

and in respect of his own acts or omissions, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(5.) If an animal or a carcase or any manure is moved in contravention of this Order, the owner of the animal or of the carcase or of the manure, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the person moving or conveying the animal or carcase or manure, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it, knowing it to have been moved in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts or defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

C. L. Peel.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

Prohibited Countries.

PART I.

The Austro-Hungarian Empire, including the Provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina.
The Dominions of the King of the Hellenes.
The Dominions of the King of Italy.
The Principality of Montenegro.
The Kingdom of Servia.
The Kingdom of Roumania.
The Dominions of the Emperor of Russia.
The Dominions of the Sultan.
The Republic of France.

PART II.

The Kingdom of Belgium.
The German Empire.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

Free Countries.

PART I.

Her Majesty's Possessions in North America.
The Kingdom of Norway.
Iceland.

PART II.

The Kingdom of Denmark.
The Kingdom of Sweden.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE.

Rules for Foreign Animals Wharf.

PART I.

(Rule A.—Cattle-Plague.)

(i.) If the disease is cattle-plague, the Inspector of the Privy Council shall forthwith affix a notice at or near the entrance of the reception-lair, or building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of the Foreign Animals Wharf to which this Rule applies, to the effect that cattle-plague exists therein and forbidding persons to enter therein without his permission.

(ii.) The Inspector of the Privy Council shall detain all the animals that are then within such reception-lair, or building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of the Foreign Animals Wharf, and shall immediately transmit the information by telegraph or other rapid means to the Clerk of the Council.

(iii.) The Inspector of the Privy Council is hereby empowered to require and shall require every person being or having been in such reception-lair, or building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of the Foreign Animals Wharf, with the diseased animals or who has in any way come in contact or been with such animals to take such means for preventing the spreading of cattle-plague, before leaving such reception-lair, or building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of the Wharf, or before leaving the Foreign Animals Wharf, as the case may be, by washing and dis-

infecting themselves and by changing or disinfecting their clothes, or otherwise, as the Inspector of the Privy Council shall direct

(Rule B.—Pleuro-Pneumonia.)

If the disease is pleuro-pneumonia, the Inspector of the Privy Council shall cause the diseased cattle and all cattle that are then within the reception-lair, or building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of the Foreign Animals Wharf to which this Rule applies, to be dealt with as follows:

(a.) The diseased cattle shall be forthwith slaughtered.

(b.) The cattle not diseased may with the permission of the Inspector of the Privy Council be taken charge of by the owners or consignees, or by their drovers or servants, and those cattle may be moved into such other parts of the Foreign Animals Wharf as the occupiers of such Wharf or their officers or the Inspector of the Privy Council direct or permit.

(Rule C.—Foot-and-Mouth Disease.)

(i.) If the disease is foot-and-mouth disease, the Inspector of the Privy Council shall forthwith affix a notice at or near the entrance of the reception-lair, or building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of the Foreign Animals Wharf to which this Rule applies, to the effect that foot-and-mouth disease exists therein and forbidding persons to enter therein without his permission.

(ii.) The Inspector of the Privy Council shall detain all the animals that are then within such reception-lair, or building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of the Foreign Animals Wharf, and shall immediately transmit the information by telegraph or other rapid means to the Clerk of the Council.

(iii.) The Inspector of the Privy Council is hereby empowered to require and shall require every person being or having been in such reception-lair, or building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of the Foreign Animals Wharf, with the diseased animals or who has in any way come in contact or been with such animals to take such means for preventing the spreading of foot-and-mouth disease, before leaving the reception-lair, or building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of the Wharf, or before leaving the Foreign Animals Wharf, as the case may be, by washing and disinfecting themselves and their clothes, or otherwise, as the Inspector of the Privy Council shall direct.

(iv.) The occupiers of the Foreign Animals Wharf shall provide proper and suitable suits of overall clothes for the use of the lairage-men and other persons entering such reception-lair, or building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of the Foreign Animals Wharf. Such overall clothes are to be put on upon entering, taken off on leaving, and left in, the reception-lair, or building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of the Foreign Animals Wharf, and shall from time to time be properly disinfected with a solution of carbolic acid as directed by the Inspector of the Privy Council.

(v.) The Inspector of the Privy Council shall cause all the animals that are then within the reception-lair, or building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of the Foreign Animals Wharf, to be forthwith slaughtered.

(Rule D.—Sheep-Pox.)

(i.) If the disease is sheep-pox, the Inspector of the Privy Council shall forthwith affix a notice at or near the entrance of the reception-lair, or building, lair, slaughter-house or other part of