

by the Leeds and Liverpool Canal from Pheasantford Viaduct to Yorkshire-street Viaduct, on the north-west, north, and north-east to Brunshaw by the Municipal boundary, and the remainder by Brunshaw-road and Yorkshire-street to the Canal Viaduct.

Lincolnshire (Kesteven).—The whole of the parish of Harrowby, in the petty sessional division of Spittlegate, in the Parts of Kesteven, Lincolnshire.

Lincolnshire (Lindsey).—(1.) The whole of the parish of Newton-on-Trent, in the petty sessional division of Lincoln, in the Parts of Lindsey, Lincolnshire.

(2.) The whole of the parish of Stickford, in the petty sessional division of Spilsby, in the Parts of Lindsey, Lincolnshire.

Rutland.—The whole of the parish of Tickencote, in the county of Rutland.

Shropshire.—All that portion of the county of Salop comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, the main-road from Shipley to Bridgnorth commencing at the boundary of the counties of Stafford and Salop near Shipley Common so far as Roughton, thence to the river Worfe, thence along the river Worfe to the junction with the river Severn, thence by the river Severn to Coalport Bridge, thence to the Coalport and Wellington Branch Railway, thence by the said Railway to the Watling Street-road near the London and North-Western Railway-station at Oakengates, and thence along the Watling-Street-road to the county boundary near Weston.

Sussex.—At Yapton, in the petty sessional division of Arundel, in the county of Sussex, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, on the north by the unused Chichester and Portsmouth Canal (including such Canal), from the Bridge near Bilsham-lane End for a distance of five hundred yards, on the east by two new cottages in the occupation of Allan Boniface, on the west by land in the occupation of Henry Suter as far as the road crossing the Canal, and on the south by land in the occupation of Henry Suter and Allen Boniface through which the highroad leading from Yapton to Littlehampton passes and which road is closed from the Bilsham-lane End to the cottages first before-mentioned.

Yorkshire (West Riding).—(1.) The whole of the Rotherham District of the Upper Strafforth and Tickhill petty sessional division in the West Riding of the county of York.

(2.) The township of Baildon, in the petty sessional division of Otley, in the West Riding of the county of York.

(SWINE-FEVER.)

THE following Area is now an *Area Infected with Swine-Fever* under the above-mentioned Act (except the lines of railway within that Area as far as those lines are used or required for the transit of swine through that Area, without untrucking):—

Buckinghamshire.—So much of the parish of Eton, in the county of Buckingham, as is situate to the westward and north-westward of the Windsor Branch Railway; and also so much of the parish of Burnham and hamlet of Boveney as is situate within one hundred yards of the boundary of the parish of Eton aforesaid.

Agricultural Department, Privy Council Office,
12th February, 1884.

War Office, February 8, 1884.

THE Queen has been pleased to give orders for the following appointment to the Most Honourable Order of the Bath:

To be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the said Most Honourable Order, viz. :—

Alexander Coudie Stephen, Esq., C.M.G., Second Secretary of Her Majesty's Legation at Tehran.

Foreign Office, February 8, 1884.

THE Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. L. Biedermann as Consul at Rangoon for His Majesty the King of the Belgians; and of Mr. Arthur Ponsonby as Vice-Consul for Newport and Cardiff for His Majesty the King of Roumania.

The Prince of Wales's Council Chamber,
Buckingham Gate, February 8, 1884.

HIS Royal Highness the Prince of Wales has been pleased to direct Letters Patent to be passed under the Seal of the Duchy of Cornwall, appointing Thomas Bedford Bolitho, of Trewidden, Penzance, in the county of Cornwall, Esq., Sheriff of the County of Cornwall.

(H. 1302.)

Board of Trade (Harbour Department),
Whitehall Gardens, February 12, 1884.

THE Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of a Telegram from Her Majesty's Minister at Athens, announcing that the quarantine on vessels from Egypt is abolished, but that five days observation and eleven days quarantine is still imposed on vessels from Suez Canal and Bombay respectively.

(H. 1303.)

Board of Trade (Harbour Department),
Whitehall Gardens, February 12, 1884.

THE Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of a Telegram from Her Majesty's Minister at Madrid, stating that all vessels which have left Egyptian ports since the 15th ultimo are now admitted to free pratique.

(H. 1303.)

Board of Trade (Harbour Department),
Whitehall Gardens, February 12, 1884.

THE Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of the following Quarantine Notice issued by the Italian Government:—

1884.

Ordinance of Maritime Health.

(Translation.) No. 2.

Since it appears that the improvement in the sanitary condition of Egypt and the extreme East continues, the Minister of the Interior decrees:—

The quarantine of observation for vessels arriving, without cases of sickness, from Egypt, and from the shores and ports beyond the Suez Canal outside of Egypt, and without communication with that country, is from to-day reduced, whatever the length of passage, to five days for those from Egypt, and three days for the other cases.

No change is made in the rules ament importation of rags and old clothes from the above-mentioned places, as laid down in the preceding Ordinances.

Rome, January 20, 1884.

The Minister,
DEPRETIS.