

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From **Sunday** December 23. to **Thursday** December 26. 1689.

Vienna, Decemb. 15.

WE have now received a more particular and perfect Relation than has been yet published of the Conquests the Imperial Forces have lately made on the South side of the *Danube*. After the Defeat of the Turks at *Nissa*, General *Piccolomini*, who was sent out with a Detachment of Horse and Dragoons, possessed himself of *Precochia*, towards the Frontiers of *Bosnia*; the Palanque of *Mustapha* Bassa, and of *Prot*; the last of these places being within two days March of *Sophia*; and having left good Garisons therein, and ordered some Works to be cast up for their security, he returned to *Nissa*. On the 6th of *October* Prince *Louis* of *Baden* marched from thence with the Imperial Forces, except those that were left under the Command of General *Piccolomini*, and advanced towards the *Danube*: The Enemy, upon the news of his March, abandoned *Orsova* and *Ferizlau*, and retired to *Widin*, (situated on the *Danube*, near the River *Tinock*, about 15 German Miles from *Nissa*) where Prince *Louis* arrived on the 14th, and having defeated 7 or 8000 Turks that were posted near the place, with the loss of above 2000 of the Enemy and 3 or 400 of our Men, took the Town by Assault the same day, and the Castle upon Articles on the 19th; the Garison being conducted to *Nicopolis*. In the mean time General *Piccolomini* took *Lescovatz*, a Pass that secures all the little Valleys towards *Bosnia* and *Albania*; and after two days March entered into the fertile Country of *Cossway*, and having obliged *Momur* Bassa, who had with him 5 or 6 thousand men, to retire from thence, made himself Master of *Prisfina*, which is a large City, situated in the mid-way between *Nissa* and *Uscopia*: Hither it was that the Greeks of *Albania*, who are called by several names, as *Arnottes*, *Clementins*, and *Rossaviens*, sent Deputies to him to demand the Emperor's Protection, with an Offer of paying him the same Tribute they had before paid to the Turks. After this, General *Piccolomini* sent out Detachements, who took *Novi Bordo* or *Monte Novo*, situated on the Mountain *Hemus*, in a Passage that leads from the Country of *Cossway* towards *Sophia*; and two Castles on the Frontiers of *Bosnia*; and advanced himself towards *Kazanekke*: which he found abandoned: He left there his Baggage, and his Vanguard having defeated Three hundred Turks, who had been sent from *Uscopia* to reinforce the Garison of *Kazanekke*, he passed with great difficulty a Desile 8 German Miles in length, and entered into the large Plains of *Uscopia*, a great and heretofore very populous City, situated about 30 German Miles from *Nissa*, and at the like

distance from *Theffalonique*, the Capital of *Macedonia*. The Inhabitants fled so soon as they heard of the approach of our Troops; and *Momur* Bassa, who was retired thither, and had posted himself with 6 or 7000 men to cover the place, after some skirmishing being deserted by the greatest part of his men, followed their example. The Town being of a great extent, and only secured with an old Wall, it was not thought fit to leave any Troops there; so the General ordered it to be burnt, and then returned to *Kazanekke*, a fortified place, into which he put a good Garison, with Directions to raise some new Works for its greater Strength. Here General *Piccolomini* divided his Forces, ordering the Duke of *Holstein* to march with his Regiment and that of *Hanouer* towards *Pation*, situated at the foot of Mount *Hemus*, and marching himself on the first of *November* towards *Lippian*; from whence he detached Col. *Straffer* with 6 Pieces of Cannon to attack the Castles of *Zwerzey* and *Panza*, situated at the Entrance into *Bosnia*. On the 2d he was seized with a Fever; however he continued his March, with his own Regiment, the Dragoons of *Serrum*, and two Pieces of Cannon, towards *Albania*: The third he made a Halt at *Copuscime*, where he understood that our Troops had taken the Castle of *Panza*, but that the other Castle before mentioned was of that strength that they could not attack it without Cannon; whereupon Orders were sent to Colonel *Straffer* to give over that Design, and to return to his Government at *Prisfina*. The 4th General *Piccolomini* continued his March towards *Albania*, notwithstanding he was under a great Indisposition, and arrived the 6th at *Prisseran*. Upon his approach to the Town the Archbishop of that City, with the Patriarch of the *Clementins* and a great number of the Inhabitants, came in Procession to meet him, and having Congratulated his Arrival and their own Deliverance from the Ottoman Yoke, they marched at the head of our Troops towards the City, near which were drawn up 5000 *Arnottes*, *Clementins*, and other Christians of that Country, very well armed; who, as the General passed by, saluted him with a treble Discharge of their Fire-Arms. The 7th the General's Illness encreasing, he sent for the Duke of *Holstein* to come and command the Forces. On the 9th General *Piccolomini* died at *Prisseran*, and the Duke of *Holstein* took upon him the chief Command; who having received advice that the Bassa of *Uscopia* was encamped with 6000 men near *Stippe*, resolved to march thither with his own Regiment, that of *Hanouer*, and the Dragoons of *Cziacki*; which he executed with so great secrecy and diligence, that he marched 16 miles, and arrived at break of day within sight of the Enemy's Camp before they had any notice of his March. Our Troops advanced immediately, and charged the Turks, who

