

daries, that is to say, the road from Lindsey to Kersey on the north, the road from Kersey to Hadleigh hamlet on the east, the road from Hadleigh hamlet to Groton on the south, and the road from Groton to Lindsey on the west.

(2.) An Area at Aspoll, in the county of Suffolk, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, the fence from Aspoll Hall Wood in a northerly direction towards Bucks Hall farm on the east, a small rivulet running to the river Deben on the north, Aspoll Green and the road leading to Aspoll Hall on the west, and Aspoll Hall and grounds eastwardly to Aspoll Wood on the south.

(FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.)

AT the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 17th day of November, 1882.

By Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The declaration described in the Schedule to this Order, made by the Executive Committee of the Local Authority for the county of Rox-

burgh, declaring the existence of foot-and-mouth disease at the Place therein mentioned, is hereby cancelled, and the Infected Place thereby declared shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. The following Area (namely),—so much of the parishes of Kelso, and Ednam, in the county of Roxburgh, as lies within the following boundaries, that is to say, the Policies and Parks of Broomlands and Hendersyde Park on the south, the lands of Hendersyde farm and Cliftonhill farm on the east, the turupike-road from Sydenham farm to the south-east corner of the Kelso Race Course, and the Servitude-road, thence to the junction of the Abbot's Seat-road with the Broomloan on the north, and the arable lands of West Broomlands on the west,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the seventh day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the eighteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

C. L. Peel.

SCHEDULE.

Declaration Cancelled.

Date of Declaration.	Place where Foot-and-Mouth Disease was declared to have been found to exist.
3rd November, 1882	... The farm steading of Oakfield, near Kelso, occupied by James Tully, farmer, there.

(FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.)

AT the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 20th day of November, 1882.

By Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The following Area (namely),—so much of the parish of Stanford Rivers, in the county of Essex, as lies within the following boundaries, that is to say, Little Coleman's farm and two cottages in the occupation of Theodore Thompson on the north, Stanford Rivers Workhouse on the south, the river Roden and certain gravel pits on the east, and Stanford Rivers Hall farm road leading to Blake Hall Railway-station on the west,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the fourteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

C. L. Peel.

(FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.)

AT the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 20th day of November, 1882.

By Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The following Area (namely),—so much of the township of Thornley with Wheatley, in the county of Lancaster, as lies within the following boundaries, that is to say, a certain brook dividing Whitefold and Bradley farms on the north-east and north, a certain hedge fence adjoining that brook on Sharples farm and extending to Old Fell-road on the north-west and south, and Old Fell-road on the south-east and to the said brook on the north-east,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the nineteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

C. L. Peel.