## The London Gazette.

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From Churiday, April 30. to Monday, May 4. 1668.

Falmouth, April 27.

Esterday arr.ved here the Virgin a Vessel belonging to this Harbour from Rochetle, from whence fre came nine dayes fince, and informs us, that she met with five French Men of War ; whereof one was the Admiral, commanded by the Duke de Beaufort, putting into St. Martins much torn in their Mass and Rigging by foul weather.

Several ships belonging to this Port are also arrived from Wales, telling us that a Dutch ship laden with Wine and Salt springing a leak, was forced to run ashore at the Lands all the men laved and most part of the lading; but

the ship as yet fait, with little hopes of getting off.

Briftol, April 27. Yesterday arrived here three ships belonging to this Port, whereof one, viz. the Refolution from Mevis; the other two from France: also one Dutch thip. S veral thips are here ready to fail for the Barbado's and other parts, expecting only a favourable wind.

Plymouth, April 28. This day arrived here the Nightingale Fregat from Cadiz in four weeks, with ten fail of Merchant ships, with whom she kept company as far as the Cape St. Mary, where she left them steering to their in-

tended Por s.

Tarmouth, April 29. On Saturday passed thorow this Road's Fleet of 60 la enships to the Southwards; the next day failed three ships of this Town, two of them for Rotterdam, the other for Amsterdam. Several light stips are daily passing by. Two ships a e lately come into this R ad laden with Salt from Rochelle.

Dantzick, April 21. Letters of the 16th instant from Warfam inform us, that by their late advice from Ukrania, they were affered that the Cossacks being wholly fallen off from their obedience, began to appear in great bodies upon the frontiers, which having much al arum'd the Muscovites, the Grand Duke had ordered out against them a very considerable Army of about 40000 men under the command of Knins Piora Dolhormi, who was already marched towards them, but that the Cossacks having intelligence of a strong Convoy of 8000 men passing to the Muscovit's Army, fell fo luddenly in amongst them, that they wholly defeated them, killing a great number of them upon the place, with several persons of quality, and many of the principal Nobility of

Tre same Letters tell us that the Turks begin to draw their forces together about Walachia, having it feems undertaken the protection of the Rebedious Cossacks, and inzending to f Il in upon Kamanick Podolski with a numerous Army; and that the Tartars intend to joyn themselves with the Cossacks; having an Army ready to march to their affistance against the Muscovite, as soon as the Spring shall be to far advanced, as to furnish them with forage for their

The King is suddenly expected back again at Warfum, where he intends to be pretent at the Solemn Anniversary which he intends to observe for the death of the late Queen; He is faid to have now changed his intentions of refigning his Crown, and retiring himself to his private Devotion, purposing to continue his Regality as long as he lives; but for the tuture not to give ear to the Election of any S ccellor du ing his life.

The Mulcovice Env yes continue their Negotiation st Warfam, where they endeavou to unite the Grecian and Roman Churches, that they may be encouraged also to 40 yn their Armes together for their Common Sif rv and Interest; as also to settle the Trade between Poland and Persia, and to prevail for an abatement of the Customes; in Order whereunto an Offic r is dispatched into Persia, well skilled and versed in the Affairs of both places, to negotiate with the Sophy, as also to invite him to enter into

Armes against the Tucks.

Vienna, April 21. The Emperour having long continued at Newfadt, is there upon confideration of the Offers made by the Spanish Ambassadour, in order to the raising of forces for the defence of his Catholick Majesty; but little is yet resolved upon that point: the Cou t being willing to see first what is like to be the issue of the Treaty between the two Crowns at Aix-la-Chappelle. In the mean while His Imperial Majesty has dispatche the Count d' Harrach to the States of Tyrol affembled at Inspruck, to aimre them that he has and alwayes shall continue to have a case for their preservation; in testimony whereof he is resolved speedily to order a confiderable force to be fent to quarter in that Countrey for their security. His Imperia Majesty has also ordered the Regiments of Portia and Leffe, to be joyned to that of Gonzague, and to march into Brifgee under the Command of Major General Keiserslein.

The States of Hungary have allembed at Presburg, to prepare matters' against the General Diet, and to propose their Grievances, and to meth dife them ; but as yet we hear not particu a ly what has passed amongst them, nei het is yet any day appointed for their General A lembly.