after

after about an hours dispute were routed and put to flight, above 2000 being killed and 300 taken Prisoners, with 15 Colours and several Wagons laden with Baggage. The Town was afterwards taken and burnt, and such of the Inhabitants as had not time or means to escape were taken Prisoners. In this Action we lost but 70 men; after which the Duke of Holstein, marched to Czemer, where our Letters left him on the 11th of the last Month.

Frankfort, Decemb. 21. The Winter Quarters are now settled, as well for the Troops employed against France as those against the Turks. The Emperor has written to the Dyer at Ratisbonne, earnestly recommending to them the business of Saxe-Lawemburg, in order to an Accommodation of the Differences arisen between the several Princes depending to that Succession.

Cologne, Decemb. 23. The Bavarian Troops that are to relieve those at present in Garrison at Bon are on their March thither. It's said that the Brandenburgers have made an incursion into the Country of Luxemburg, and that they have brought back a great Booty. On the 10th instant arrived at Ausbourg the Count de Montrieber from Inspruck, with the News of the Dutchels of Lorraine being brought to Bed of a Son; to whom the King of Hungary is to be Godfather, and the Count de Strauston is appointed to represent him on this occasion.

Hamburg, Decemb. 20. They write from Stockholm that the King of Sweden had rejected the Proposals that had been made to him, on the part of France, about the Restitution of the Duchy of Deux Ponts; and that his Majesty had declared his Resolution of sending in the Spring a considerable Body of Men to the Assistance of the Emperor and the Allies. There is a Treaty on foot between the King of Denmark and the Duke of Holstein-Ploen, for the exchanging the Bailiwicks which belong to the latter in the Duchy of Holstein for others in the Countries of Oldenburg and Delmenhorst. It's said that the Dukes of Lunenburg have given out Commissions for the raising two Regiments of Horse, two of Foot, and two of Dragoons.

Brussels, Decemb. 27. Since the Departure of the Sieur de Philippeau, the French Envoy, a Trumpetter is come hither from the Marechal d'Humers with a Letter for our Governour-General, of which we do not yet know the Contents. In the meantime it is confirmed that the French have published in all the Frontier places a Revocation of the Passports granted to the Subjects of this Crown. On the 15th instant the great Magazine of Wood at Liffis was burnt by accident. The Letters from Germany inform us that the Electoral Dyet was opened at Ausbourg on the 12 instant in the presence of the Emperor, who proposed to them the electing a King of the Romans; after which the Elector of Mentz made a long Speech to them on that Subject. The Queen of Spain parted from Dort the 25th instant for Flushing, in Zealand, where Admiral Russel arrived three days before with the Ships under his Command.

Edinburg, Dec. 19. We have Letters from Luburnie of the 12th instant, which give an account that his Grace the Duke of Schomberg parted from thence that day to visit the Winter-Quarters of his Troops; that Provisions were very plentiful in our Quarters, and the Forces in a good Condition.

Whitehall, Dec. 23. His Majesty was this day Graciously pleased (in Consideration of the great Loyalty and Services of Thomas Miller of Capelbesse Esq;) to confer upon him the honour of Knighthood.

Westminster, Decemb. 23. This day His Majesty came to the House of Lords, attended with the usual Solemnity; and being in his Royal Robes seated on the Throne, and the Commons being sent for up, His Majesty gave the Royal Assent to

An Act To prevent Doubts and Questions concerning the Collection of the publick Revenue.

An Act for punishing Officers and Soldiers who shall Mutiny or Desert Their Majesties Service, and for punishing False Witnesses.

An Act to enable the Lord Viscount Hereford to make a Jointure upon his Marriage, with Mrs Elizabeth Northbourne, notwithstanding his Minority.

