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Venice, Novemb. 11.

THE Prince Antonio Ottoboni parted from hence on Monday last for Rome. We have an Account by an Express, That the Pope has made Don Pietro Ottoboni a Cardinal: It's said that the French have restored Avignon to the Pope.

Vienna, Novemb. 10. The Letters from Vienna of the 27th past give an account That after the Surrender of that Castle on the 19th Prince Louis of Baden decamped from thence, and having passed the Danube at a place called *Widflau*, marched towards *Vilachia*, to settle the Winter Quarters which that Country is required to furnish for the Imperial Troops. At the same time General *Piccolomini* was erecting a Magazine at *Precozia*, and had sent a Detachment under the Command of a Prince of *Holstein*, to secure the País at *Liscowa*. The news they had of the Turks, was, That the Seraskier lay with the Remains of their Army at *Soplika*, but that the Troops were in so ill a condition, and under such a Discouragement, that the least notice of the Approach of the Imperialists would in all probability disperse them.

Francfort, Nov. 16. We hear from *Suisserland*, That the Protestant Cantons have unanimously forbid their Subjects to engage themselves in the French Service, upon pain of death. Of the Troops of *Saxony* 5 Regiments are to have their Winter Quarters in the *Bergstract*, and the rest will return home.

Cologne, Nov. 22. There are now 1500 *Brandenburgers* in *Garilon* here; and 25 Companies of Foot, and 2 Troops of Horse are quartered in the Lower Diocels, their head Quarter being at *Trier*. The French do fortifie *Trier*; they have put 4000 Men into the place; and four Battalions more, with two Regiments of Dragoons, are daily expected there, so that the Burgers will be forced to lodge 20 or 30 Men in every house. The Elector of *Rhine* is on his Journey towards *Amburg*.

Aix-la-Chapelle, Nov. 21. On Thursday last arrived here 1500 *Brandenburgers*, 10 whereof are the Elector's Highness's Guards, and yet the Elector's Troops of Horse and Dragoons shall have a Garilon here this Winter of 2000 men.

Munich, Novemb. 15. Their Electoral Highness's Troops arrived the 8th instant at *Spa-*

ving. The Electors went from thence the next day towards *Hanover*. On the 10th the Elector received the Homage of the County of *Ravensberg*. The 11th his Electoral Highness came to *Herward*, and the 12th to this place, where he received the Homage the day following; and yesterday his Electoral Highness parted from hence for *Berlin*.

Hamburg, Novemb. 15. The King of *Denmark* is sending the Heer *Van Lelienkroon* in the quality of his Envoy Extraordinary to the Emperor, to finish the Negotiation about the 6000 Dancs that are to enter into his Imperial Majesties Service; as well as to treat about other important matters. The *Lunenburgers* continue to fortifie *Ratzburg*, *Mollex*, and *Lauenburg*. The new Fortifications that are making by Order of the Duke of *Holstein Gotorp* at *Tonningen*, are advanced considerably.

Brussels, Novemb. 18. There has been Published, since my last, a Placet; by which, All Persons, of what Degree or Quality soever, are forbid to bring, or cause to be brought into these Countreys, by Sea or Land, any Wines, Brandy, Vinegar, Oyl, Salt, Prunns, or any other Commodities of the Growth of France, or the Countreys at present under its Dominion, on pain, That all those that shall bring in or receive the same into their Houses, Cellars, or Warehouses, shall, besides the Forfeiture of the Goods, together with the Ships, Boats, Wagons and Horses employed in the Importation thereof, pay 600 Guilders for every Piece of Wine, Vinegar, or Brandy, and every Tun of Oyl; 12 Guilders for every Flash, and four times the value of Salt and all other things of the Growth of France: One Third to be to the Informer, another Third to the Officer prosecuting the same, and the other to the King. All Wine-Merchants, Factors and Vintners, are, within eight days after Publication hereof, to declare in Writing, and upon Oath, to the Magistrates of the place where they reside, what Wines, &c. they have at that time in their Possession, or belonging to them (which they may sell, or otherwise dispose of) upon the Penalties above-mentioned. After the Expiration of the said eight days, the Magistrates and other Officers shall Visit the Houses, Cellars and Warehouses of the said Merchants, Factors and Vintners, to see whether the Quantity and Quality of the Wines, &c. they find there do agree with their said Declaration. The Wines, &c. that shall be brought in or found, contrary to this Prohibition, shall over and above the fore-said Penalties be seized and destroyed. All Persons that are offending in the bringing in or concealing of Wines, &c. shall be exemplarily punished. And Search shall be made, upon any Information, as well in Religious Houses and Abbeys, as others.

All persons are likewise forbid to bring in from France any Manufactures of Gold, Silver, Silk, Hair, Wool, Thread, or Cotton; as likewise all sort of Gloves, Hats, Fans, Paper, Ribons, &c. upon pain of forfeiting the same, and paying, as well by the Importers, as Receivers, four times the Value of the said Manufactures and Merchandises. All Merchants, Factors, and Shopkeepers, shall within 10 days declare to the Magistrates which Manufactures they have in their possession, and shall be punished, upon pain of forfeiting four times