The Office s upon the Fronti is have taken a view of all their forces, and especial y of their Garrisons; which are by Order so well reinforced, and all places in so good a pofture, as not to fear any fudden attem t from the Turks; of whom we have some little jealouse, least they may have some private design in hand, because of the great pains they take to corrupt several of our Officers, to invite them to a corresponden y with them.

Genoua, April 25. The last Night departed hence Monfignior Borromeo the Popes Nuncio for Spain , upon one of the States Gallies, which is to conduct him to Alecant; during his abode here, he adjust d the diff rences b.tw en this Republick and the Archbishop about Preceden y and other Ce emonies in the Cathedral; and c mpoled by the Popes particular Order some milanderstandings rile i between this Republick and the Knights of Ma tha.

The Convoy de gned to be fent from hence to Cadiz, is for the present stopped, upon a jealousie conceived of the French, who continue cruifing with three or four of their men of War off this Coast.

From Baden we have intelligence, that the Diet held by the Cantons at that place is ended, to the general latisticti+ on of them all; they all unanimously resolving to assist the Emperour and the House of Austria; and that they had in readinels an Army of 60000 men to march upon the first occasion that should be given them: and that they had dispatche thei Deputies to the Emperour to acquaint him with the state of their affairs, and their resolutions.

From Tarin we are told that some Companies of the French which were quartered about the Fron iers of Dauphine, were ordered to march to reinforce the Garrilon of Pignerolle. And from Marfeilles that lix of the French Men of War having for some time been cruising in the # 0diterranean, were again retu ned into their Pott to ret fit , and that four other went out to Sea, to cruile in their

place.

From the Levant we are informed that tw lv Cotfaires b I nging to Barbary i are plying about the Gulph de Sa-

pienga, will intention of tening fach ships as shall endeavour to put into Candia, so, adhitance or relief of the betieged; but that as yet they have not met with any other prize besides one Tartane so m Zante; and that a samous Corsaire, one Georgio Maria Vitali, who has eminently made himself known for his tervices against the Turks, and in consideration thereof was honou ed by the Senate of Venice with the Order of St. Mark, has surnished the Venetian Admiral with 300 Turkish Slaves to serve aboard his Gallies, after the rare of 4 Dollars apiece.

They likewise inform us that the Turks intend to employ all the force they can spare both by Sea and Land for the t-king in of the City of Candia; and that the Grand Segnior is himself present in Malvasia, to encourage his souldiers, and to take care for their Imbarcation; for which he has laid in Imbargo upon most of the slips within his Dominions: and that at smirna many ships as well Christians

as Turks are imprest for that Employment.

Hambourg, May 1. The Lunenburgh forces having intelligence that the Bishop of Munster has at the last consented to their passage thorow his Territories, are now upon their march, to joyn with the Army railed by the States General of the United Provinces, and lately tendezvous'd near Hardenburg.

The Swedes forces continue still in their quarters as formerly, but are much encreased by the addition of some fresh Companies from Pomerania; in which Country is lately arrived Lieutenant General Mardefeld, who is to have the Command of that Province.

From Cologne they have little News fince the departure of the Bishop of Stratsbourgh to Aix-la Chappel e, whither also went the Baron de Schonborne as Envoyé from

his Highness the Elector of Mayence.

The Lorraine forces confiiting of about four thousand men, are come to quarter in the Bailiwick of Schamenburg and Oberkirher, taking up most of the Villages between Thaley their Head-quarters, to St. Hendel, from whence they frequently go out in parties; which keeps all the Neighbourhood upon their Guards.

From Warfaw we find that the Polanders are not a little allarm'd at the late rebellion of the Collacks, e pecially fince that in their late Addresses to the Grand Segmor for his Protection, they demanded his affiltance not only against the Muscovites, but the Polanders a'so; which their Petition was favourably heard, and as readily answered by the Sultan: but 'tis stoped the forces that are sent against them by the Czar of Muscovy, may ere his have made some considerable prost is towards the reducing them to Obedience.

From Walashia' tis confidently reported, that the G. and Seignior has in favor to the Colfacks, dispatch his Orders to the Cham of Tartaryst he ready to march to the affishance of the Cossacks with all the Force they can make, himself intending to divert the Polanders by sending an Army to Caminick Podolski, to lay siege to it, and if possible to reduce it to Obedience.