Whereas upon the first Loan of Moneys to His present Majesty in January, February, and March last past, divers Persons lent and paid into the Chamber of London, several Sums of Money, and omitted to enter their places of abode, where they should have had notice when their Money might be received in Course. These are therefore to notify unto all Persons concerned, That by His Majesties Justice, and Tender Regard to His Subjects, all the Moneys due to such Persons unknown to the Chamberlains-Office, have been and are deposited in the said Office for their use, as the same became due in course; and they are desired speedily to repair thither, to give Orders for the disposal of the said Moneys; that through their failure and neglect therein, the loss of Interest may be prevented.

There will be exposed to Sale by inch of Candle, in the Town of Yarmouth, by Mr. Tho. Clarke, Agent for Prizes, on the second of January next, a Galliot-Pink called the Mermaid of Amsterdam, with her Apparel and Furniture, lately condemned for Prize in their Majesties High Court of Admiralty, according to an Inventory thereof, which may be seen any time before the Sale in the hands of the said Mr. Tho. Clarke.

Advertisements.

This is to give notice that there is extant an Oyl of very excellent Virtue for giving ease in the Gout, approved by above 20 eminent Physicians of the College, London, and that it is a very safe Medicine, no way hurtful nor in the least repelling. It is put up in Bottles, and to prevent Counterfeits, sealed with the Makers Coat of Arms, viz. Azure a Cross engrayled Ermin, for the Crest a Moor-Cock, and sold, the largest Bottles for 10s. and the smallest for 5s. with a Paper of Directions and Virtues, at large, stamp with the same Coat of Arms as the Bottles, at Man's Coffee-house at Charing-Cross, at Richards at Temple-Bar, at Carraway's and and soe at the Royal-Exchange, Hill's against hatton-Garden in Holborn, Buckridges in Aldergate-street, Crown Coffee-house in West Smitfield, Wilkins's in Bishopgate-street, the Ellex Coffee-house at Aldgate by the Bars, Gardners by St. Mary Overys Church in Southwark, at Freemans near Bow-Church in Cheapside, Mr. Gravenors a Cheesemonger near Cripplegate, Smyth's Coffee-house near Billingsgate, Willis in Bow-street in Cove-Garden, John's in Fullers Kents in Holborn, the Rolls in Chancery-Lane, and Mr. Tompson Bookseller in Westminster-hall.

*** * Mankind Displayed: Or, The History of the Little World:** Being a curious Collection out of the best Authors of the most wonderful and remarkable Things that have been performed by Men and Women in the several Ages of the World; together with select Observations, Philosophical Precepts, Maxims of State, &c. Sold by James Adamson, at the Angel and Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard, and Tho. Northcot in George-Yard in Lombard-street.

Stolen on the 24th Instant at Night, from the Countess of Roscommon's in St. James's Park, a Silver Hand-Candlestick gilt, a Silver Standish chafin, with an Earl's Coronet engraven thereon, and a Cipher underneath, and three or four Books. Whoever gives Notice of them to the Countess of Roscommon's aforesaid, shall have three Guineas Reward; and if pawn'd or sold, their Money again.

Stolen out of the Stable of Thomas Pochin Esq; of Barkeby near Leicester, on Wednesday the 11th Instant, a black Gelding, betwixt 14 and 15 hands high, with some white Hairs in the Star-place, and some small Saddle-spots. And a Dapple Gray Mare about the same height: The value of each about Sixteen Pounds. Whoever gives Notice to Mr. Jof. Cradock at the Angel in Leicester, or to Mr. George Pochin at the Black Raven in Friday-street, shall have a Guinea reward for each, beside Charges.

Stolen or strayed out of Mr. Burton's Grounds at Illington, the Fourth Instant, a Bay Nag with a blaze down his Face, all his Feet white, well set, comes eight, with all his paces. Whoever gives Notice of him to Mr. Burton aforesaid, or to Mr. Robings a Farrier in Cow-lane, shall have three Guineas Reward.

Taken away from a person between Brentford and Chiswick on the 20th instant about 7 in the Evening, a Sum of Money, and a dark brown Mare, above 15 hands, with a mealy Nose, trots and Gallops, comes eight years old. Whoever gives notice of her to Mrs. Ann Wood in Little Trinity-Lane, or to Mr. G. Bishop, at the King of Bohemia's head on Turnham-Green, shall have two Guineas Reward and Charges.