to the most westerly point of the Kaiser Wilhelm Koog, where it joins the present frontier.

At Altona the line follows the course of the municipal boundaries between Altona and Neumühlen, as marked by the boundary-stone No. XII, runs along the northern inclosure of the Neumühlen Quay to a point in the middle of that quay marked by a Customs' board, and thence in a straight line across the quay and the water of the Elbe to a Customs' mark on the shore of the Mühlenwärder.

From this point the frontier runs along the western shore of the Köhlbrand and the eastern side of the Elbe Islands, Mühlenwärder, Waltershof, and Altwärder, crossing the Mühlensteth and Köhlsteth to the south-eastern point of the Altwärder.