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Vienna, July 30.

Prince Louis of Baden will part from hence to morrow for *Bulgaria*. A Poland, who had been several years a Slave in *Turkey*, is escaped from *Sophia* to *Nissa*, and reports, that the Enemy have laid up at *Sophia* abundance of Provisions, but that they had not there when he came away above 5000 Men, and the general Talk was, that they would only act defensively this year. They write from *Belgrade* of the 15th, that Count *Aspremont* was arrived there with Recruits for his own and other Regiments; That his Regiment was ordered to *Nissa*, and that he was gone himself to *Fritzlau* to command the Imperial Forces that are marching to observe the Enemies Motions. The Garrison at *Lippa* hath lately had a Rencounter with a Party of that of *Temeswarer*, in which they killed 50 Turks, and took 64 Prisoners, with the loss only of 8 killed and 20 wounded on our side. We have an account from *Croacia*, that Count *Erdeod*, Ban or Viceroy of that Kingdom, having certain information, that the Baia of *Bosnia* was encamped at *Zimni* with 10000 Turks, and several Pieces of Cannon, and designed to attack the Fort of *Novi*, he drew his Militia together, and marched with them towards the Enemy: And that one of our Parties had taken the Cattle of *Crups* with little loss.

Basil, July 30. General *Souches*, who went lately to confer with the Elector of *Bavaria*, returned on the 25th to his Camp at *Schopffen*, and came on the 26th to this place; Our Magistrates, upon notice thereof, would have received him publicly, but he excused it. In the afternoon he rode with some of his Officers towards the French Territories on this side the *Rhine*, and viewed the situation of *Hunningen* and the neighbouring Country, and returning thither in the evening, repassed the *Rhine* over our Bridge, and went back to his Camp. We have an account from *Rhinfelden*, that divers Pieces of Cannon for Battery have been lately brought thither, and other Preparations made for a Siege; from whence, and the Imperial Army's advancing this way, it's concluded, that the Confederates have a design upon *Hunningen*. This is certain, that the French are very much allarmed; and that their Ambassador does earnestly sollicite the Cantons to reinforce the Troops appointed to guard the Pass of *Augst*, between this City and *Rhinfelden*.

Frankfurt, August 6. The Forces of *Lunenburg* and *Hesse*, making together about 10000 Men, have passed the *Maine* here, at *Rumpfenheim*, and *Upper Reinheim*, and march towards the Palatinate to join the Saxon Forces, and so to form a Body on that side, while the Imperial Army, commanded by the Elector of *Bavaria*, advances towards *Hunningen*. The Landgrave of *Hesse* arrived here the 4th instant, and the next day he followed his Troops. The Dutchman continues his march toward *Afice* to

observe the Imperialists; and it's said, that he intends to pass the *Rhine* at *Fort Louis*.

From the Brandenburg Camp at Genap, August 6. On the 2d instant Prince *Waldeck* joyned us with 27000 Men at *Waveren*, where we rested 3 days. And here Mr. *Johnson*, Envoy Extraordinary from *England*, who had his Quarters in the Castle of *Bavette*, about an English mile from the Town, made a splendid Entertainment on occasion of His Majesties happy Successes in *Ireland*. There were five publick Tables prepared; at the first was the Elector, Prince *Waldeck*, the Prince of *Frizeland*, the Elector's three Brothers, the Envoy, the Resident of *Holland*, and some Officers of the Elector's Court. At the second was Duke *Schomburg*, (who did Honour to the Table as an English Peer) Major-General *Talmish*, and other General Officers of the *Brandenburg* and *Holland* Armies. At the third, were Officers of the English and Scotch Regiments. At the fourth, the Elector's grand Musketeers, who were upon Duty. And at the fifth, his Pages: Which were all served with great Plenty, and more exactness than could be expected in a Camp. The Elector had ordered 9 Field-Pieces to be brought to the top of the Hill, which were discharged at every Health. In the middle of the Entertainment came a Trumpet from the Duke of *Maine*, to desire a Pair for some Horses; His Electoral Highness ordered him to be called in, and bid him at his return acquaint the Duke, that he found us rejoicing for the great Victory which the King of *England* had gained in *Ireland*. In the Evening we had a great Bonfire, which made a good appearance from the top of the Hill. We shall stay here to morrow, and march the day following towards the Enemy.

Cologne, August 11. The French Troops under the Command of the Count de *Tiffi*, have made an Incurtion into the Country of *Julers*, where on Monday night last they burnt 14 Villages, and afterwards advanced to *Cornelis Munster*, and obliged the Magistrates of *Aix la Chapelle*, (in which place there is no Garrison at present) to send Deputies thither to agree with them about their Contributions. The Generals of the *Nubourg* and *Munster* Forces sent a strong Detachment of Horse in pursuit of the Enemy, but they came too late. The Letters from the Palatinate of the 8 instant tell us, that the Imperial Army was still encamped near *Durlach*, whither the Landgrave of *Hesse Cassel*, the Velt-Marschal *Chauvet*, and the Count de *Lippe*, went that day from *Hadberg* to confer with the Electors of *Bavaria* and *Saxony*, and other Princes, who were to be present at this Conference; after which, 'twas believed the Army would decamp and march towards the *Black Forest*. That the Troops of *Lunenburg* and *Hesse* were going to pass the *Neckar*, in order to join the *Saxons*, who were encamped at *Eppenheim*; And that the French Army continued on this side the *Rhine*, moving towards *Strasbourg*. Since the late Battel of *Fierus*, above 2000 French Deserters have passed through this City, being for the most part *Suissers* and *Germanis*. The last Letters from *Tunis*, by the way of *Dusseldand*, are of the 25th part, and only tell us, that the Armies on that side continued in the same stations mentioned in our former Advices.

Brussls, August 9. The *Brandenburg* and Dutch Armies marched yesterday towards *Box Seignour Jac*, within two hours march of the Spanish Camp

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