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Vienna, March 23.

ON Sunday last arrived here an Express from the Blockade of *Canisa* with this account: That the Garrison being reduced to the last necessity, divers Turks (the Season favouring them) crept out among the Gardens and Fields to pick Herbs and Roots to eat, but were discovered by the Germans, and driven in. That on the 5th Instant six Turks, very well mounted and armed, with 10 or 12 others, made a Sally; but one of them was killed, and the rest beaten back. On the 6th two old Turks with their Arms, and others came out, demanding Quarter, and assuring them the Town could hold out no longer. On the 7th several Christian Slaves and Prisoners were sent out, with other useles Mouths, and among the rest a Christian Woman was ordered by one of the chief Turks to declare, that if they were a-new summoned, they would surrender; whereupon a Summons was sent on the 10th: The Bassa demanded, that seeing he had not in a long time received any Intelligence from *Turkey*, and it was reported, that the Imperial Arms were advanced as far as the *Moravia*, and consequently there were no hopes left them of any Succors, he might be permitted to send two Persons to *Bosnia*, to inform themselves of these matters, promising upon their return, in case they confirmed the same, immediately to surrender the place. But this Proposal being absolutely rejected, on the 16th the Bassa sent out two Aga's to Treat, who agreed upon the Conditions brought hither by this Express, (being almost the same as were granted to *Syech, Alba-Regalis, and Agria*) which were signed by the Emperor, and sent back yesterday morning. We have advice likewise, that *Great Waradin* is reduced to such a Condition, that the Garrison will not be able to subsist much longer. The Council of War meets daily to direct the Preparations for the Campaign as well in *Hungary* as in *Germany*. We are assured, that the Imperial Army on the *Rhine* will be composed of above 30000 Men of the Emperor's Forces, 8000 Bavarians, and 10000 of the Circles; besides the Forces of *Saxony, Brandenburg, Lunenburg, Munster*, and other Princes of the Empire, which will act in seperate Bodies.

Frankfort, March 29. Several Boats arrive daily with Provisions that are ordered to be laid up here for the use of the Imperial Forces, which will now very quickly be in motion. The late Floods have broke the Bridge of Boats at *Philipsburg*.

Hamburg, March 31. The *Lunenburg* Troops that are quartered at *Winsen*, and other places thereabouts, are, we hear, removed from thence; and, 'tis said, they are to march towards the Spanish Netherlands. We are told from *Berlin*, that 3000 Men of the *Brandenburg* Forces will begin their march the next week towards the *Rhine*; and that as many

more will follow the week after. The Baron *Taube* raises here 1200 Seamen for the Service of the Crown of *Sueden*, to be employed on the Men of War that are now fitting out at *Carlskrona*. There are Letters from *Poland* which tell us, that the Dye had unanimously resolved to continue the War against the Turks, till they be reduced to such a condition, as that a lasting and Honourable Peace may be made for all the Princes engaged in the present Alliance against them.

Cologne, March 31. The Letters from *Geneva* give an account, that the *Vaudons* who were in the Valley of *Pragelas*, had joined those of the Valley of *Lucerne*, having forced their way to them with great slaughter of the French who kept the Passage. The Confederate Troops quartered in this Diocesis are ordered to be in a readiness to march by the middle of the next month. An Express is passed through this place with the news of the surrender of *Canisa*.

Brussels, April 2. On the 28th past marched out part of this Garrison to join some other of our Troops, in order to observe the French, who are drawing together about *St. Guislain*. We hear likewise, that the Enemy are moving towards *Dinant* and *Philippeville*. The Governor of *Mons* has caused the Castle of *Boslu*, situated near that place, to be demolished, not thinking it worth the keeping so strong a Garrison there as was necessary to defend it. The Letters from *Vienna* bring the welcome News of the Capitulation of the strong and important Fortress of *Canisa* in *Hungary* after a Blockade of above three years.

Hague, April 4. This day Count *Berka*, the Emperors Plenipotentiary, had his Publick Audience of the States-General. The Baron *de Crofbecke* is arrived here in the same Quality from the Duke of *Holfembuttel*, and has assisted at the Conference of the Allies. The Baron *de Bongars*, who is now here from the Duke of *Juliers*, is going for *England*. Prince *Waudeck* will, it's believed, part from hence this week towards the Frontiers. The Heer *Van Heemskerck*, who is named Envoy Extraordinary from this State to the Emperor, is preparing for his departure: And the Heer *Van Amerongen*, and the Heer *Van Haren*, will be likewise very speedily dispatched with the same Character to the Courts of *Denmark* and *Sueden*. *Canisa* is surrendered to the Emperor.

Edinburgh, March 27. On the 25th Instant Their Majesties High Commissioner, and the Lords of the Privy Council, in pursuance of His Majesties Pleasure signified to them by His Royal Letter, issued forth a Proclamation for continuing the Adjournment of the Parliament from the 27th of this Instant *March* to the 15th of *April* next; Certifying all the Members of Parliament, that the Parliament will then sit, and requiring all the Members thereof to attend that day in the usual way, and at the ordinary place, and upon the accustomed Ceremonies.