to all Parts of Foreign Animals Wharf (other than Reception-Lair) on Detection of Disease) Article 14 (Feeding and Watering) Article 15 (Time for Slaughter) Article 16 (Movement of Carcases, Manure, &c.) Article 17 (Disinfection of Foreign Animals Wharf) and Article 18 (Hestriction on Use of Foreign Animals Wharf): (provision for Admiralty Wharves being made by The Admiralty Foreign Animals Wharves Order of 1884).

Regulations applying to Landing-Stage.

9.—(1.) No person, except the officers of Customs and lairage-men and the Superintendent of the Foreign Animals Wharf and an Inspector of the Privy Council, and such other persons as may be specially authorized by the Inspector of the Privy Council, shall during the time of the landing of the animals be admitted to the landingstage, pier, quay, or other part of the Foreign Animals Wharf at which the animals are landed, nor until such landing-stage, pier, quay, or other part of the Wharf has been cleansed and disinfected to the satisfaction of the Inspector of the Privy Council.

(2.) All persons before leaving such landingstage, pier, quay, or other part of the Wharf shall take such means for preventing the spreading of disease, by washing and disinfecting themselves, and by changing or disinfecting their clothes, or otherwise, as the Inspector of the Privy Council

may direct or require.

Charge of Animals on Landing.

10. Animals landed at a Foreign Animals Wharf shall, when landed, be placed under the charge of an Inspector of the Privy Council; and, until his arrival, they shall remain under the charge of the Commissioners of Customs.

Disposal of Animals on Landing.

11. Animals when landed at a Foreign Animals Wharf shall be driven by lairage-men to a reception-lair there to await the examination of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

Regulations applying to Reception-Lair.

12.—(1.) No person, except the officers of Customs and lairage-men and the Superintendent of the Foreign Animals Wharf and an Inspector of the Privy Council, and such other persons as may be specially authorized by the Inspector of the Privy Council, shall be admitted to the recep-

(2.) All persons before leaving the receptionlair shall take such means for preventing the spreading of disease, by washing and disinfecting themselves, and by changing or disinfecting their clothes, or otherwise, as the Inspector of the Privy Council may direct or require.

(3.) The animals shall be examined in the reception-lair by an Inspector of the Privy

Council during daylight.

(4.) If on such examination all the animals are found free from disease, the Inspector of the Privy Council may permit the animals to be moved out of the reception-lair and into such other parts of the Foreign Animals Wharf as the occupiers of the Wharf or their officers or the Inspector of the Privy Council direct or permit.

(5.) If on such examination any one or more of the animals is or are found to be affected with disease, all the diseased animals being affected with one and the same disease, then the Rules set forth in Part I of the Third Schedule shall have effect in relation to the reception-lair and to the animals to which such Rules are applicable for the time being therein.

(6.) If on such examination any two or more of the following diseases (namely) (a) cattleplague, (b) pleuro-pneumonia, (c) foot-and-mouth

disease, (d) sheep-pox, (e) sheep-scab, and (f)swine-fever are found to exist then the Rules set forth in Part II of the Third Schedule shall have effect in relation to the reception-lair and to the animals to which such Rules are applicable for the time being therein.

(7.) The slaughter of animals under the Rules of the Third Schedule shall be commenced at such time after the landing thereof as the Privy Council in any case direct, and when commenced

shall be completed as soon as practicable.

Regulations applying to all Parts of Foreign Animals Wharf (other than Reception-Lair) on

Detection of Disease.

13.—(1.) Where it appears to an Inspector of the Privy Council that disease exists or has lately existed in any one or more animals in any particular building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of a Foreign Animals Wharf (other than a reception-lair), all the diseased or suspected animals being affected with one and the same disease, then the Rules set forth in Part I of the Third Schedule shall have effect in relation to that particular building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of the wharf and to any other part or parts of the wharf in which, in the opinion of the Inspector of the Privy Council, there is or has been an animal diseased or suspected of being diseased, and to the animals to which such Rules are applicable for the time being therein.

(2.) If it appears to the Inspector of the Privy Council that any two or more of the following diseases (namely) (a) cattle-plague, (b) pleuro-pneumonia, (c) foot-and-mouth disease, (d) sheep-pox, (e) sheep-scab, and (f) swine-fever exist or have lately existed in any particular building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of a Foreign Animals Wharf (other than a receptionlair) then the Rules set forth in Part II of the Third Schedule shall have effect in relation to that particular building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of the wharf and to any other part or parts of the wharf in which, in the opinion of the Inspector of the Privy Council, there are or have been animals diseased or suspected of diseased, and to the animals to which such Rules

are applicable for the time being therein.

Feeding and Watering.

14.—(1.) Animals landed at a Foreign Animals Wharf shall, until they are taken charge of by the owners or consignees, be supplied by the occupiers of the Foreign Animals Wharf or the person in charge thereof with a proper and sufficient supply of food and water, and the expenses incurred by them in respect thereof shall be defrayed by the owners or consignees of the animals, and may be recovered by such occupiers or person from the owners or consignees by proceedings in any court of competent jurisdiction.

(2.) Animals landed at a Foreign Animals Wharf shall, after they have been taken charge of by the owners or consignees, be supplied by the owners or consignees with a proper and

sufficient supply of food and water.

(3.) The food supplied to sucking-calves in accordance with this Article shall be gruel or milk

or other proper food.

(4.) If an animal remains without a proper and sufficient supply of food or water in contravention of the provisions of this Article, the occupiers of the Foreign Animals Wharf, and the owner and the consignee and the person in charge of the animal, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts or omissions, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878; and it shall lie on the person liable to supply food and water