The Cardinal de Thun continues still at Stratsbourg, and has not at present any thoughts of returning to Rome; the Pope has lately written very obligingly to him, in acknowledgment of what he has there already done, in relation to the Church, and withall to oblige him to press the Catholick States to take the present condition of the Republick of Venice into their speedy consideration, and to give them a timely Assistance.

Letters of April 23, from Warfaw inform us that the King of Poland is gone to Grodno, and that the Envoyes from the Great Duke of Moscovy having taken their leaves, left Warfaw the 20 of that Month, and are returning for Moscovy, to give an account to their Master of ther Negotiation in the Polish Court, with an intention of returning again to be present at the next General Dyet.

From Ukrania they report that the Tartars had again difplaced their Cham, and chosen another in his room: and that the Costacks gave out that they had no intention of making warre upon Polical, but would be delen who be force upon the Molecutes.

They say also that the G venn t of Bralaties for had lately discovered a dangerous contpiracy in that Yow, for which several of the Citizens were apprehended, and seven of them hang'd, and that the Governous for his own tecnity was retired into the Castle.

Paris, May 5. This last week His Majesty ordered the Tropps of his Houshold to be drawn out into the Field near St. Germaines en Laye, where His Majesty was pleased to be present, to take a view of the n and see them exercises which was performed much to his satisfaction

The Prince de Conde's Train which was sometime since gone sorwards towards the Frontiers, was again remanded, and returned yesterday to Chantily. We are impatiently expecting the illue of the Tresty at Aix-la Ch ppelle.

From Soiffons they write that the President, wish the Corporation of that place, have by their extraordina years so well ordered the astairs of that City, that they have prevented the farther spreading of the Insection; the Bishop being also by His Majesties Command returned thither, hath ordered all kinds of Necessaries to be distributed to the poor and insected houses; that they might not want any thing that is convenient for them during this Visitation.

From Perpignan we have advice that the Sieur de Foucalt having obliged the Spaniards to raise their Siege, and with some loss to retire themselves from the Castle of Bettel grade; and at the same time having intelligence that another party of them were drawn together about Conflans, to give us a divertion, having reinforced and fufficiently fecured Bellegrade, himtelf with a strong party marched thence, with all possible diligence to seek the Enemy, and found them with the Militia's which they had drawn together at Puycerds, upon the top of a Mountain; from which they were ready to march down, with an intention to have attempted Conflans; but finding themtelves prevented in this their d. fign, by the interpolition of fix Companies of the Regiment de Vendosme, and 2000 of our Militia forces, after a small skirmish, in which they lost a Lieutenant and some few souldiers, they retreated, and have not fince made any farther attempt upon that part of the Countrey.

Monsieur d' Ambrun has exchanged his Aschbishoprick for the Bishoprick of Metz, by which he has acquired the Title of a Prince of the Empire, and a Priviledge to emerint the Louvre in his Coach.

The Knights of Mattha are earneftly pressing the States of Holland for the Restitution of several Lordships and Commands which sormerly belonged to them in the United Provinces, with the Revenues which are in arrear; to which they have not as yet received any satisfactory Answer.

Dublin, Apr. 21. Yesterday about 62 clock in the Asternoon His Grace the Duke of Ormond, Lord Lieunenant of Ireland, embarqued with a fair wind for England, having several times before put to sea, and as oft been driven back again by contrary winds, and this Asternoon the Right Honorable the Earl of Ossery was Sworn Lord Deputy during the absence of his Grace.

Weymouth, April 29. Here are detained in this Road by contrary winds two great French ships of about 300 Tunsapiece, both of them belonging to Dicpe, one of them

intending for Guiny, and the other for Canada.

Portsmouth, April 30. On Monday last came to St. Ellens the Eag'e, where she still continues. The Tiger, Montague, and Bristol, are as yet at Spitthead. The Monk, Dragon, and Ruby, are ready to set sail upon the sirst fair wind.

Advertisement.

He Officers of the Receipt of His Majesties Exchoquer, according to the course of payments of Orders upon the Act for 12500001. are come to the payment of the 959th Order.